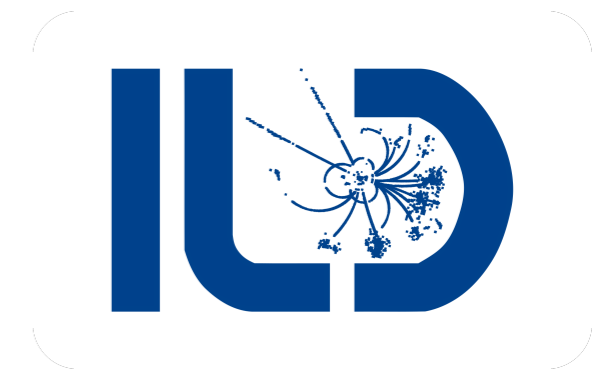




New 250 GeV beam parameters

J. List,
ILD General Meeting
7.11.2017





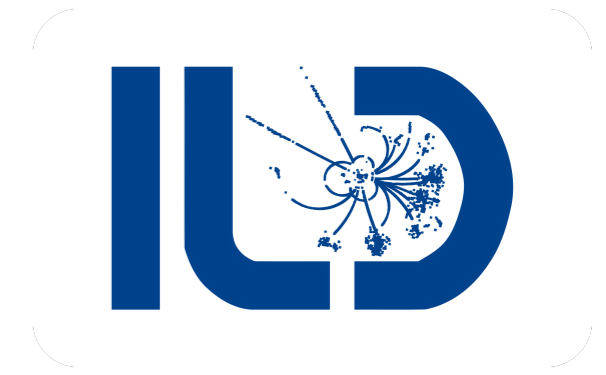
LINEAR COLLIDER COLLABORATION
Designing the world's next great particle accelerator



CHANGE REQUEST NO. ILC-CR-0016	EDMS No: D*1159725	Created: 14/9/2017
		Last modified: 25/9/2017

LUMINOSITY IMPROVEMENT AT 250GEV CM

The luminosity at the center-of-mass energy 250GeV can be improved by factor ~ 1.65 by adopting the horizontal emittance at IP factor 2 smaller than in the TDR. This is achieved by modifying the damping ring design slightly.



LINEAR COLLIDER
Designing the world's next generation



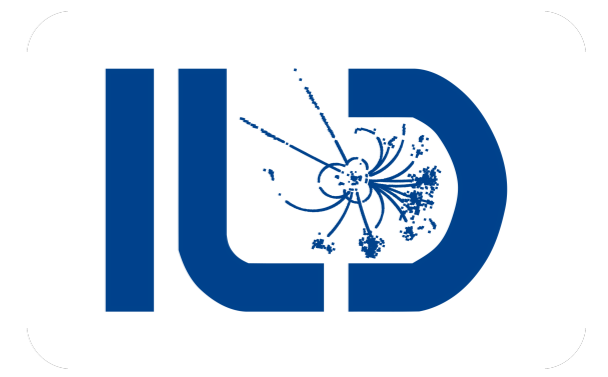
Accepted at TCMB meeting in Strasbourg

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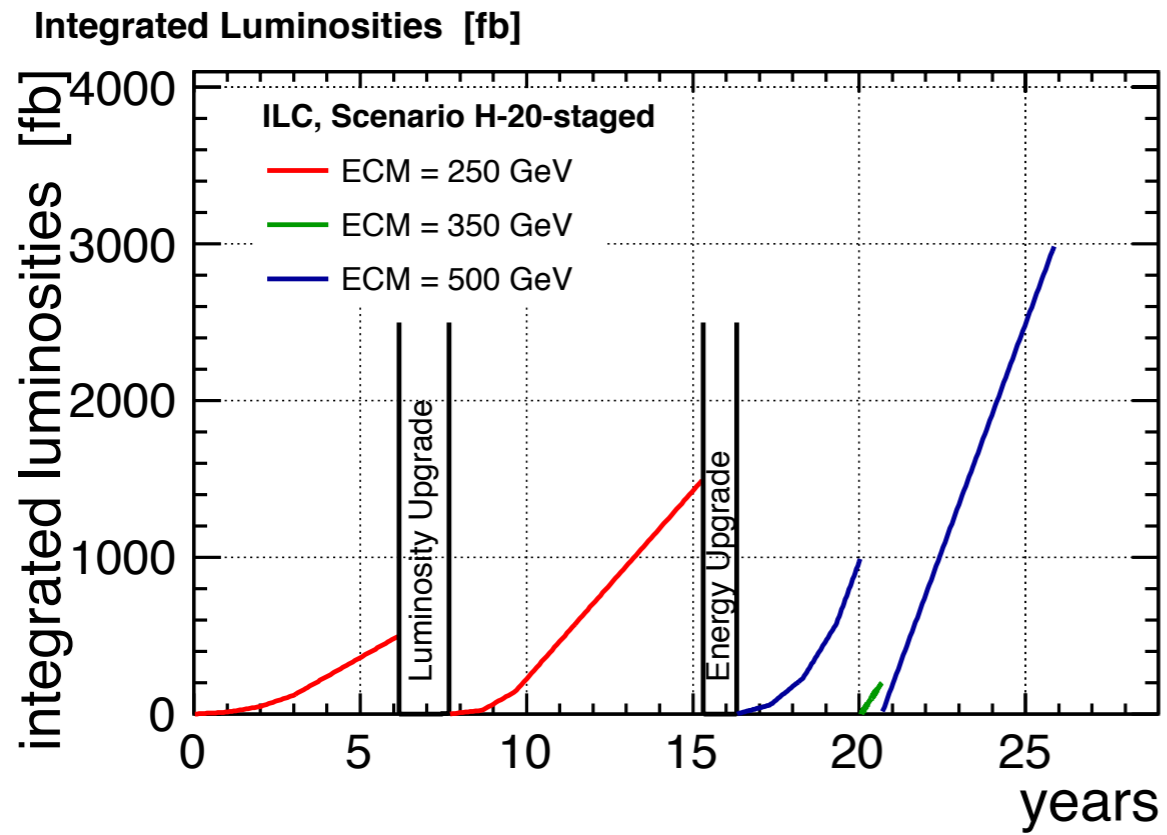
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Rationale

