

performance of isolated lepton finders

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idea to select a isolated lepton (e/μ)

i) lepton ID: electron or muon

- ▶ energy ratio deposited in ECal, HCal, Yoke
- ▶ general PID: dE/dx + shower profile

ii) vertex: prompt or secondary

- ▶ d_0, z_0 significance: $d_0/\delta d_0, z_0/\delta z_0$

iii) isolation: not from jets

- ▶ relatively high P
- ▶ almost empty around

status of available tools

i) lepton ID: electron or muon

- ▶ energy ratio deposited in ECal, HCal, Yoke ✓
- ▶ general PID: dE/dx + shower profile to be added

ii) vertex: prompt or secondary

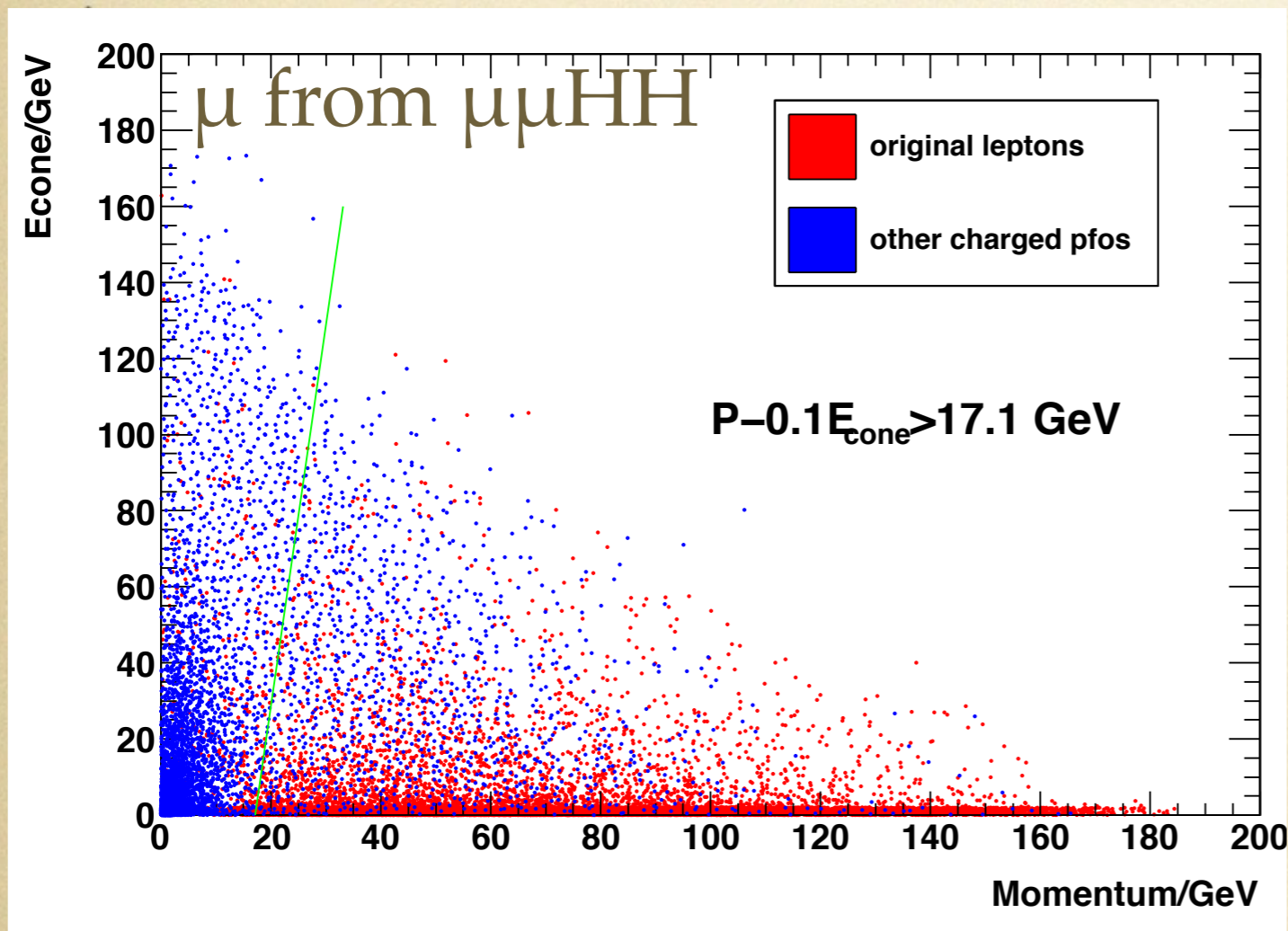
- ▶ d_0, z_0 significance: $d_0 / \delta d_0, z_0 / \delta z_0$ ✓

iii) isolation: not from jets ✓

- ▶ relatively high P several algorithms exist
- ▶ almost empty around

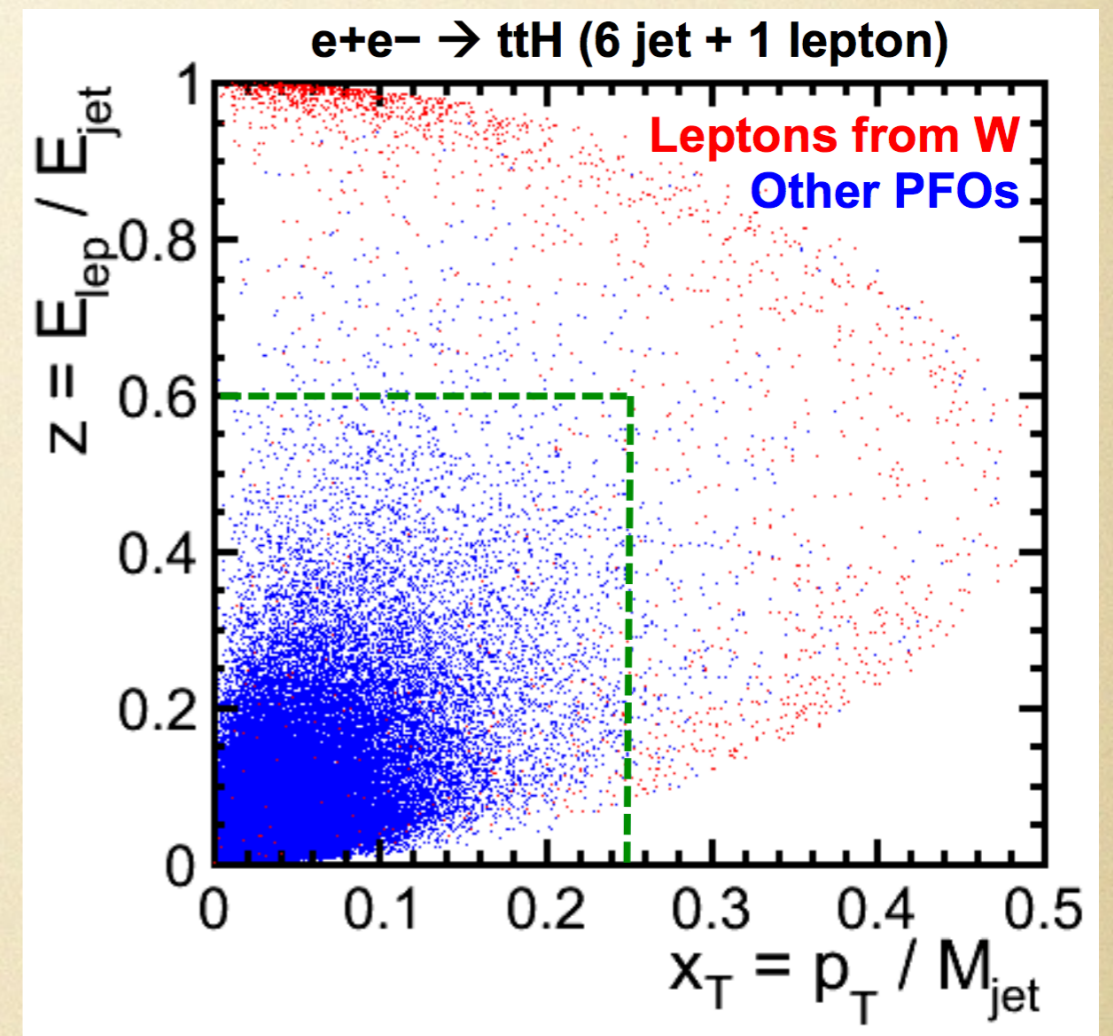
two isolation algorithms in DBD

cone based



(Ryo / Tomohiko; Junping)

jet based



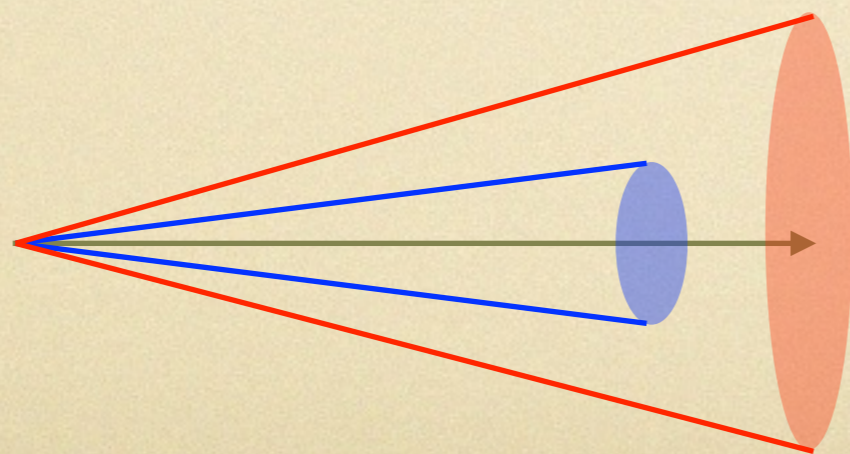
(M.Amjad / LAL group)

both available during DBD, in MarlinReco / Analysis / IsolatedLeptonFinder

New idea for further improvement:

(developed by Claude/Junping for Higgs self-coupling analysis)

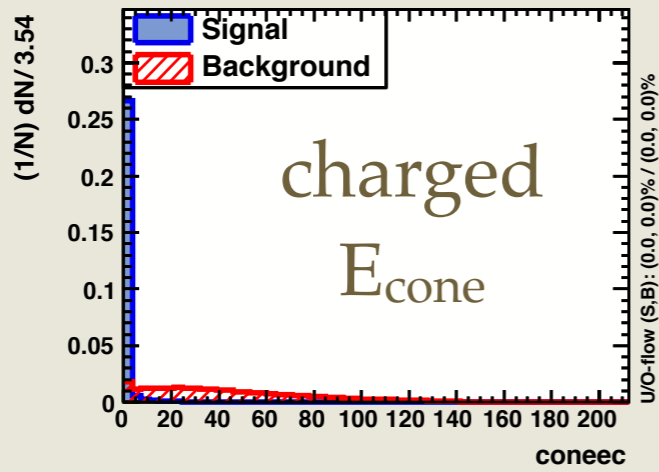
- utilise d_0 , z_0 , cone energy, momentum, E_{ecal} / E_{hcal} more effectively \rightarrow **MVA**
- rethink of “what is isolation?” in terms of separation with “non-isolated” ones from jets \rightarrow **utilise information of neighbour particles in every layer of cone**
- as a first trial, introduce double cones to magnify the jet influence \rightarrow $E(\text{lep}) / E(\text{jet})$ and angle between them



