

# Sensitivity of CLIC at 380 GeV to top FCNC decay $t \rightarrow ch$

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presented by Naomi van der Kolk on behalf of the CLICdp collaboration



Top/QCD/Loopverein parallel session  
LCWS'2016, Morioka, Japan

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Simulation
- 3 Event selection
- 4 Results
- 5 Conclusions

In the Standard Model, FCNC top decays are strongly suppressed (CKM+GIM):

$$BR(t \rightarrow c \gamma) \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-14}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow c Z) \sim 1 \cdot 10^{-14}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow c g) \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-12}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow c h) \sim 3 \cdot 10^{-15}$$

Any signal is a direct signature of “new physics” ...

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- well constrained kinematics
- test of Higgs boson couplings
- seems to be most difficult for LHC

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LHC (2016):

$$BR(t \rightarrow ch) < 0.40\% \text{ (CMS)}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow ch) < 0.46\% \text{ (ATLAS)}$$

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Estimated HL-LHC reach:

(Snowmass 2013/ATLAS 2016)

$$BR(t \rightarrow qh) \sim 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

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Two Higgs Doublet Model (2HDM) as a test scenario:

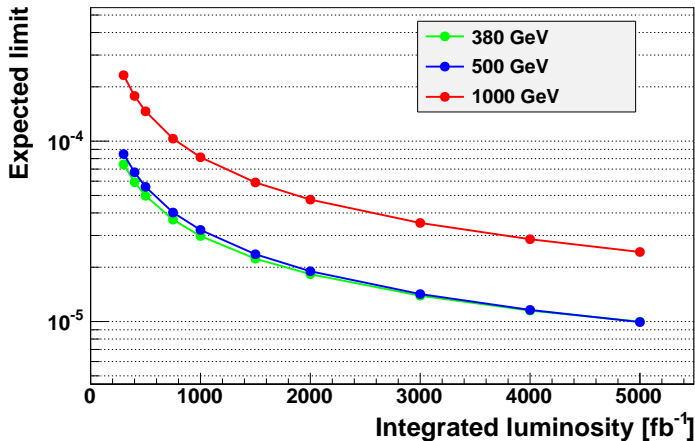
- one of simplest extensions of the SM
- large enhancement both on tree and loop level possible  
 $BR(t \rightarrow c h)$  up to  $10^{-2}$  and  $10^{-4}$ , respectively

## Parton level study presented at TopLC'2015 [arXiv:1604.08122]

Promising results on the feasibility of the measurement

Estimated limits on  $BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$

Assumed jet energy resolution  $\sigma_E = 50\%/\sqrt{E}$  (5% above 100 GeV)



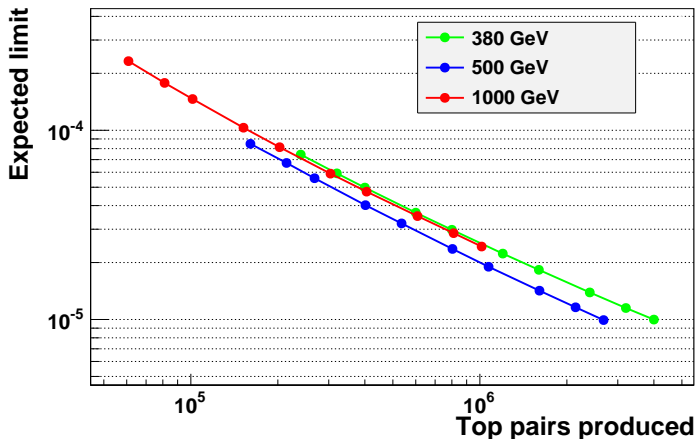


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## Signal

Signal sample generated with **WHIZARD 2.2.8**

Using SARAH implementation of 2HDM(III) model.

