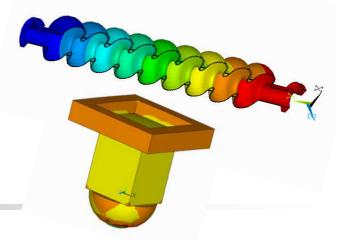
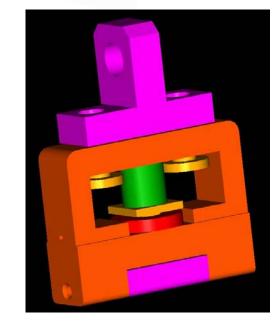


New Fast Tuner Design

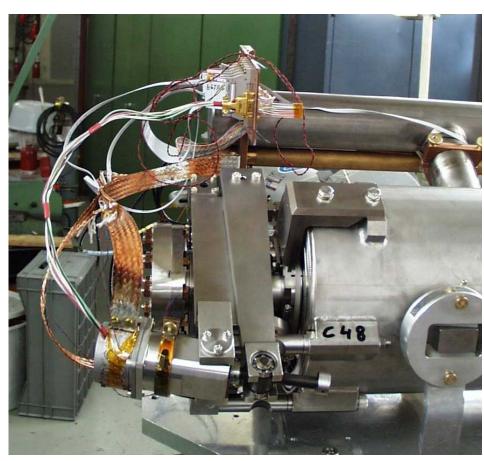


Salman Tariq
Accelerator Division
Mechanical Support Department



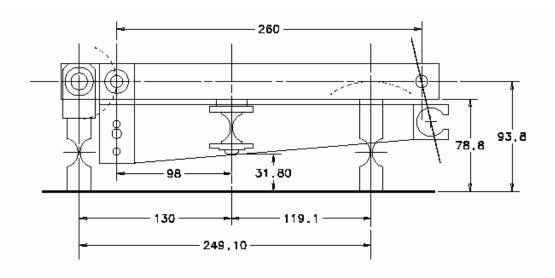
Tuner Engineering Meeting- TD IB1 Fri. May 12, 2006 tariq@fnal.gov

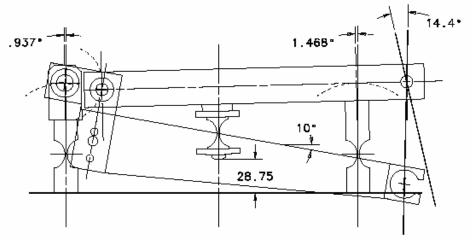
Saclay Lateral Tuner





Lateral Tuner Kinematics

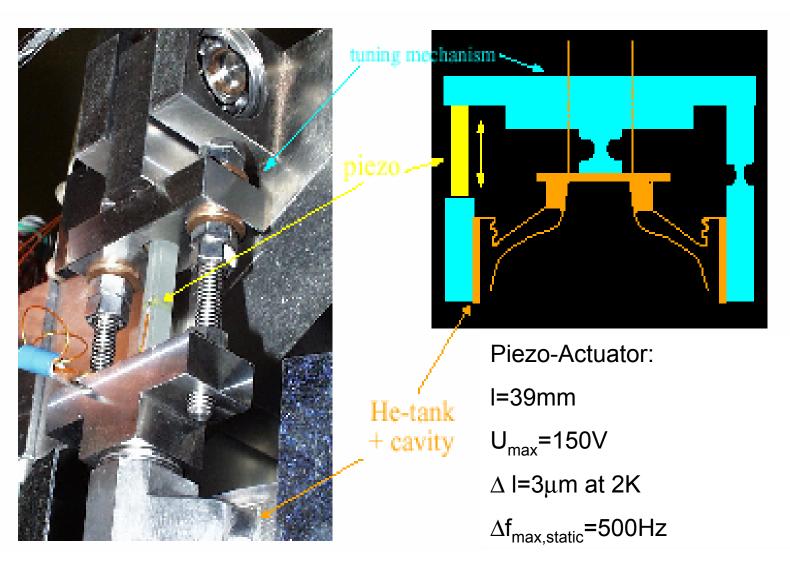




- Based on Desy original design & tuner currently sitting at 184.
 Does not utilize spherical stand-off's at flexure support rods.