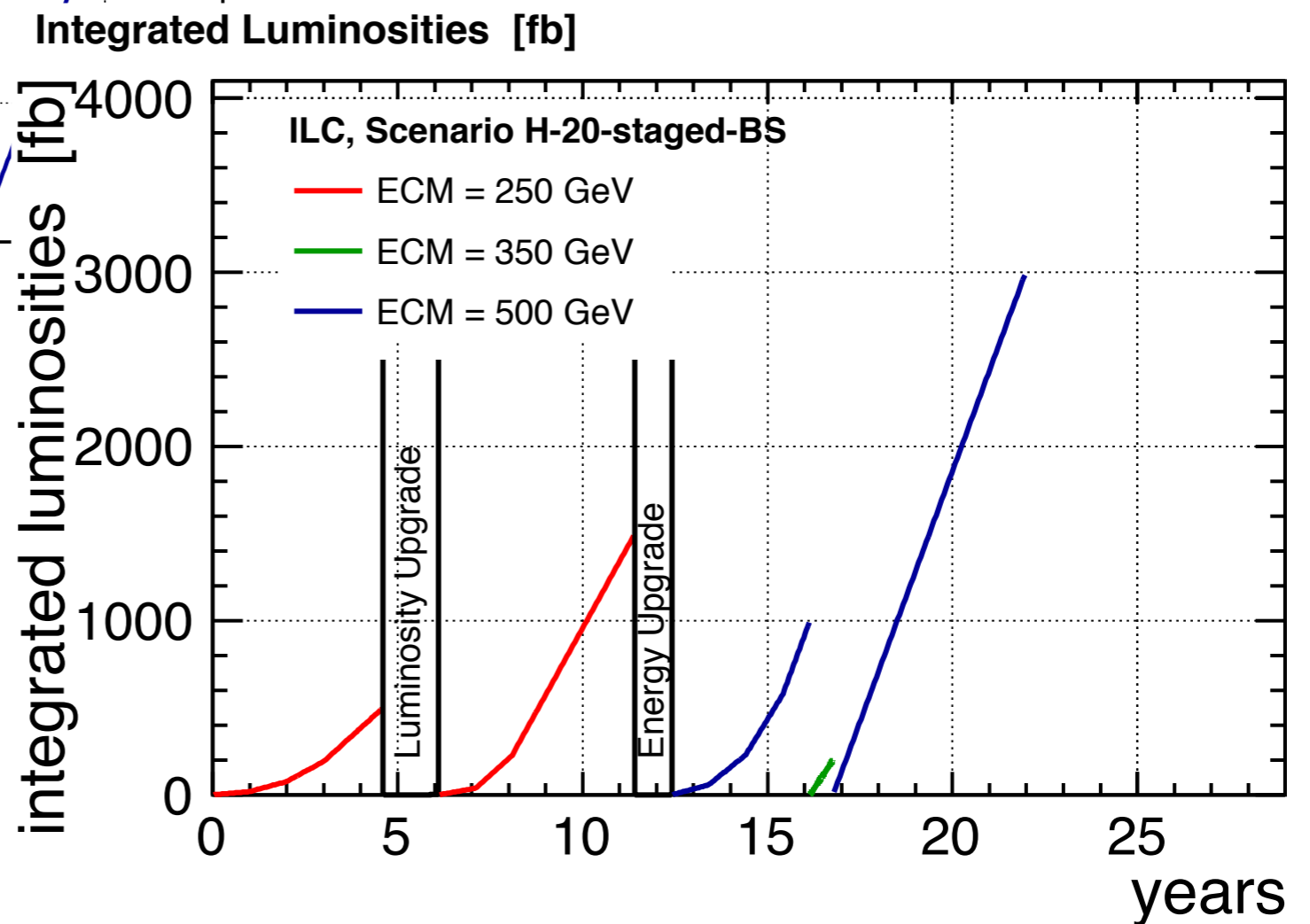
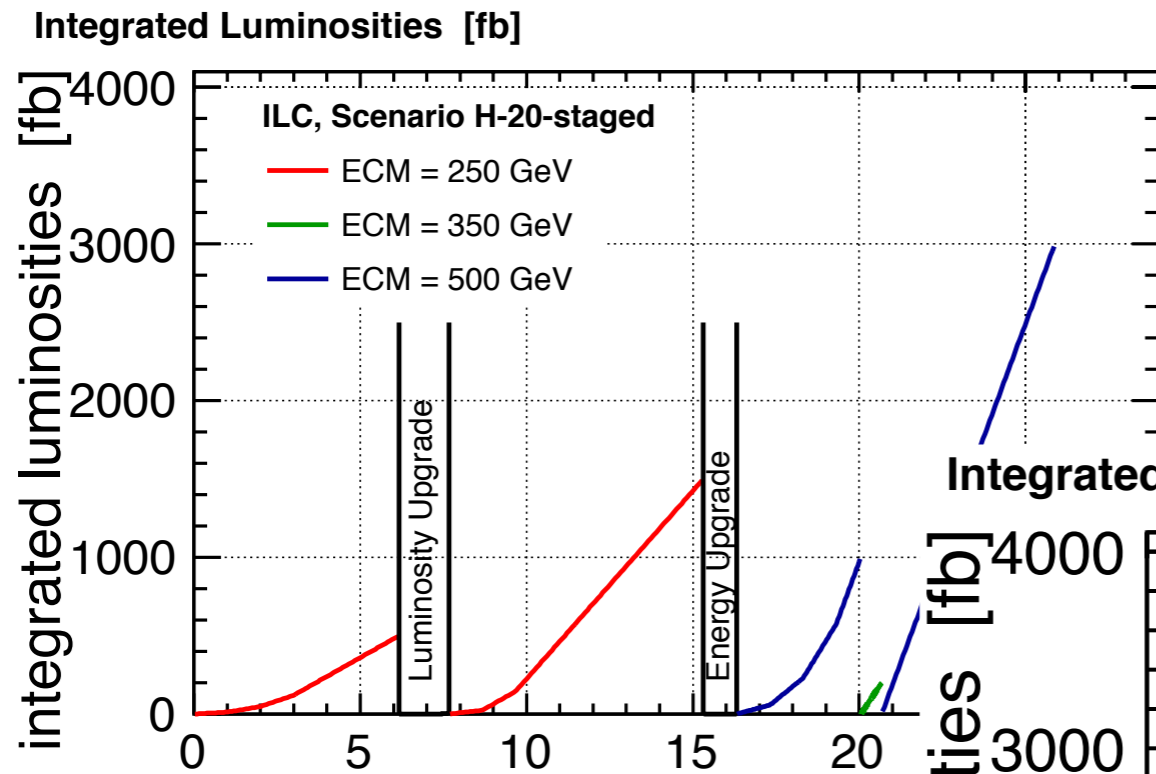
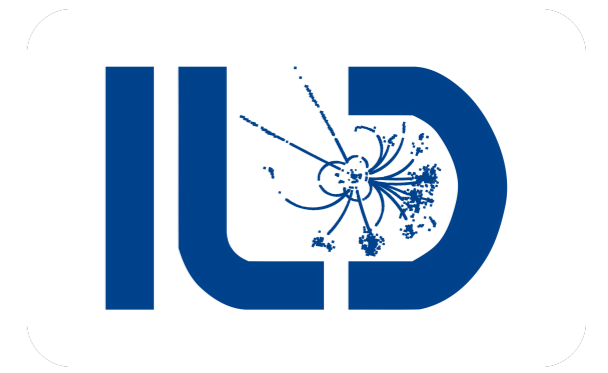


1. improved design of damping ring lattice
=> normalized horizontal emittance $\sim 6 \mu\text{m}$ -> $\sim 4 \mu\text{m}$
2. revisited increase of emittance from damping ring to IP
=> emittance at IP $\sim 10 \mu\text{m}$ -> $\sim 5 \mu\text{m}$
3. with these and TDR BDS optics, beam size at IP is reduced by a factor $\sqrt{2}$
=> geometric luminosity larger by a factor $\sqrt{2}$
4. smaller beam size => enhanced pinch effect => actual **luminosity larger by factor ~ 1.65** (CAIN)

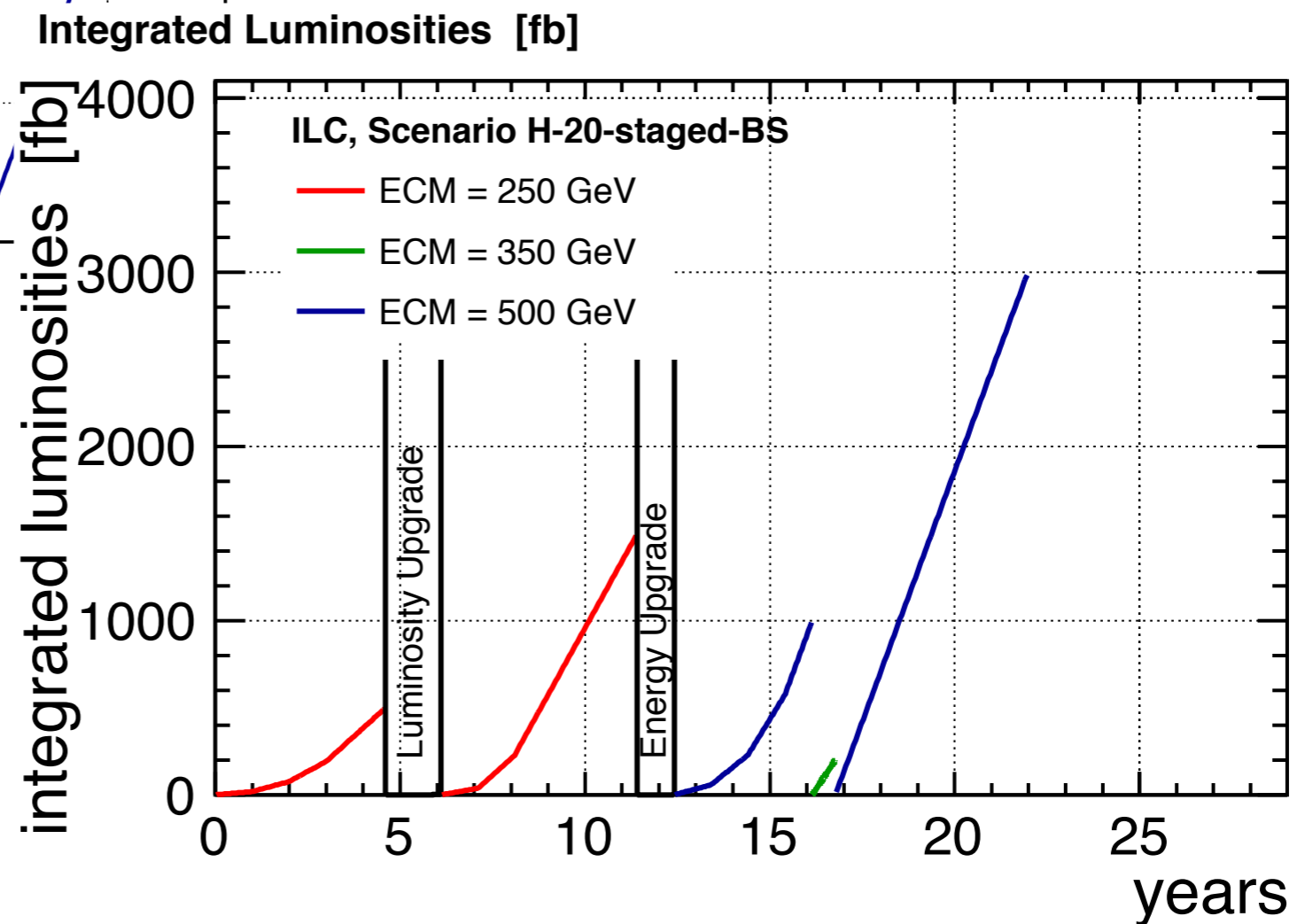
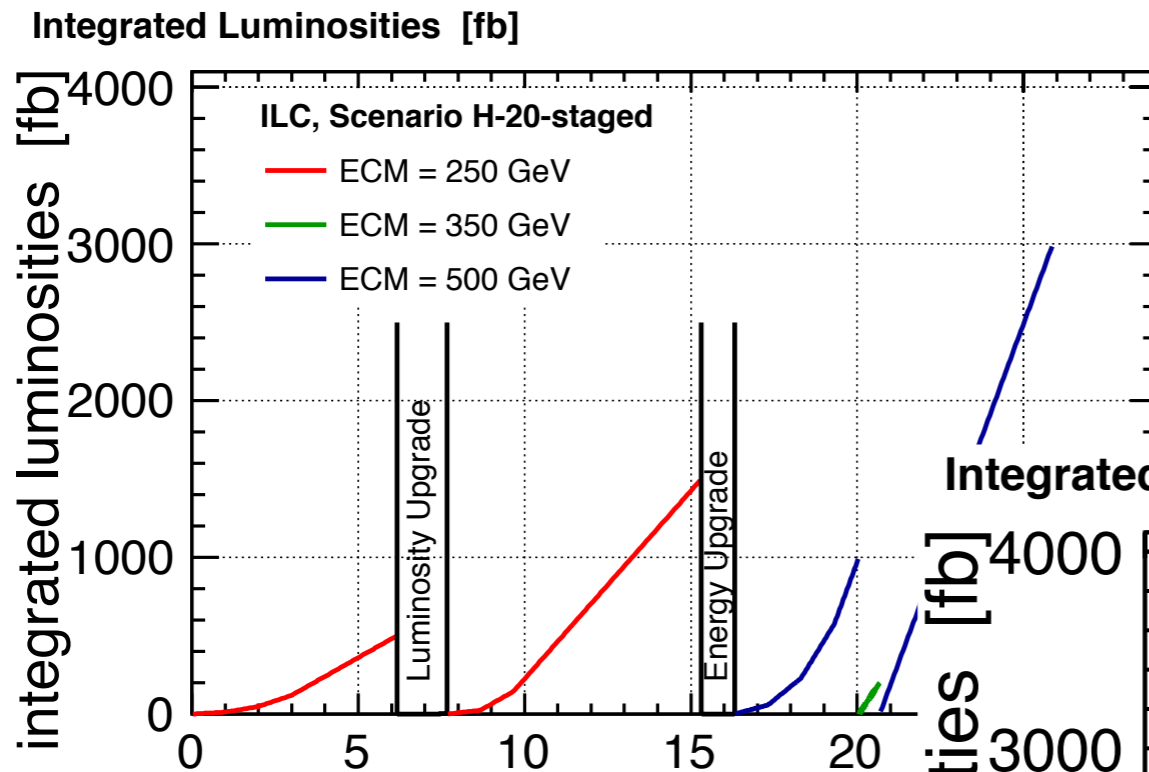
Impact on Run Plan