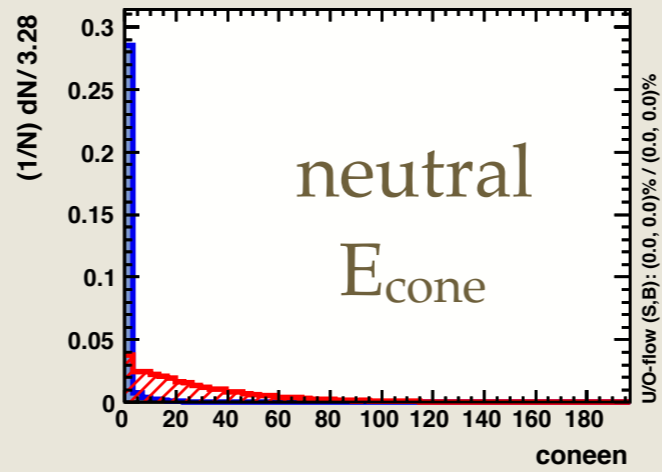
$$\cos=0.98, 95$$

input variables: muon

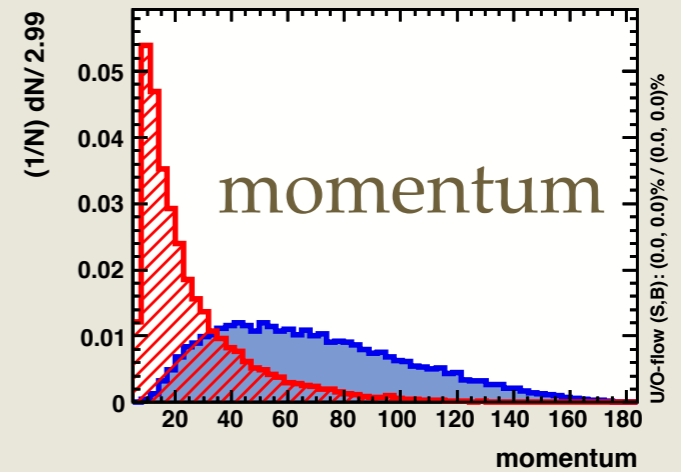
Input variable: coneec



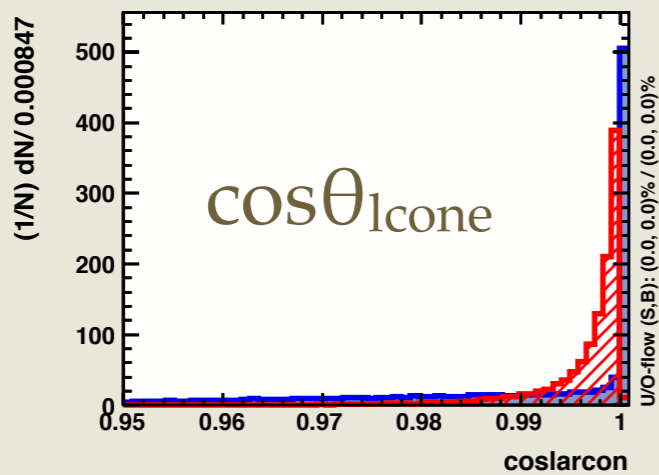
Input variable: coneen



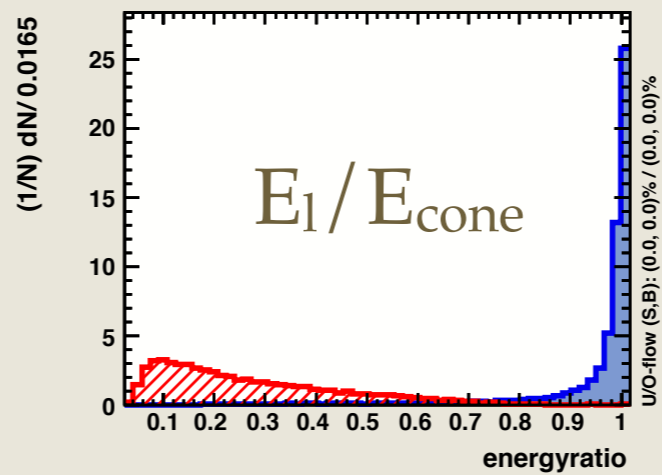
Input variable: momentum



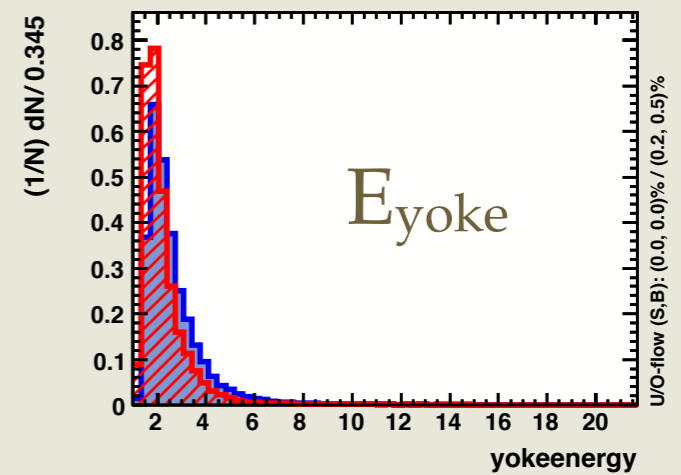
Input variable: coslarcon



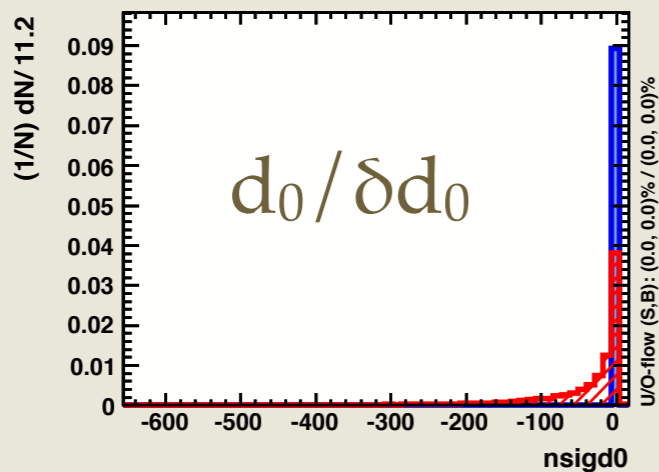
Input variable: energyratio



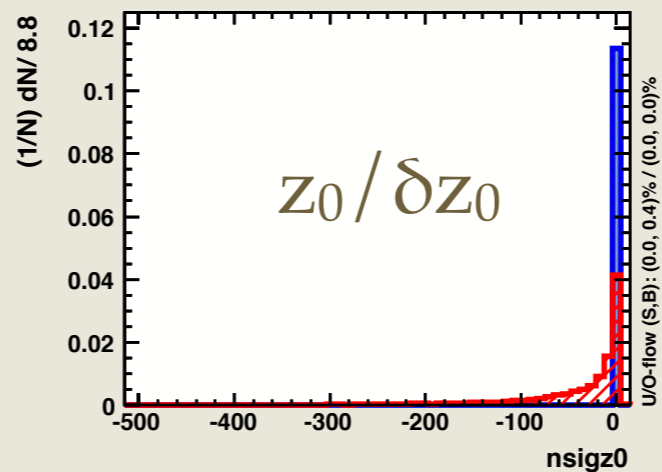
Input variable: yokeenergy



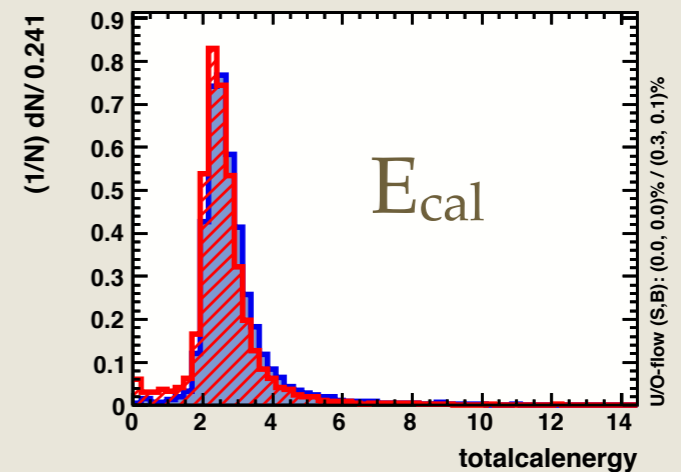
Input variable: nsigd0



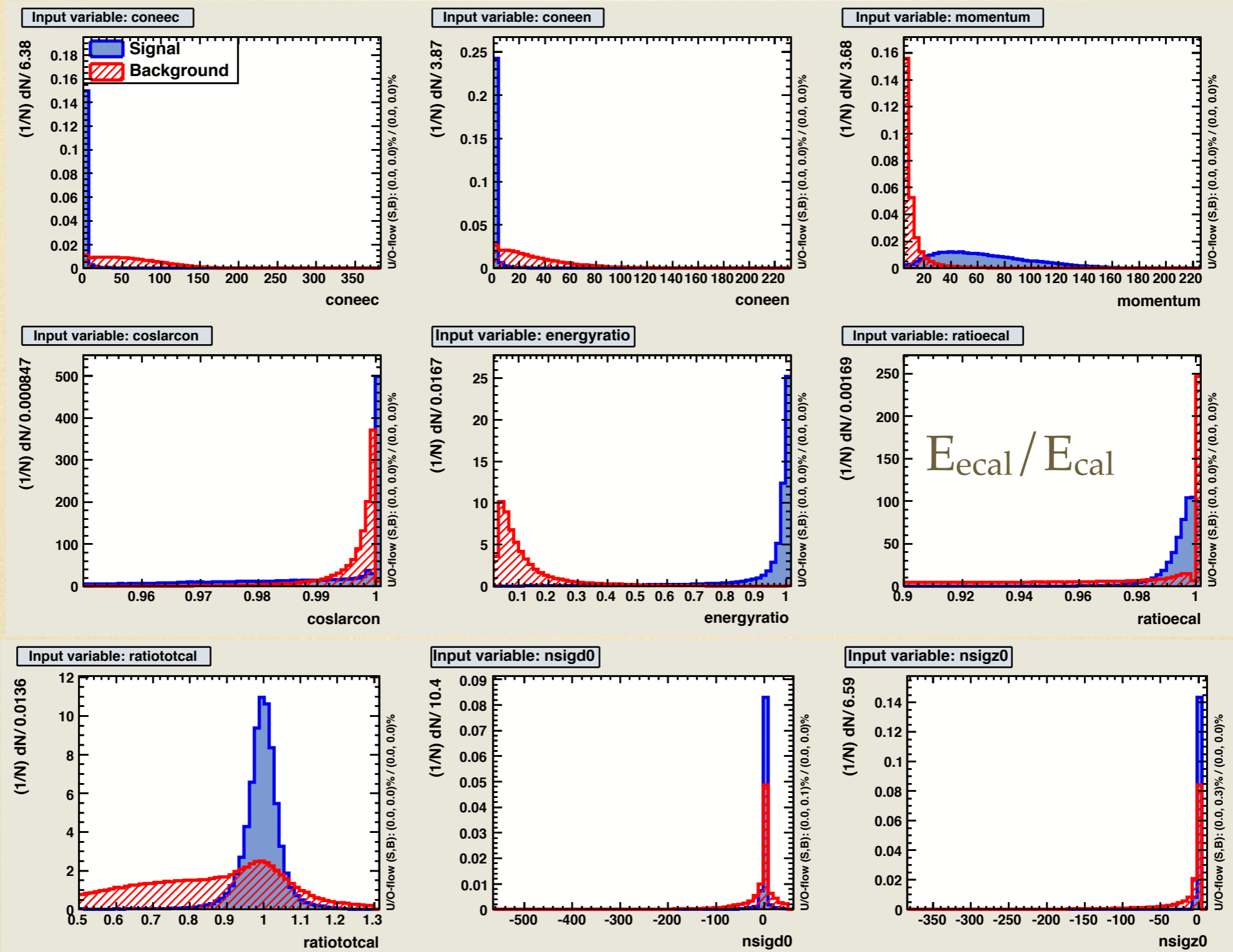
Input variable: nsigz0



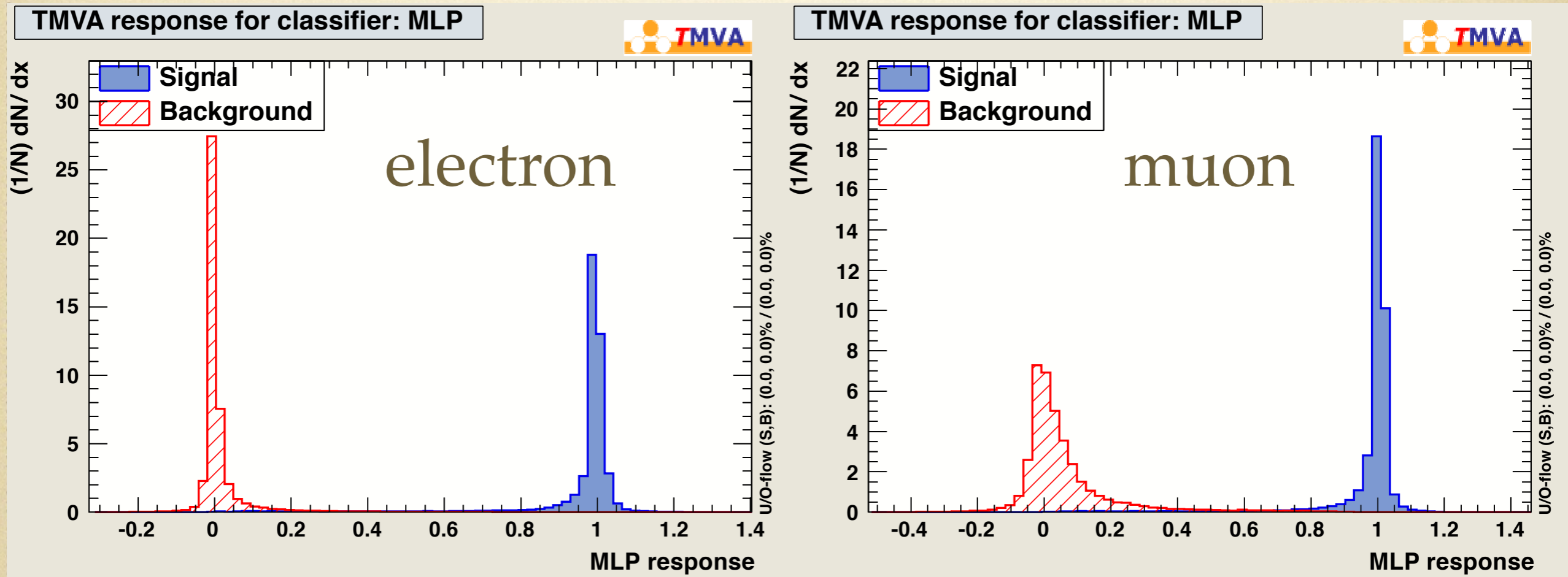
Input variable: totalcalenergy



input variables: electron



neural-net output (tagging)