Test configuration of the model:

- $m_{h_1} = 125$  GeV
- $\text{BR}(t \rightarrow ch_1) = 10^{-3}$
- $\text{BR}(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 100\%$

Generated samples (10'000 events):

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow ch_1\bar{t}, t\bar{c}h_1$  (FCNC)
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$  (test sample)  
for simulation validation

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Beam spectra for CLIC taken from file (350 GeV scaled to 380 GeV)

Beam polarization of -80%/0% (for  $e^-/e^+$ )

Hadronization done in PYTHIA 6.427

quark masses and PYTHIA settings adjusted to CLIC CDR

Standard event processing with **CLIC\_ILD\_CDR500** configuration

## Background

Assume that we can select high purity  $t\bar{t}$  sample

⇒ main background to FCNC decays from standard decay channels  
in particular from  $t \rightarrow bW^+$  followed by  $W^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$

Full 6-fermion sample as produced for CLIC  $t\bar{t}$  studies, see

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CLIC/MonteCarloSamplesForTopPhysics>

Total 2034 files processed (out of 2055), 1014966 events in 18 subsamples.

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## Normalisation

Signal and background samples normalised to  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Assumed  $t\bar{t}$  cross section at 380 GeV:  $820 \text{ fb}$

$575 \text{ fb (LO)} \times 1.34 \text{ (polarisation)} \times 1.4 \text{ (NLO)} \times 0.76 \text{ (spectra + ISR)}$

## Event processing

DST files processed with MARLIN, `ilcsoft v01-17-09` (ilcDIRAC)

- Using `LooseSelectedPandoraPFANewPFOs` as input collection
- LCFI+ primary and secondary vertex finder
- LCFI+ jet finding with `Valencia algorithm`
- LCFI+ vertex corrections and flavour tagging  
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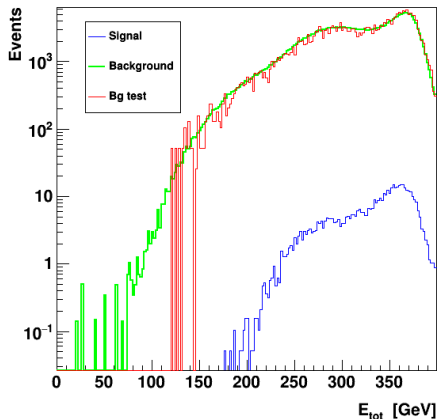
Final analysis in root:

- hadronic decay selection
- pre-selection cuts
- kinematic fit
- final selection

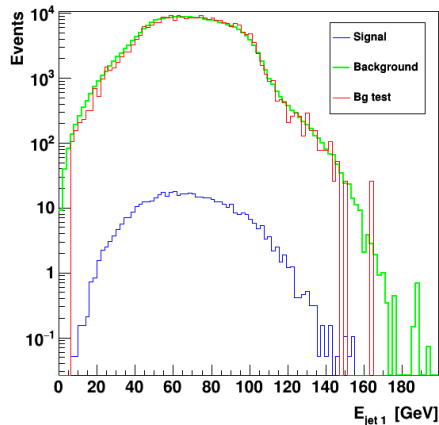
## Control plots

Comparing **signal sample** with **full background** and **test samples**.

### Total measured energy



### Jet energy (highest *b*-tag)

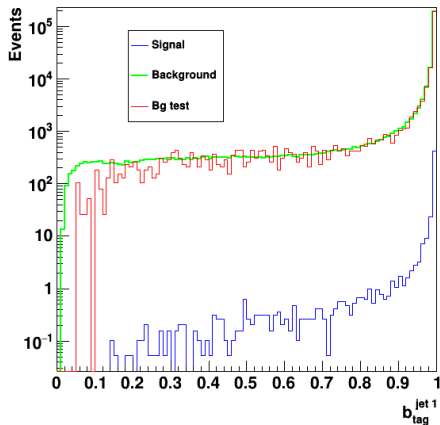




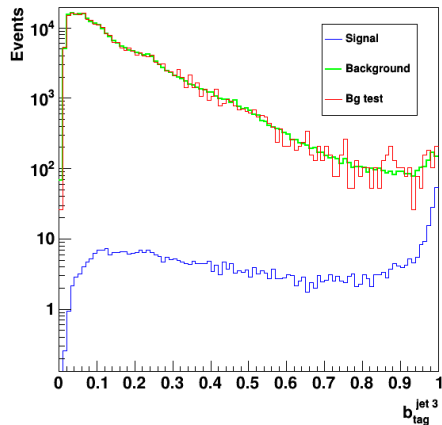
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### Highest $b$ -tag value



