

DDMarlinPandora

- Direct copy of MarlinPandora + ILDCaloDigi + SimpleMuonDigi
- DD4hep (with DDRec) as single source of information
 - No material or other geometry info in processor parameters
- Also tried to uncouple from ILD-specific geometry
 - Detectors accessed by type flags (no strings!)



Validation

- We are validating the new method against the old one
- One way is to use a very nice monitoring/debug feature of the Pandora API: you can dump the geometry data and the event data as understood by Pandora
 - PandoraGeometry.xml: list of subdetectors with their dimensions, symmetry, layer makeup, etc
 - PandoraEvents.xml: list of events with their CaloHit and Track properties, MCParticles, etc
- Comparing the dumps from GEAR+MarlinPandora with the ones from DD4hep+DDMarlinPandora we obtained an almost perfect agreement

Ultimate test: JER and Physics Performance

First look at JER

- **CLICdet_2015** with **DDMarlinPandora** and truth track cheater
- Usual $Z \rightarrow uds$ events, JER estimates from PandoraAnalysis/AnalysePerformance



Open Issues

- General cleanup needed, rearrangement of includes, ...
- Access by **DetType** flags nice, but gets tiresome
 - Centrally access and serve **DetElements** to sub-classes?
- Auxiliary static functions (e.g. getExtension(...), getTrackingRegion(), getField(),...)? => Maybe move to DD4hep core?
- Access of "OTHER" subdetectors (e.g. ECalPlug)
 - Some algorithms in LCContent need ECal inner radius and would then use the "wrong" value, coming from ECalEndcap
- Digitizers? Ported ILDCaloDigi and SimpleMuonDigi, shipped with DDMarlinPandora for simplicity
 - Only access to ECal (Barrel + Endcap) geometry was needed (?)
 - What about e.g. "ECalPlug"? Currently, collections are handled together
- **Calibration**: Almost there (script and steering file)

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- Need to decouple PandoraAnalysis (calibration binaries) and GEAR
 - Switch to DD4hep done in private clone, testing needed, possibly cleanup

BACKUP SLIDES

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Pandora Track Creation and Selection

- DDTrackCreatorILD is almost identical to old TrackCreator in MarlinPandora
 - Already fairly comprehensive but interface to DD4hep allows more flexibility, further optimization and refinement (for the future)
- DDTrackCreatorCLIC is still very basic
 - Cuts and logic need to be optimized as soon as tracker geometry and track reconstruction are stable
- Still some bugs to work out, but already able to fully reasonably reconstruct physics events



Calibration

- Porting calibration procedure from S. Green to use DDMarlinPandora
 - Necessary to set digitization and Pandora constants
 - No other way to obtain constants for new CLIC det. model!
 - Working in principle, but not yet ready for production
- Calibration script, Marlin configuration decoupled from GEAR, ILD geometry and Cambridge cluster
- Still need to modify binaries in PandoraAnalysis (the things that actually compute the constants) to remove use of GEAR



Introduction: chain currently in use



Currently: PandoraPFA and GEAR

- Pandora is the main user of the high-level geometry information provided by GEAR
 - Package MarlinPandora translates the GEAR geometry (and LCIO Calorimeter hits/tracks) to the format required by Pandora
 - It's also significantly tied to the ILD detector concept



Introduction

- The GEAR toolkit has served us well over the years
 - Nice, human readable, slimmed-down description of detector geometry
- But tied to ILD geometry and evolution of supported structures is not trivial
 - For a non ILD-type geometry, need "hacks" to create structures that GEAR understands
 - Or have to add extra string constants
 - Can explode very quickly

- Always have to pass along information using a gear file from stage to stage in the chain
- We are now building our Simulation and Reconstruction software around DD4hep
 - Aims to alleviate some of these problems

