

ILD: Status and Plans

Ties Behnke, DESY, 25.2.2016

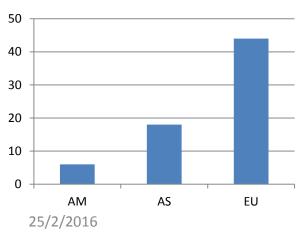


ILD: The Group

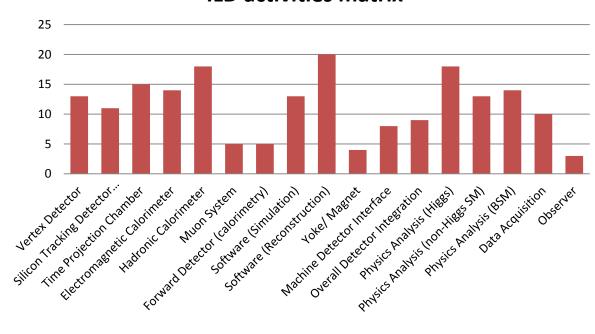
ILD:

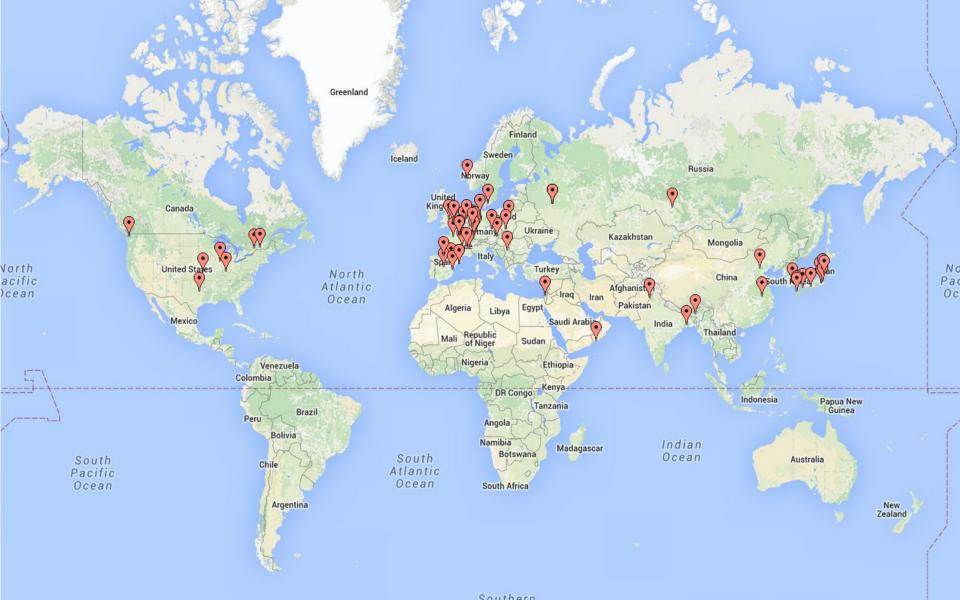
Currently 68 groups signed up

Region of Origin



ILD activities matrix



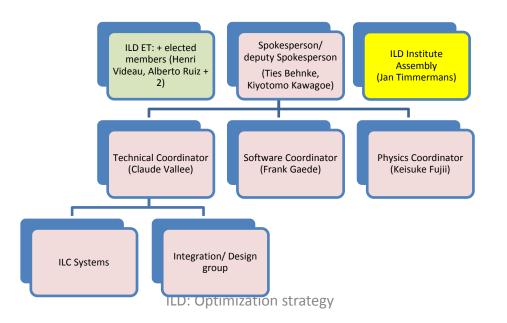




ILD Organisation

Move ILD towards a real collaboration

- Well defined structures and decision lines
- Have organisation prepared to move forward as needed



Current Status of ILD organisation

(2 ET members still to be elected)

25/2/2016



Goals/ Strategies

Make the scientific case for the ILC

Move forward as one community
Join forces with SiD
Integrate Theory and experiment
Interact with the Japanese review process