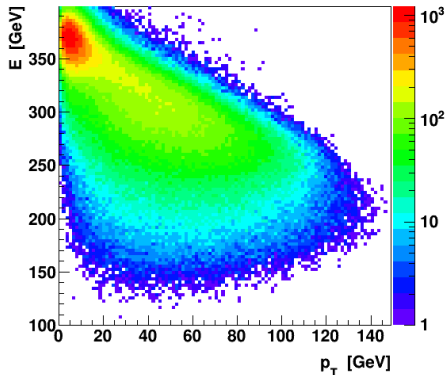
### Third $b$ -tag value



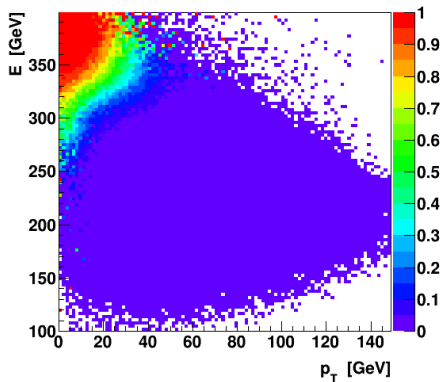
## Hadronic event selection

Trying to improve selection of hadronic top decays by looking at correlation of transverse momentum and total energy

Background event distribution



Hadronic event fraction

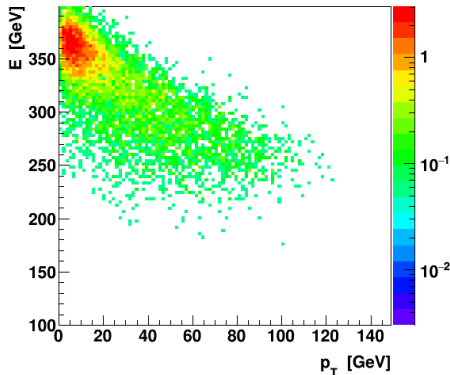


⇒ best discrimination (in this plane) with cut on  $E - 2 p_T$

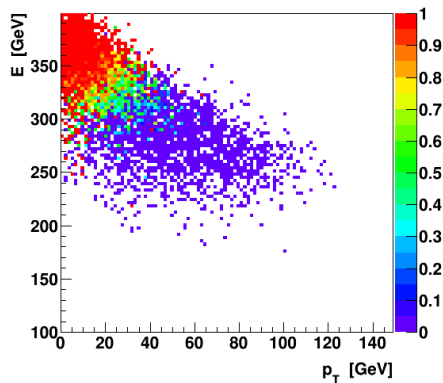
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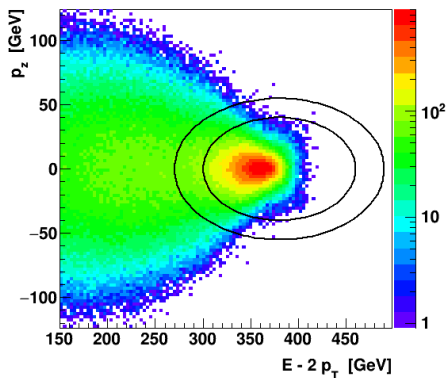


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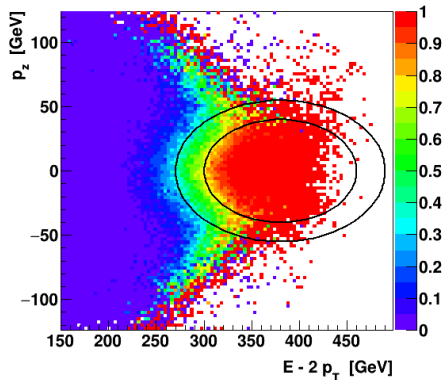
## Hadronic event selection