Impact on Run Plan

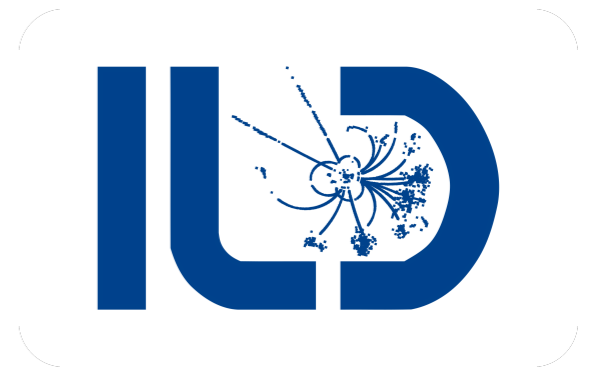


Impact on Run Plan



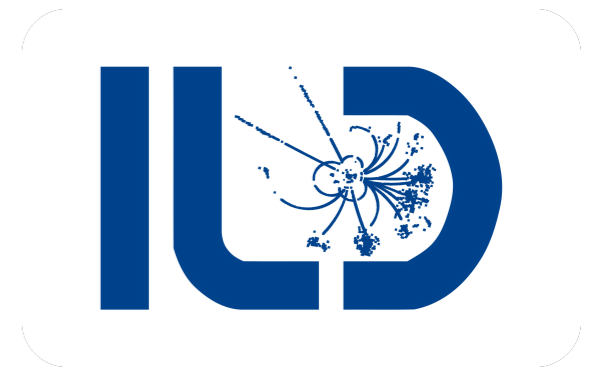
complete
2 ab⁻¹ @ 250 GeV
after ~11 years
(instead of 15 y)

Potential Drawbacks



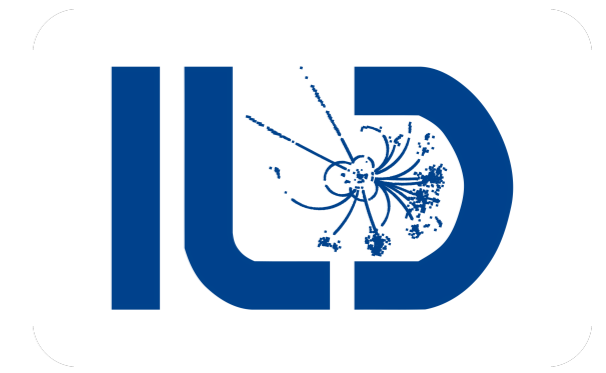
- 1. vertical disruption parameter increases from ~ 25 \rightarrow ~ 35
 \Rightarrow might need more accurate IP position control**

Drawbacks

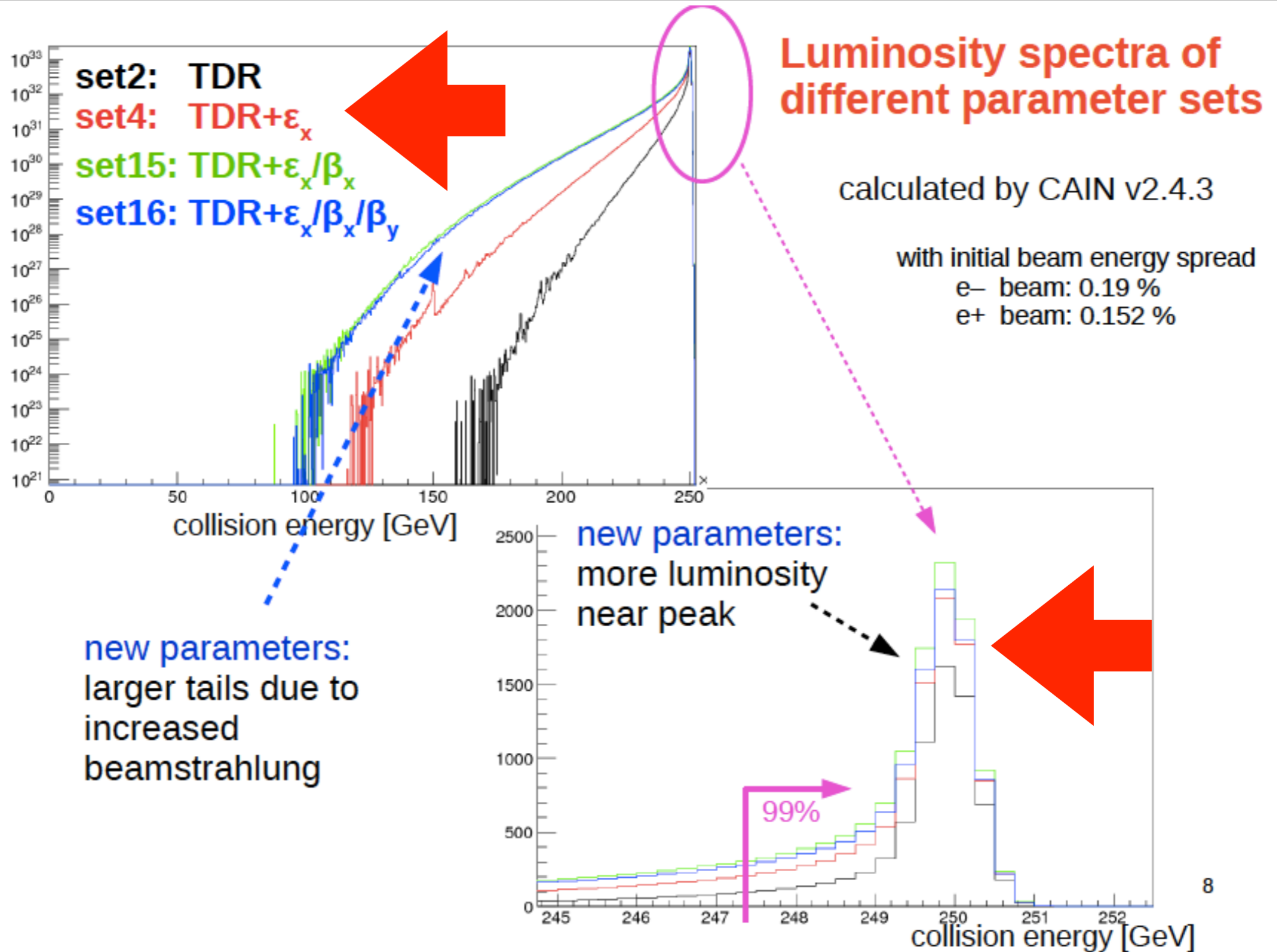


1. vertical disruption parameter increases from $\sim 25 \rightarrow \sim 35$
=> might need more accurate IP position control
2. **energy loss by beamstrahlung will be larger by a factor ~ 2.6**
=> check impact on e.g. Higgs recoil mass!

