



# Particle Physics Programme in Asia incl. Oceania



George W.S. Hou (NTU)

George W.S. Hou (侯維恕)  
National Taiwan University



## Outline

1. Asia-in-World →to→ Asia

2. Success to Successor

3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

4. The Hopefuls: ILC & CEPC(-SppC)

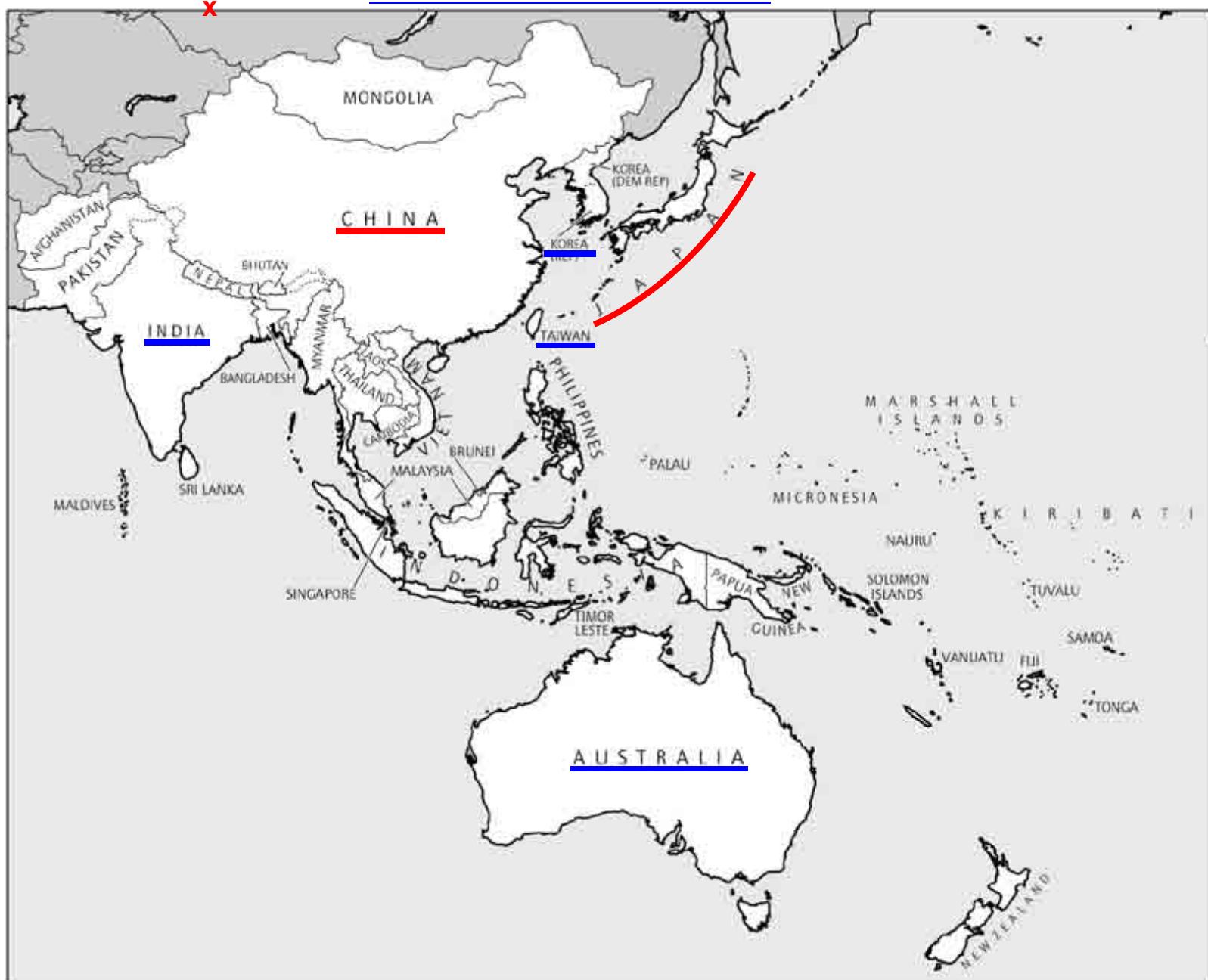
→ Yasuhiro Okada/ Yifang Wang  
(next talk)

5. Amalgamation of ACFA/AsiaHEP

## ICFA Mission

- To promote international collaboration in all phases ... of very high energy accelerators.
- To organize regularly world-inclusive meetings for the exchange of information on future plans for regional facilities and for the formulation of advice.
- To organize workshops for the study of problems related to super high-energy accelerator complexes and their international exploitation and to foster research and development of necessary technology.

## AsiaHEP Member States



## AsiaHEP/ACFA Statement on ILC + CEPC/SPPC

AsiaHEP and ACFA reassert their strong endorsement of the ILC, which is in a mature state of technical development. The aim of ILC is to explore physics beyond the Standard Model by unprecedented precision measurements of the Higgs boson and top quark, as well as searching for new particles which are difficult to discover at LHC. The Higgs studies at higher energies are especially important for measurement of WW fusion process, to fix the full Higgs decay width, and to measure the Higgs self-coupling. In continuation of decades of world-wide coordination, we encourage redoubled international efforts at this critical time to make the ILC a reality in Japan. The past few years have seen growing interest in a large radius circular collider, first focused as a "Higgs factory", and ultimately for proton-proton collisions at the high energy frontier. We encourage the effort lead by China in this direction, and look forward to the completion of the technical design in a timely manner.

ILC

CEPC



LHC is current World HEP Focus

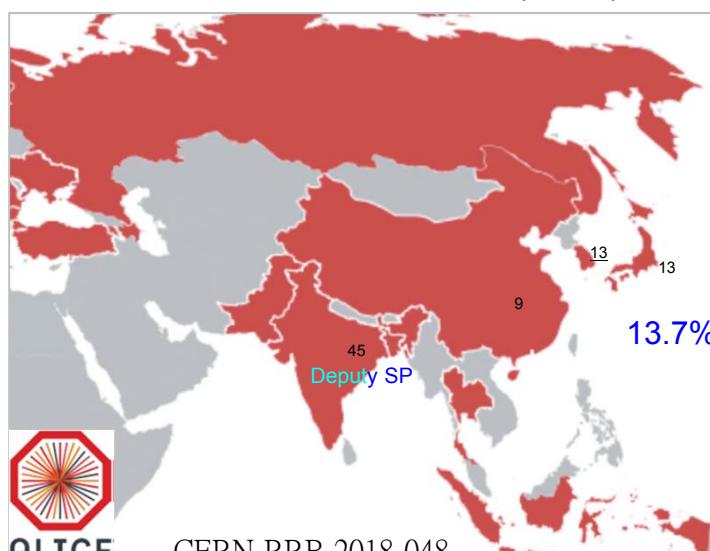


PPP Asia



LHC is current World HEP Focus

Phase-2 > 21 MCHF



PPP Asia



# The High-Granularity Calorimeter HGCAL for CMS Phase II Upgrade

Challenging !!

Stathes Paganis  
(5/28 para.)

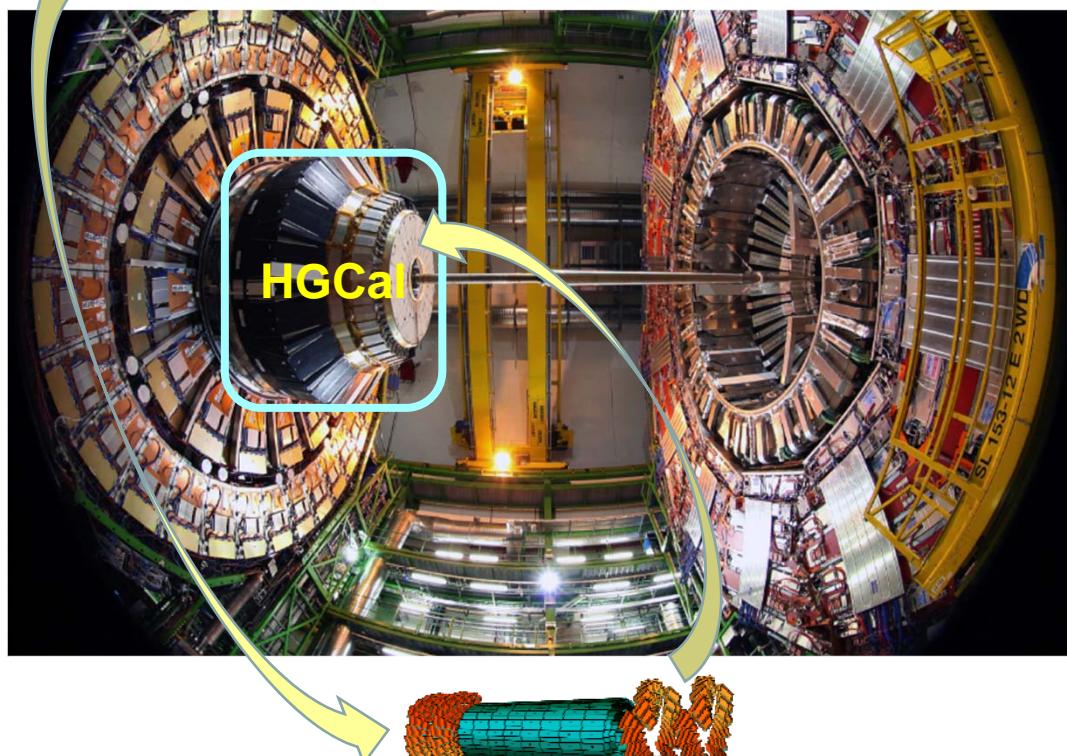
Preshower ('02-'08)



Lead: UCSB  
Also: IHEP (China)  
BARC (India)  
CMU  
TexasTech

Taiwan: 2.87 MCHF

Module Assembly Center (MAC)  
in new Si-Lab @ NTU

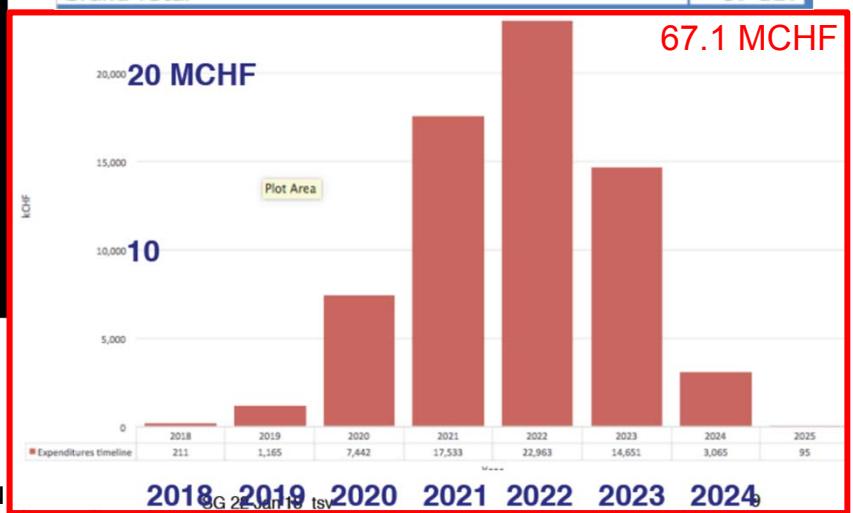


PPP Asia

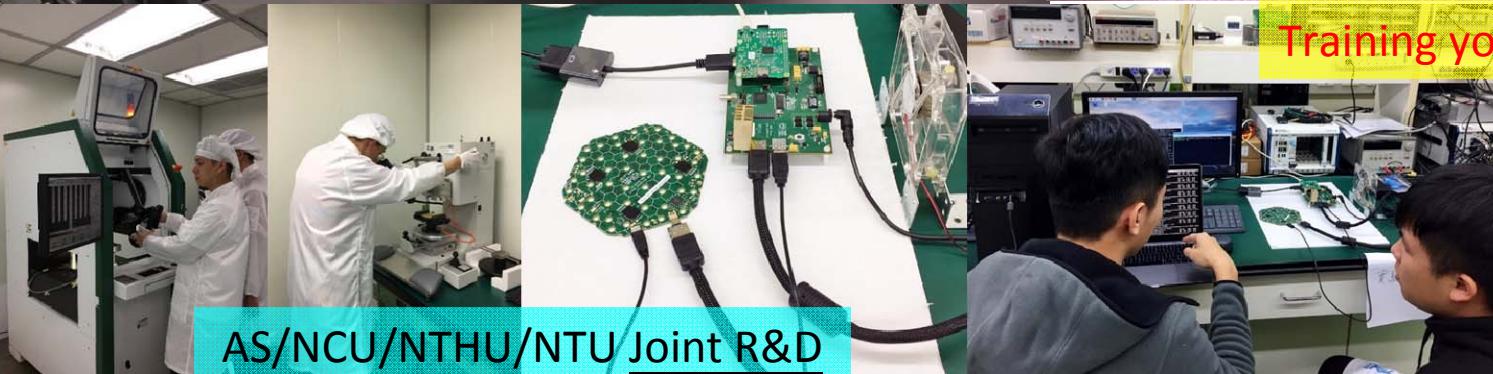
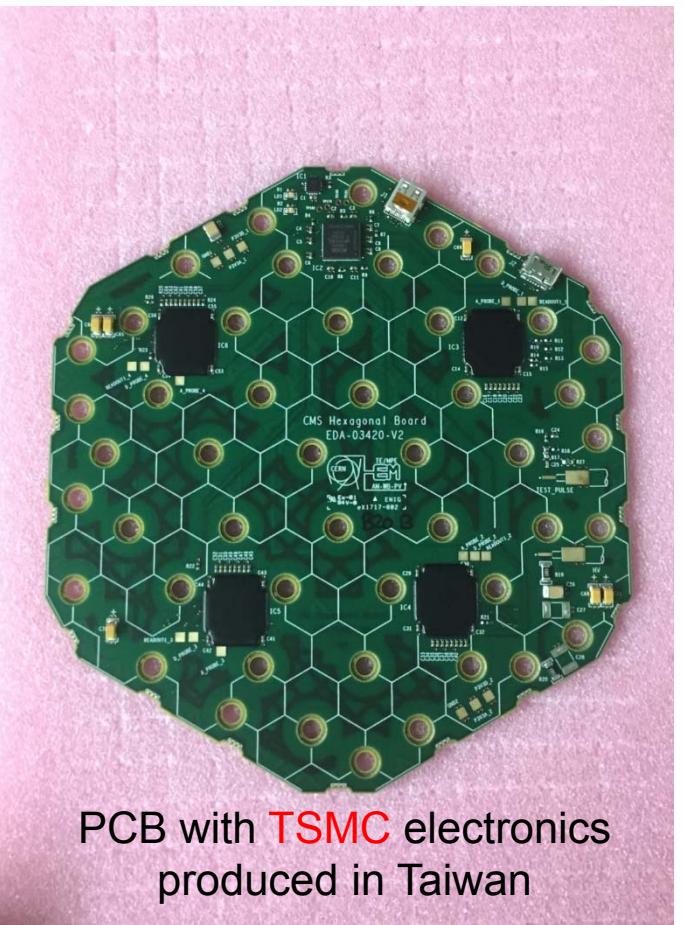
Pixel 1 ('10-'16)