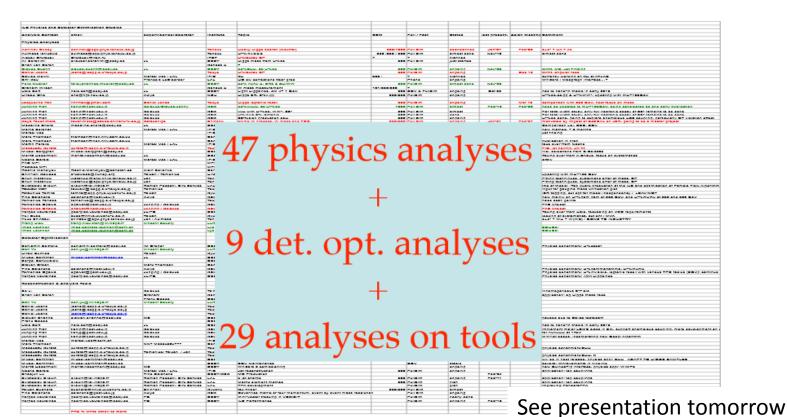
Adapt the ILD design for the Japanese site

Optimize ILD





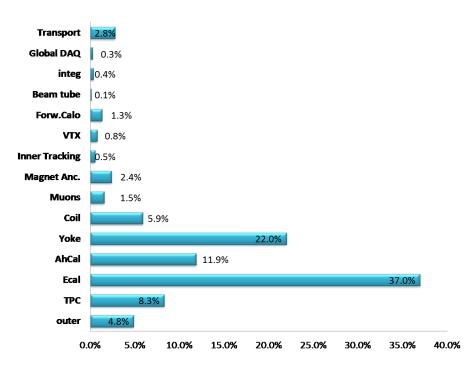
Making the case: ILD analyses



by Keisuke



ILD Optimization



Excellent overall performance

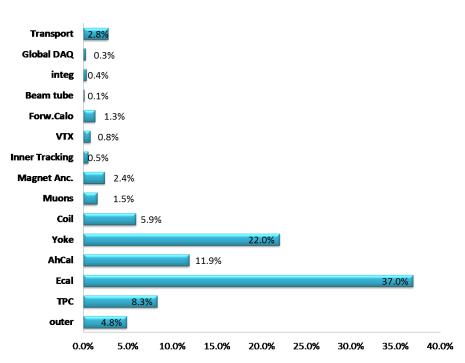
Large detector: relatively large costs.

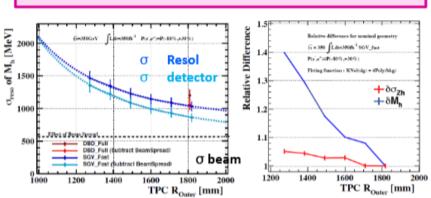
- Careful study needed of cost vs. performance
- Strong focus on making the connection between the detector design and the physics performance explicit.

Total cost about 400 Mio ILCU (2012 costs)



ILD Optimization





350 GeV L=350fb⁻¹

T. Owaga

Degradation (R:1.8 m → 1.4m)

 $\sigma_{resolution}$: ~25%

 σ zh precision: > 5%

Mh precision: ~30%

69% more data needed to recover nominal precision

Total cost about 400 Mio ILCU (2012 costs)

Degradation (R:1.8 m → 1.6m) Mh precission ~10%

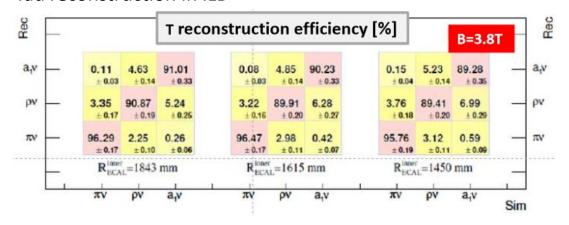


ILD Optimization

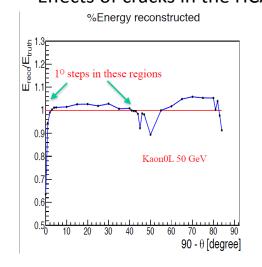
Lots of detailed progress over the last year on optimization issues.