Luminosity spectra



D. Jeans at AWLC 2017



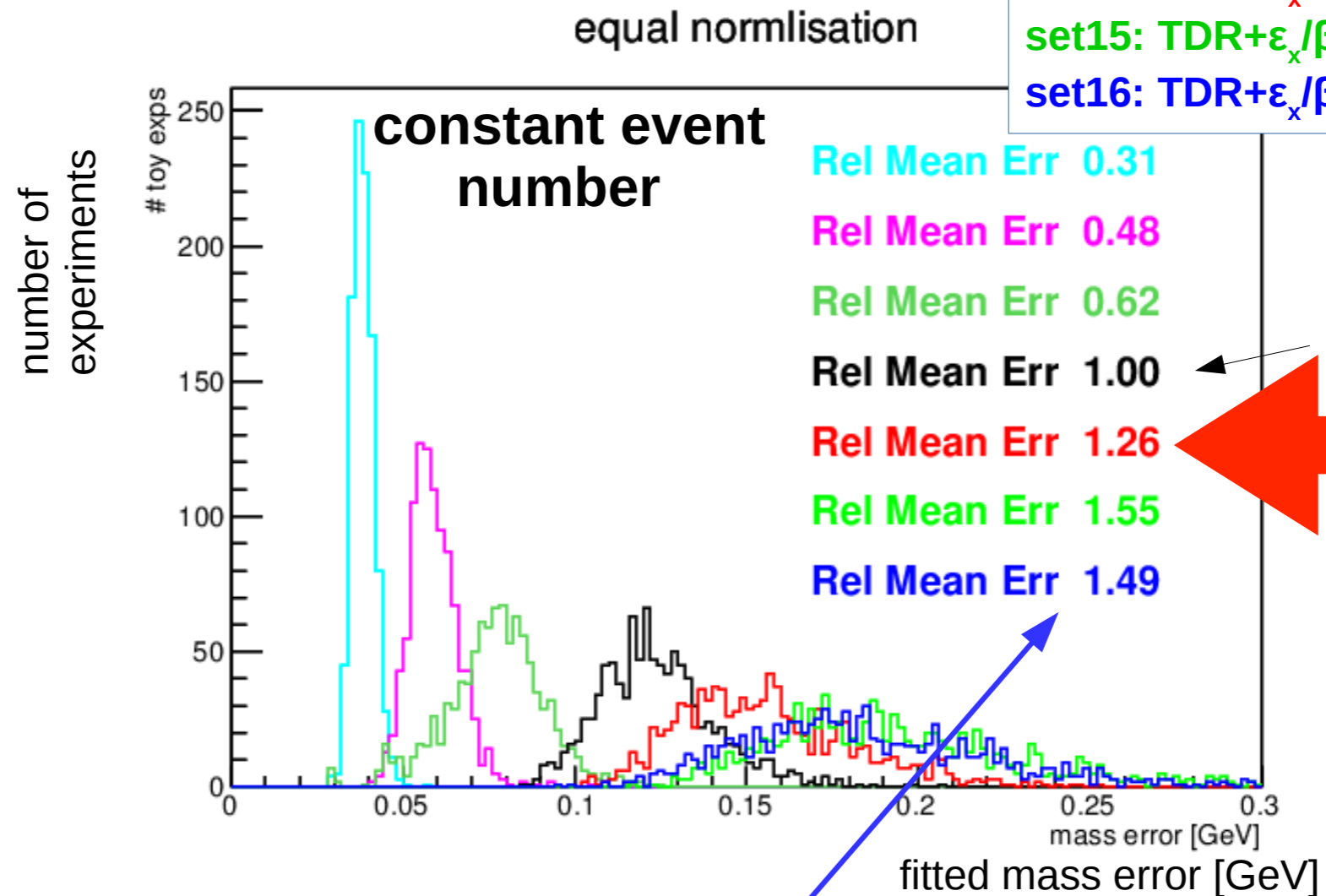
Impact on Higgs mass



expected mass measurement errors
using different beam spectra

- no ISR, no Beamstrahlung
- ISR, no Beamstrahlung
- no ISR, TDR beamstrahlung
- set2: TDR
- set4: $TDR + \epsilon_x$
- set15: $TDR + \epsilon_x / \beta_x$
- set16: $TDR + \epsilon_x / \beta_x / \beta_y$

D. Jeans at AWLC 2017

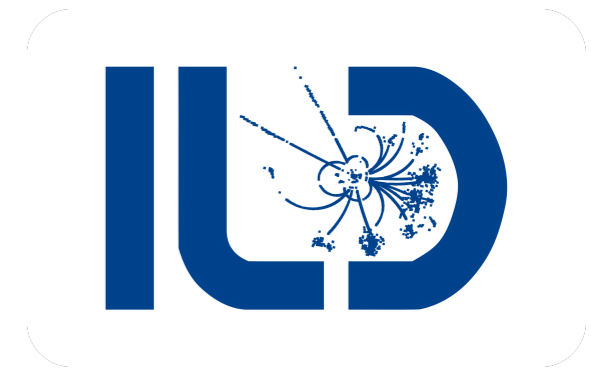


mean error
with respect
to TDR

preliminary

with same **number of events**:
new spectra **less powerful**,
mass resolution **degrades** by 25 ~ 55% compared to TDR

Impact on Higgs mass



expected mass measurement errors
using different beam spectra

- no ISR, no Beamstrahlung
- ISR, no Beamstrahlung
- no ISR, TDR beamstrahlung
- set2: TDR
- set4: TDR+ ϵ_x
- set15: TDR+ ϵ_x/β_x
- set16: TDR+ $\epsilon_x/\beta_x/\beta_y$

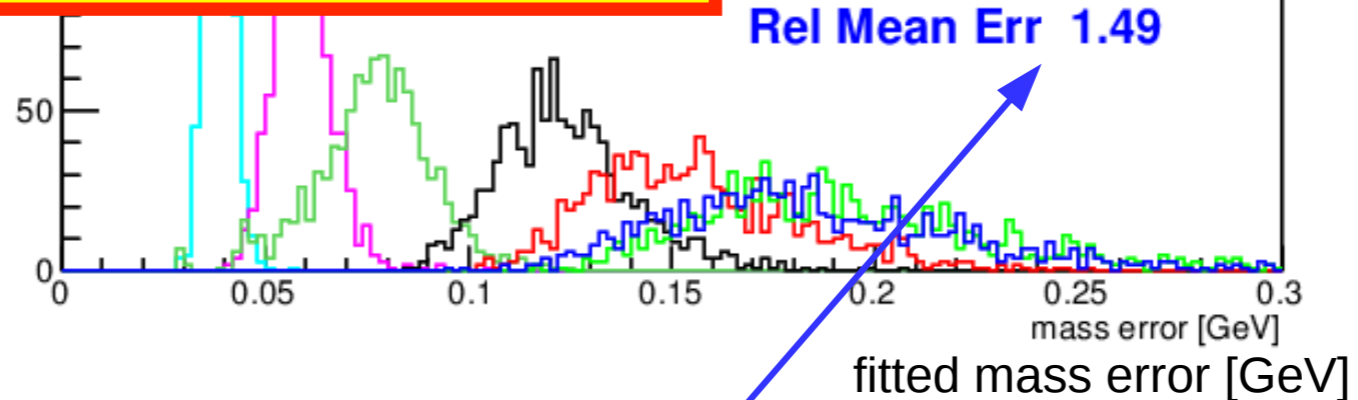
D. Jeans at AWLC 2017

Probably ok, in particular when
combining recoil method with
kinematic reconstruction
(c.f. J.Tian @ LCWS)
**=> need an update
of the full projection!**

Realisation

- Rel Mean Err 0.31
- Rel Mean Err 0.48
- Rel Mean Err 0.62
- Rel Mean Err 1.00
- Rel Mean Err 1.26
- Rel Mean Err 1.55
- Rel Mean Err 1.49

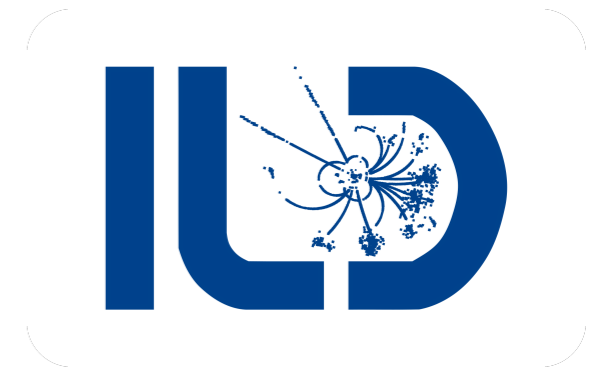
mean error
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with same number of events:
new spectra less powerful,
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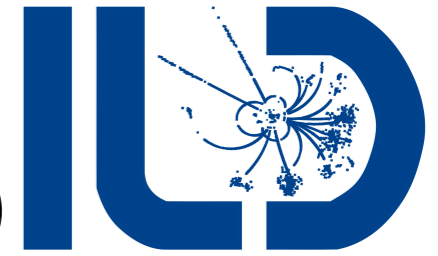
preliminary