George W.S. Hou

CBS	Total
1.1 - Mechanical Systems	11'441
1.10 - Installation and Commissioning	226
1.2 - Cassettes	3'027
<b>1.3-1.4 Sensors and Modules</b>	<b>25'992</b>
1.5 - Scintillator/SiPM Modules	2'945
1.6 - Electronics and Electrical Systems	15'762
1.7 - Backend System (Trigger and DAQ)	6'226
1.8 - Slow control	598
1.9 - Detector Assembly (on surface)	910
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>67'127</b>



# CMS HGCAL MAC in Taiwan

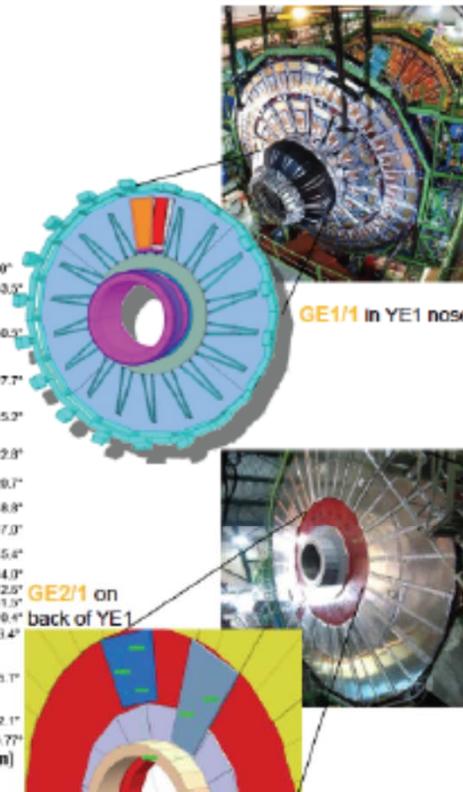
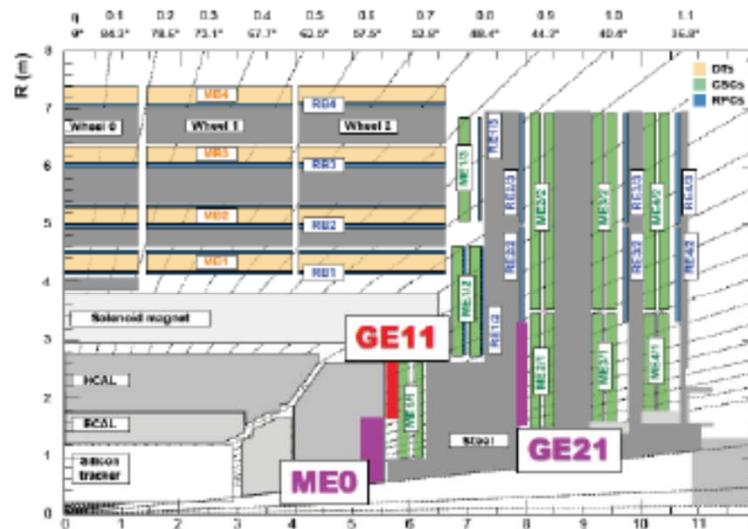




# CMS Phase II Upgrade

- Total cost for Phase II (LS2+LS3) : 265MCHF
  - 2.25% share by KCMS: 6MCHF (~70억)

- LS2: GE11 ( $1.6 < |\eta| < 2.2$ ) : LS2
- LS3: GE21 ( $1.6 < |\eta| < 2.45$ ) : LS3
- LS3: ME0 ( $2.0 < |\eta| < 3.5$ ): LS3



- LS2 : Muon-GEM (GE11)
  - KCMS share: 650kCHF
- LS3 (2023~2024)
  - GEM & RPC: ~2.5MCHF
  - Common fund: ~0.5MCHF
  - Tier 1 (option)
  - Backup project:  
L1 Trigger  
& calorimeter

# CMS →to→ Asia

2000

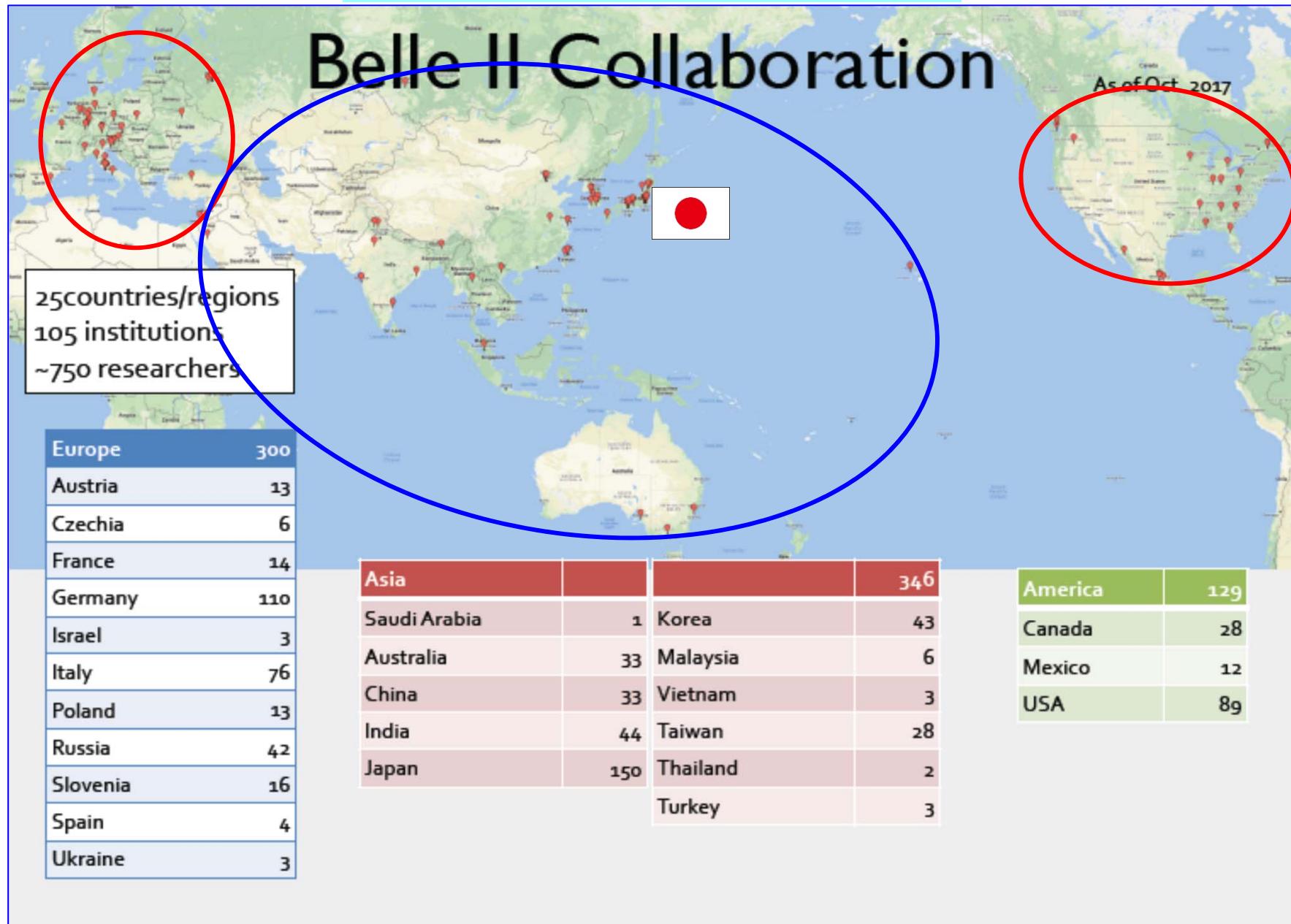


Kajari Mazumdar  
CMS Wk Mumbai '16



# Growing Attraction of Asia

Toru Iijima @ ICFA Seminar 2017

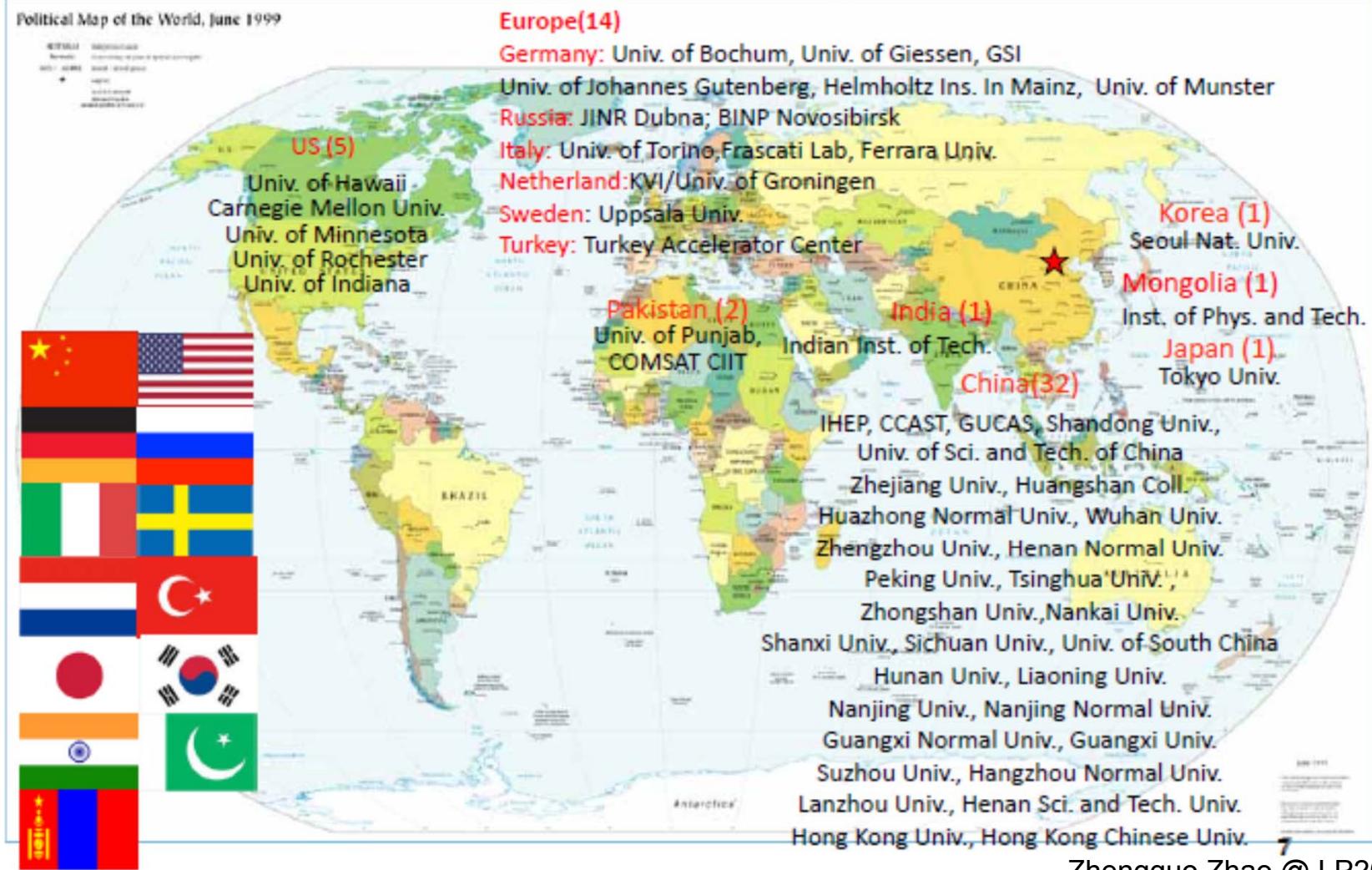


# Growing Attraction of Asia

## BESIII Collaboration



~400 authros, 60 institutions, 13 countries





## JUNO Collaboration

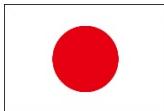
Country	Institute	Country	Institute	Country	Institute
Armenia	Yerevan Physics Institute	China	IMP-CAS	Germany	U. Mainz
Belgium	Universite libre de Bruxelles	China	SYSU	Germany	U. Tuebingen
Brazil	PUC	China	Tsinghua U.	Italy	INFN Catania
Brazil	UEL	China	UCAS	Italy	INFN di Frascati
Chile	PCUC	China	USTC	Italy	INFN-Ferrara
Chile	UTFSM	China	U. of South China	Italy	INFN-Milano
China	BISEE	China	Wu Yi U.	Italy	INFN-Milano Bicocca
China	Beijing Normal U.	China	Wuhan U.	Italy	INFN-Padova
China	CAGS	China	Xi'an JT U.	Italy	INFN-Perugia
China	ChongQing University	China	Xiamen University	Italy	INFN-Roma 3
China	CIAE	China	NUDT	Latvia	IECS
China	DGUT	Czech Rep.	Charles U.	Pakistan	PINSTECH (PAEC)
China	ECUST	Finland	University of Oulu	Russia	INR Moscow
China	Guangxi U.	France	APC Paris	Russia	JINR
China	Harbin Institute of Technology	France	CENBG	Russia	MSU
China	IHEP	France	CPPM Marseille	Slovakia	FMPICU
China	Jilin U.	France	IPHC Strasbourg	Taiwan	National Chiao-Tung U.
China	Jinan U.	France	Subatech Nantes	Taiwan	National Taiwan U.
China	Nanjing U.	Germany	Forschungszentrum Julich ZEA2	Taiwan	National United U.
China	Nankai U.	Germany	RWTH Aachen U.	Thailand	NARIT
China	NCEPU	Germany	TUM	Thailand	PPRLCU
China	Pekin U.	Germany	U. Hamburg	Thailand	SUT
China	Shandong U.	Germany	IKP FZJ	USA	UMD1
China	Shanghai JT U.	Germany		USA	UMD2

550 collaborators from 71 institutions in 17 countries and regions

Yifang Wang, Pub. Lect. @ LP2017

## MEG-II @ PSI

# Growing Attraction of Asia



## COMET

**160 researchers from 32 Institutes in 13 countries + 1 International Institute**



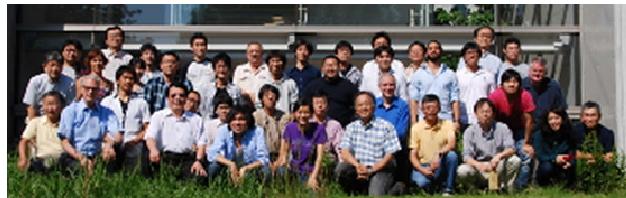
... and of course many from other countries !