Energy and transverse momentum correlated with longitudinal momentum

Background event distribution



Hadronic event fraction

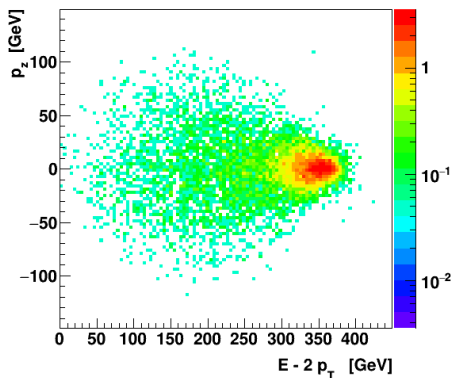


$$\Rightarrow \text{Use cut on } E_{balance} = \sqrt{(E - 2 p_T - \sqrt{s})^2 + 4 p_z^2}$$

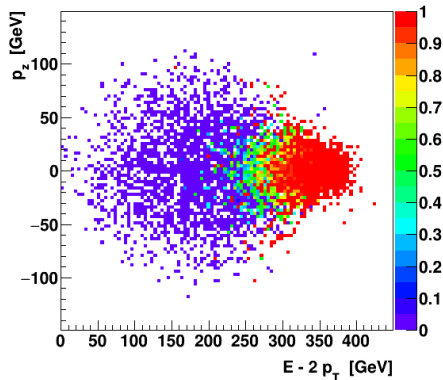
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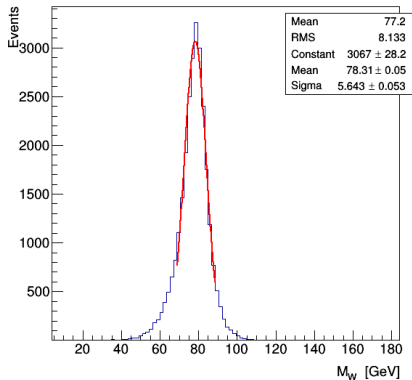
⇒ Use cut on  $E_{balance} = \sqrt{(E - 2 p_T - \sqrt{s})^2 + 4 p_z^2}$

## Mass resolution

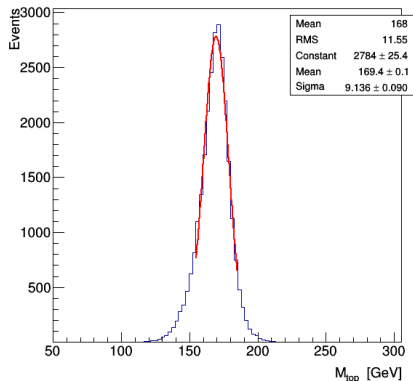
Reconstructed mass distributions for background events (Valencia jets)

For jet combination consistent with parton level configuration

### W boson



### Top quark

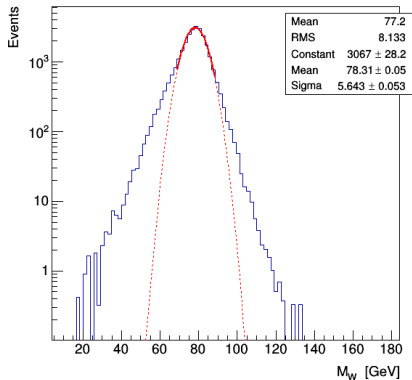


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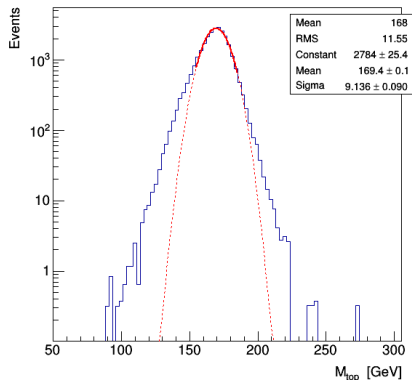
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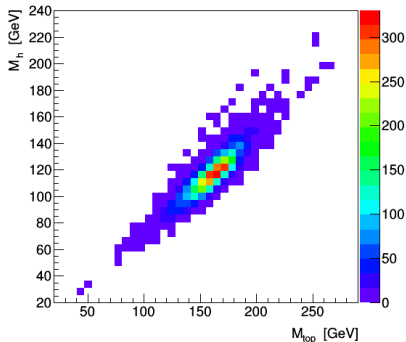
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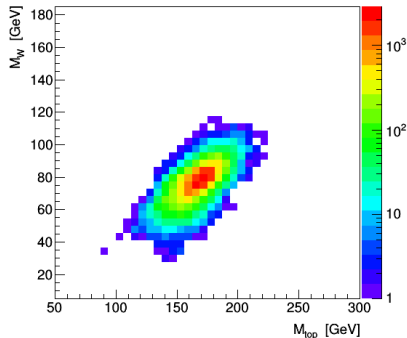
## Mass correlation

