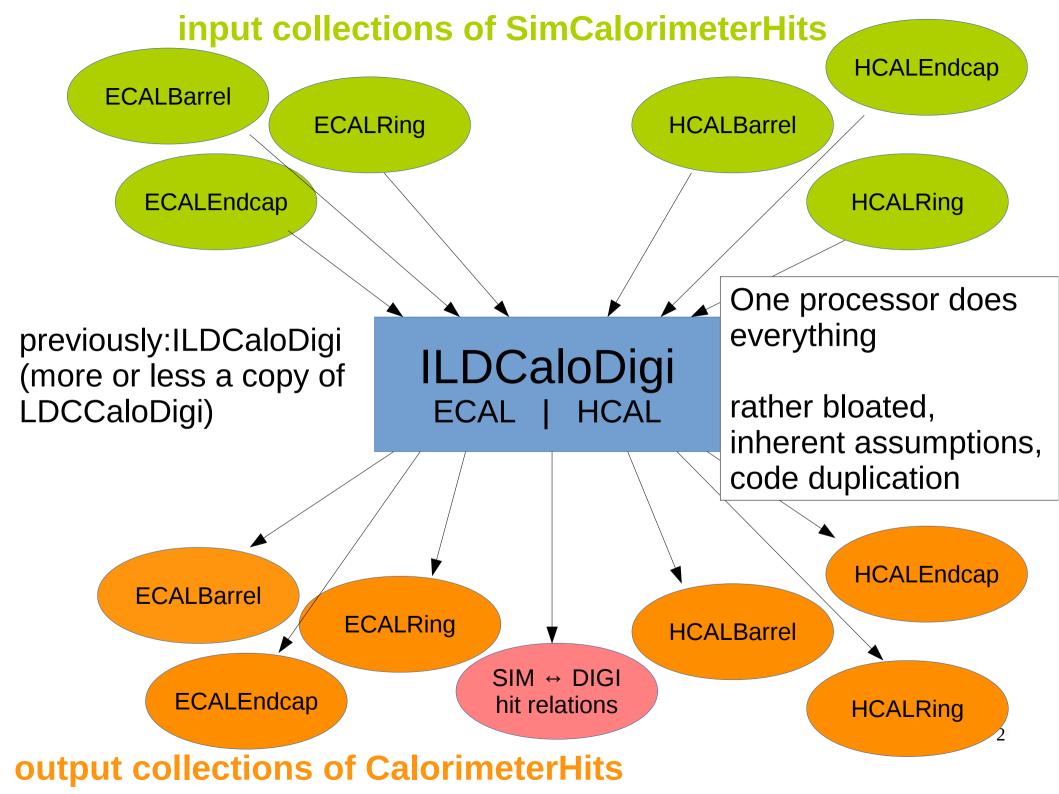
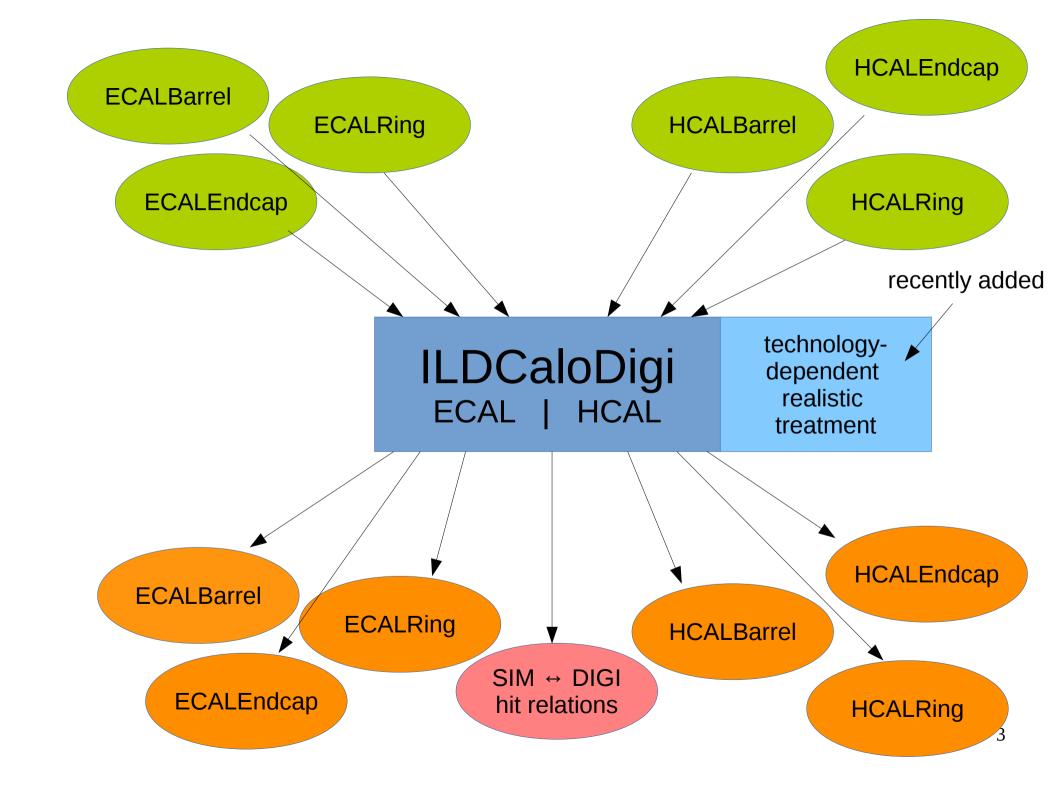
## Reorganisation of calorimeter digitisation code