## g-2 @ KEK

## J-PARC

**98 members from 21 Institutes In 8 countries**



Cheju 2	KEK 7	JINR 4	Nat. Taiwan 5	Arizona State 2
Chonbuk 1	Kyoto 9	Osaka 11		Chicago 5
Kyungook 2			Yamagata 2	Michigan State 4
Pusan 3				
Soul 2				

## KOTO

PPP Asia



## 2. Success to Successor



### The Nobel Prize in Physics 2008



"for the discovery of the mechanism of spontaneous broken symmetry in subatomic physics"



Photo: University of Chicago

Yoichiro Nambu

1/2 of the prize

USA

Enrico Fermi Institute,  
University of Chicago  
Chicago, IL, USA

b. 1921  
(in Tokyo, Japan)

"for the **discovery** of the **origin** of the broken symmetry which **predicts** the existence of **at least three families** of quarks in nature"



Photo: KEK

Makoto Kobayashi

1/4 of the prize

Japan

High Energy Accelerator  
Research Organization  
(KEK)  
Tsukuba, Japan

b. 1944



Photo: Kyoto University

Toshihide Maskawa

1/4 of the prize

Japan

Kyoto Sangyo University;  
Yukawa Institute for  
Theoretical Physics (YITP),  
Kyoto University  
Kyoto, Japan

b. 1940

### CP Violation in SM



nature news  
7 October 2008



The Belle detector in Japan helped to  
confirm the symmetry breaking effects  
predicted by theoretical physicists.

KEK

### B Factories (BaBar & Belle)





## 2. Success to Successor

Toru Iijima @ ICFA Seminar 2017

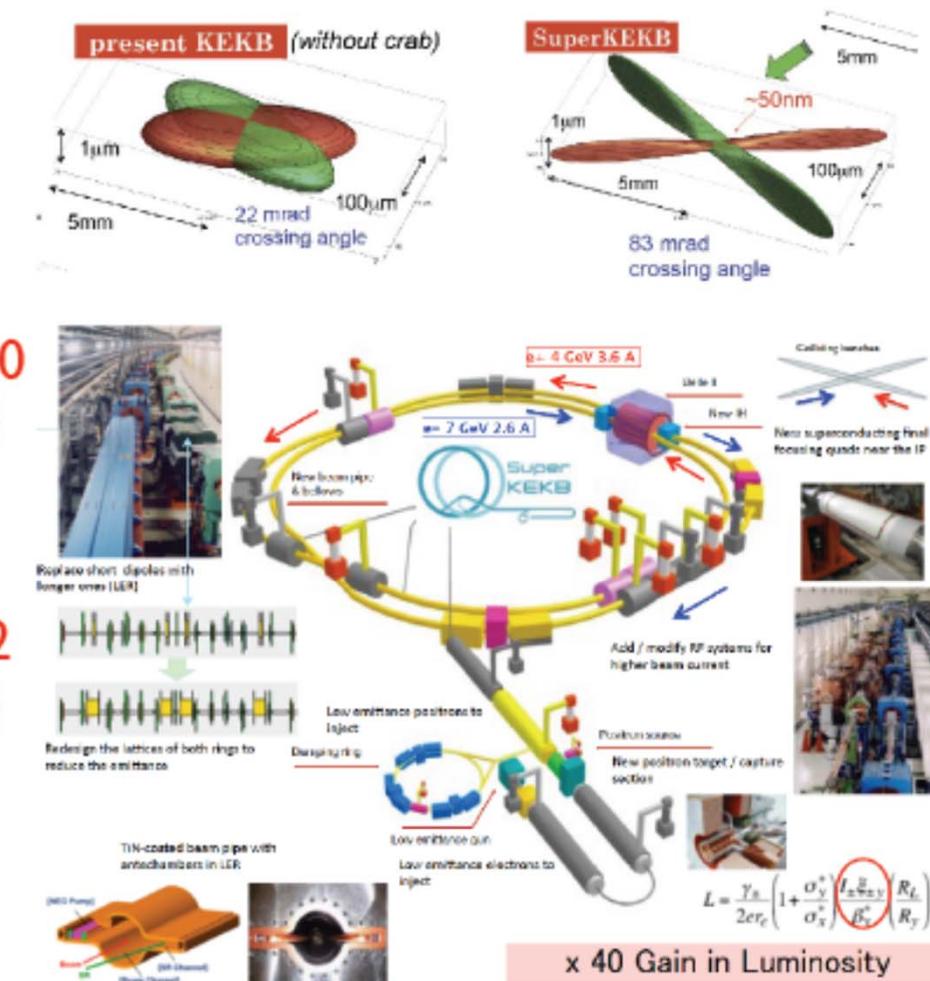
# SuperKEKB Accelerator

- Low emittance (“nano-beam”) scheme employed (originally proposed by P. Raimondi)



### Machine parameters

	SuperKEKB LER/HER	KEKB LER/HER
E(GeV)	4.0/7.0	3.5/8.0
$\epsilon_x$ (nm)	3.2/4.6	18/24
$\beta_y$ at IP(mm)	0.27/0.30	5.9/5.9
$\beta_x$ at IP(mm)	32/25	120/120
Half crossing angle(mrad)	41.5	11
I(A)	3.6/2.6	1.6/1.2
Lifetime	~10min	130min/200min
$L(\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1})$	$80 \times 10^{34}$	$2.1 \times 10^{34}$

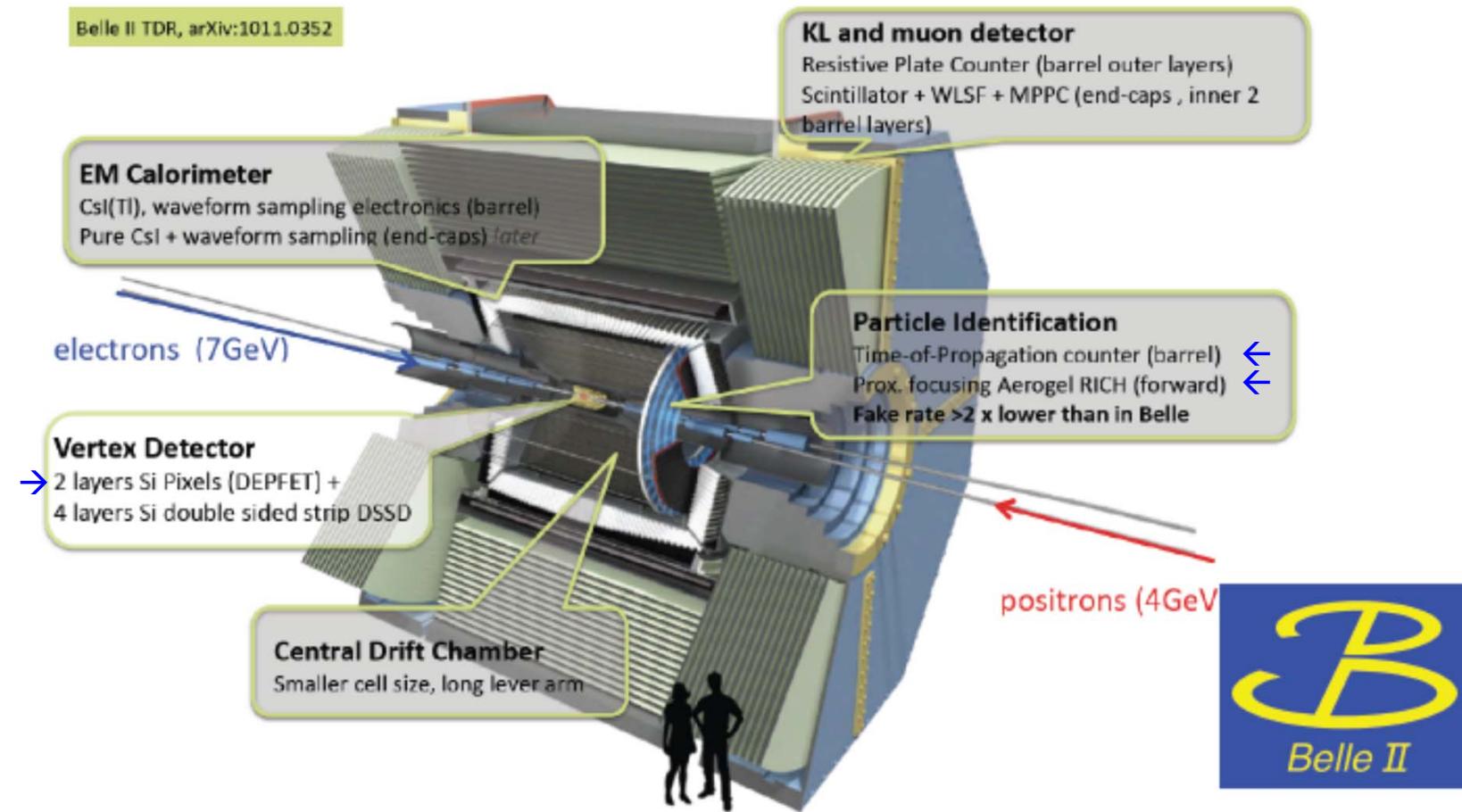


## 2. Success to Successor

Toru Iijima @ ICFA Seminar 2017

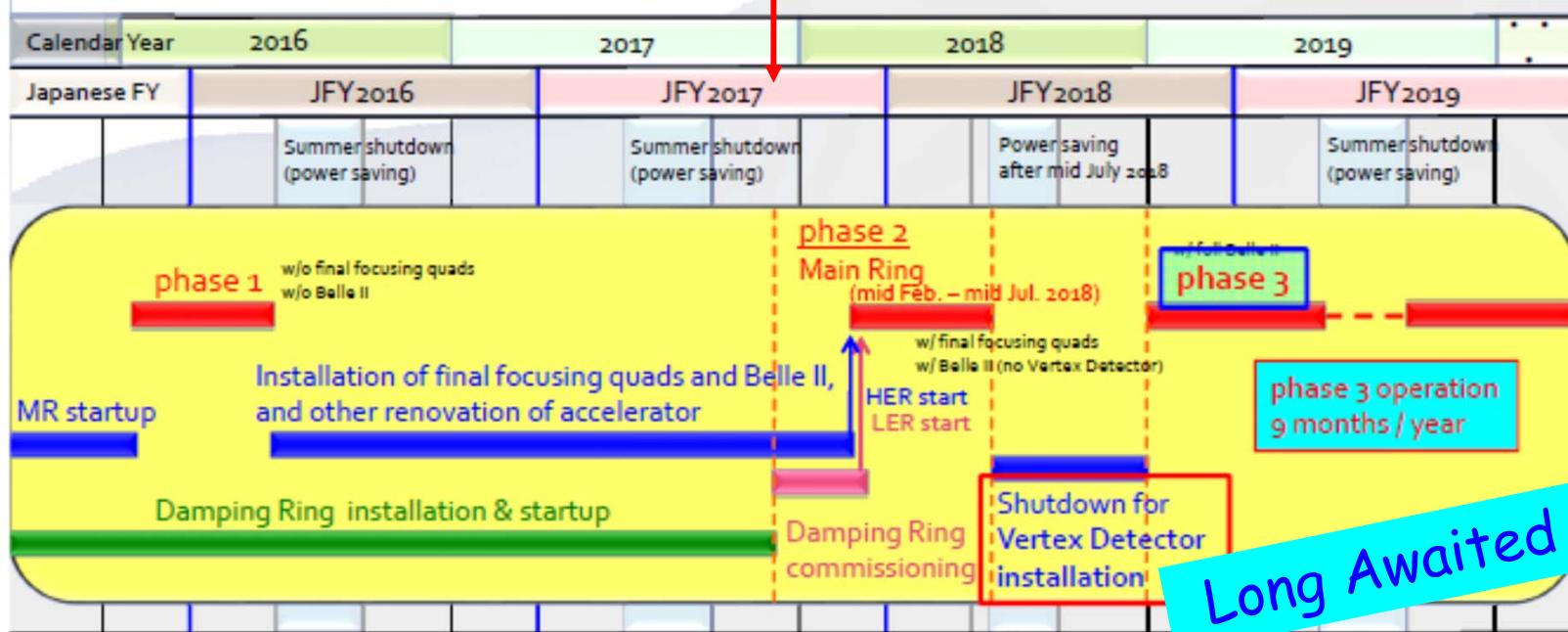
# Belle II Detector

- Deal with higher background (10-20 $\times$ ), radiation damage, higher occupancy, higher event rates (L1 trigg. 0.5 $\rightarrow$ 30 kHz) ↪
- Improved performance and hermeticity



## 2. Success to Successor

### SuperKEKB/Belle II schedule

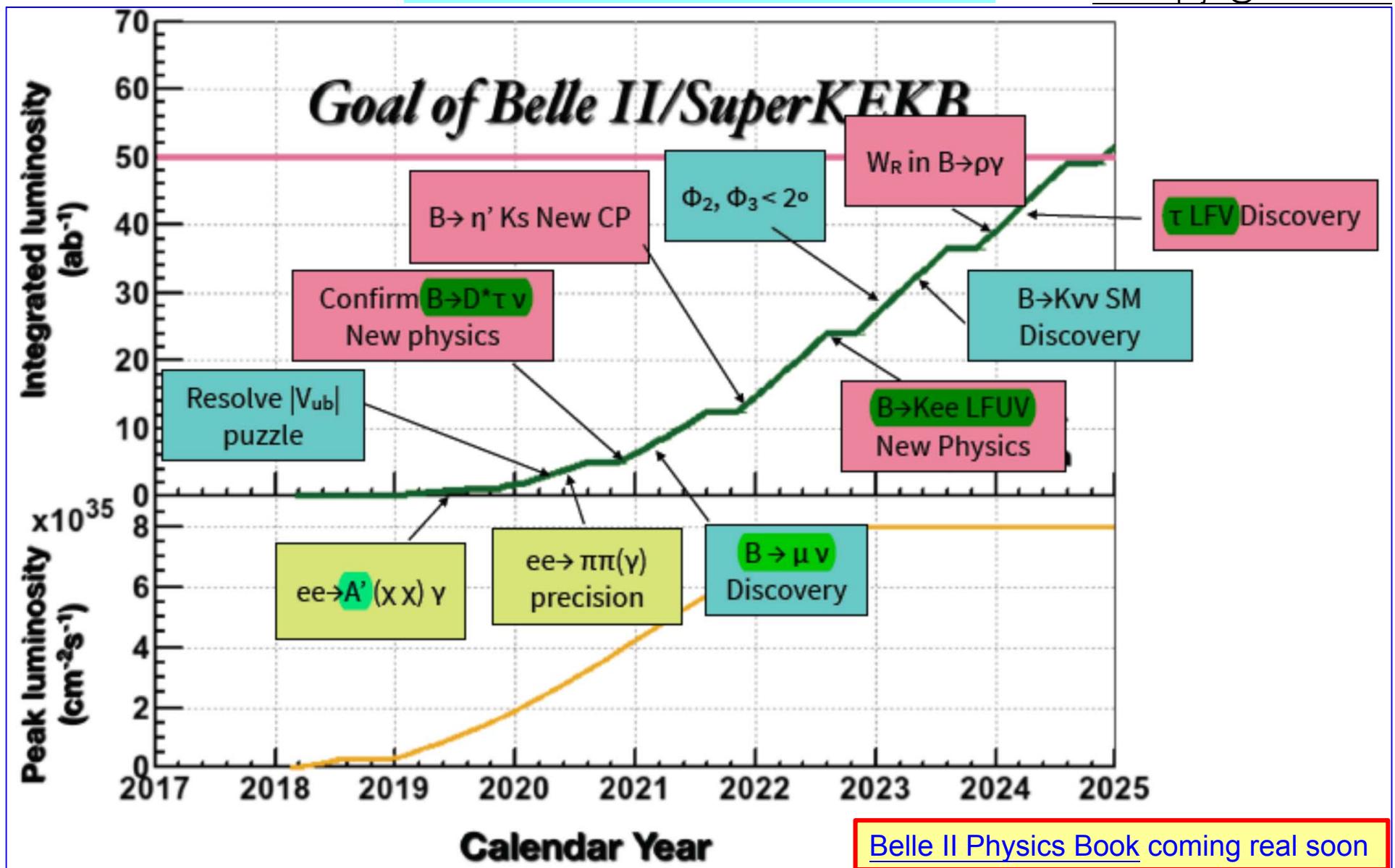


Phase 1 (w/o final focusing Q, w/o Belle II):  
- Accelerator system test and basic tuning,  
- Vacuum scrubbing,  
- Low emittance tuning, and  
- Beam background studies