lepton tagging is associated to the selected lepton collection, cut can be optimised in final selection

Available Processors in ilcsoft-v01-17-08

MarlinReco / Analysis / IsolatedLeptonTagging

(DBD ones: MarlinReco / Analysis / IsolatedLeptonFinder)
(private variants exist, e.g. in HHH by Masakazu, ttH by Yuji)

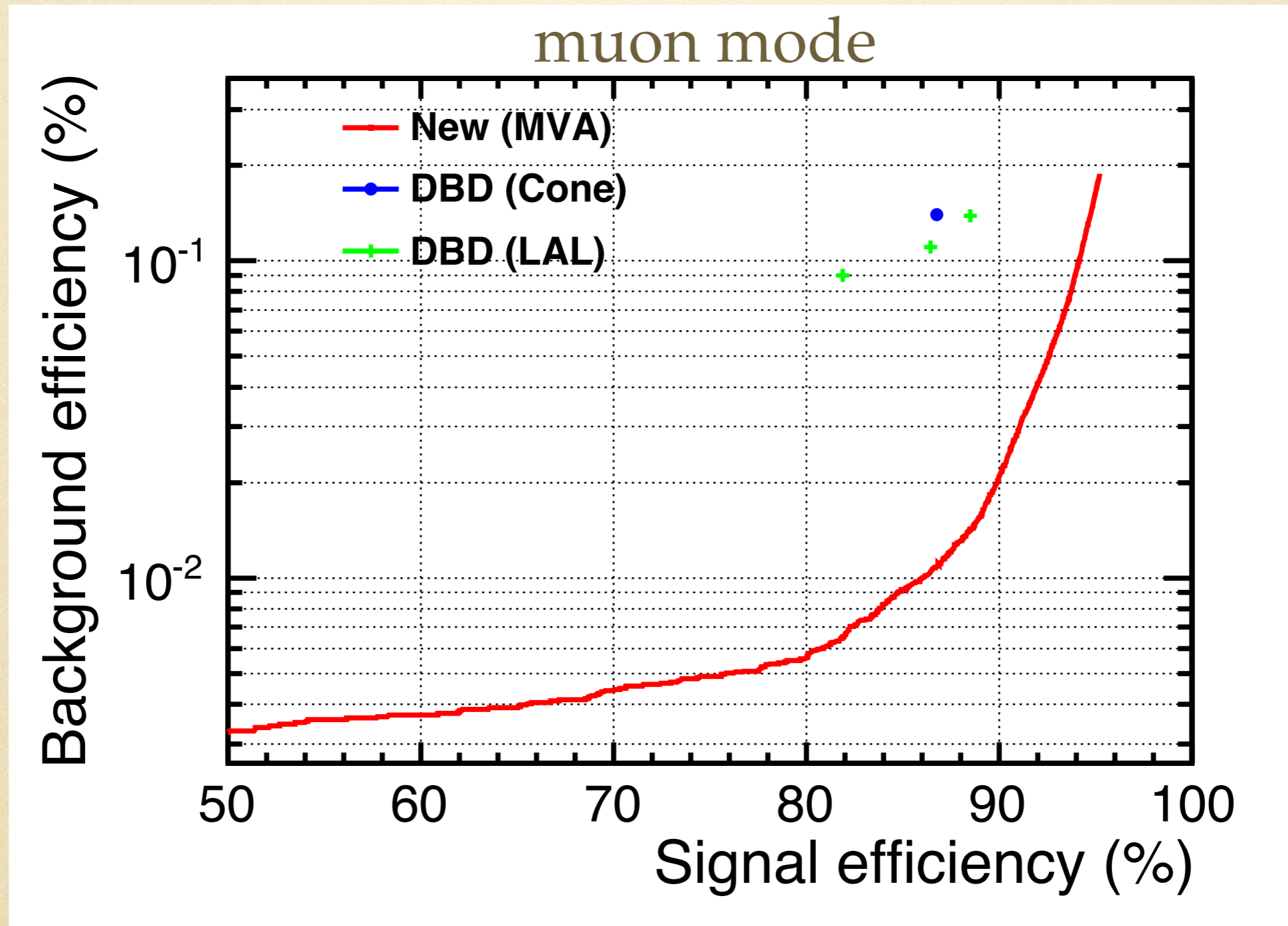
- see “README” for how to use it
- see “example” for steering file
- several weights trained for different processes available
- so far only one processor for single isolated leptons, will be added processor for pair of leptons (Z finder)

today's update:

performance of this new tagging and comparison with DBD ones

Signal (yyxylv) Eff. versus Background (yycyyc) Eff.

(thank Tino for the high statistics 6f samples)