Drawbacks

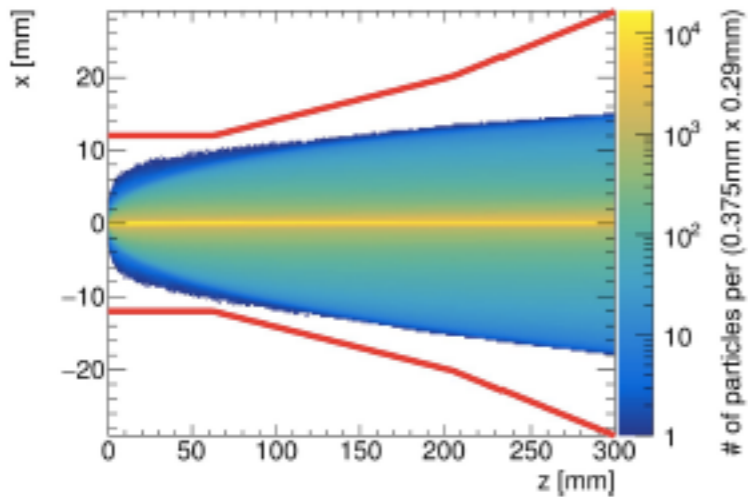


1. vertical disruption parameter increases from $\sim 25 \rightarrow \sim 35$
=> might need more accurate IP position control
2. energy loss by beamstrahlung will be larger by a factor ~ 2.6
=> check impact on e.g. Higgs recoil mass!
3. **incoherent pair creation increases by factor ~ 3**
=> is it only the amount, or also the angle / energy spectrum?
=> any impact on VTX or BeamCal?

some of SiD's findings @ 5 T (A. Schütz, LCWS)

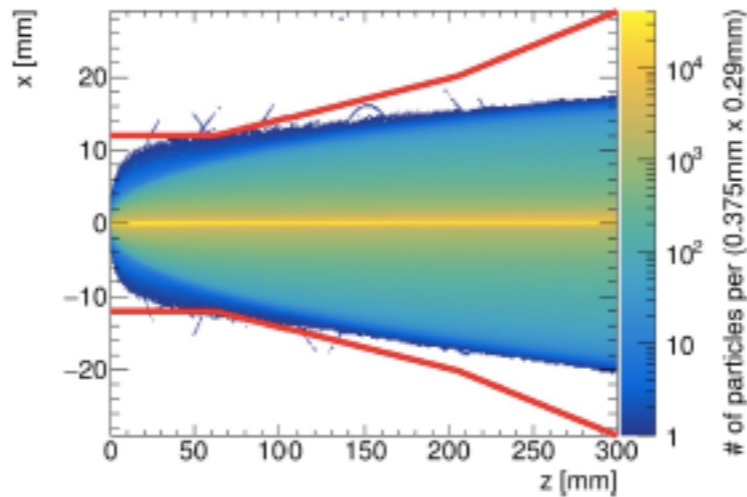


Pairs spiraling in the magnetic field



(a) ILC250 set (TDR)

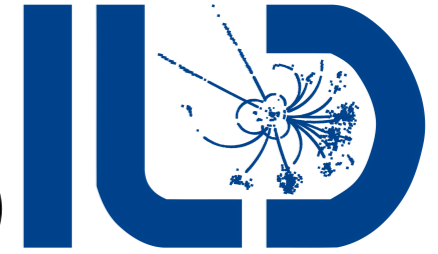
Pairs spiraling in the magnetic field



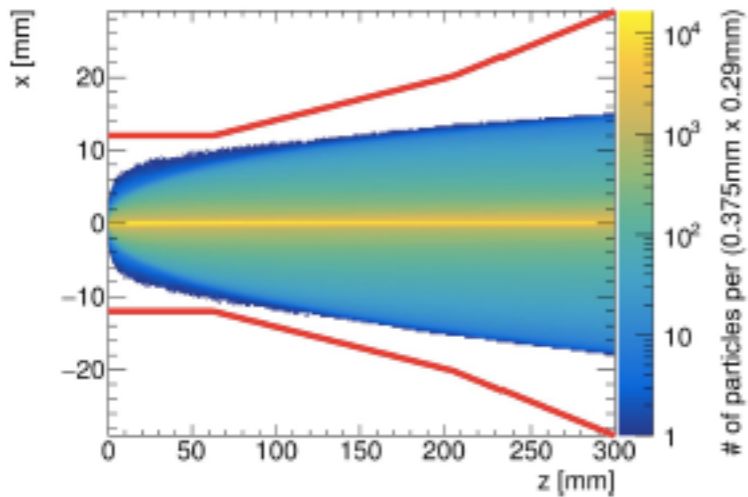
(b) ILC250 set (A)

**Hitting cone?
(no, note log scale...)**

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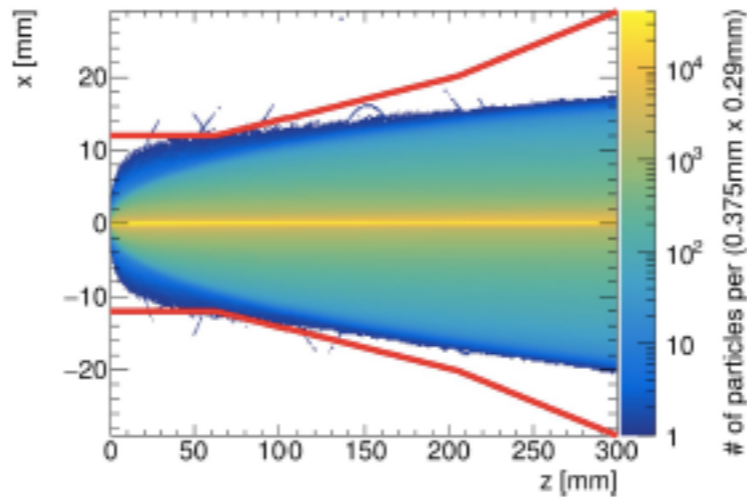


Pairs spiraling in the magnetic field



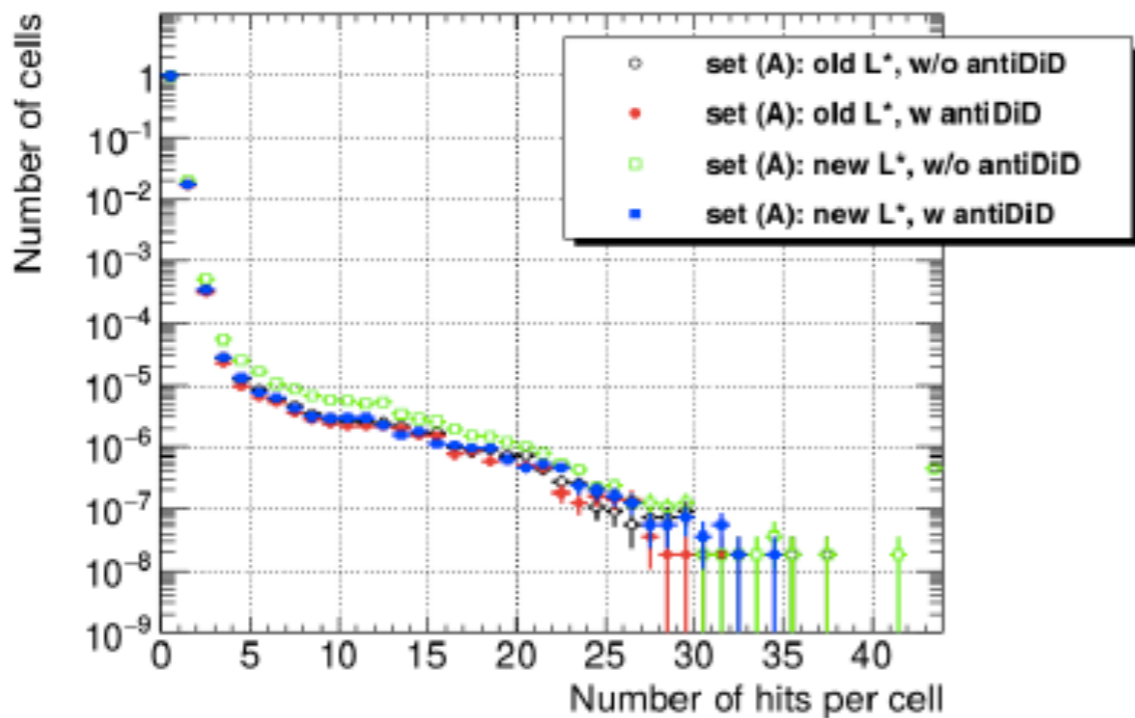
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Pairs spiraling in the magnetic field



(b) ILC250 set (A)