Phase 2 (w/ final focusing Q, w/Belle II)  
but background monitors instead of  
vertex detectors)  
- Verification of nano-beam scheme  
target:  $L > 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   
- Understand beam background especially  
in vertex detector volume

## 2. Success to Successor

Phil Urquijo @ LIO 4/2018

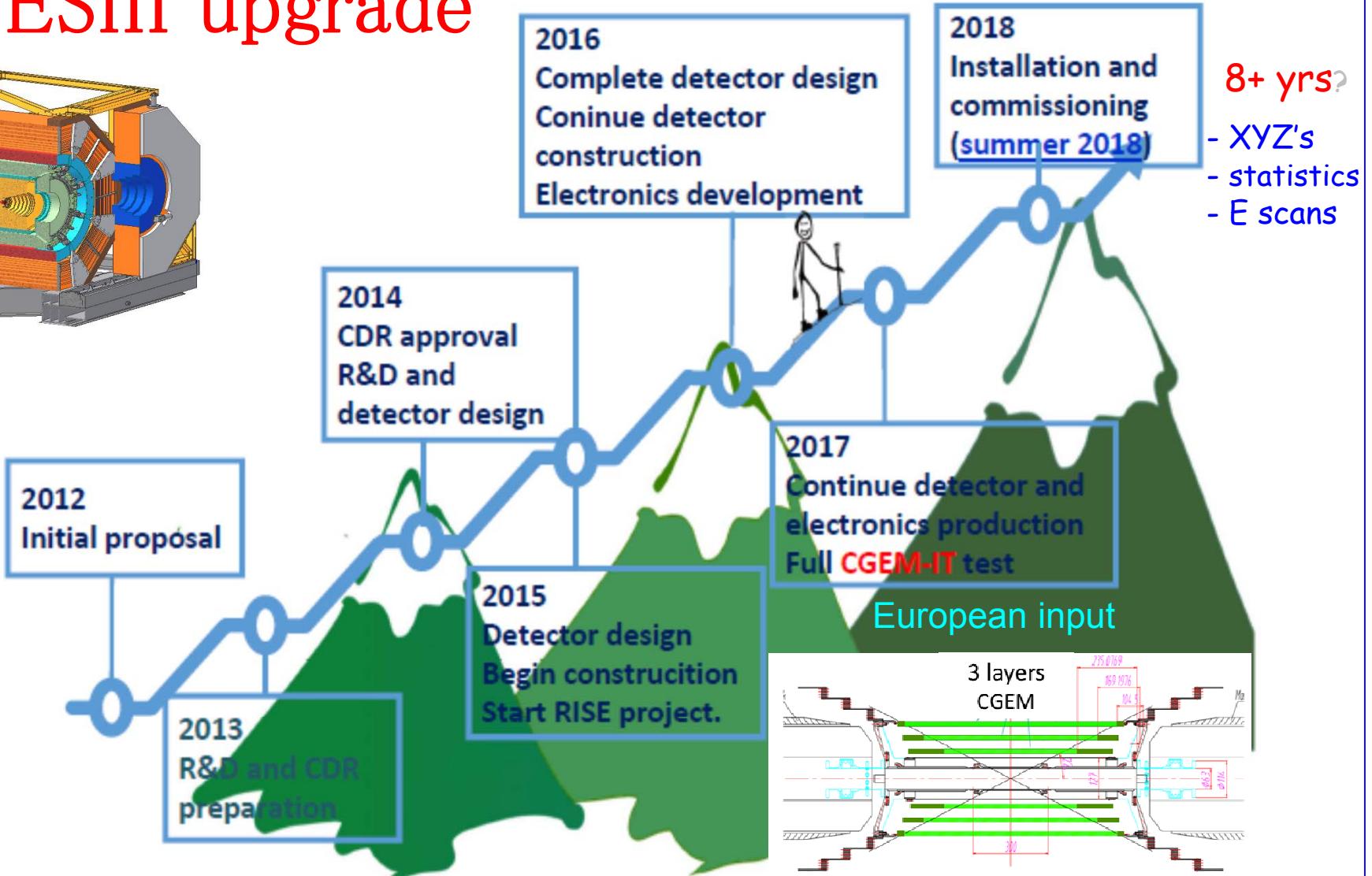
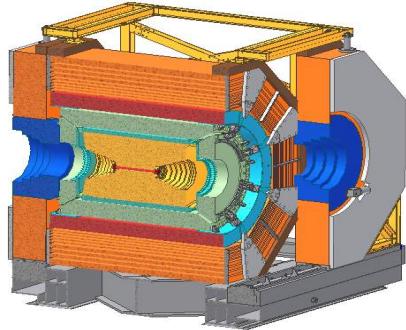


→ Masako Iwasaki



## 2. Success to Successor

### BESIII upgrade





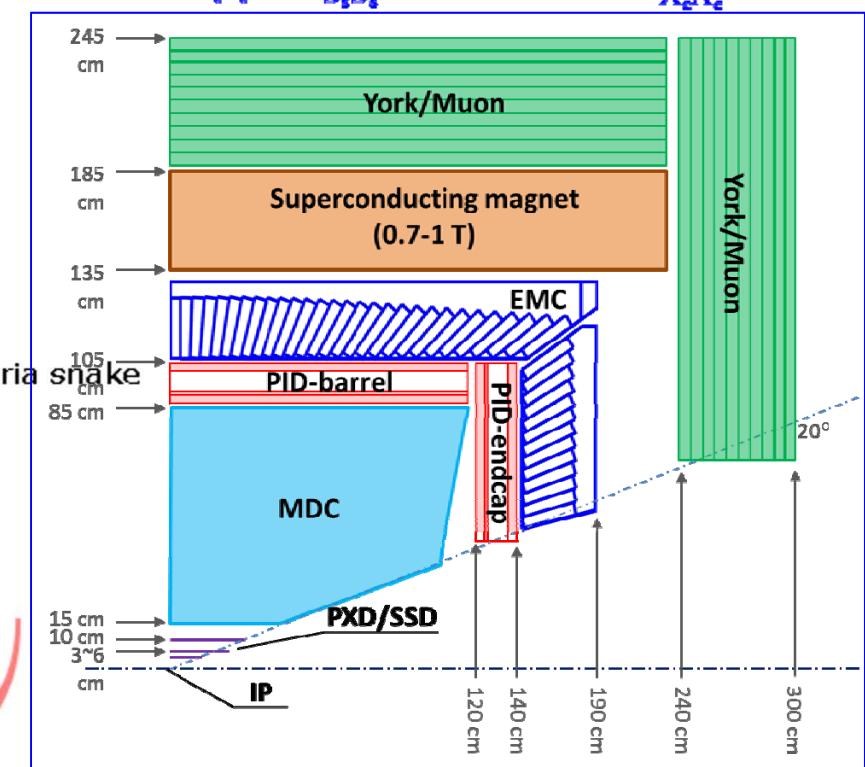
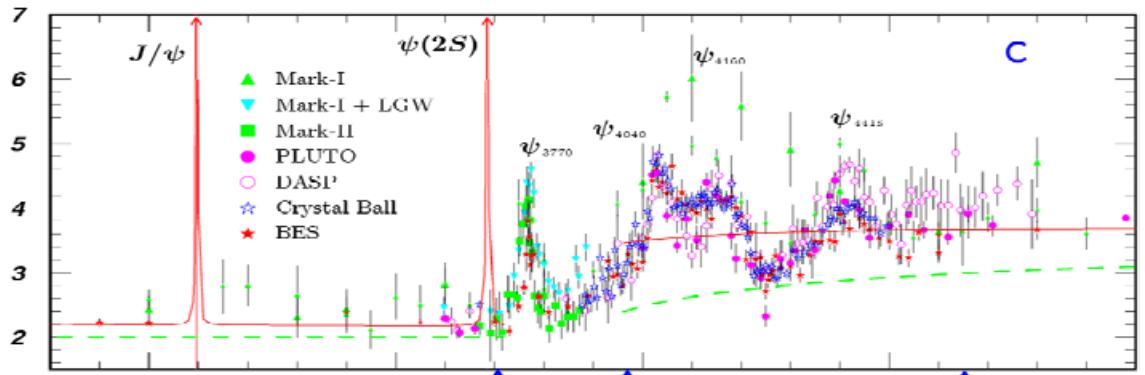
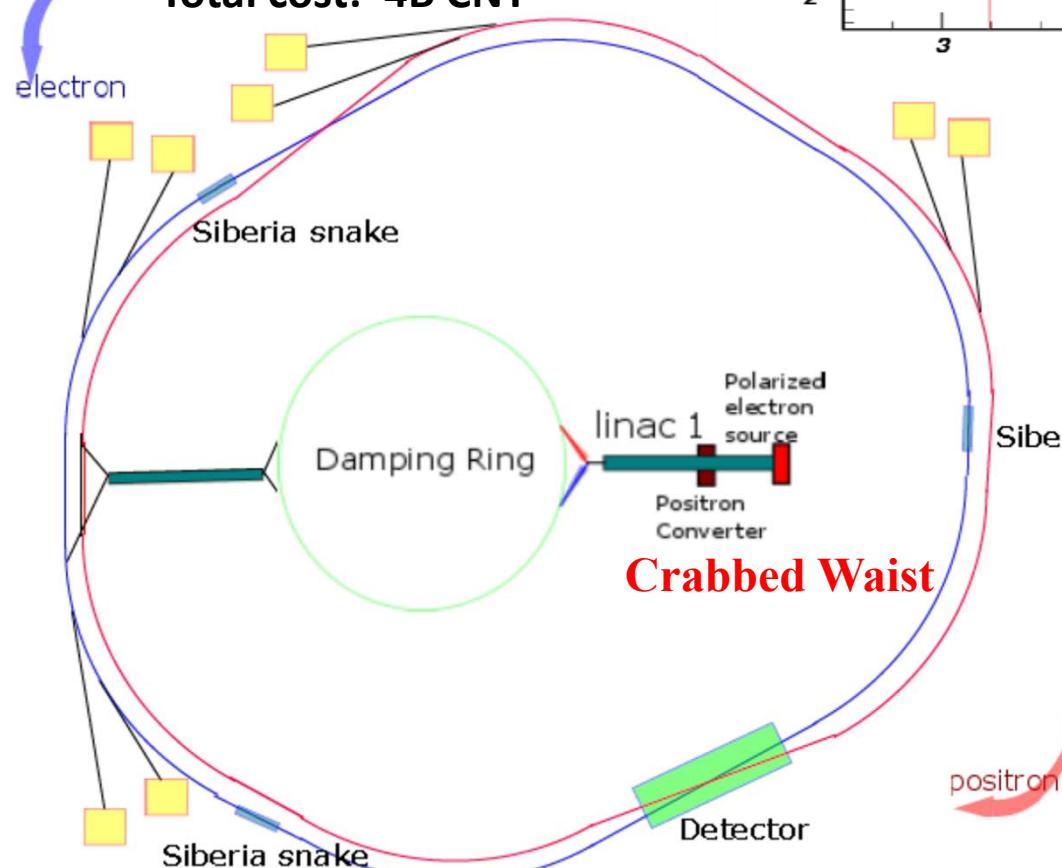
## 2. Success to Successor

in planning

also: BINP@Novosibirsk

### Super Tau-Charm Facility (STCF)

- $E_{cm} = 2-7 \text{ GeV}$
- $L = 1 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  at 4 GeV
- $C = 1 \text{ km}$  double ring
- Total cost: 4B CNY



Zhengguo Zhao @ HIEPA2018 (target: USTC, Hefei)



### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

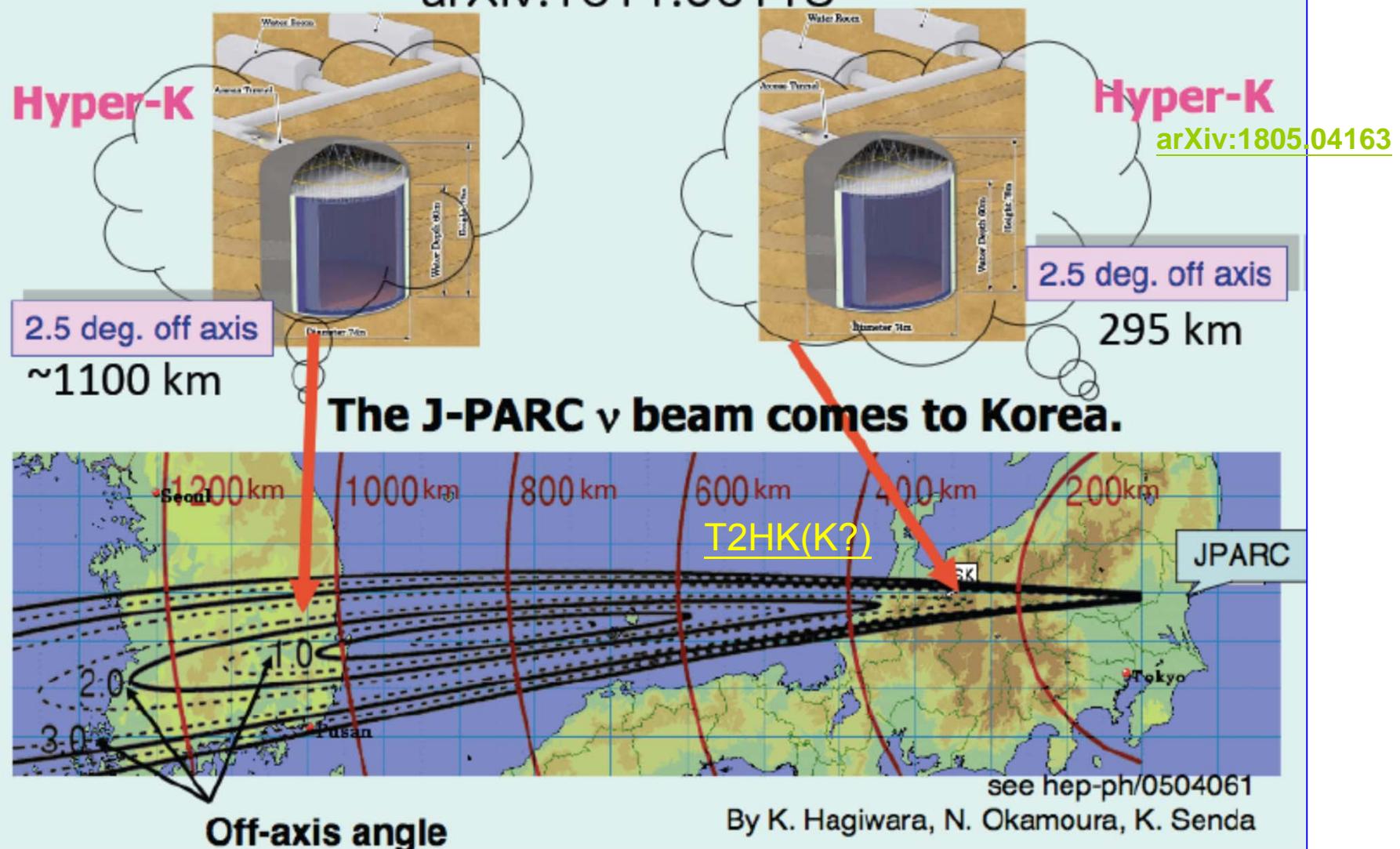


### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

## The 2<sup>nd</sup> Hyper-K Detector in Korea

arXiv:1611.06118

MO &  $\delta_{CP}$



### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

## Neutrino Mixing Angles



photo PRB



2015  
Nobel  
Prize

Atmospheric  
Neutrino Oscillation

$$\theta_{23}$$



$\sim 45^\circ$  (1998)  
Super-K; K2K

Solar Neutrino  
Oscillation

$$\theta_{12}$$



$34^\circ$  (2001)  
SNO, Super-K;  
KamLAND

Reactor Neutrino  
Oscillation

$$\theta_{13}$$



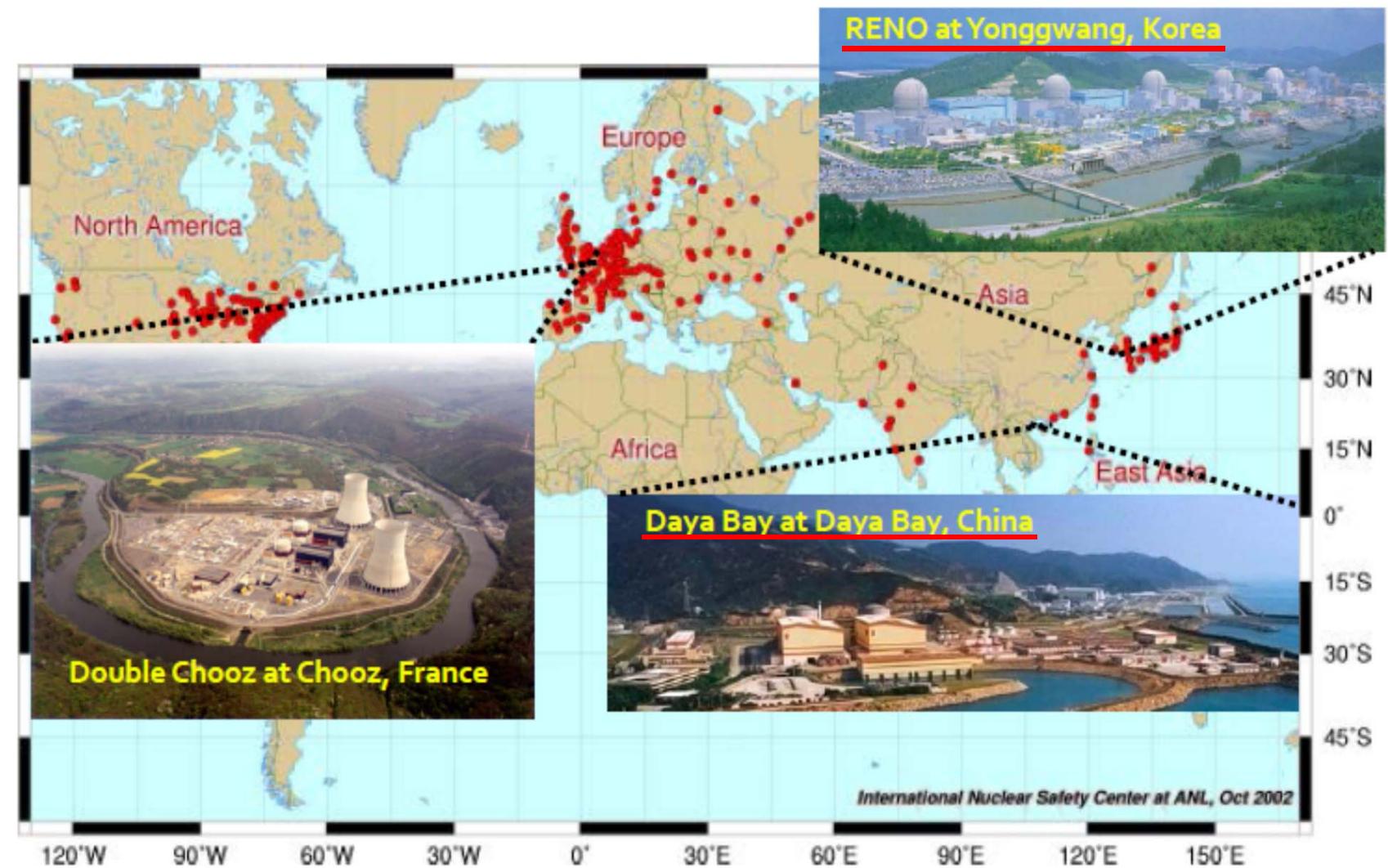
$9^\circ$  (2012)  
Yifang Wang  
Daya Bay, RENO  
Soo-Bong Kim  
Double Chooz  
+ T2K (2011)  
Koichiro Nishikawa

2017  
Pontecorvo  
Prize

“Neutrino has mass”

“Established three-flavor mixing framework”

### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator Reactor $\theta_{13}$ Experiments



### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

## $\theta_{13}$ Impacts for Future Experiments

Success to Successor

Reactor

**RENO-50**

MO = Mass Ordering

**INO**

PINGU

Atmosphere



MO

MO

PINGU

$\theta_{13} \approx 9^\circ$



Accelerator



MO &  $\delta_{CP}$



Success to Successor

Japan  
really  
strong in v



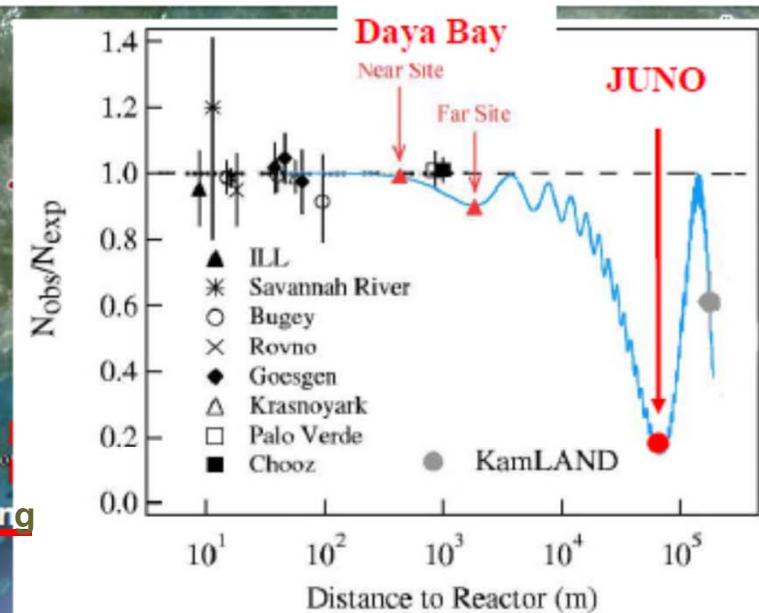
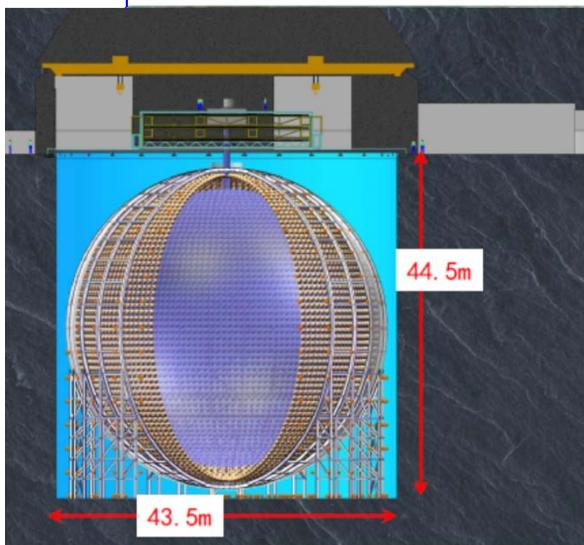
### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

Mass Ordering

## The JUNO Experiment

Success to Successor

NPP	Daya Bay	Huizhou	Lufeng	Yangjiang	Taishan
Status	Operational	Planned	Planned	Under construction	Under construction
Power	17.4 GW	17.4 GW	17.4 GW	17.4 GW	18.4 GW



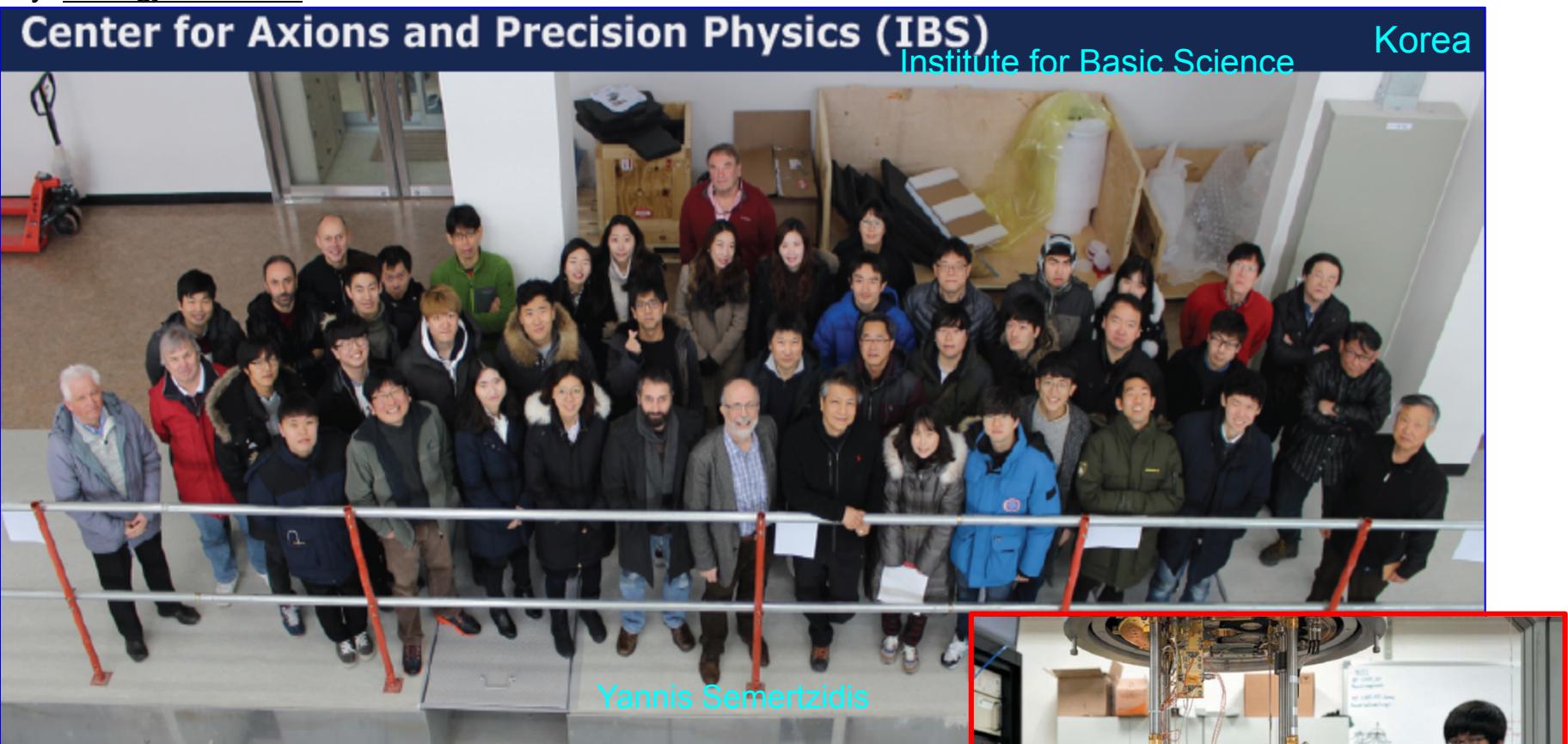
by 2020: 26.6 GW

Yifang Wang, Pub. Lect. @ LP2017

Courtesy: Youngjoon Kwon

### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

**Center for Axions and Precision Physics (IBS)** Institute for Basic Science Korea



Yannis Semertzidis

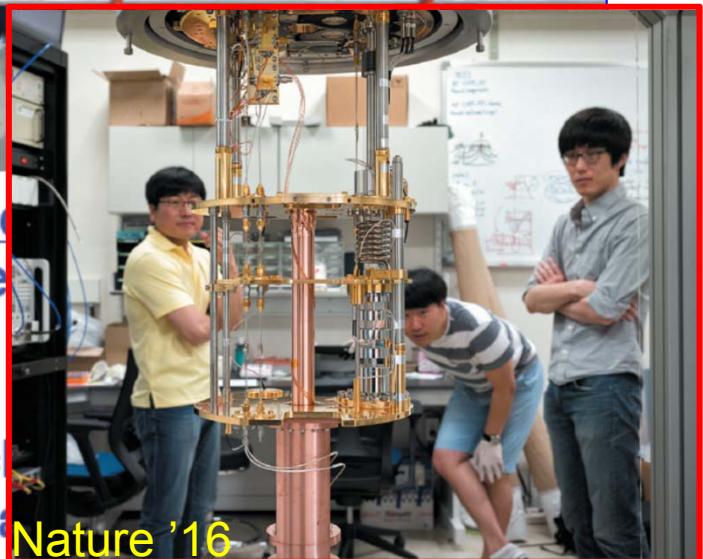
**Physics**

- Axion Search
- Proton EDM
- Muon g-2 experiment
- mu2e experiment
- Precision Physics