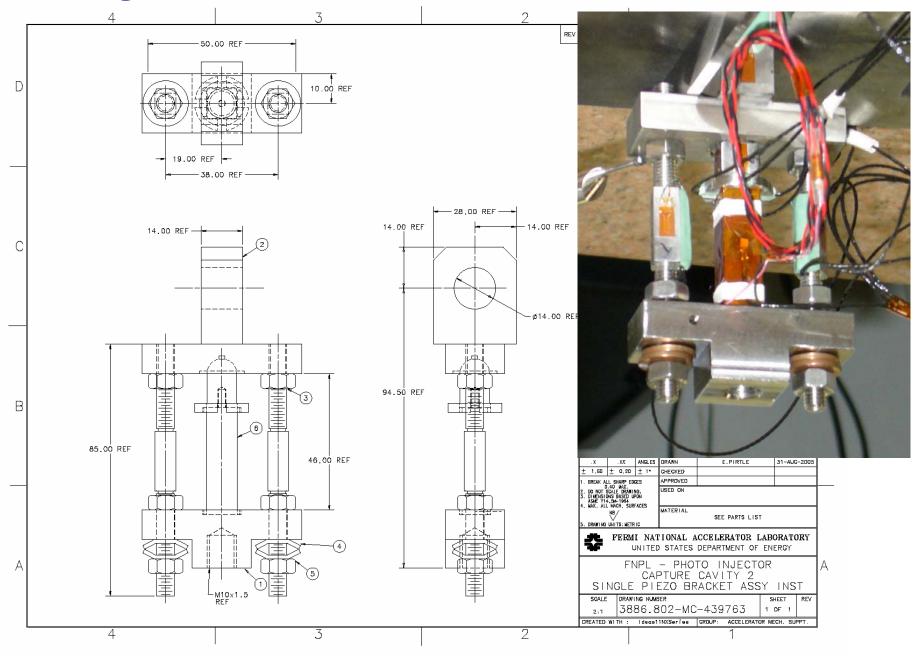
Seclay (old) Tuner Kinematics Solmon Toriq 8/24/2005 tuner_mechanism_rev1.dwg

Piezoelectric Fast Tuner

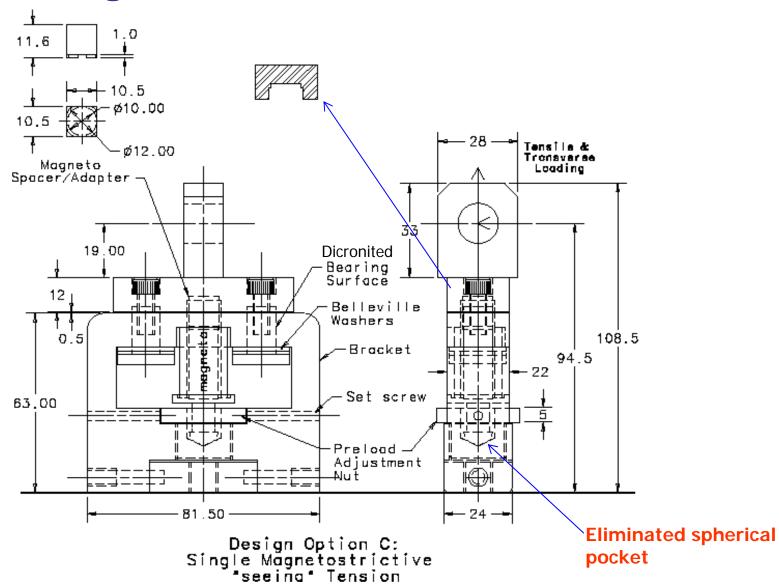


Courtesy: Lutz Lilje, Desy (5-10-2005)

Existing CC2 Instrumented Piezo Bracket

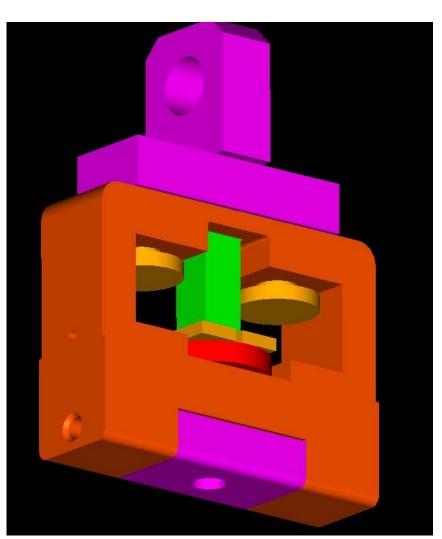


New Fast Tuner Bracket Design to Accommodate Both Magnetostrictive & Piezo Actuators