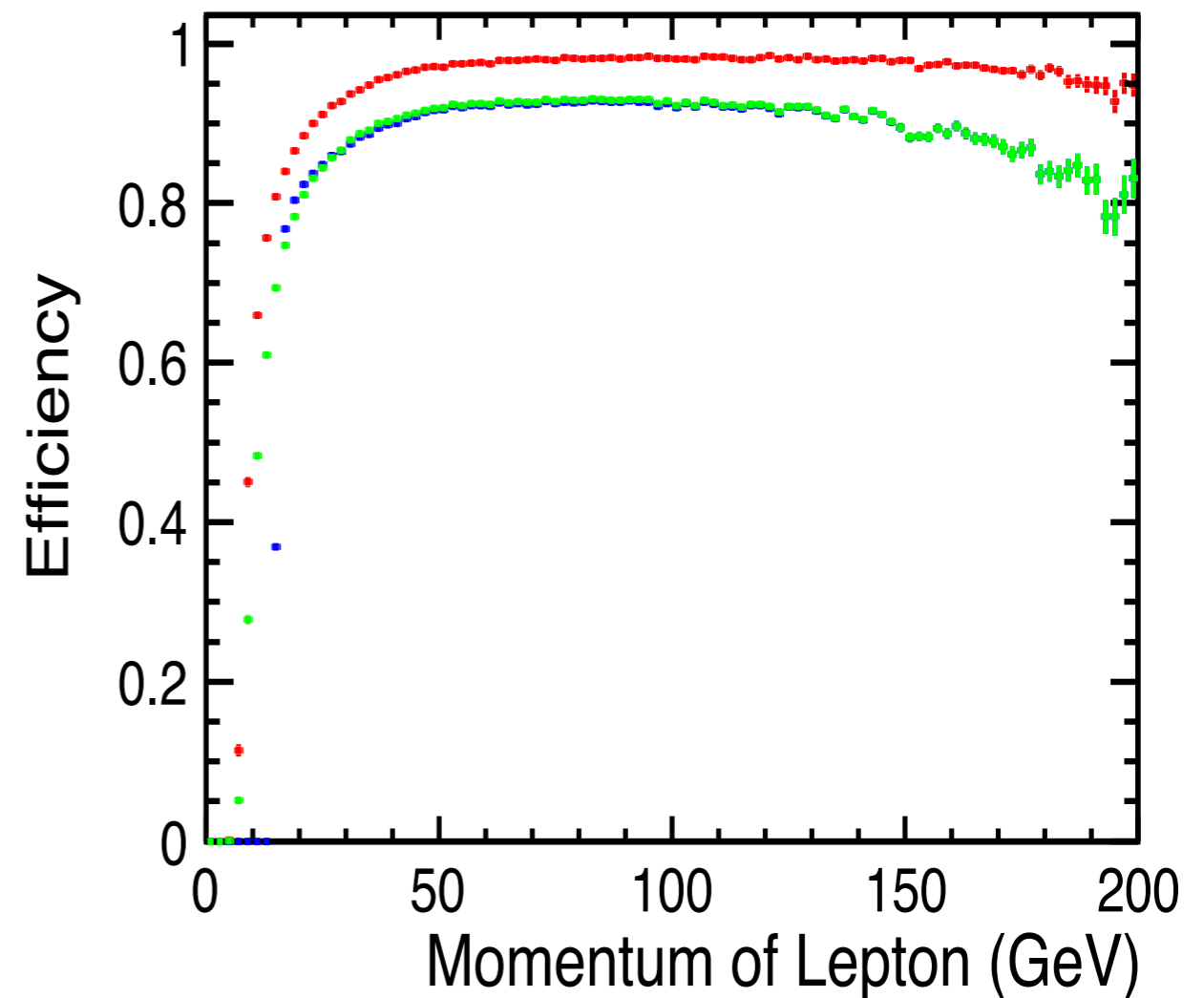
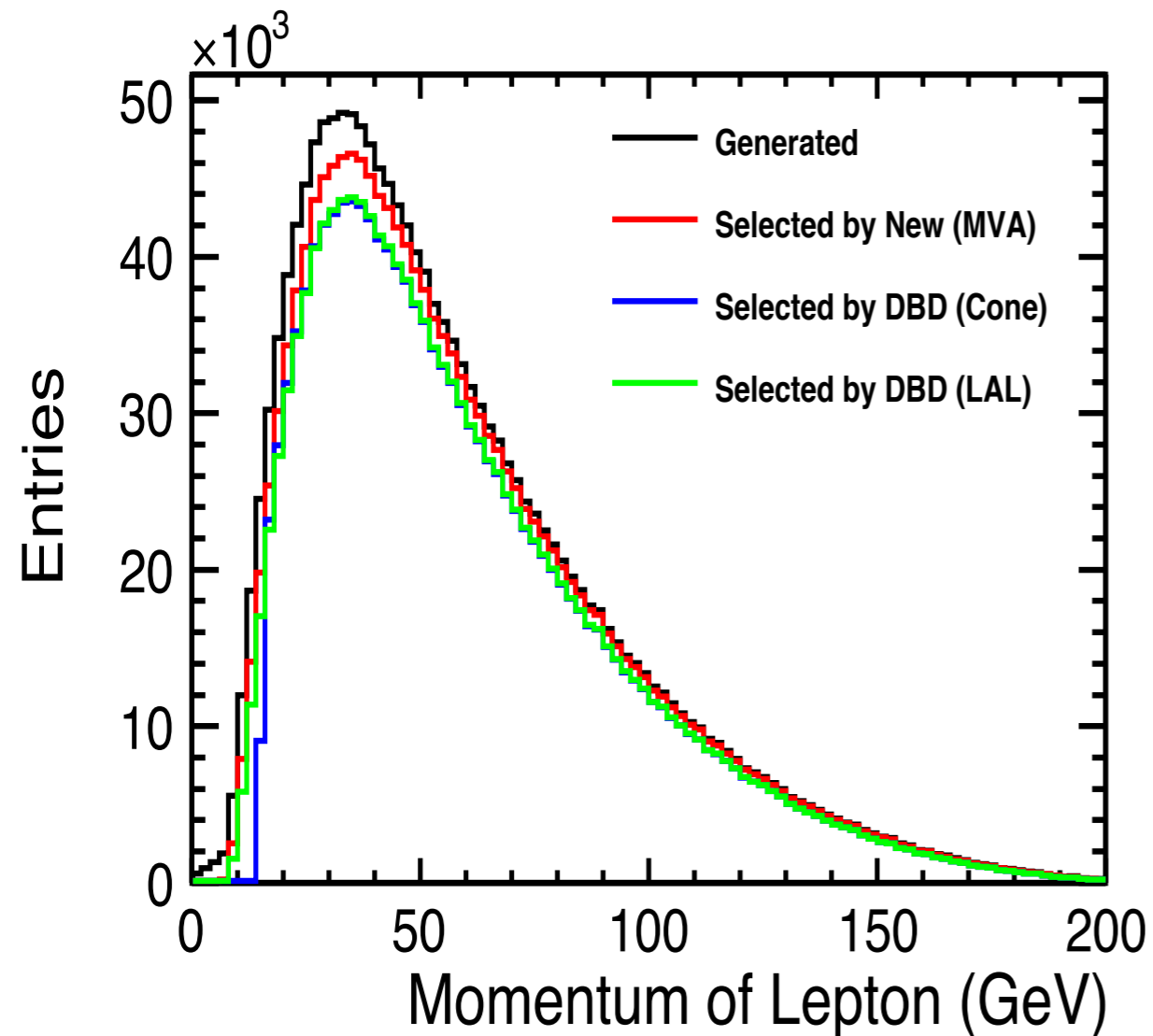


disclaimer: I used default setting for DBD ones, might be optimised;
for LAL algorithm, I tested using 4/5/6 jets as input

signal efficiency versus momentum

(keep same background eff.)

muon mode

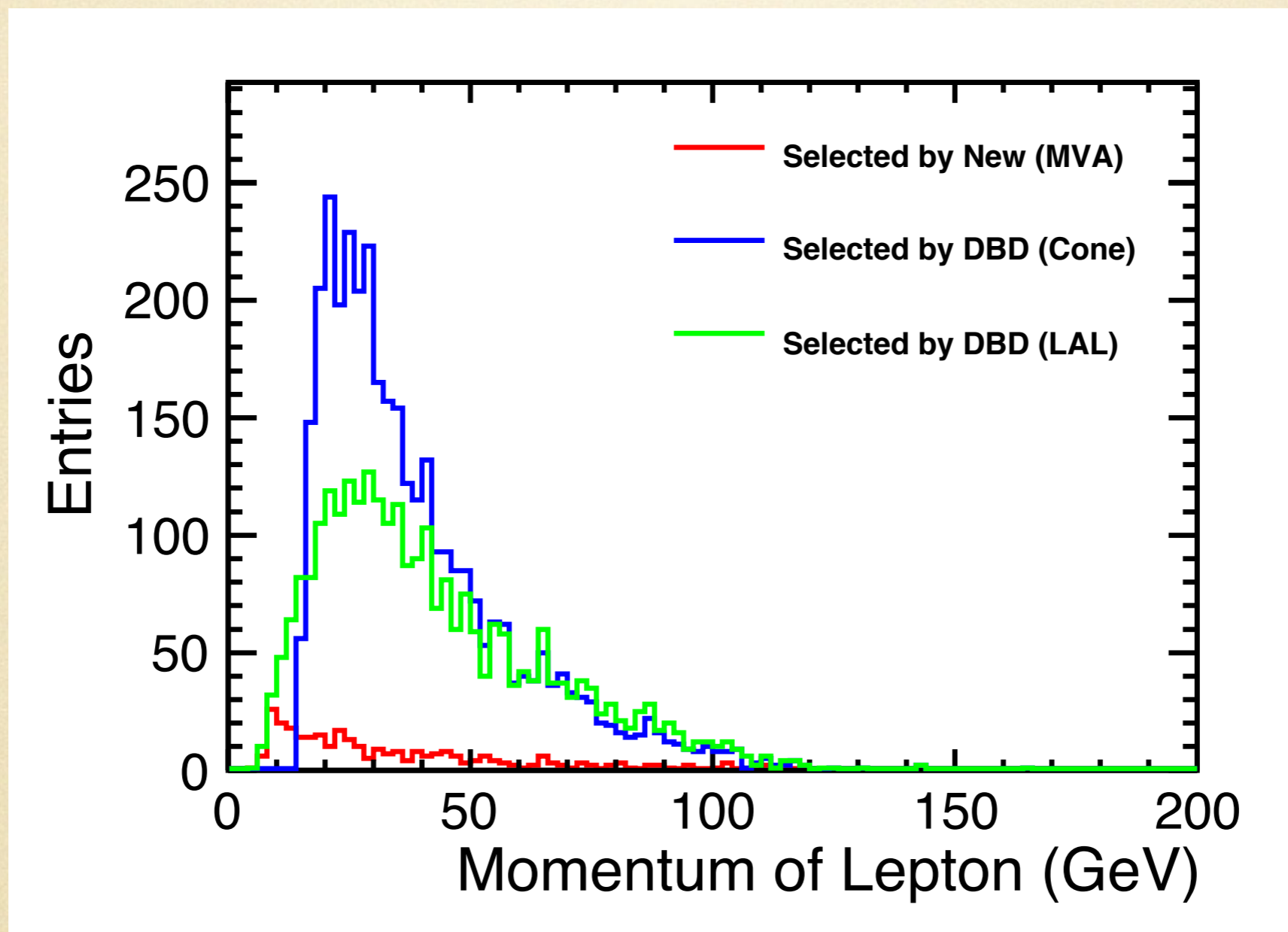


Eff.(%) / Algorithm :	New(MVA)	DBD (Cone)	DBD (LAL)
Sig (yyxy $\mu\nu$) :	94.65	86.75	88.51
Bkg (yy $\nu\mu$) :	0.134	0.1396	0.1387

in terms of background suppression

(keep same signal eff.)