Proposal Fermilab COMET

**Human Resources**

- 25 research faculty
- 20 students
- 5 staffs
- Engineers/technicians
- Visiting scholars

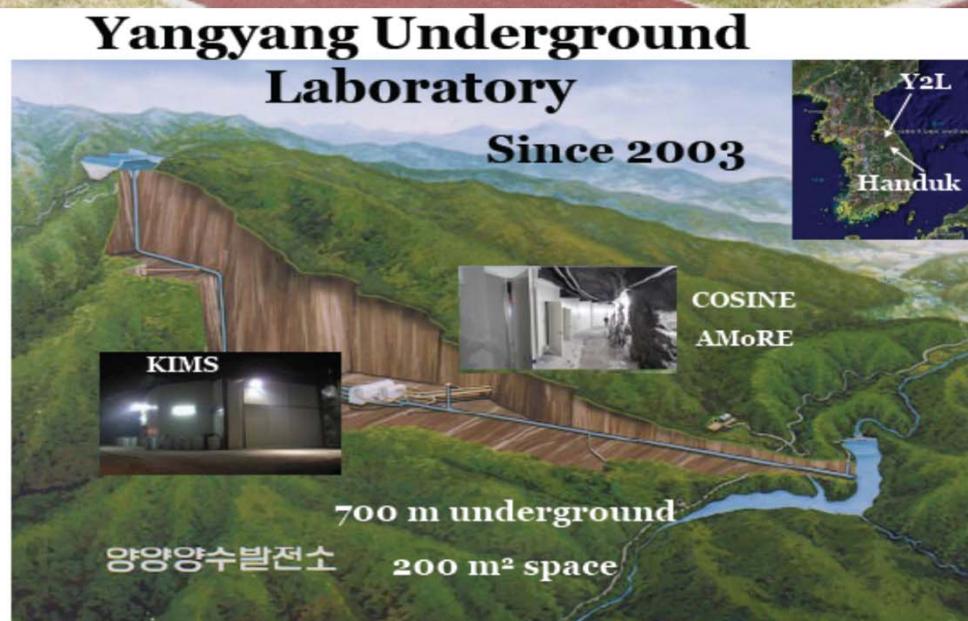
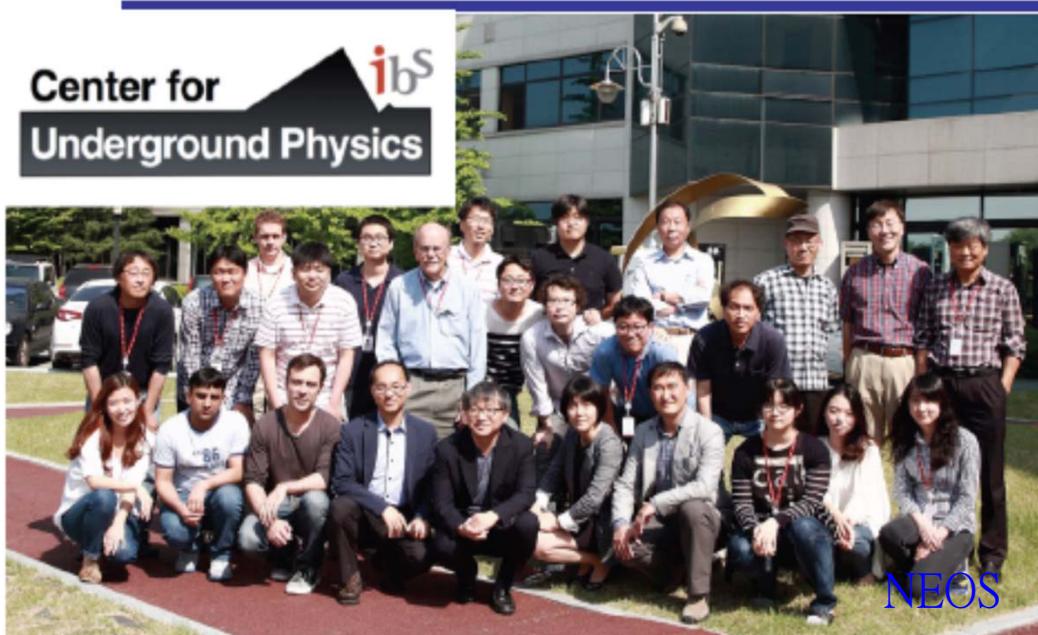


Nature '16

Courtesy: Youngjoon Kwon

### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

Korea



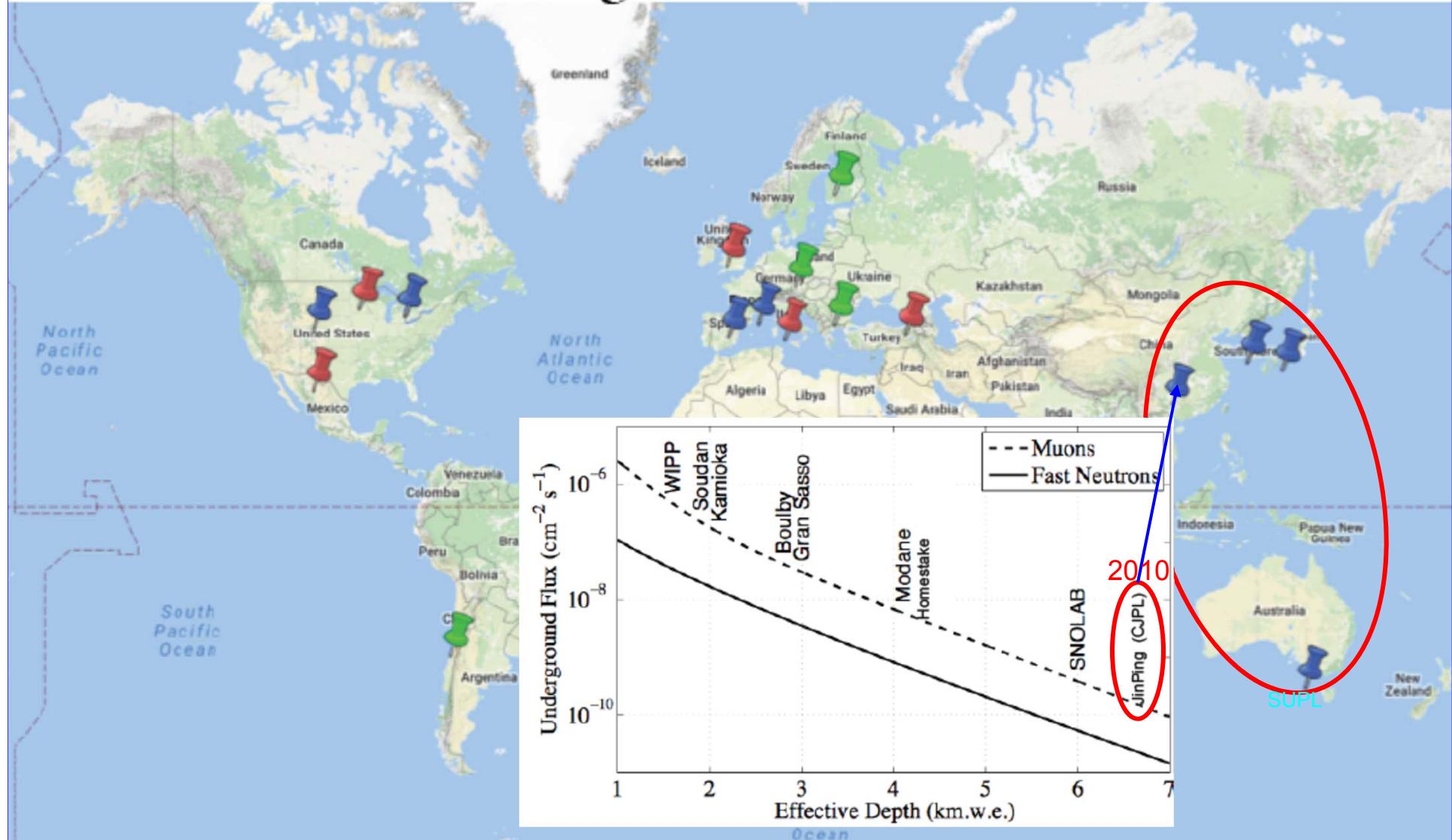
COSINE-100  
COSINE-200  
(NaI / DAMA)  
NEOS (SBL)

AMoRE-II @ Handuk mine  
~200 kg X-MoO<sub>4</sub> crystals



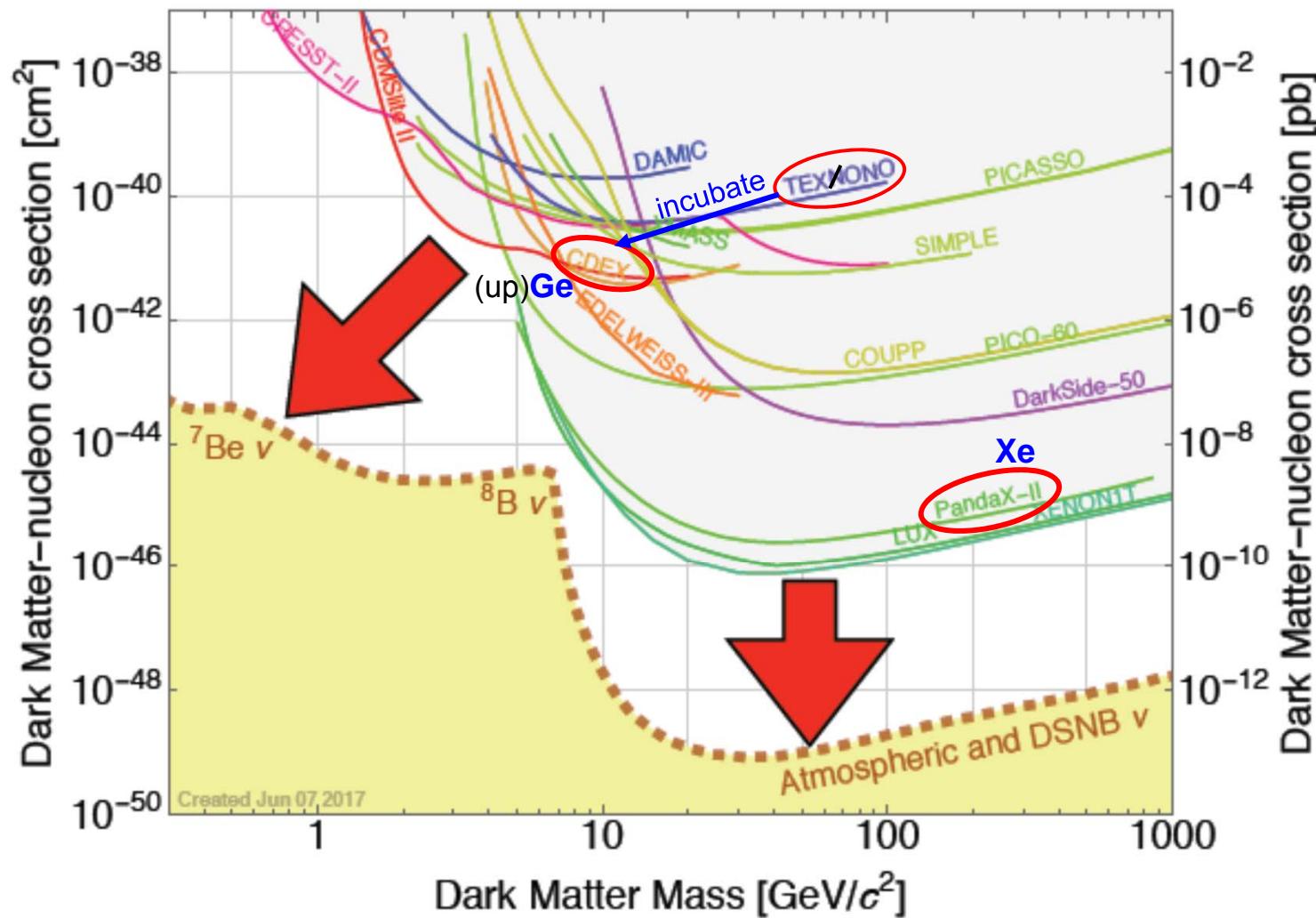
### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