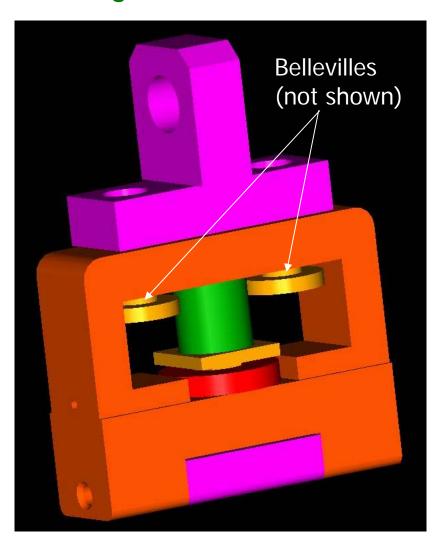


New Fast Tuner Bracket Design

Piezoelectric Element

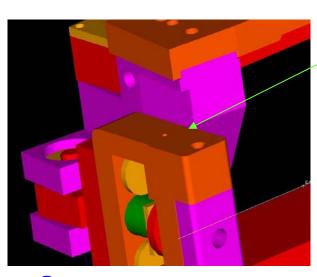


Magnetostrictive Element

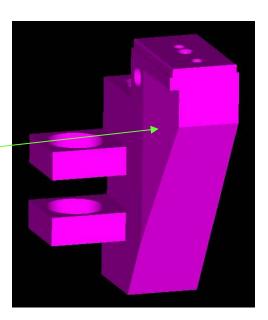


New Fast Tuner Bracket Design:

- Much more robust & rigid design; easy & flexible preload adjustment
- Allows use of both Piezo & Magnetostrictive elements
- Allows direct adjustment of preload using single support screw
- Includes instrumented "bullet" for preload & other feedback data
- Pivot eliminates transverse loads on actuator element
- A second (similar) design with Piezo element 'always' in compression is under development



 Small interference with one of the lever parts which will require modification (as shown)



Status:

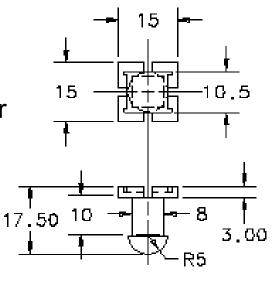
- -Drawings complete, ready for fabrication Few remaining items:
- -Selection of belleville spring w/ reqd. stiffness & matl (316L)
- -Bracket to prevent element twisting during preload adjustment

Bullet Details

 Proposing an 8x8 Section for better sensitivity & response

$$\varepsilon \propto \frac{1}{A} = \frac{1}{W^2}$$

1.56x higher strain than 10x10

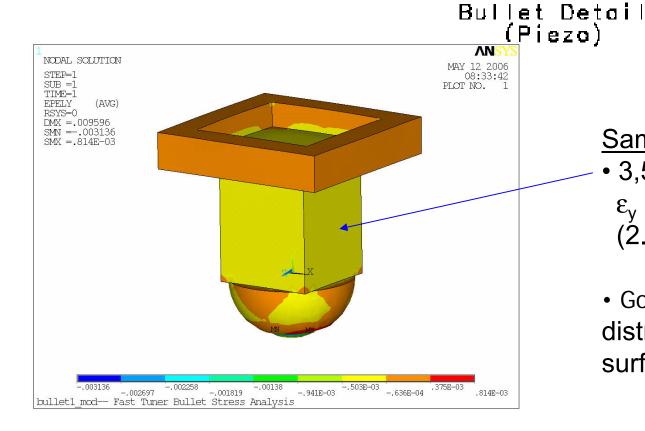




22

Ø18.5

Ø10



Sample FEA Results:

17 5

- 3,500N load (787 lbs) $\varepsilon_y = 2.80 \times 10^{-4}$ (2.83e-04 from simple hand calc.)
- Good uniform strain distribution over SG surface

Bracket Cooldown & Shrinkage

• 316L SS: $\alpha = 17.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ /K}$ Piezo: $\alpha \approx 4.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ /K}$

From 300K to 2K:

```
\Delta L_{\text{Bracket}} = 0.135 \text{ mm (over 50mm length)}

\Delta L_{\text{Piezo}} = 0.0373 \text{ mm (for 36mm length element)}
0.1mm difference
```

If Bellevilles were fully tightened, then this could be the possible cause for seeing such high compressive loads on the Piezo.

With the new design, we can factor in the anticipated shrinkage and apply the preload accordingly— much better precision with large screw preload adjustment compared to the existing setup.

All this should be verified by cold tests of the bracket assembly.

New Piezo Fast Tuner Bracket Design with Piezo Always in Compression