muon mode

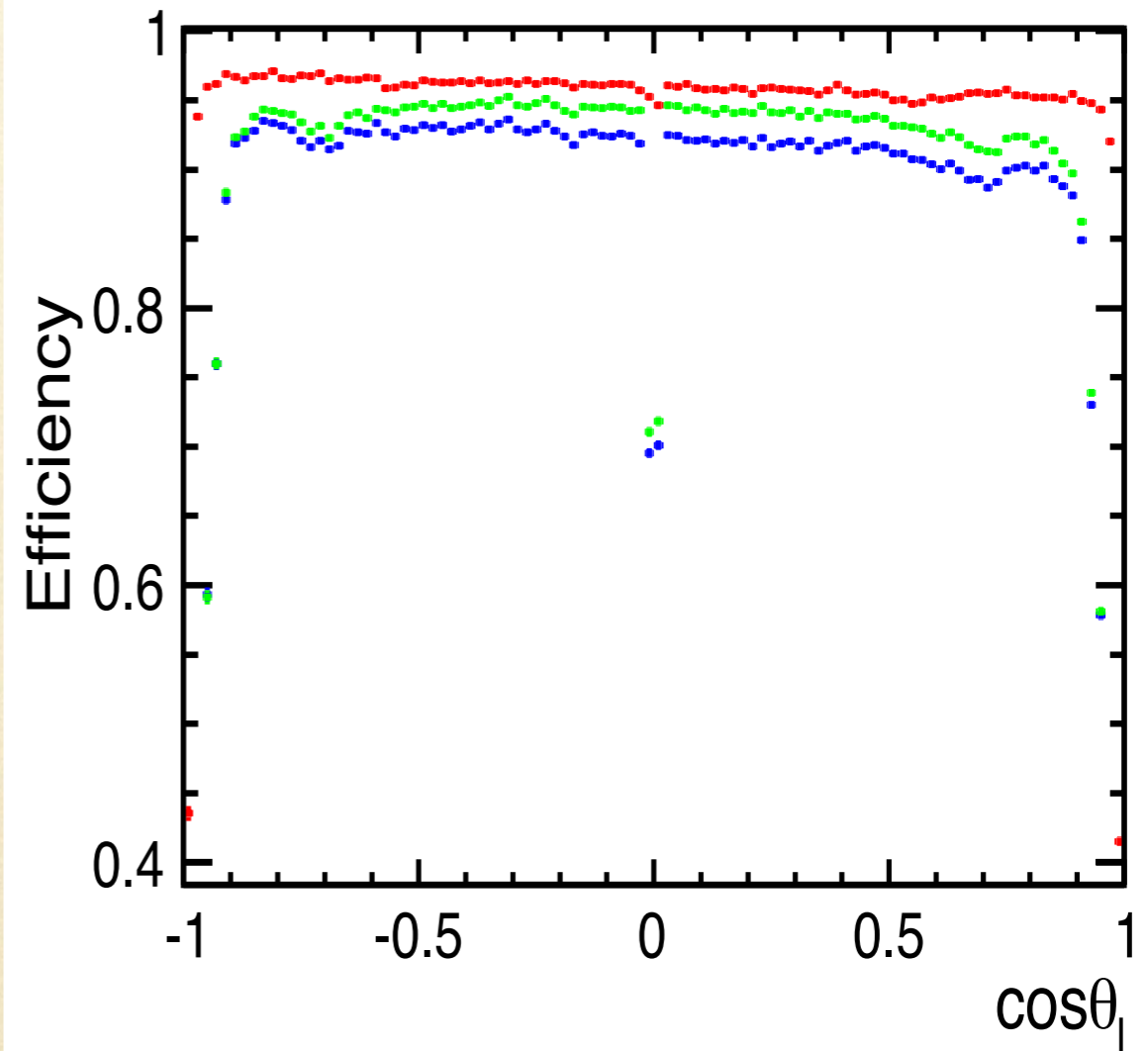
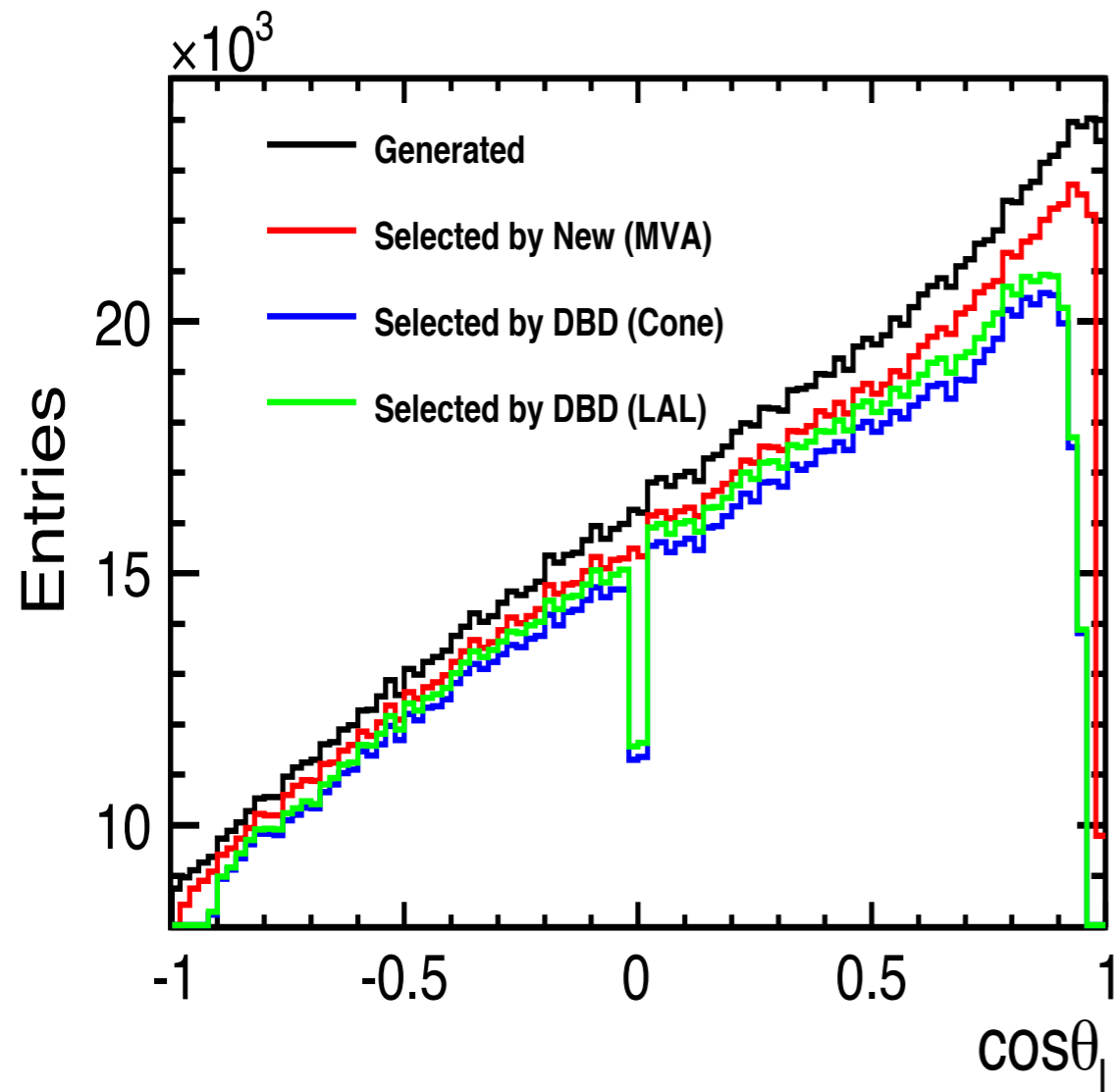


Eff.(%) / Algorithm :	New(MVA)	DBD (Cone)	DBD (LAL)
Sig (yyxy $\mu\nu$) :	87.26	86.75	86.44
Bkg (yy ν yc) :	0.01172	0.1396	0.1104

signal efficiency versus $\cos\theta$

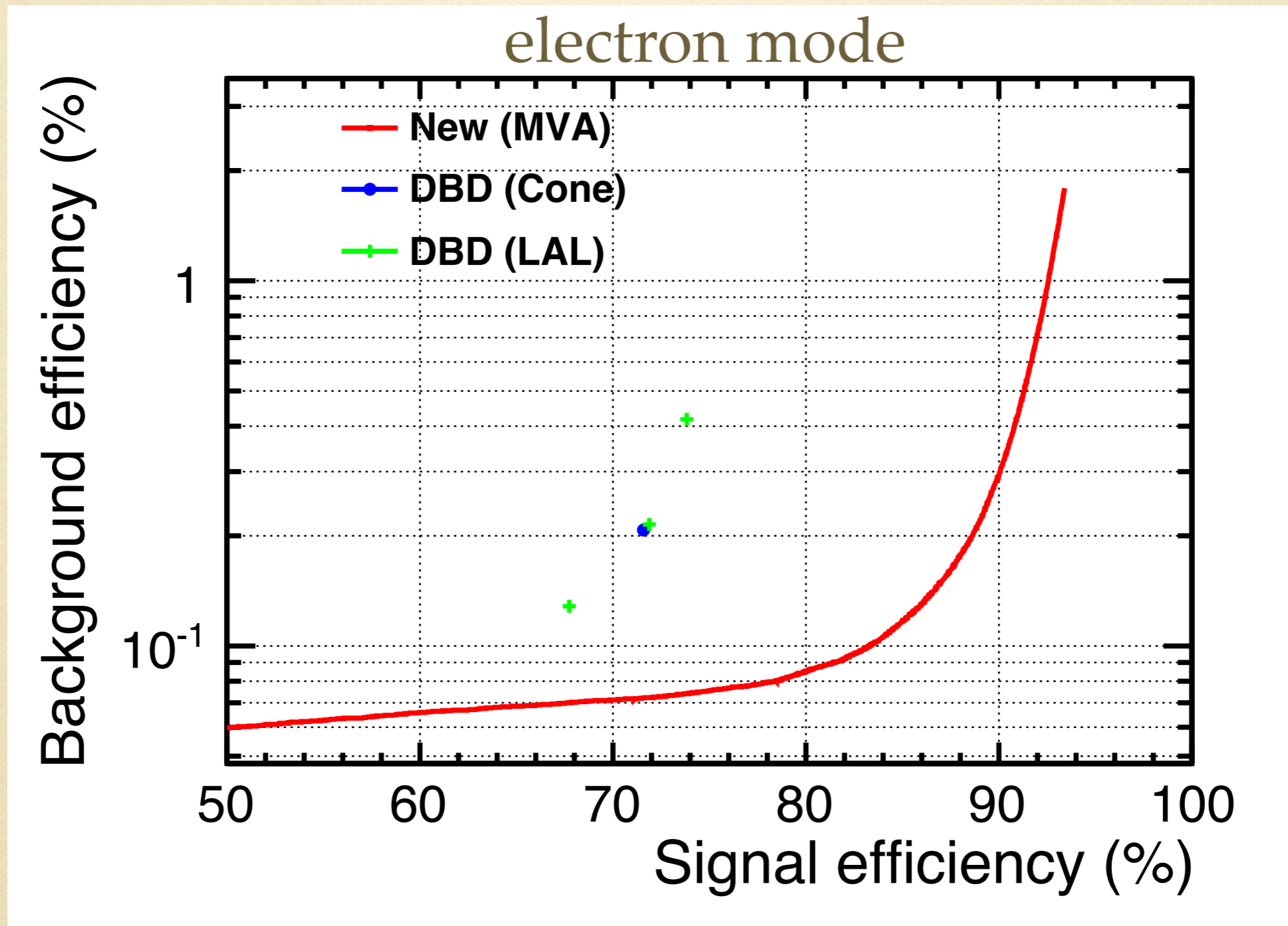
(keep same background eff.)

muon mode



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Signal (yyxylv) Eff. versus Background (yycyyc) Eff.