## World Underground Facilities



### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator

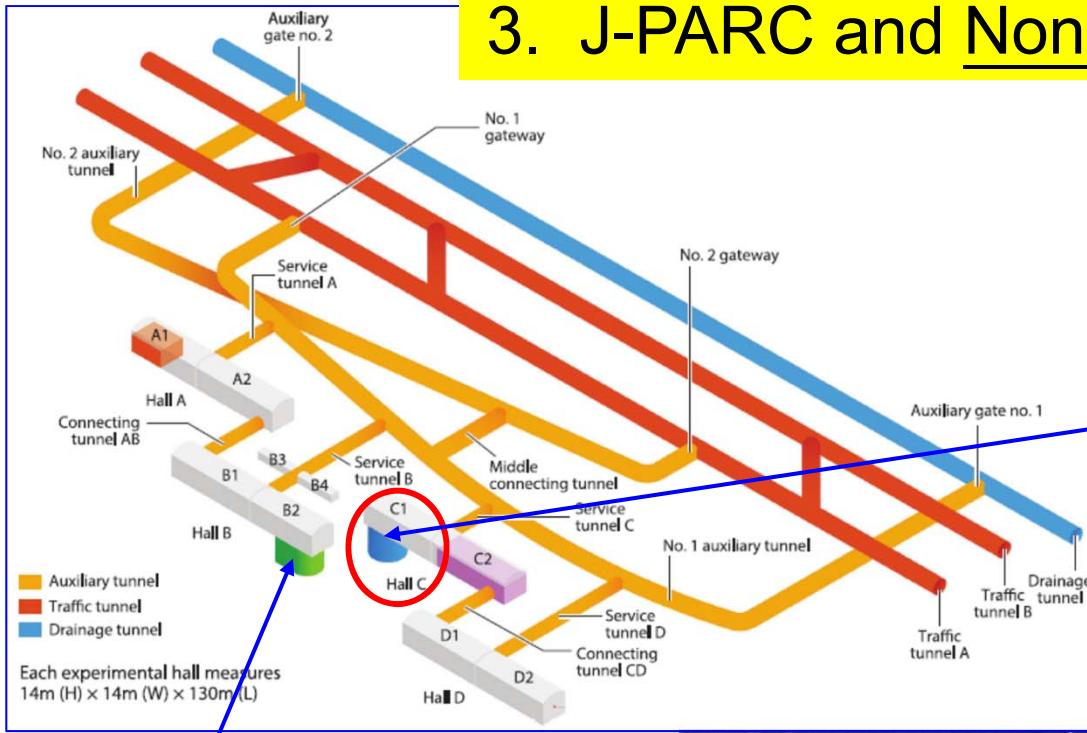
# Current Landscape



CJPL-I



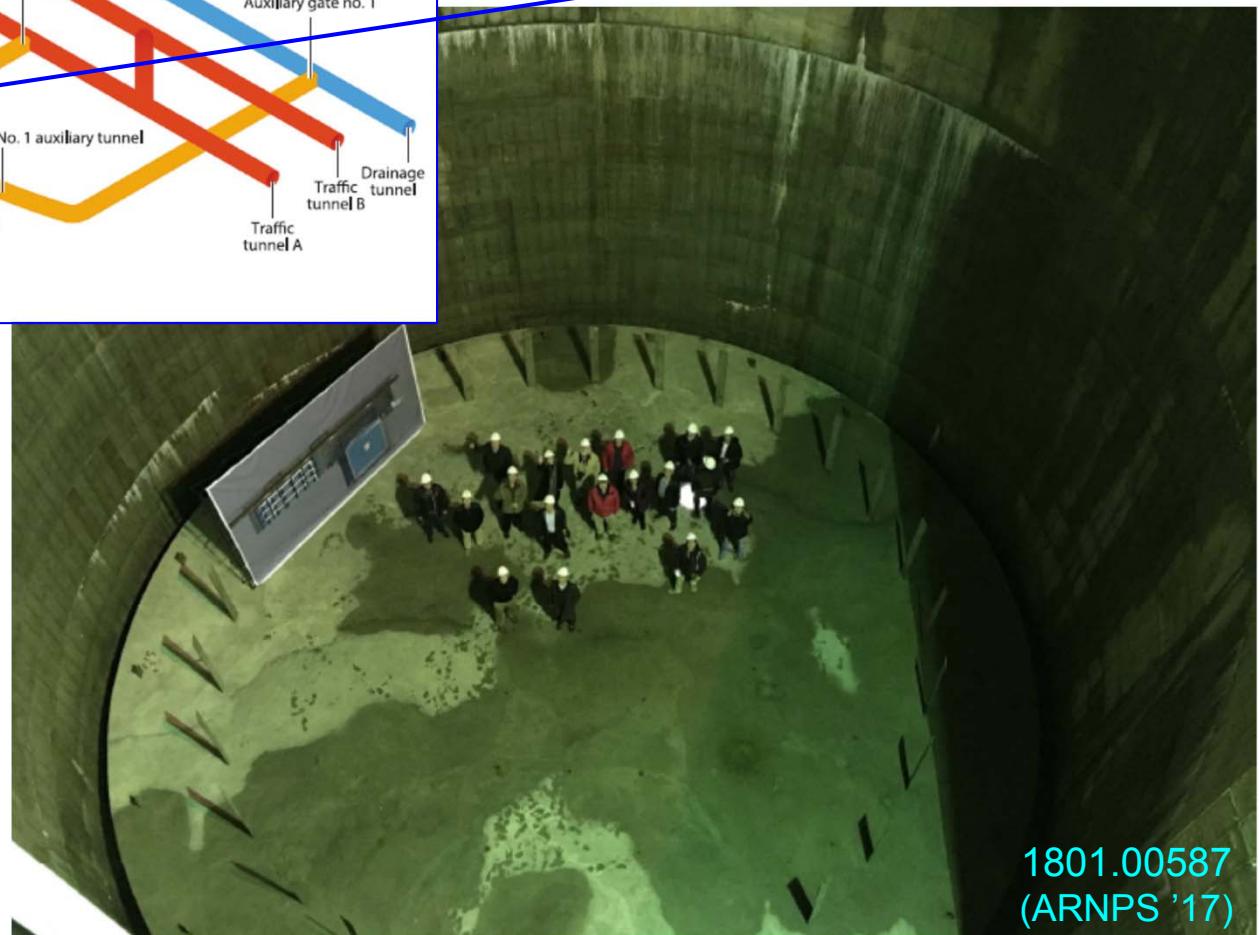
### 3. J-PARC and Non-Accelerator



PandaX

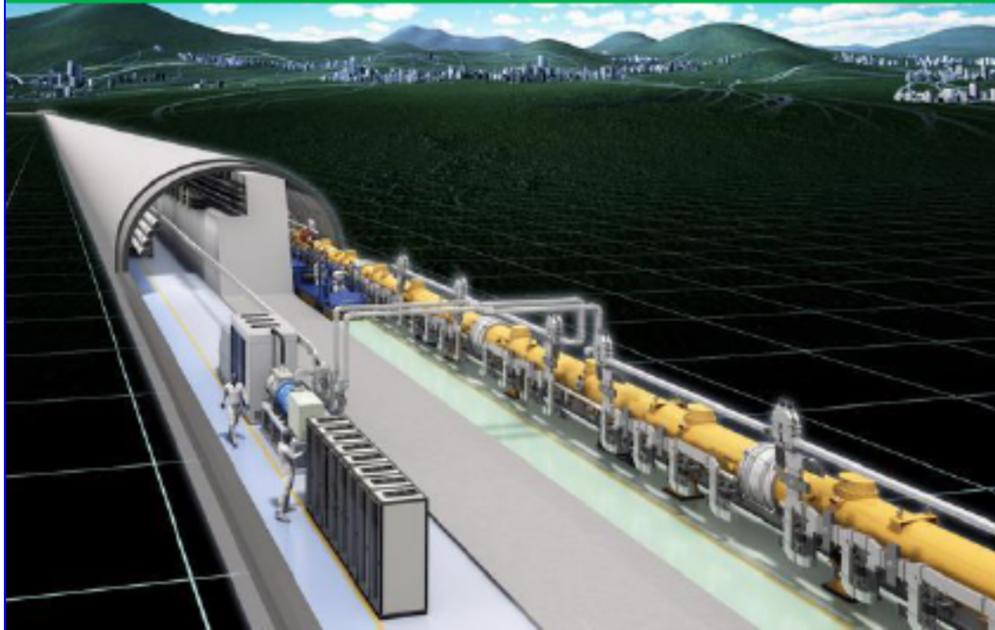
N.B. Leave out Particle  
Astro and Space ...

CDEX Hall @ CJPL-II



## 4.1. The Hopefuls: ILC

# ILC (International Linear Collider)



Discovery of the 125 GeV Higgs Boson at LHC in 2012

⇒ obvious physics target (Higgs is a portal of physics beyond the Standard Model)  
⇒ triggered early construction of the ILC

ILC Site Candidate Location in Japan:  
**Kitakami**

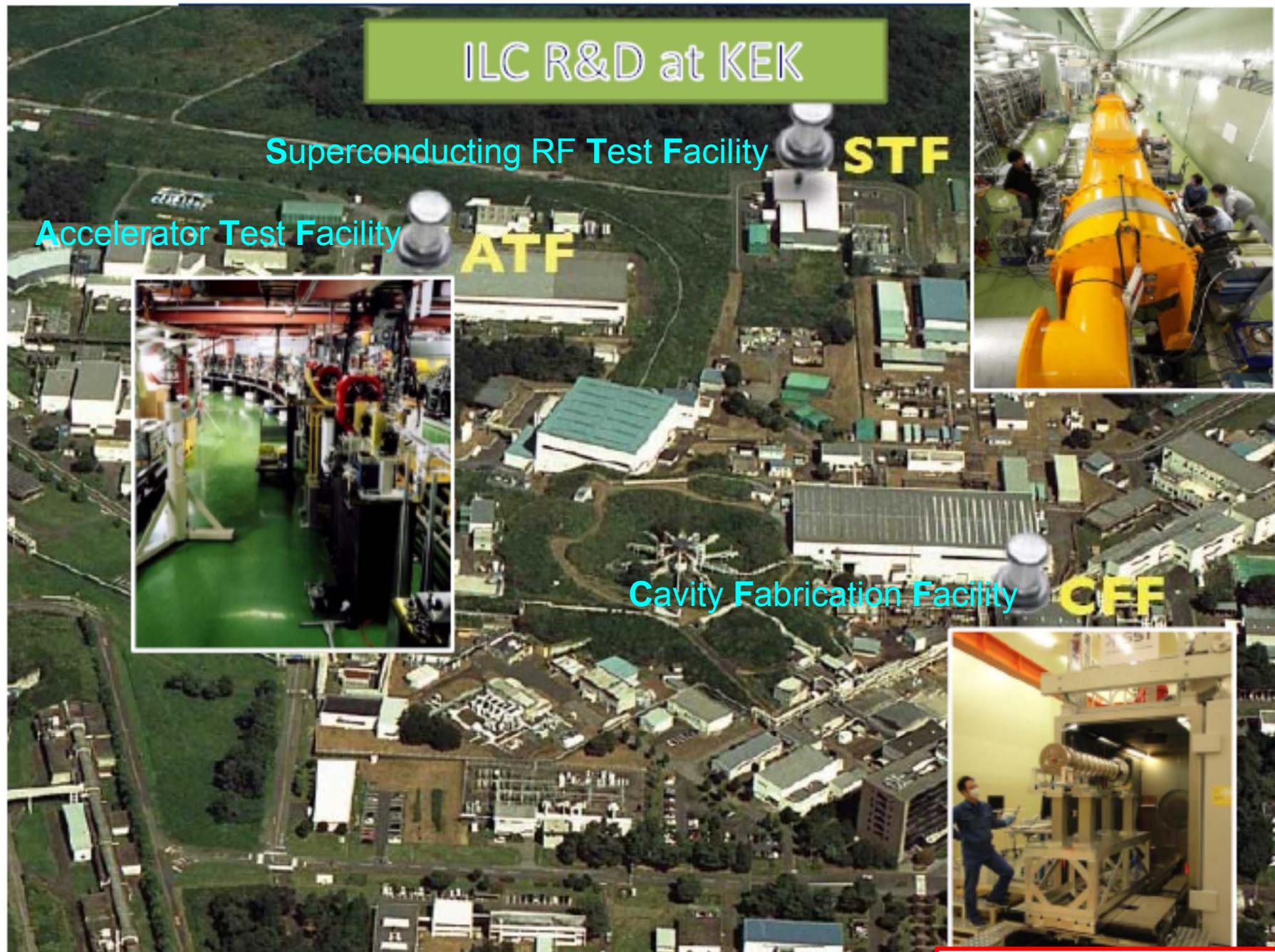
Earthquake-proof stable bedrock of granite.  
No faults cross the line.

Advantages of linear colliders

- (1) No energy loss due to synchrotron radiation  
(c.f. Circular Colliders  
 $-\Delta E/\text{turn} \propto (E/m)^4 R^{-1}$ )
- (2) **Energy extendability:**  
length, (gradient)  $\Rightarrow$  energy
- (3) Beam Polarization

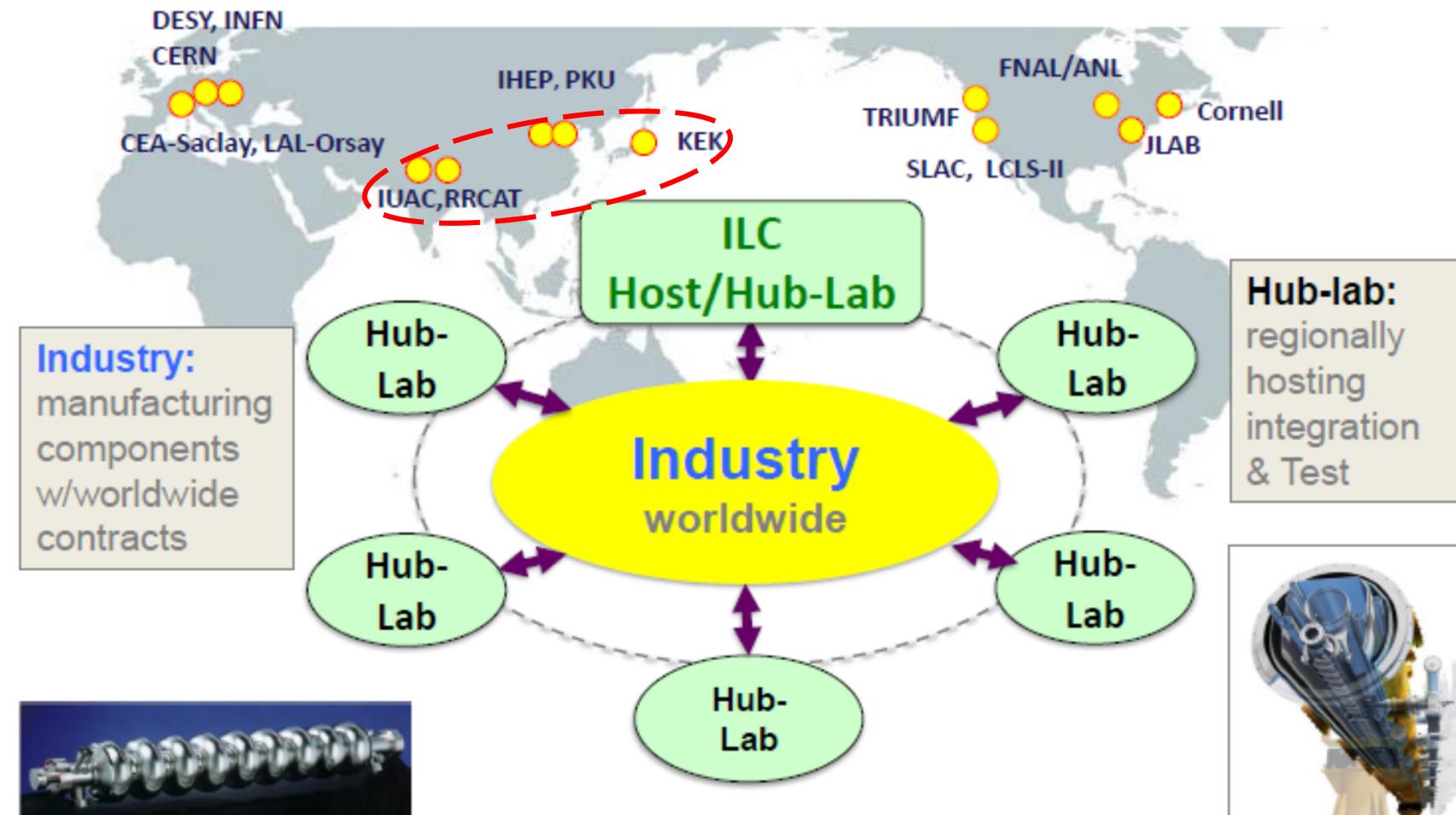


Sachio Komamiya @ DPF2017



→ [Yasuhiro Okada, next talk](#)