Significant correlations observed between reconstructed masses of top (3 jets) and its decay product (2 jets)

### Higgs and top (signal)



### W boson and top (background)



⇒ should be taken into account in event selection



**Old  $\chi^2$  definition** from previous, parton level study

Used to find best hadronic final state reconstruction (6 jets):

- signal hypothesis  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow ch bW \rightarrow 3b + c + 2q$

$$\chi_{sig}^2 = \left( \frac{M_{bqq} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{qq} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{bbc} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{bb} - m_h}{\sigma_h} \right)^2$$

- background hypothesis  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow bW bW \rightarrow 2b + 4q$

$$\chi_{bg}^2 = \left( \frac{M_{bqq}^{(1)} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{qq}^{(1)} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{bqq}^{(2)} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{qq}^{(2)} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right)^2$$

Signal and background differ in the last term only!

## New $\chi^2$ definition

Using mass ratios to reduce influence of mass correlations:

- signal hypothesis use also top boost as additional constrain

$$\chi_{sig}^2 = \left( \frac{M_{bqq} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{bbc} - m_t}{\sigma_t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\frac{E_{bqq}}{M_{bqq}} - \gamma_t}{\sigma_\gamma} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\frac{E_{bbc}}{M_{bbc}} - \gamma_t}{\sigma_\gamma} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\frac{M_{qq} - \frac{m_W}{m_t}}{\sigma_{R_W}}}{\sigma_{R_W}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\frac{M_{bb} - \frac{m_h}{m_t}}{\sigma_{R_h}}}{\sigma_{R_h}} \right)^2$$

- similar for background hypothesis ( $t\bar{t}$  hadronic decays)

$$\chi_{bg}^2 = \dots + \left( \frac{\frac{M_{qq} - \frac{m_W}{m_t}}{\sigma_{R_W}}}{\sigma_{R_W}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\frac{M_{bq} - \frac{m_W}{m_t}}{\sigma_{R_W}}}{\sigma_{R_W}} \right)^2$$

## Preselection (before kinematic fit)

- cut on  $E_{balance} < 100$  GeV  
no isolated lepton veto required
- 6 jets reconstructed in LCFI+  
no addition veto cuts required
- 3 jets with  $b$ -tag value above threshold of 0.4
- additional jet with  $b$  or  $c$  tag

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## Final selection cuts (after selecting best signal hypothesis)

- quality of signal hypothesis ( $\chi_{sig}^2$ )
- the difference of reconstructed top masses ( $\Delta M_{top}$ )
- product of  $b$ -tag values for Higgs candidate
- $b$ -tag value for  $b$  from spectator top
- sum of  $b$ -tag and  $c$ -tag values for  $c$  jet candidate
- $\chi_{sig}^2 / \chi_{bg}^2$  (final optimisation for best BR limit)

## Expected events

For 500  $fb^{-1}$ , assuming  $BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 10^{-3}$  for signal