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```
for (xml coll t c(x det, U(layer)); c; ++c) {
 xml comp t x layer = c;
                                                                                               Example HCal
 int repeat = x layer.repeat();
                                        // Get number of times to repeat this layer.
 const Layer* lay = layering.layer(layer num - 1); // Get the layer from the layering engine.
 // Loop over repeats for this layer.
                                                                                               Barrel Driver
 for (int j = 0; j < repeat; j++) {</pre>
   string layer name = toString(layer num, "layer%d");
   double layer thickness = lay->thickness();
                                                                                                   Always within a function
   DetElement laver(stave, laver name, laver num);
                                                                                               •
   DDRec::LayeredCalorimeterData::Layer caloLayer ;
                                                                                                   called
    // Layer position in Z within the stave.
   layer pos z += layer thickness / 2;
   // Laver box & volume
   Volume layer vol(layer name, Box(layer dim x, detZ / 2, layer thickness / 2), air);
                                                                                               static Ref t
                                                                                               create detector(LCDD&
   // Create the slices (sublayers) within the layer.
   double slice pos z = -(layer thickness / 2);
                                                                                               lcdd, xml h e,
   int slice number = 1;
                                                                                               SensitiveDetector sens)
   double totalAbsorberThickness=0.;
                                                                                               {
   for (xml_coll_t k(x_layer, U(slice)); k; ++k) {
     xml comp t x slice = k;
     string slice name = toString(slice number, "slice%d");
                                                                                               •••
     double slice thickness = x slice.thickness();
     Material slice material = lcdd.material(x slice.materialStr());
                                                                                               return sdet;
     DetElement slice(layer, slice name, slice number);
                                                                                               }
     slice pos z += slice thickness / 2;
     // Slice volume & box
     Volume slice vol(slice name, Box(layer dim x, detZ / 2, slice thickness / 2), slice material);
                                                                                                   Macro to declare detector
      if (x slice.isSensitive()) {
       sens.setType("calorimeter");
                                                                                                   constructor at the end:
       slice vol.setSensitiveDetector(sens);
     }
     // Set region, limitset, and vis.
     slice vol.setAttributes(lcdd, x slice.regionStr(), x slice.limitsStr(), x slice.visStr());
                                                                                               DECLARE DETELEMENT(HCalB
     // slice PlacedVolume
     PlacedVolume slice phv = layer vol.placeVolume(slice vol, Position(0, 0, slice pos z));
                                                                                               arrel o1 v01,
     slice.setPlacement(slice phv);
                                                                                               create detector)
     // Increment Z position for next slice.
     slice pos z += slice thickness / 2;
     // Increment slice number.
     ++slice number;
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```

LayeredCalorimeterStruct



DRec: Reconstruction Extensions

- The user can attach any object that could help in reconstruction to a DetElement (e.g HCal barrel, ECal endcap,VXD, ...)
 - Uses the DD4hep extension mechanism
- We currently have two main options:
 - **GEAR-like simple data structures** that get filled by the detector constructor at creation time (simplest way to start)
 - Surfaces: special type of extension
 - Foreseen mainly for tracking
 - \Box Provides static as well as dynamic info
 - Could use "auxiliary" surfaces (not attached to sensitive volume) in DDMarlinPandora in the future

 $\hfill\square$ Say to determine if a track reaches the calorimeter

DDRec Data Structures

Extend subdetector driver with arbitrary user data

- Summary of more abstract information useful for reconstruction
- Mainly serve DDMarlinPandora, but other use cases:
 - Auxiliary information for tracking
 - E.g. "global" information like **number of layers** which you don't want to keep calculating on the fly from surfaces
 - Slimmed-down geometry for a faster event display (e.g. CED)
- Current use case: Fill during driver construction
 - Driver has access to all the information
 - Take advantage of material map

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- for HCalBarrel
- Developed with needs of Pandora in mind
- Fill all the dimension, symmetry and other info (almost definitely known to the driver)
- Fill a vector of substructures with info on the layers
 - Sum/average material properties from each slice:

```
nRadLengths += slice thickness/(2*slice material.radLength());
nIntLengths += slic thickness/(2*slice material.intLength());
thickness sum += slice thickness/2;
```

After you are done, add the extension to the detector:

sdet.addExtension<DDRec::LayeredCalorimeterData>(caloData);

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More DDRec Structures

- More simple data structures available in DD4hep/DDRec/DetectorData.h:
 - FixedPadSizeTPCData: Cylindrical TPC with fixed-size pads
 - > **ZPlanarData**: Si tracker planes parallel to z
 - ZDiskPetalsData: Si tracker disks
 - **ConicalSupport**: e.g. beampipe
- Please consult documentation for conventions on the relevant quantities

Assuming the structures are filled according to the conventions, DDMarlinPandora will transparently (and correctly) convert the geometry and initialize Pandora



Reco with the available detector models

- ILD_01_v05 model implemented in DD4hep (F. Gaede, S. Lu)
- New CLIC detector model evolving
 - No complete geometry equivalent in older frameworks
 - Can't validate against old geometries
- Rely on ILD validation effort and detailed low-level checks

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Event simulated, reconstructed and visualized fully with DD4hep

- ILD_01_v05 model implemented in DD4hep
- $Z \rightarrow uds$ event at $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ simulated in **DDSim**
- Tracks reconstructed using
 DDSurfaces
- PFOs from DDMarlinPandora using the DDRec data structures
- Event display from the CED viewer interfaced with DD4hep
 - Also uses **DDRec** and **DDSurfaces**

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S. Lu

Event simulated, reconstructed and visualized fully with DD4hep

- New CLIC detector model implemented in DD4hep
- $Z \rightarrow uds$ event at $\sqrt{s} = 1$ TeV simulated in **DDSim**
- Tracks reconstructed using
 DDSurfaces
- PFOs from DDMarlinPandora using the DDRec data structures
- Event display from the CED viewer interfaced with DD4hep
 - Also uses **DDRec** and **DDSurfaces**



Residuals

The linearity needs some work but this is known and it's not due to DDMarlinPandora itself: Did not apply Non Linearity Corrections



Typical Jet Energy [GeV]

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