**Hitting cone?
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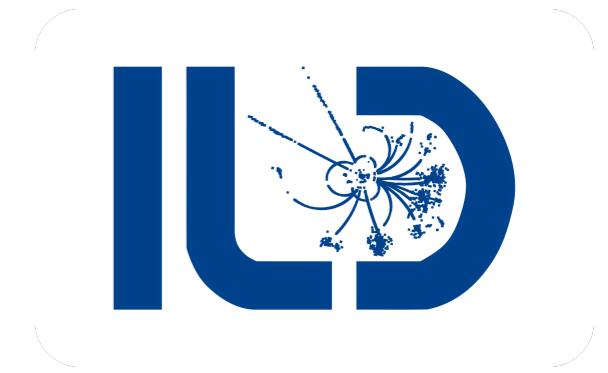


(b) Layer 0

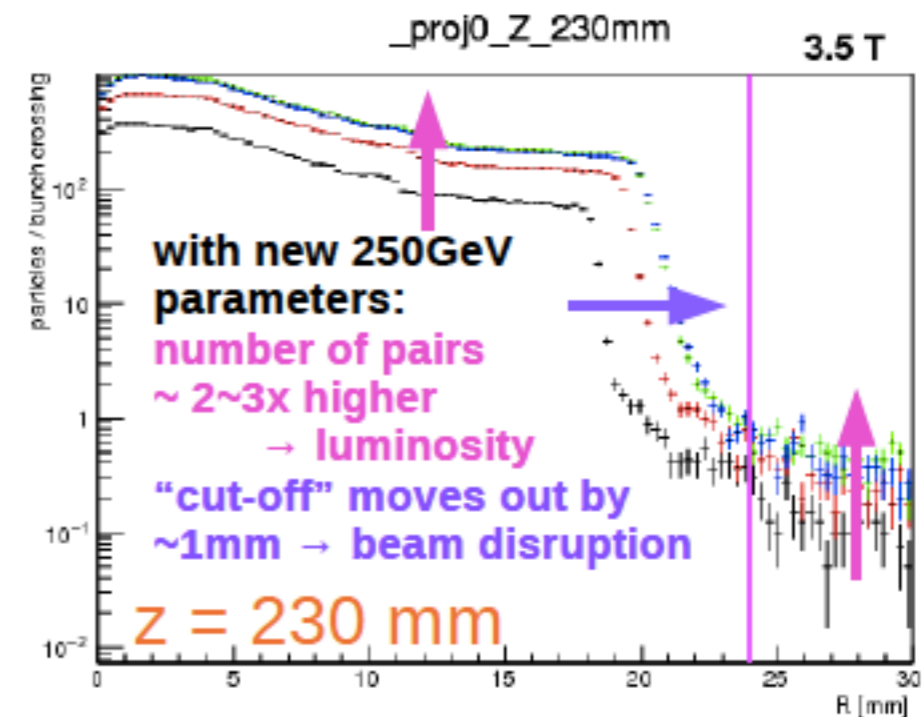
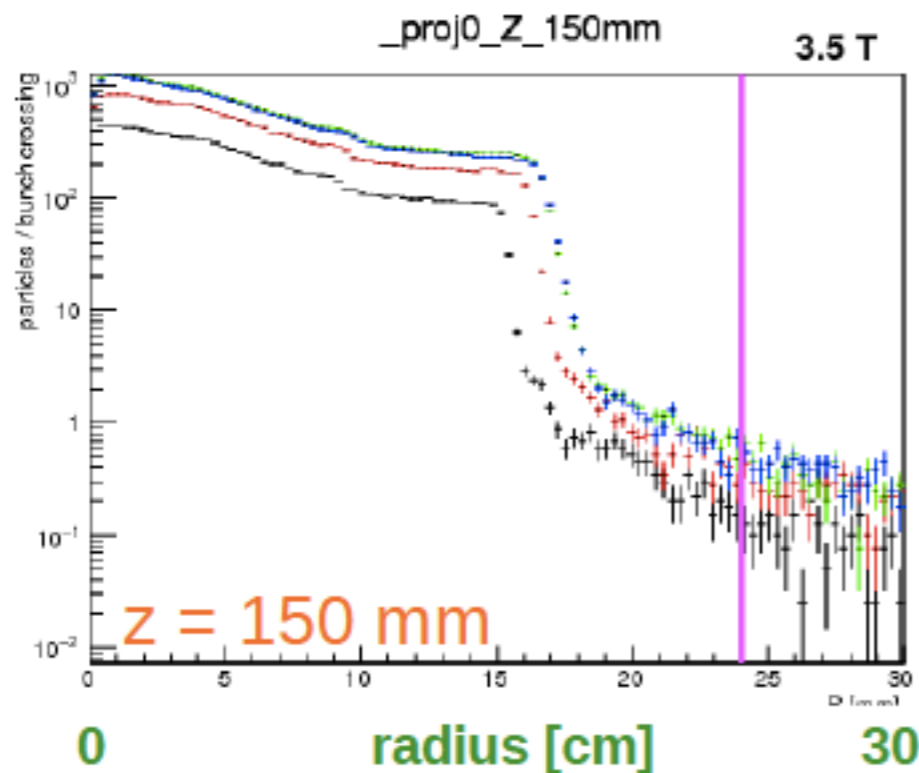
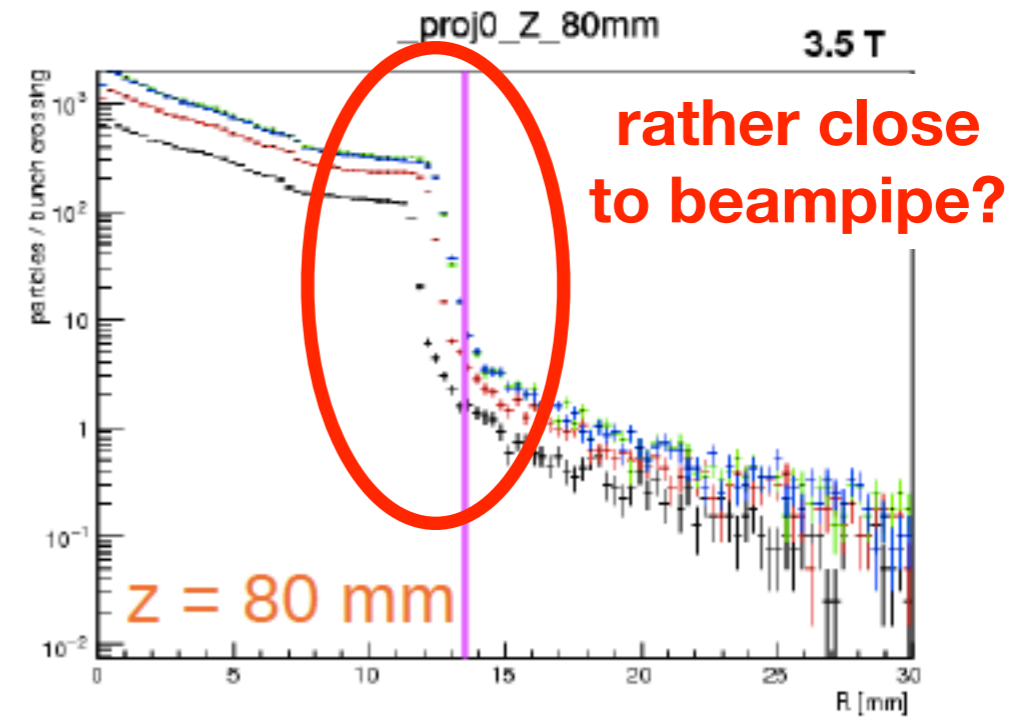
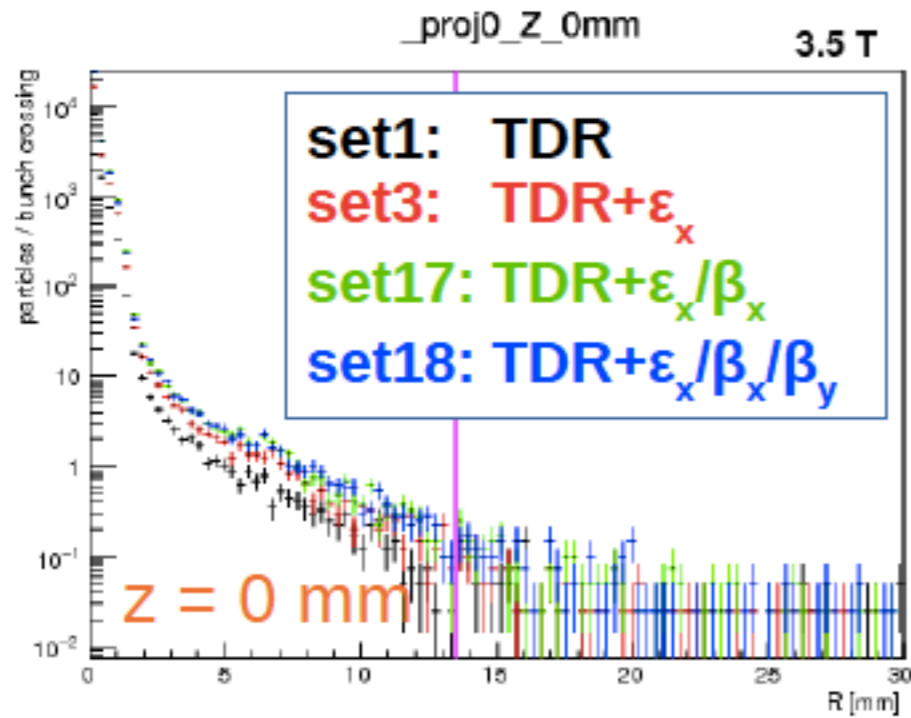
**VTX occupancy:
relative impact of anti-DID
depends on L^***

(note: “old L^* ” < “new L^* ” for SiD,
so not directly transferable to ILD
=> we should finally have a look!)