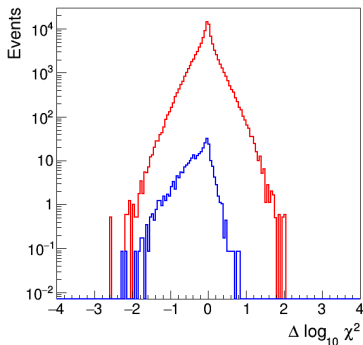
Analysis level Selection cut	Expected events		Efficiency	
	$t\bar{t}$ (SM)	Signal	$t\bar{t}$ (SM)	Signal
All events	410'000	819	100%	100%
hadronic events	170'000	543	41.5%	66.3%
Before kinematic fit				
$E_{balance} < 100$ GeV	167'000	499	40.6%	60.9%
3 $b$ jets tagged ( $b_{tag} > 0.4$ )	13'280	300	3.24%	36.6%
$c$ jet tagged ( $b_{tag} + c_{tag} > 0.4$ )	9640	276	2.35%	33.8%
After kinematic fit				
Good fit ( $\chi_{sig}^2 < 14$ , $\Delta M_t < 45$ GeV)	894	87	0.22%	10.7%
$b$ -tag for higgs jets ( $b_1 \times b_2 > 0.95$ )	89.5	50.8	0.022%	6.2%
$b$ and $c$ tags ( $b_3 > 0.9$ , $c_4 + b_4 > 0.75$ )	10.7	34.1	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$	4.2%
$\chi_{sig}^2 / \chi_{bg}^2 < 1.38$ (optimised for limit)	4.89	31.8	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	3.9%

## Signal-background discrimination

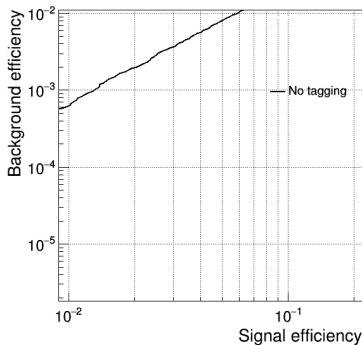
Based on the cut on the difference of  $\log_{10} \chi^2$  for two hypothesis

Events with “good” fit of signal hypothesis ( $\chi_{sig}^2 < 14$ ,  $|\Delta M_{top}| < 45$  GeV)

$\Delta \log_{10} \chi^2$  distribution  
for signal and background



Background vs signal efficiency  
after subsequent cuts



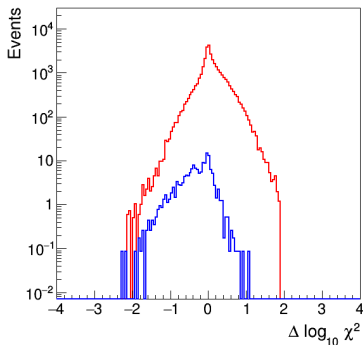
normalized to all decay channels

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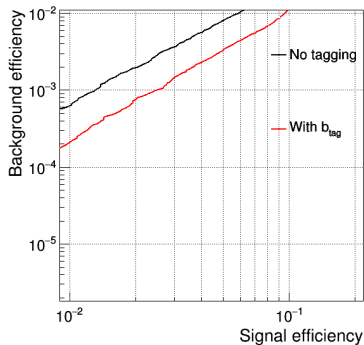
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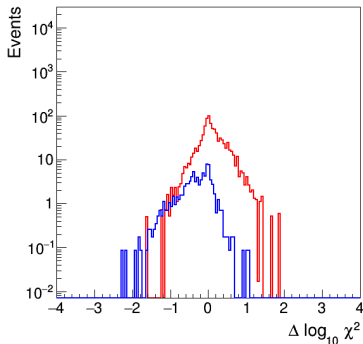
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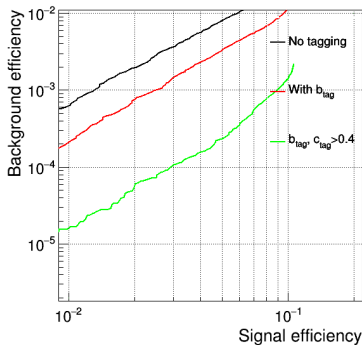
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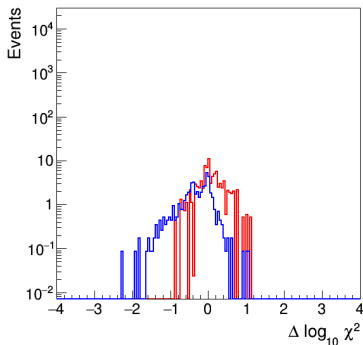