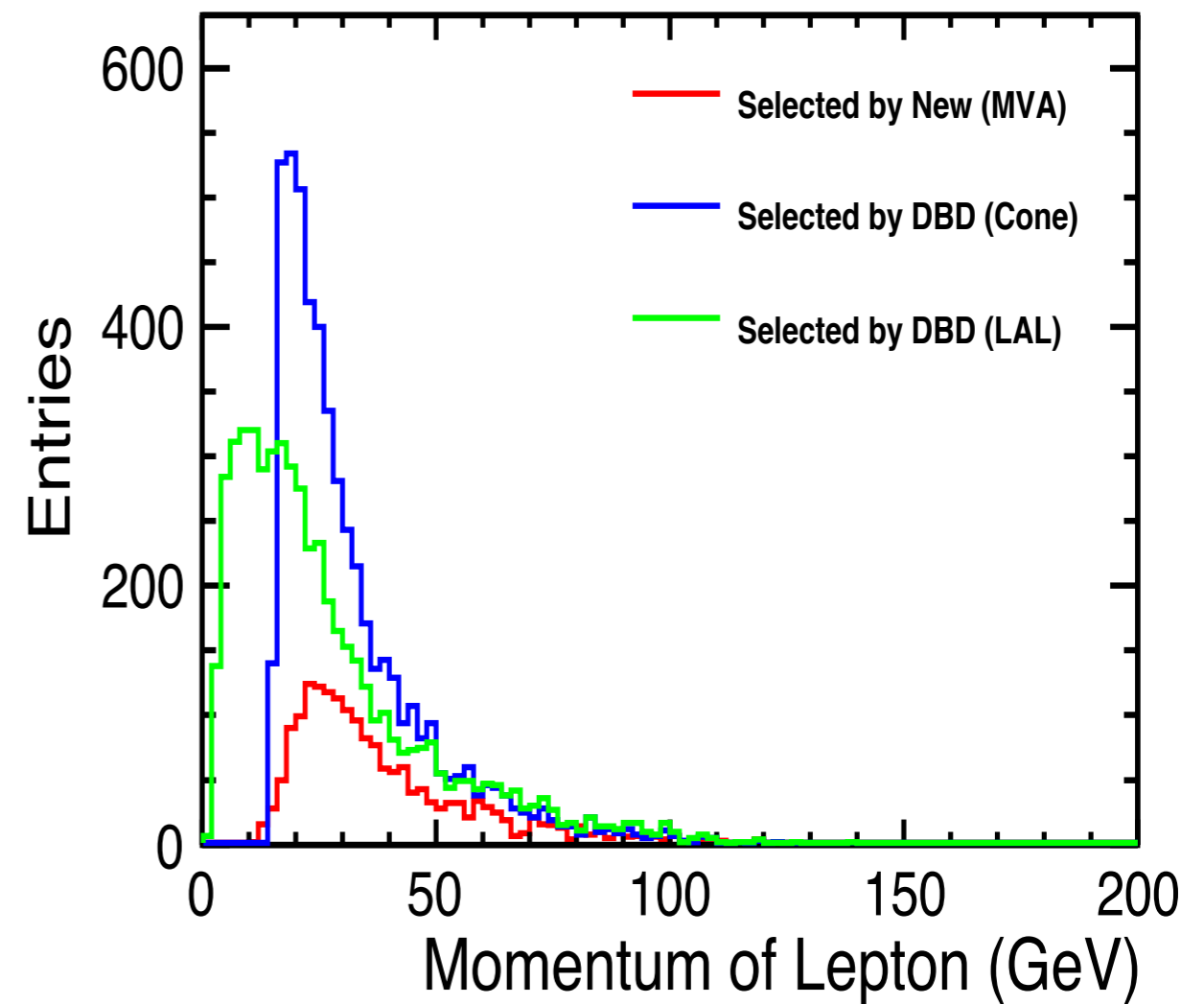
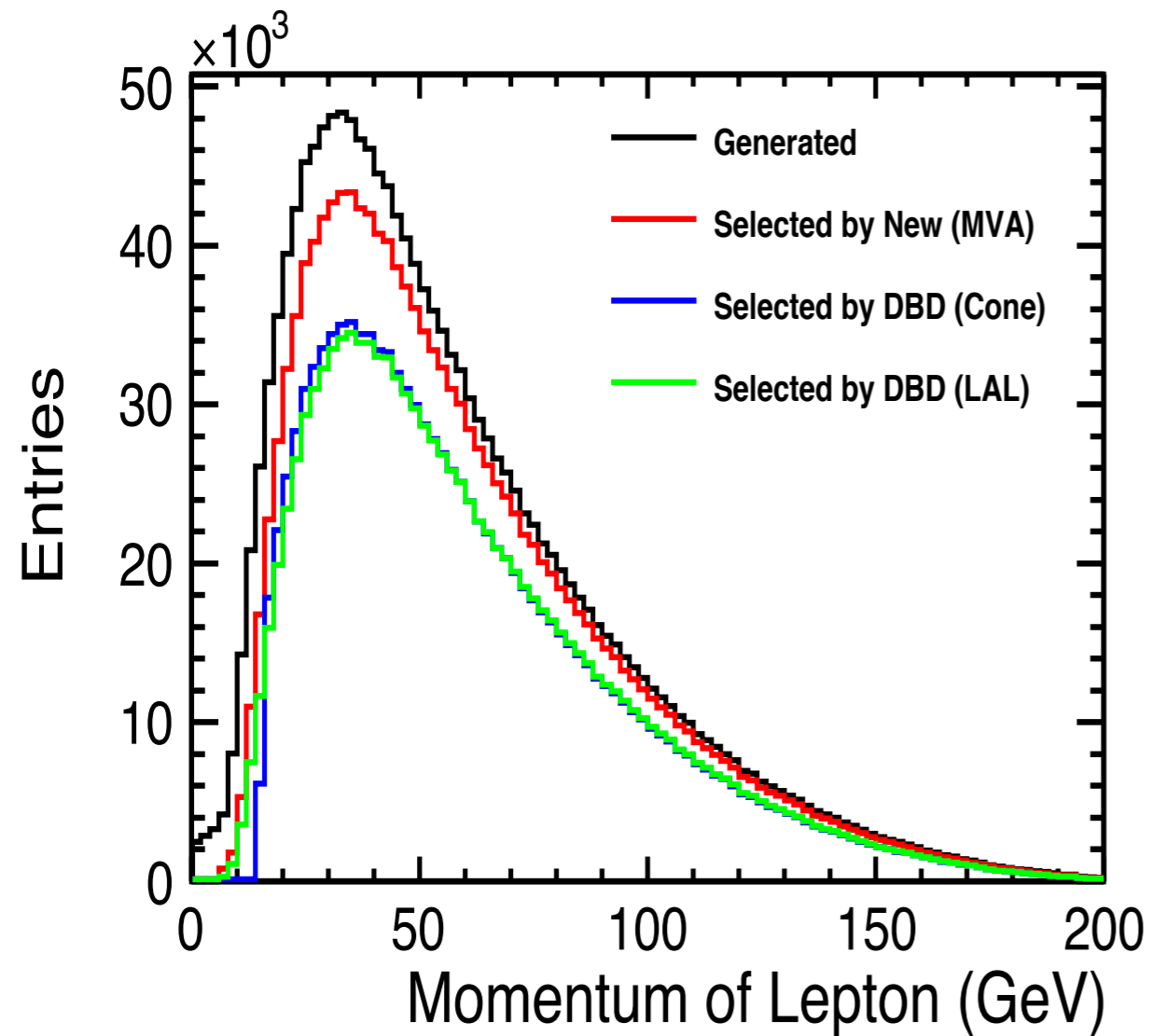


(it seems signal eff. of DBD ones are a bit too low, indicate significant tuning may be possible)

sig/bkg efficiency versus momentum

(keep same bkg/sig eff.)