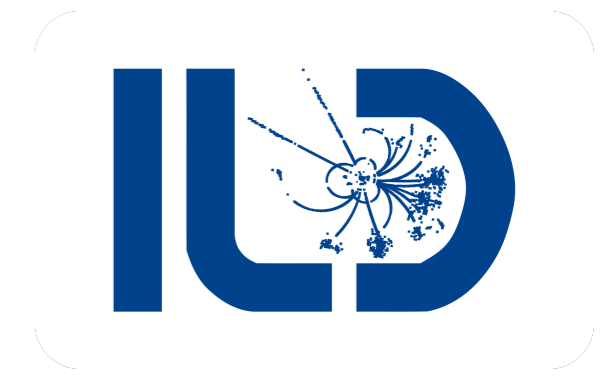
ILD's findings (D. Jeans, AWLC)



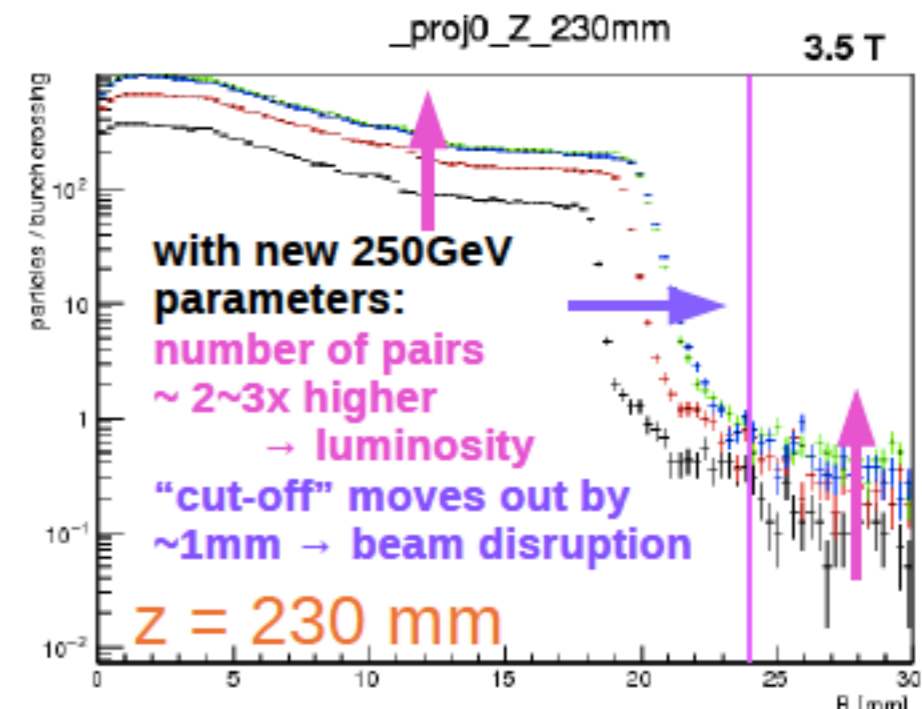
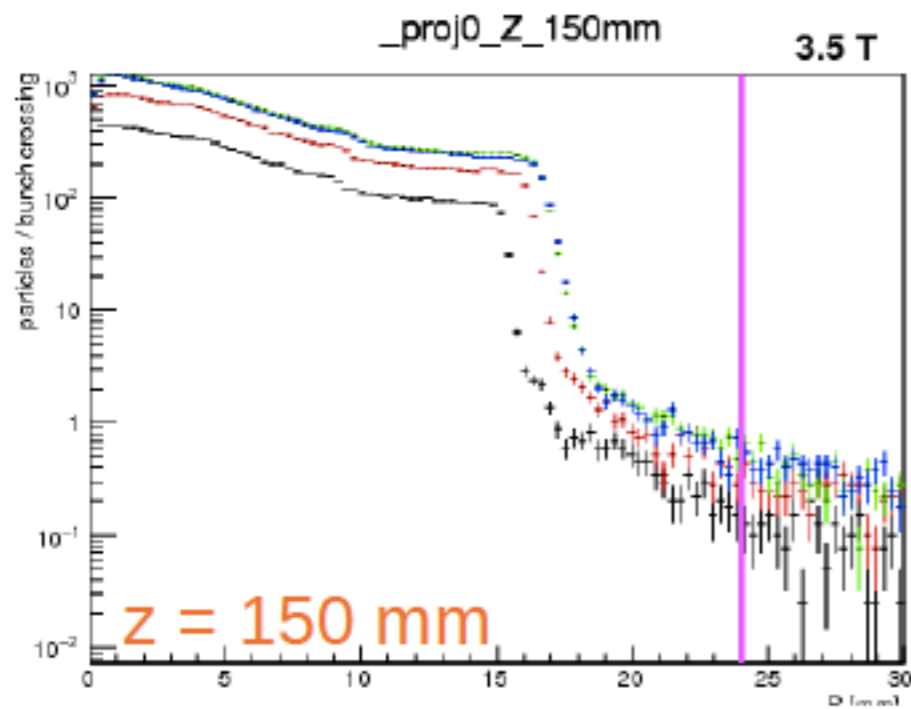
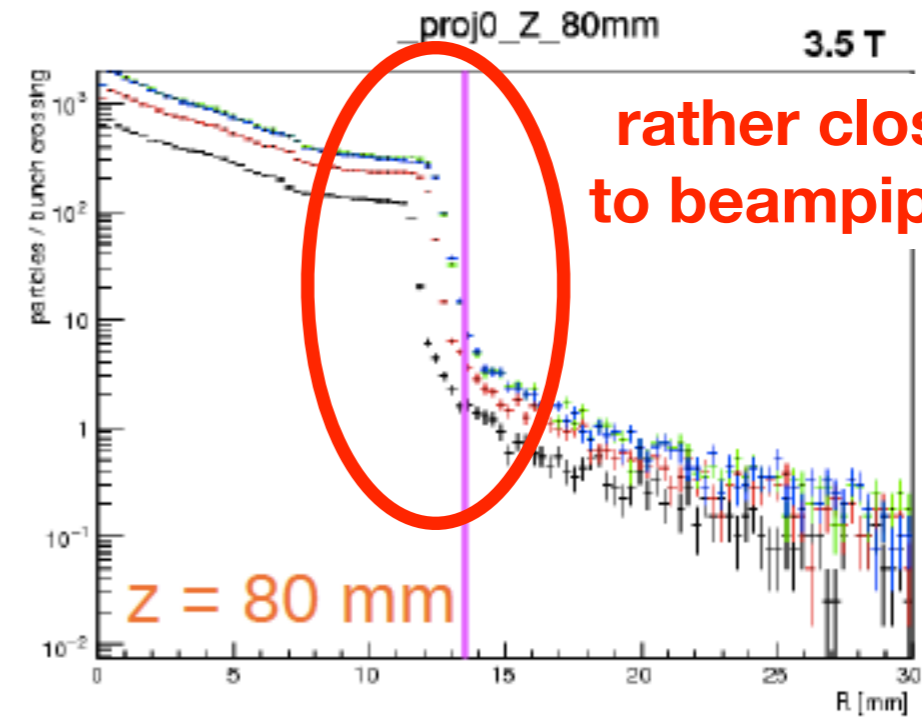
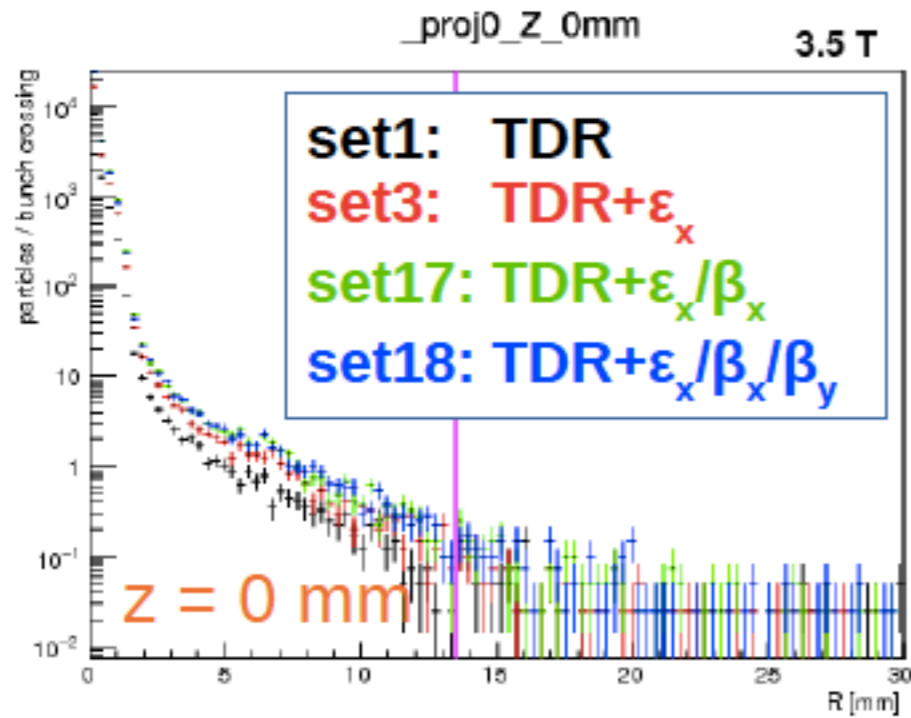
incoherent particles / bunch crossing