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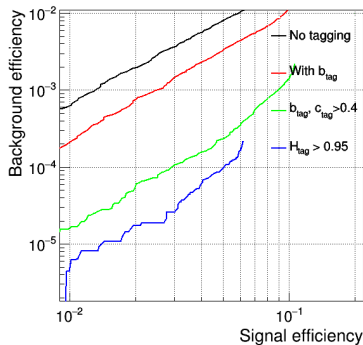
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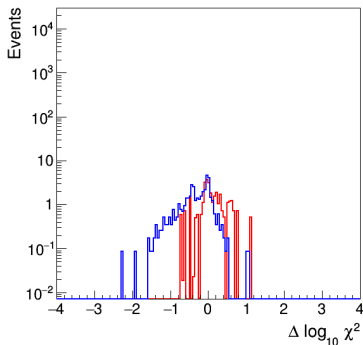
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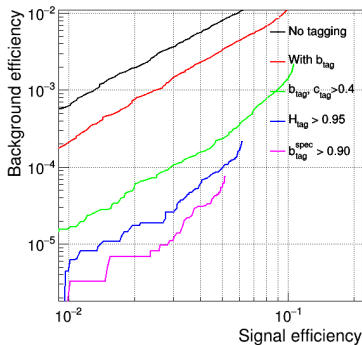
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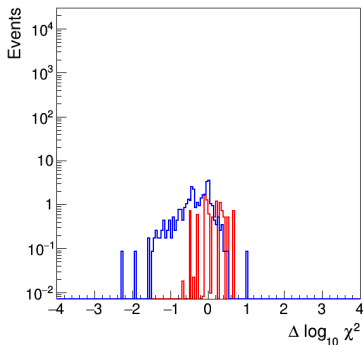
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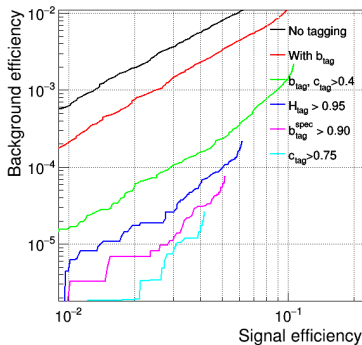
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normalized to all decay channels

## Expected limits

Cuts were optimised for the best expected BR limit.

Final signal selection efficiency: 3.9% (5.9% of hadronic decays)

Background suppression:  $1.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$

Expected 95% C.L. limit for  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 380 GeV preliminary

$$BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < 2.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

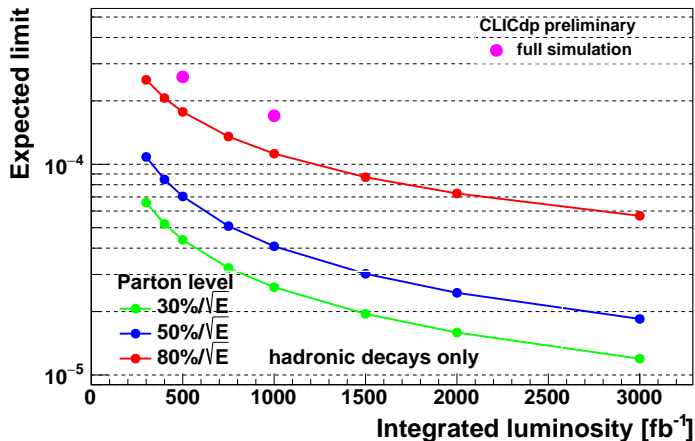
With luminosity of  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 380 GeV

$$BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < 1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