- ECAL optimization (focus on smaller ILD size)
- HCAL optimization (detailed study on cracks, dead material, cell size optimization)
- Tracking (TPC overall performance, low momentum tracking, etc.)

Tau reconstruction in ILD



Effects of cracks in the HCAL



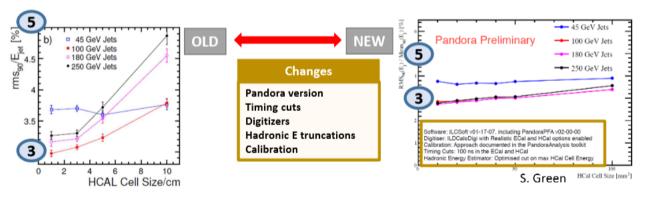
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ILD: Optimization strategy



Technical issues

Strong dependence on our reconstruction tools:



Dependence of Jet Energy Resolution on AHCAL cell size.

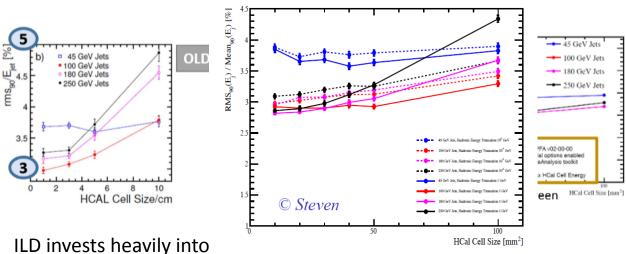
Implementation of proper software compensation might change the picture yet again.

ILD invests heavily into tools and their development We depend critically on the tools and the understanding of these tools We are seeking closer collaboration with SiD and CLICdp and R&D groups to optimize the resources Remarkable progress over the past few months: problems mostly understood.



Technical issues

Strong dependence on our reconstruction tools:



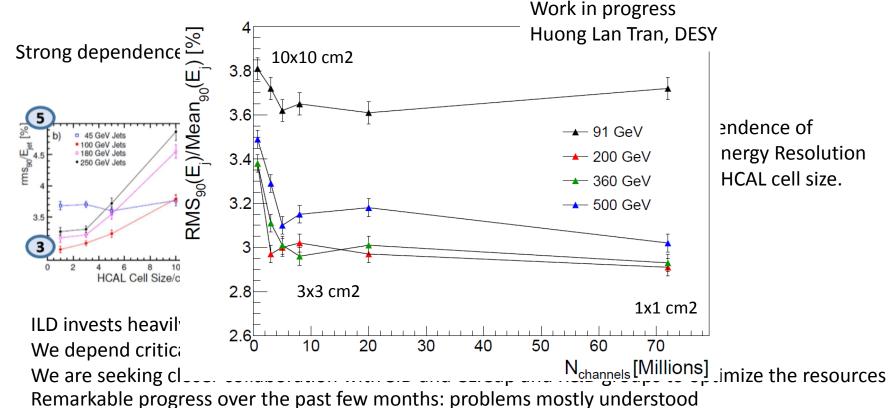
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Technical issues





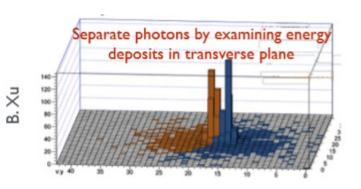
Software

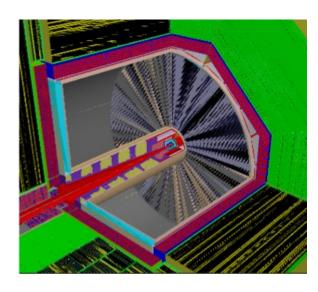
New "DD" type ILD software is getting there

- Enormous progress
- We do have a new system see this workshop
- Now: focus has to shift to validation in the sub-detectors

Photon "separation" in the latest PANDORA

Very nice to see broad "non-ILD" applications







ILD Options

ILD maintains a number of different options for subdetectors.