electron mode



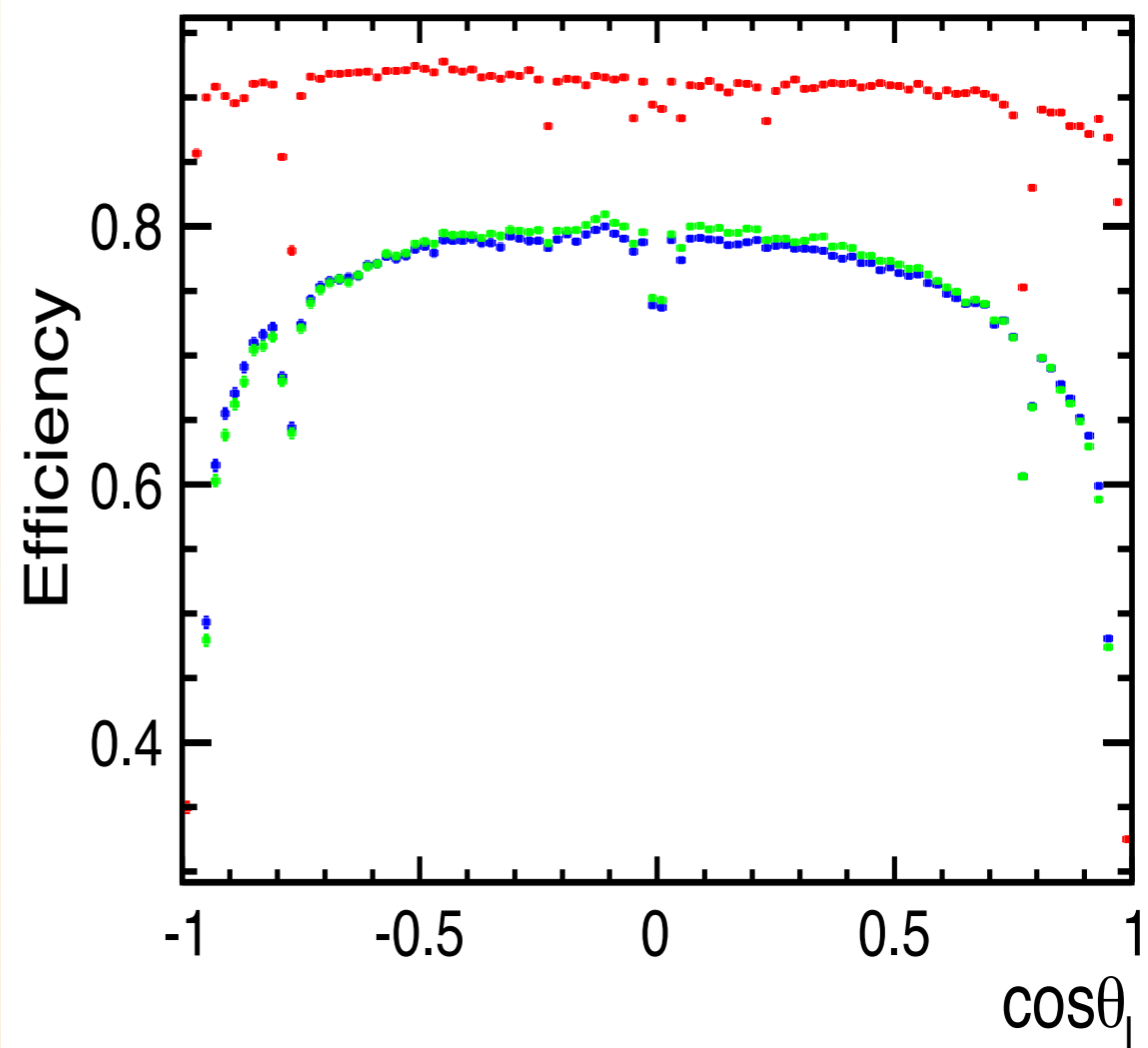
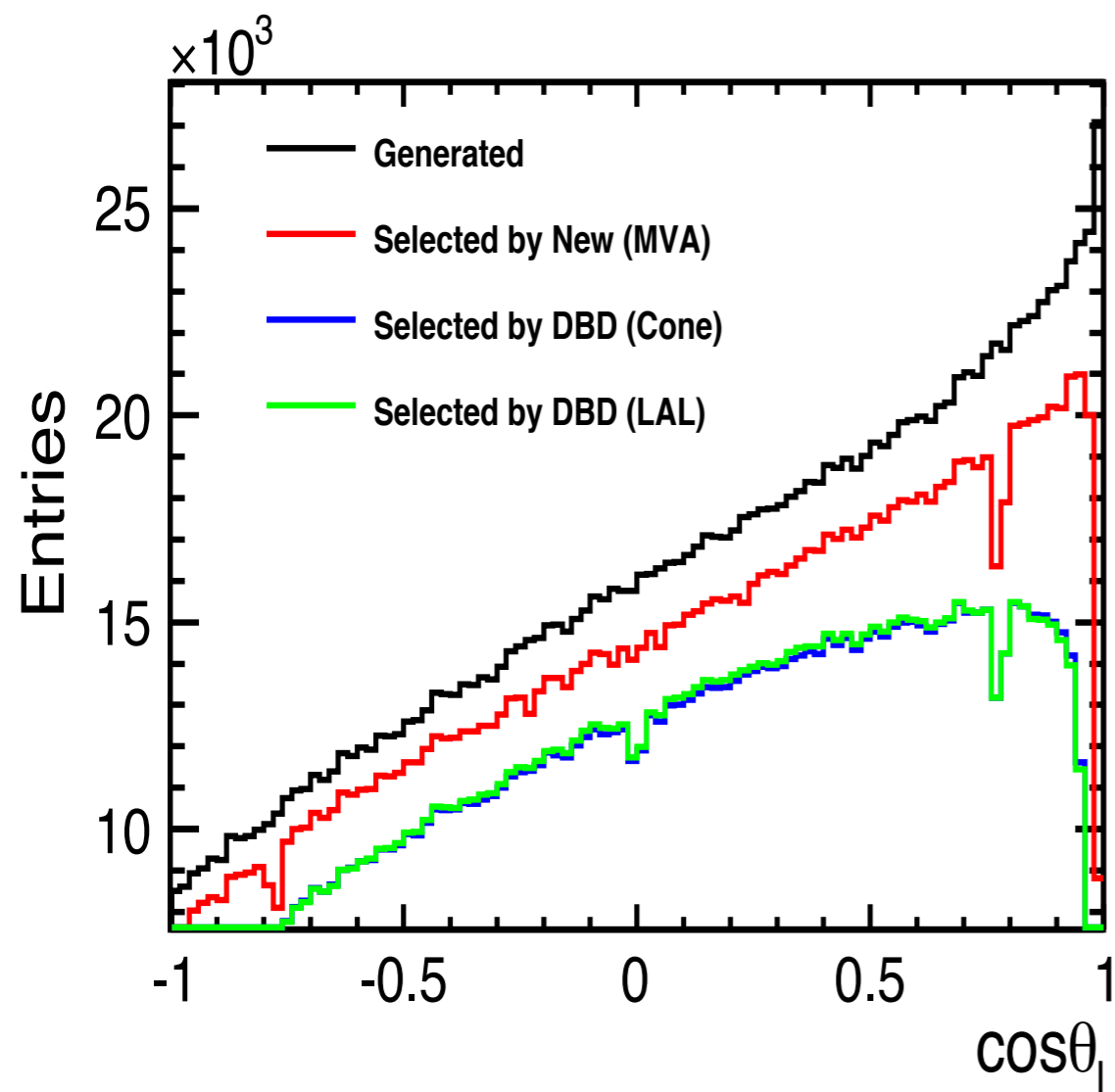
Eff. (%) / Algorithm :	New(MVA)	DBD(Cone)	DBD(LAL)
Sig (yyxyev) :	88.64	71.6	71.89
Bkg (yycyyc) :	0.2015	0.2079	0.2152

New(MVA)	DBD(Cone)	DBD(LAL)
72.17	71.6	71.89
0.07247	0.2079	0.2152

sig/bkg efficiency versus $\cos\theta$

(keep same bkg / sig eff.)