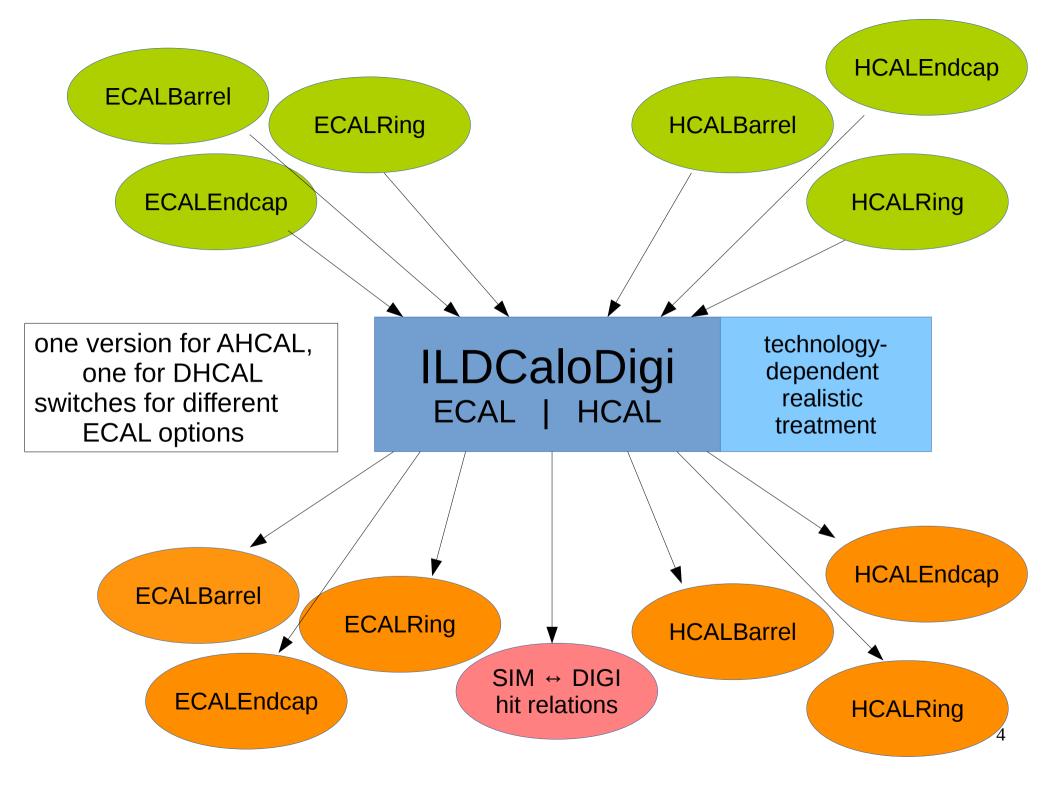
ECFA-LC worshop @ Santander June 2016

**Daniel Jeans** 









### In new scheme try to:

### divide problem into:

- 1) Digitisation: conversion of G4 energy deposit to some detector-related quantity (in silicon, the MIP; for scintillator, SiPM pixels)
- 2) Reconstruction: conversion of this detector quantity to calorimetric energy