assuming  $t\bar{t}$  cross section at 380 GeV of 820 fb

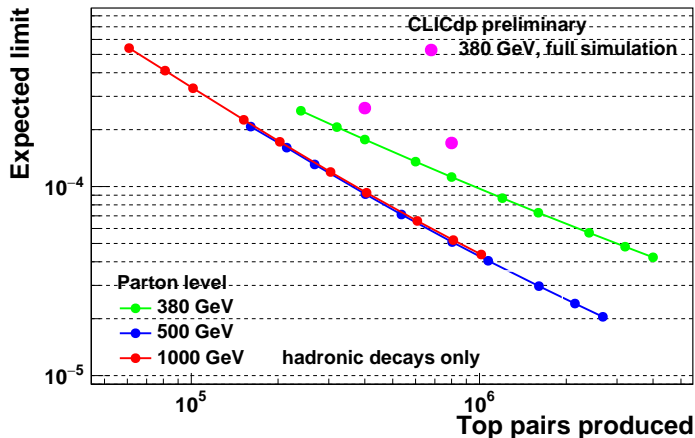
## Expected limits on $BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$

Comparison with parton level results, different jet energy resolutions



## Expected limits on $BR(t \rightarrow ch) \times BR(h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$

Comparison with parton level results, jet energy resolutions of  $80\%/\sqrt{E}$ , different energies



## FCNC top decays $t \rightarrow ch$

Preliminary results from full simulation at 380 GeV presented.

Focus on optimizing kinematic reconstruction in the hadronic channel

Expected limit at  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$$BR < 2.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

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Background suppression very challenging due to tails in mass resolution.

Kinematic fit performance poorer than expected from parton level study

Background reduction primarily based on flavour tagging!



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Focus on optimizing kinematic reconstruction in the hadronic channel

Expected limit at  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$$BR < 2.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Background suppression very challenging due to tails in mass resolution.

Kinematic fit performance poorer than expected from parton level study

Background reduction primarily based on flavour tagging!

Possible ways to improve

- dedicated energy corrections for  $b$  jets
- optimize LCFI+ performance
- include semi-leptonic channel
- try to use MVA

## FCNC top decays $t \rightarrow ch$

Preliminary results from full simulation at 380 GeV presented.

Focus on optimizing kinematic reconstruction in the hadronic channel

Expected limit at  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$$BR < 2.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Background suppression very challenging due to tails in mass resolution.

Kinematic fit performance poorer than expected from parton level study

Background reduction primarily based on flavour tagging!

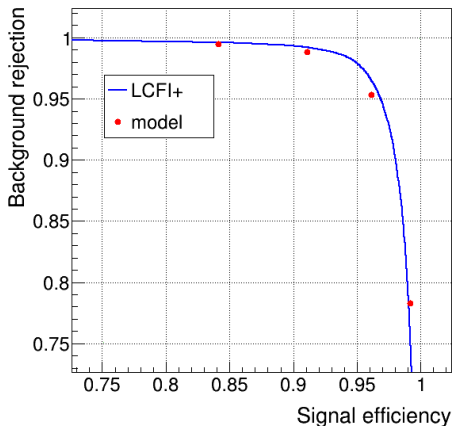
Possible ways to improve

- dedicated energy corrections for  $b$  jets
- optimize LCFI+ performance
- include semi-leptonic channel
- try to use MVA

Better reconstruction should be possible at higher energies!

## Backup slides

Comparison of LCFI+ performance in full simulation analysis with model assumed in the parton level study



Signal: events with 2  $b$  jets ( $s\text{subbu}$ ) Background: events without  $b$  jets ( $s\text{ussu}$ )

## Very simplified detector description

- detector acceptance for leptons:  $|\cos\theta_l| < 0.995$
- detector acceptance for jets:  $|\cos\theta_j| < 0.975$
- jet energy smearing:
 
$$\sigma_E = \begin{cases} \frac{S}{\sqrt{E}} & \text{for } E < 100 \text{ GeV} \\ \frac{S}{\sqrt{100 \text{ GeV}}} & E > 100 \text{ GeV} \end{cases}$$

with  $S = 30\%$ ,  $50\%$  and  $80\%$  [ $\text{GeV}^{1/2}$ ]

- $b$  tagging (mis-tagging) efficiencies: (LCFI+ package)

Scenario	b	c	uds
Ideal	100%	0%	0%
A	90%	30%	4%
B	80%	8%	0.8%
C	70%	2%	0.2%
D	60%	0.4%	0.08%