electron mode

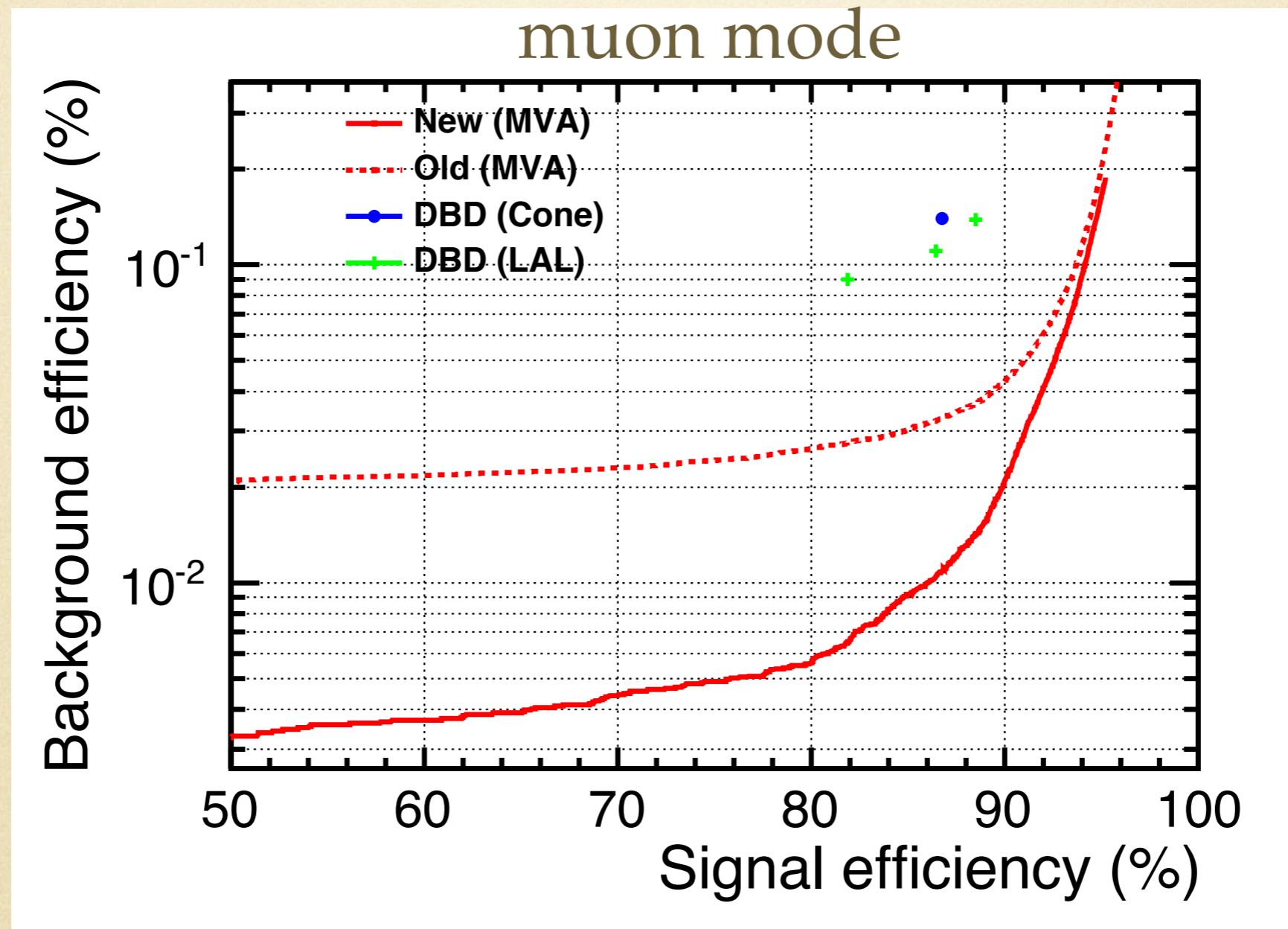


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impact of training

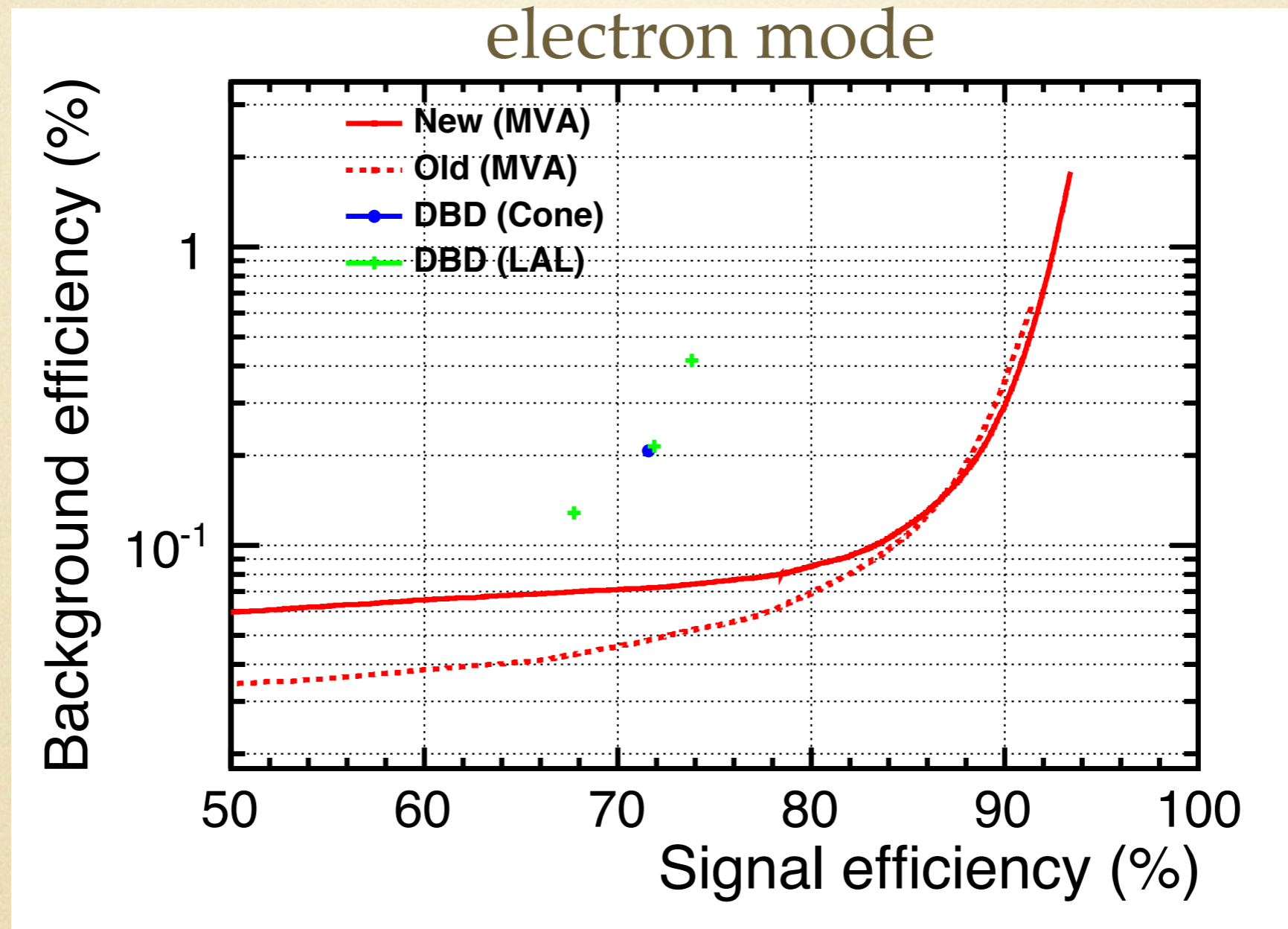
new training: yyxylv / yycyyc with overlay;
old training : yyxylv / bbbb no overlay



~a factor of 2 difference between trainings, in terms of bkg suppression
—> similar performance already confirmed in $\mu\mu HH$ versus $yyxy\mu\nu$

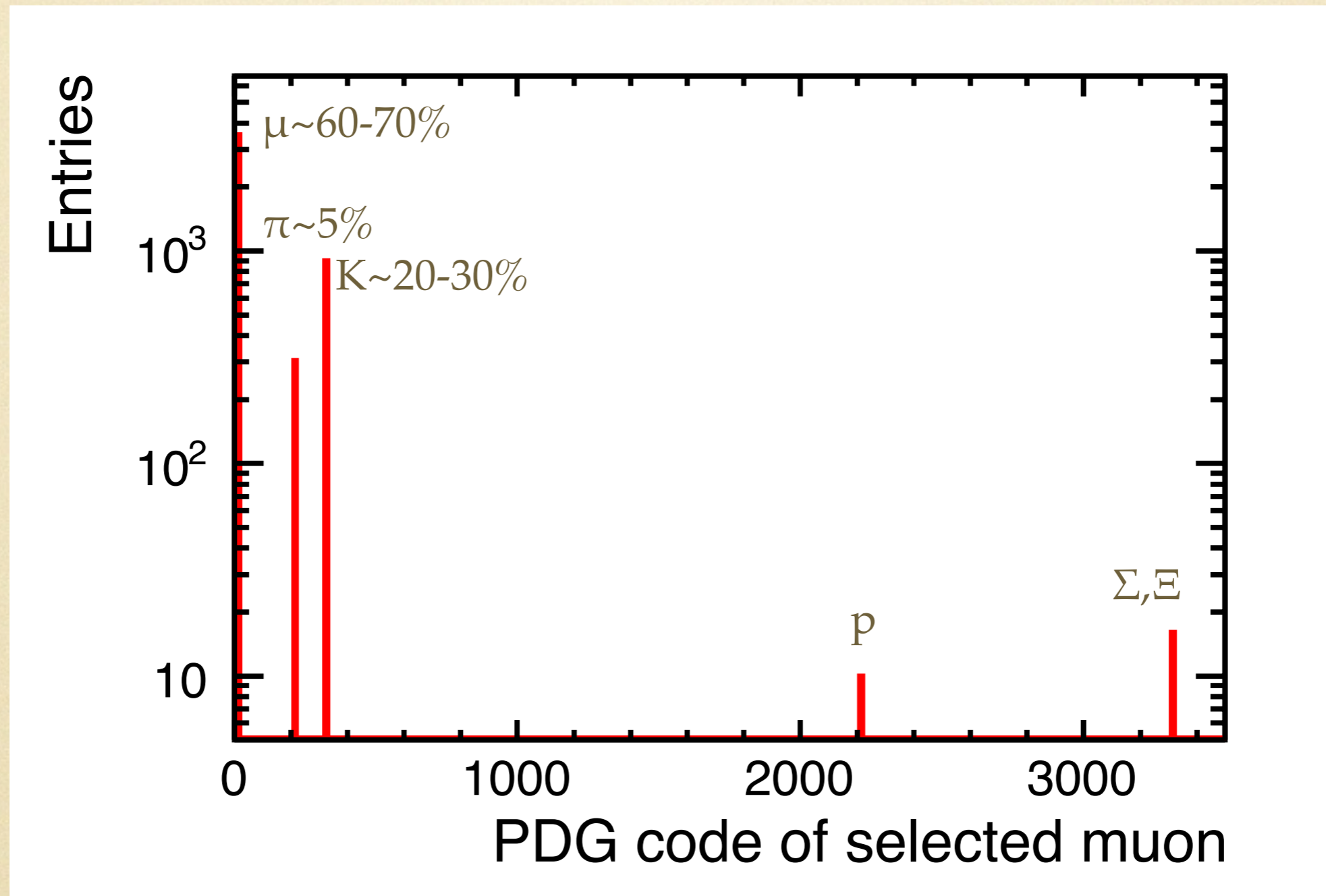
impact of training \rightarrow puzzle?

new training: yyxylv / yycyyc with overlay;
old training : yyxylv / bbbb no overlay



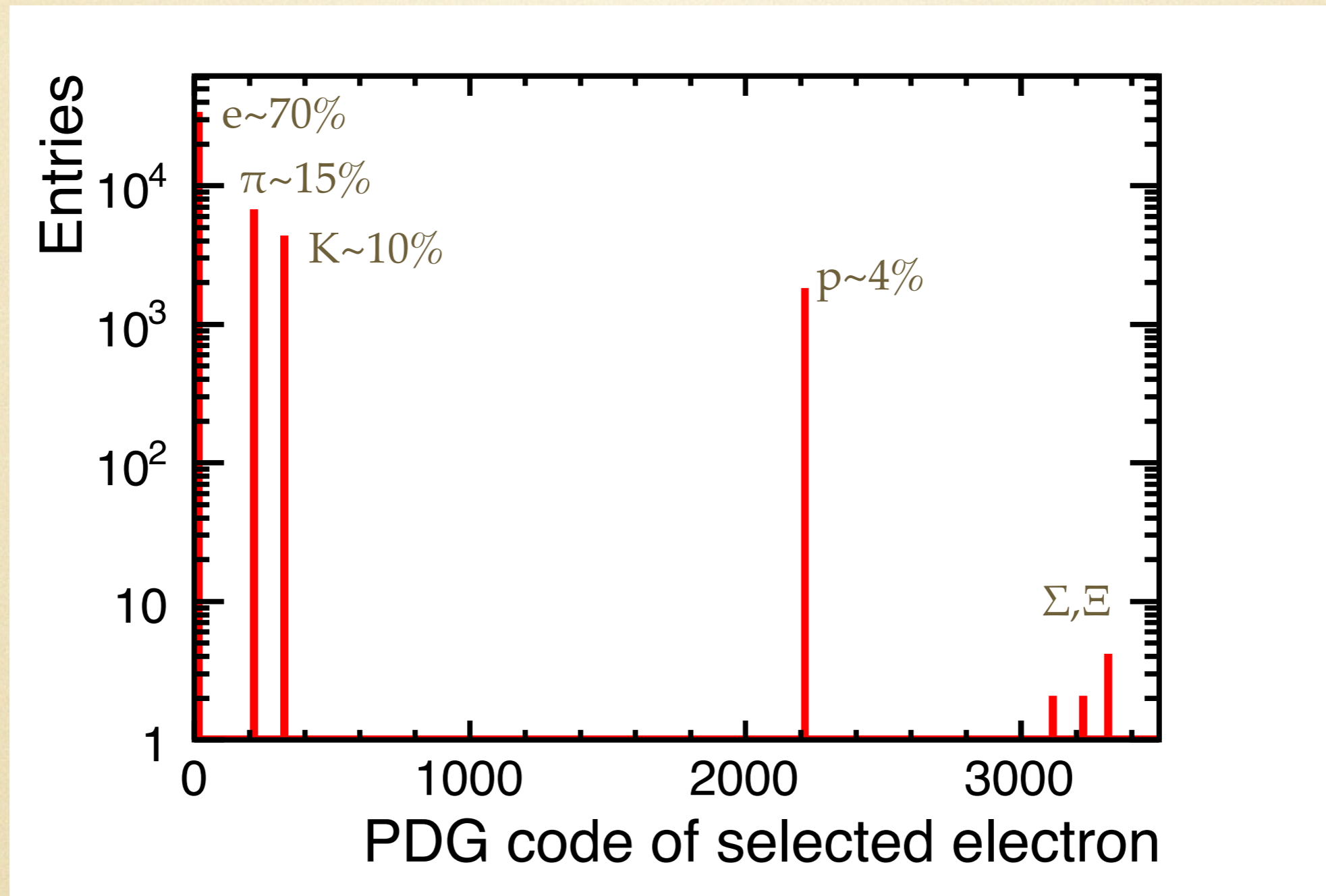
old training gives even better bkg suppression when sig eff is low, strange?

for next step: what kind of particles are still mis-tagged?
selected muon in yycyyc



K is tagged mostly because $K \rightarrow \mu \nu$ in Calorimeter

for next step: what kind of particles are still mis-tagged?
selected electron in yycyyc



dominated by charge $\pi \rightarrow$ neutral π via charge exchange with nuclei in ECAL

summary

- isolated lepton finder is one basic tool relevant for most of the analyses; worth our effort to make it common
- performance of existing three algorithms is evaluated and compared in a same basis; probably all of them are already very good in analyses where the lepton selection is not very crucial
- the new MVA based tagging shows better performance, and offers more degrees of freedom for optimisation of analysis, either with higher signal efficiency or higher background suppression
- remained mis-identification from K or π in principle can be further improved by using matching of shower and track; dominant mis-identification μ/e from weak decay in jets shall be improved by more sophisticated isolation, e.g. utilise infinite layers of cones (dream)