## remove code duplication

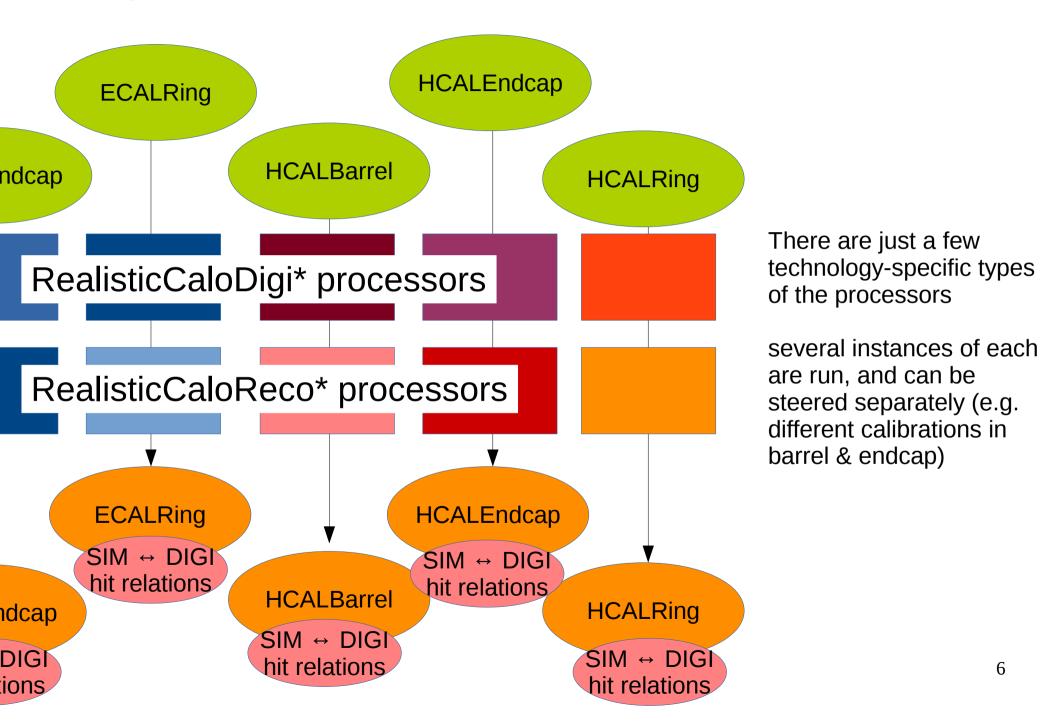
## parallelise

there is no need for ECAL hit digitisation to know about the HCAL

## remove inherent assumptions

(e.g. always 3 collections of output hits)

## updated scheme



# Digitisation step: convert G4 energy to some detector quantity

(MIP for silicon, fired SiPM pixels for scint.)

technology independent effects

RealisticCaloDigi

e.a. calibration factor timing cuts mis-calibrations random dead cells

technology dependent effects

RealisticCaloDigiSilicon

RealisticCaloDigiScinPpd

silicon-based detectors

scintillator-based detectors e.g. SiPM statistics

# Reconstruction step: from detector to shower energy

technology independent effects

RealisticCaloReco

e.g. calibration factor

technology dependent effects

RealisticCaloRecoSilicon

RealisticCaloRecoScinPpd

silicon-based detectors

scintillator-based detectors e.g. unfold SiPM response

## ECAL gap corrections:

guess how much energy lost in gaps between wafers

## previously:

increased energy of hits adjacent to gaps (incorporated/hidden within ILDCaloDigi)

#### new scheme:

split task off into separate processor input: collection of reconstructed hits

creates new collection of hits, positioned in the gaps with appropriate energy

# Summary

Calorimeter digitisation code has been modularised

Process hopefully clearer and easier to understand

Should be easy to add other technologies into this scheme

#### code is at:

https://svnsrv.desy.de/viewvc/marlinreco/MarlinReco/trunk/CaloDigi/Realistic/