

## TPA-TCT a High Resolution Technique to characterize small-size pixels

*Wednesday, 1 June 2016 11:00 (30 minutes)*

Very recently, an innovative Transient Current Technique was introduced where the free charge carriers are created in a Two-Photon-Absorption (TPA) process induced by a focused femto-second laser pulse with a wavelength of 1300nm. The fact that in a TPA process the absorption of the light depends on the square of the intensity of the light beam used for the current generation allows a localized TPA-induced electron-hole pair creation in a micrometric scale voxel centered on the laser waist. As a consequence, this new technique opens the possibility to carry out a 3D mapping of the sensor's space-charge properties with micrometric resolution.

Due to its intrinsic spatial resolution, the TPA-TCT technique is a very appropriate choice for the characterization of the alterations of the sensor's active volume induced by the ionizing radiation; in especial manner, for the case of partially depleted sensors as it is the case of the carrier collecting n-well implemented in HV-CMOS sensors. Using the TPA-TCT technique on a HV-CMOS device the deep n-well has been accurately measured being able to determine its effective doping concentration for the first time in this kind of depleted CMOS devices achieving an unprecedented insight on the doping level and dimensions of the deep n-well suitable for a better understanding and optimization of the device design.

**Presenter:** FERNANDEZ GARCIA, Marcos (Instituto de Fisica de Cantabria, Grupo de Altas Energias - Cons)

**Session Classification:** Vtx and Si Tracking