Strategy for moving towards a technology choice:

- We do not intend to make a technology choice soon.
- We intend to make technologies comparable within ILD
 - Agree on benchmarks
 - Agree on how to measure performance
 - Agree on list of open issues
 - Maintain an open and constructive climate of interchange and discussion



Idea

First prototypes

Proof of concept

System Test

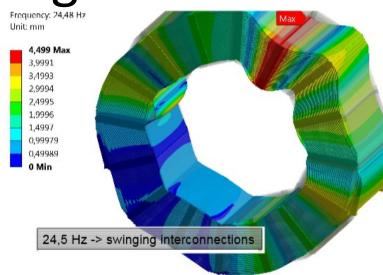
Engineering Design

Fully engineered and costed design

Construction

Technologies

Study of vibrations of HCAL system (relevant for seismic stability)





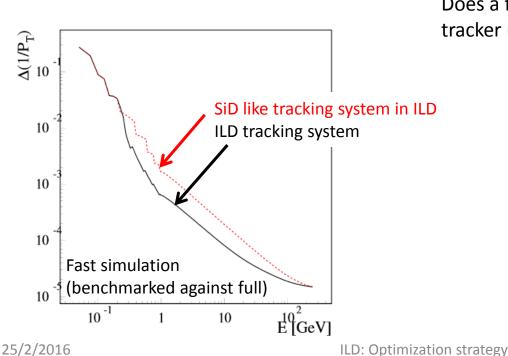
For most systems we are here

For large-scale serious engineering we lack resources!

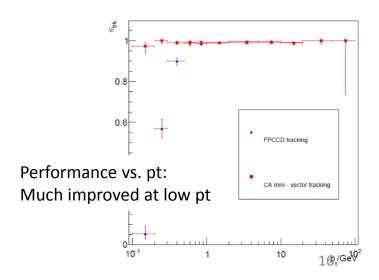


Changing ILD?

We start to understand in some detail the performance issues connected with the ILD design.



Does a fundamental change of the ILD tracker make sense?





Changing ILD: Big Issues

0.00727 0.00545 -0.00273 -Alternative designs in the corner?

Moving the ILD design "to Japan" requires adaptations

- Granularity of the mechanics
- Assembly procedures
- Legal considerations

- Cost of yoke is considerable
- Stray field requirements are one main driver of the Yoke size
- Muon performance?



Goals/ Plans

Assumption: ILC is receiving encouraging signals from Japan (whatever this means)

Proposal (to be discussed):

Redefine and document our baseline within O(2) years

- Based on significant studies with different models (production schedule?)
- Based on a close loop with the physics working group

Write a light-weight document (LOI V2) to describe and define the new baseline



How do we proceed: Proposal

Define 3 ILD detector models

- DBD as a comparison detector (R=180cm)
- Intermediate scale (R=160 cm)
- Extreme case (R=140cm)

sed |

To be discussed

Implement these detectors in DD4HEP and Ddsim Validate

Produce sufficient events to study the benchmark reactions

Need to be clever, since we might not need to produce all backgrounds for all models, needs study

Other parameters (length, etc) need a detailed review to make sure we have not missed any major point.



Time Scale

Now: from now until summer define the number and parameters of the new models

by studying things like tau, photon reconstruction, tracking, PFLOW, etc.

Edges? Endcap? etc etc.: many detailed studies needed

and common sense

Summer: finalise the definition of the models, finalise the models, start validation

Fall: validation finished

Clearly we are delayed compared to the plans in spring. But we have much better confidence now in our tools.

Discuss update to the schedule today.



Summary

ILD is moving forward, in spite of problems with the funding and overall delays in the ILC programm

ILD is assembling the tools needed for a serious optimization

There is great progress in understanding ILD as documented in this meeting

I am looking forward to an intense discussion on the detailed plans during this meeting