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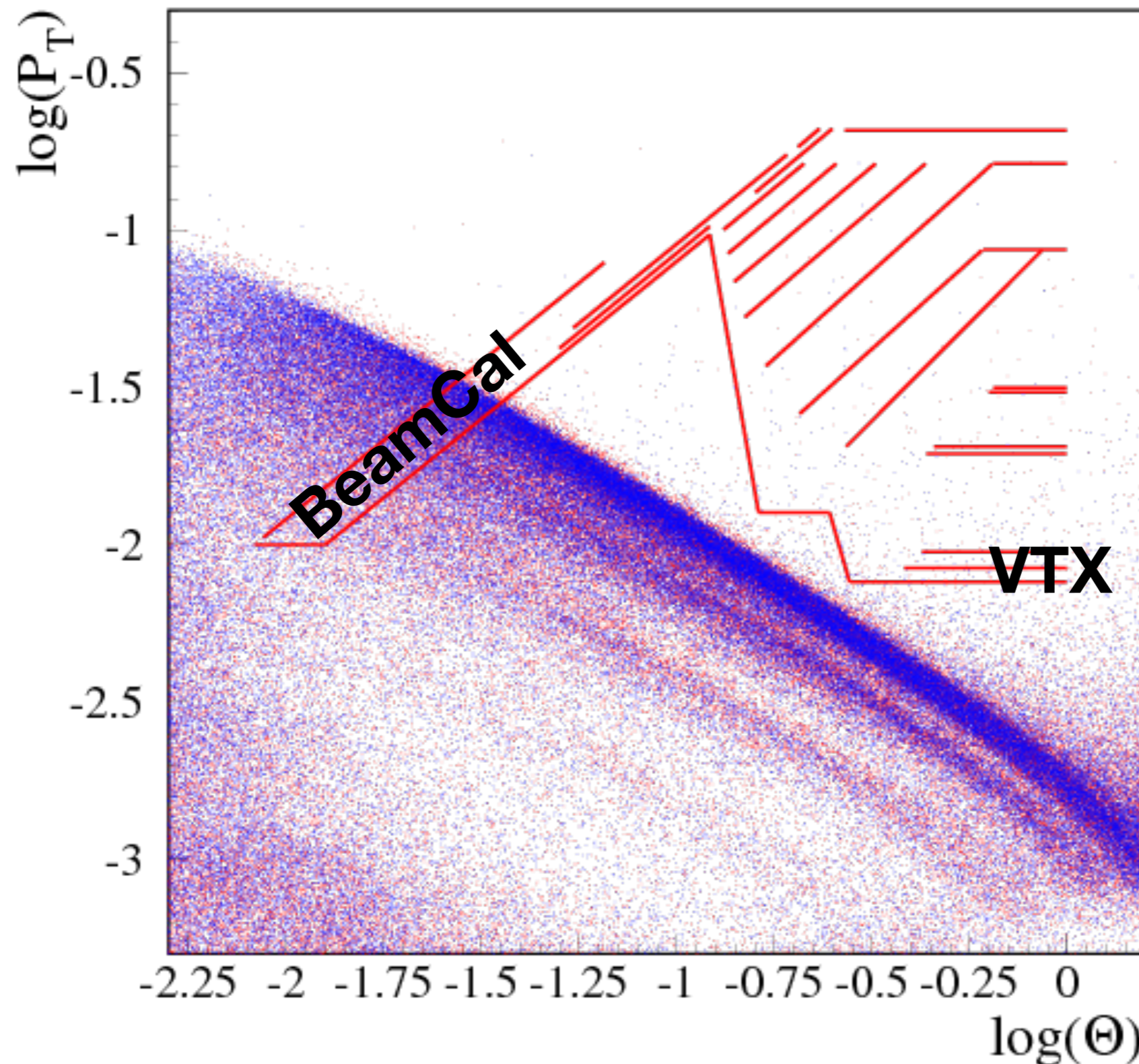
incoherent particles / bunch crossing



0 radius [cm] 30

**simple extrapolation in 3.5 T B-field
no x-ing angle, backscatter etc**

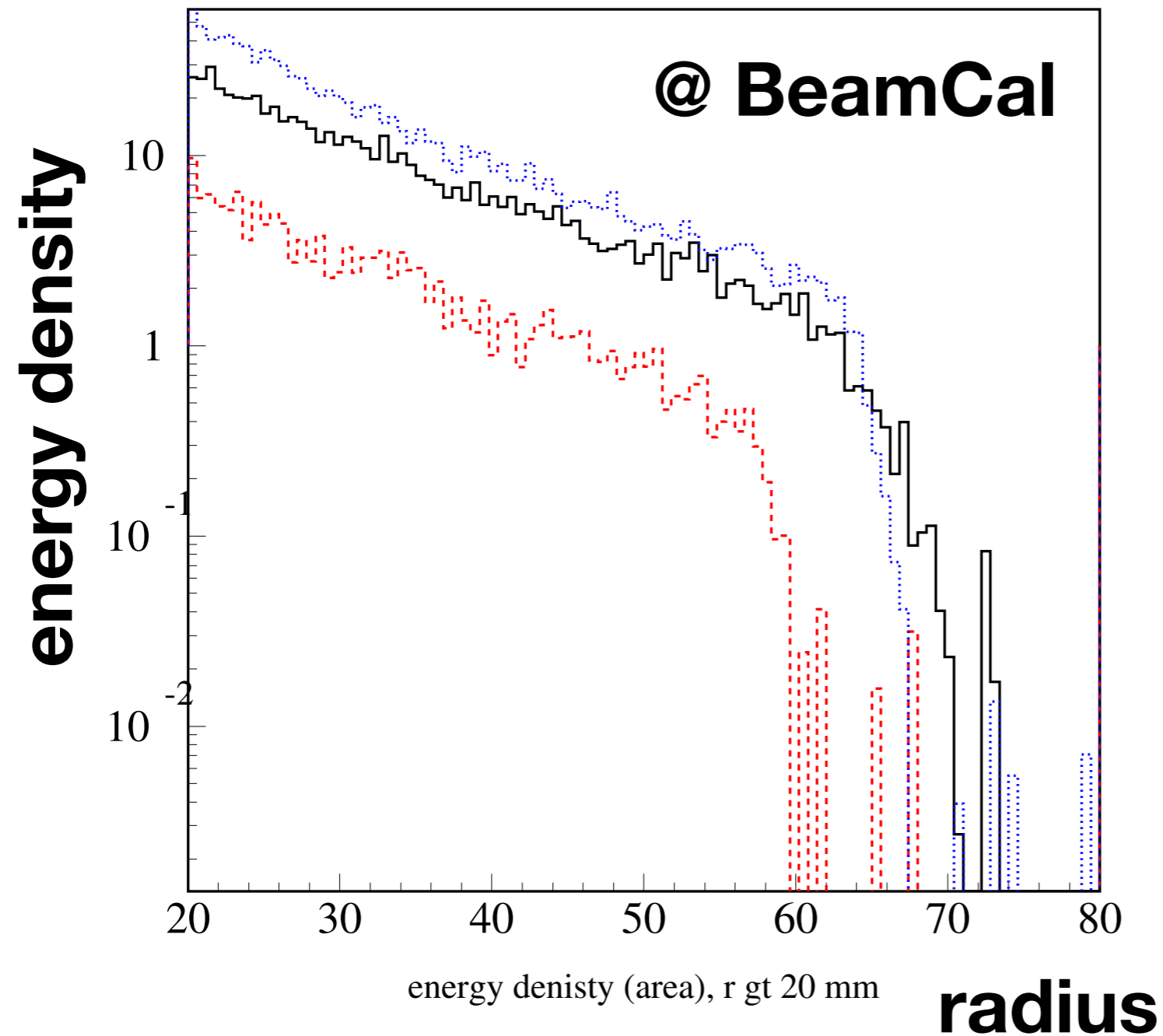
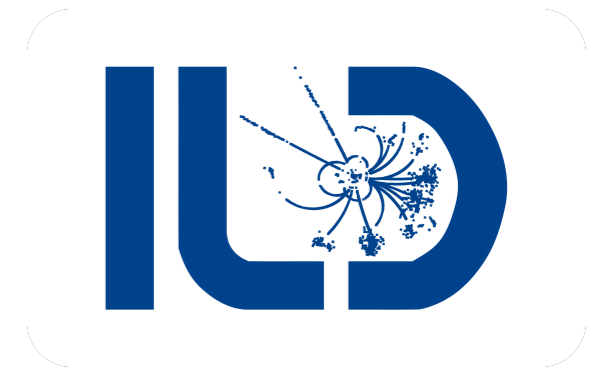
ILD's findings (M. Berggren)



**Blue points:
500 GeV TDR**

**Red points:
250 GeV NEW**

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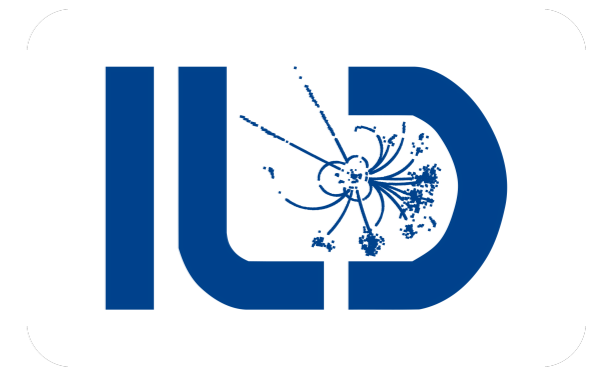


Blue:
500 GeV TDR

Black:
250 GeV NEW

Red:
250 GeV TDR

Conclusions



- increase in luminosity highly appreciated
=> communicated to TCMB @ Strasbourg
- ILD detector seems ok with new beam parameters
- but: statement based on simplified checks so far
=> still need to do the full studies,
both on pair background and Higgs mass
- ...and don't forget that we also changed L^* since last complete background study!
- Does ILD need to assign higher priority (= more person power) to update of pair background etc?