# ILC SRF Global Integration Model



2017 ICFA seminar (Nov. 8, 2017)

30

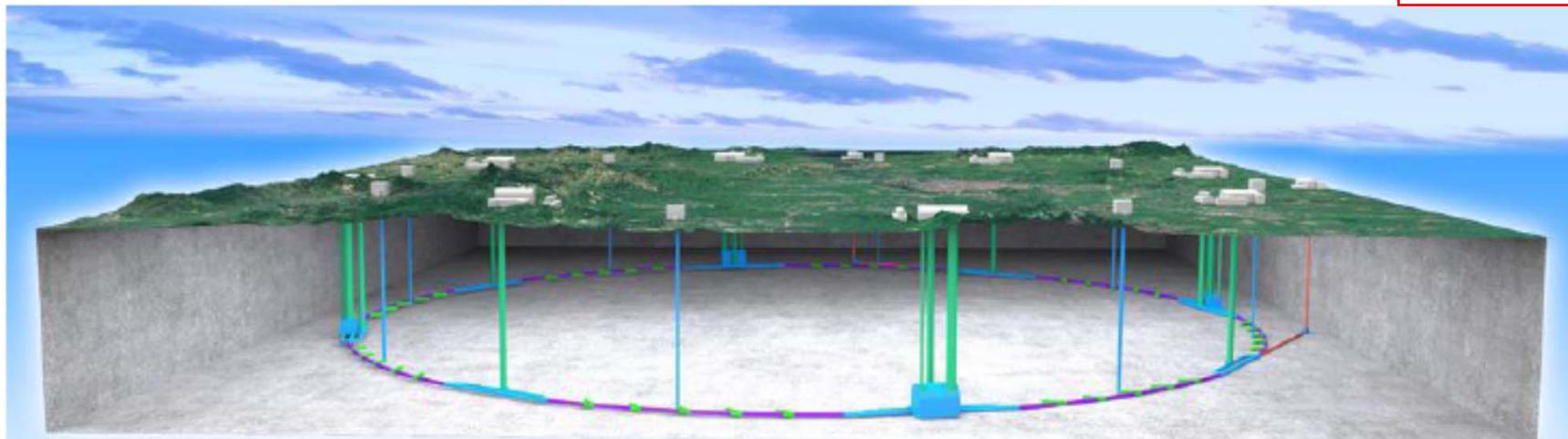
## 4.2. The Hopefuls: CEPC(-SppC)

# CEPC: A Higgs Factory

→ Yifang Wang, Monday

- Since 2005, we were discussing the next machine after BEPC/BEPCII
- Thanks to the low mass Higgs, there is the possibility to build a Higgs Factory: Circular e+e- Collider(CEPC)
  - Looking for Hints (from Higgs) → direct searches
  - The tunnel can allow us to build pp, AA, ep colliders in the far future:  
Super proton-proton Collider(SppC)

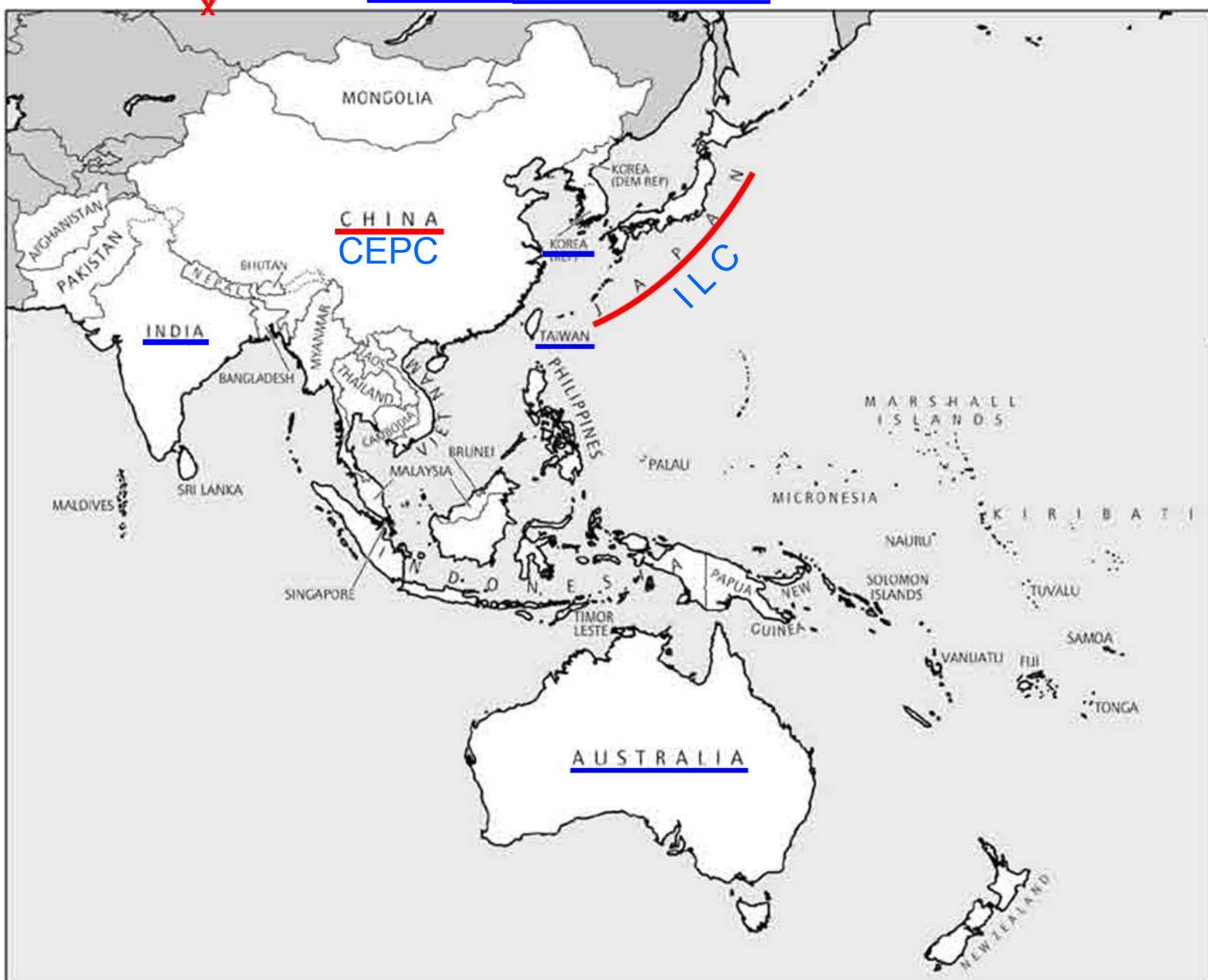
LEP100  
↓ FCC  
LHC100



We had B-factories, c-factories,  $\phi$ -factories, Z-factories in the past. It is very natural to think about Higgs factories

Yifang Wang, Pub. Lect. @ LP2017

## AsiaHEP Member States



## 5. Amalgamation of ACFA/AsiaHEP

### Timeline of xCFA's:

- 1963 (or 67): ECFA (Weisskopf as CERN DG)
- 1976: ICFA
- 1996: ACFA (Sugawara + ZP Zheng,  
i.e. KEK + IHEP)
- 2012: - AsiaHEP (before h(125))

CERN LIBRARIES, GENEVA



CM-P00100105

7 January, 1963

**ECFA**

EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR FUTURE ACCELERATORS

REPORT 1967

ACCELERATOR MEETING

Geneva - 20 December, 1962

a larger machine

begin with a rather large diameter

MINUTES

Chairman: Prof. V.F. Weisskopf

Dr. J.B. Adams  
Prof. E. Amaldi  
Mr. J.H. Bannier  
Prof. W. Gentner  
Prof. C. Müller  
Prof. F. Perrin  
Prof. C.F. Powell  
Mr. F. de Rose

CERN Officials: Prof. G. Bernardini  
Mr. S.A.ff Dakin  
Dr. P. Germain  
Dr. M.G.N. Hine  
Dr. K. Johnsen  
Prof. G. Puppi

5318/e

## 5. Amalgamation of ACFA/AsiaHEP

Timeline of xCFA's:

- 1963 (or 67): ECFA (Weisskopf as CERN DG)
- 1976: ICFA
- 1996: ACFA (Sugawara + ZP Zheng,  
i.e. KEK + IHEP)
- 2012: - AsiaHEP (before h(125))

put ACFA back in line  
w/ "xCFA" namesake

a step forward  
on 2/2018  
(together w/  
Geoff Taylor)

→ AsiaAC?

Accelerator Consortium  
[LightSource & NeutronSource]  
(for mutual benefit)

Timing & Vision

Timeframe: European Strategy Update



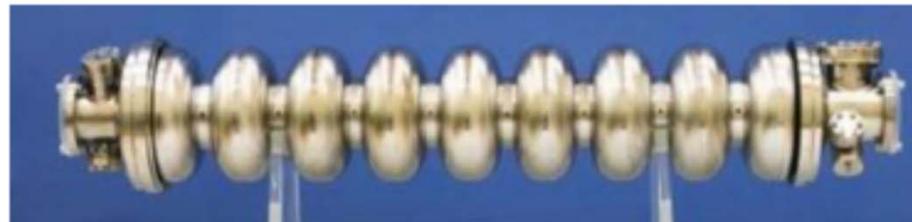
# Summary

- Asia's Economic footprint looms large
- Asia HEP expanding rapidly
- Let's HELP realize ILC in Japan
- Let's HELP realize CEPC(-SppC) in China
- **ACFA** needs to restore to xCFA namesake,  
but maintain LS/NS base, for mutual benefit



# US-Japan cost reduction

Shin Michizono @ LCWS2017



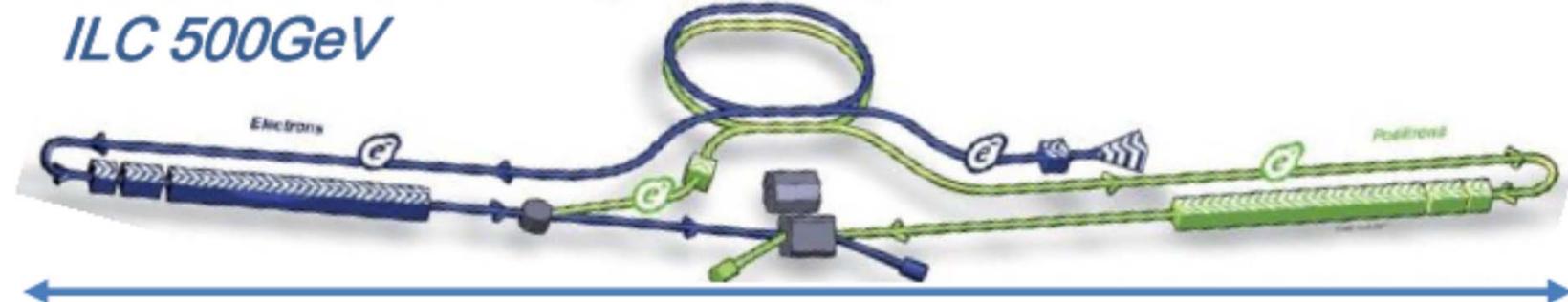
*Cost reduction by technological innovation*

SCRF improvements:  $O(10\%)$

*Innovation of Nb (superconducting) material process: decrease in material cost*

*Innovative surface processing for high efficiency cavity by FNAL: decrease in number of cavities*

## Staging



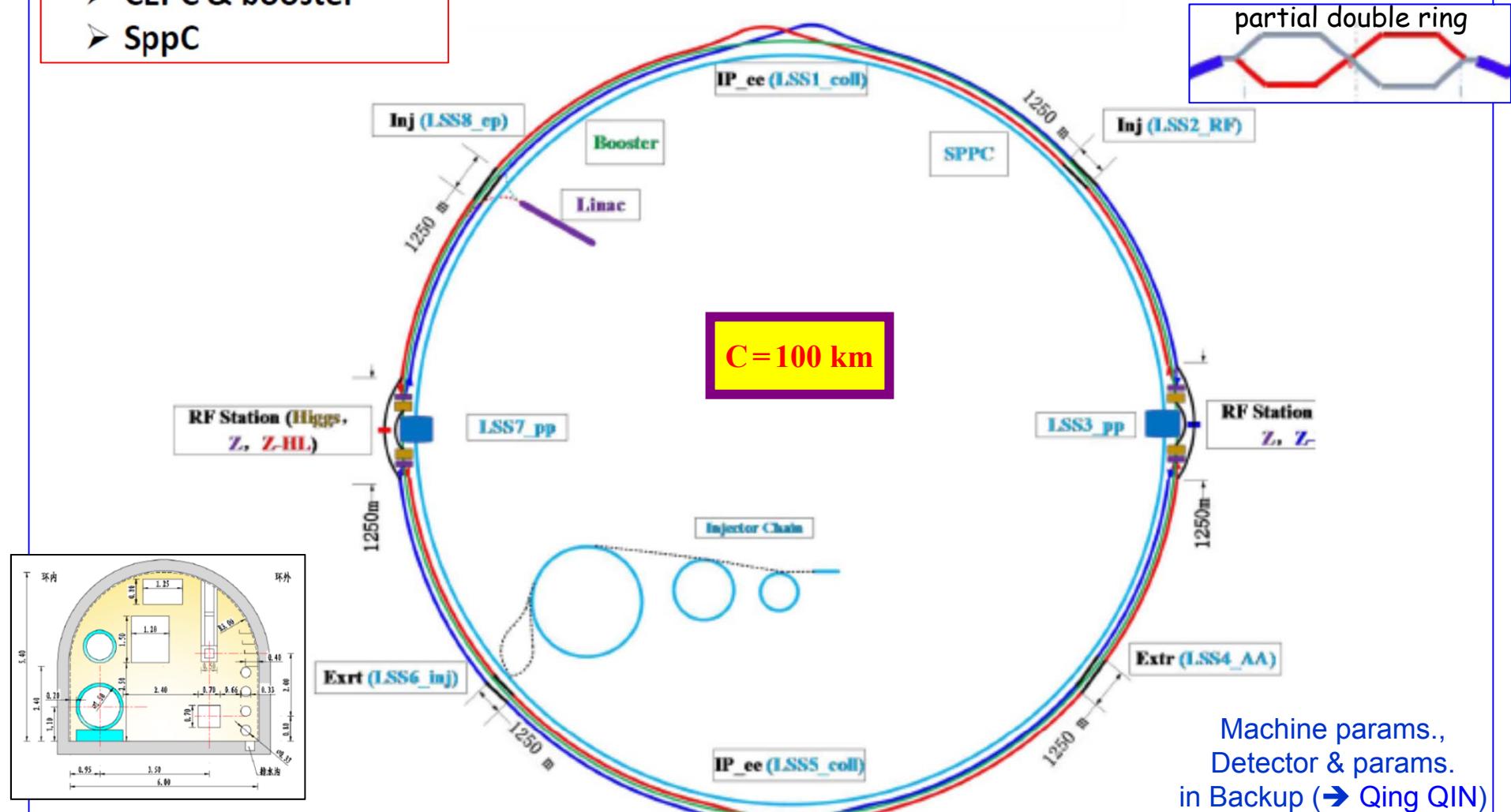
# World wide Labs for SRF system



3 machines in one tunnel:  
 ➤ CEPC & booster  
 ➤ SppC

## Layout of CEPC-SPPC

CDR 2017



Layout and hardware satisfying both the Z and the H programs

$$L = 2 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} (\text{at } E_{\text{cm}} = 240 \text{ GeV})$$

$$L = 1 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} (\text{at } E_{\text{cm}} = 91 \text{ GeV})$$

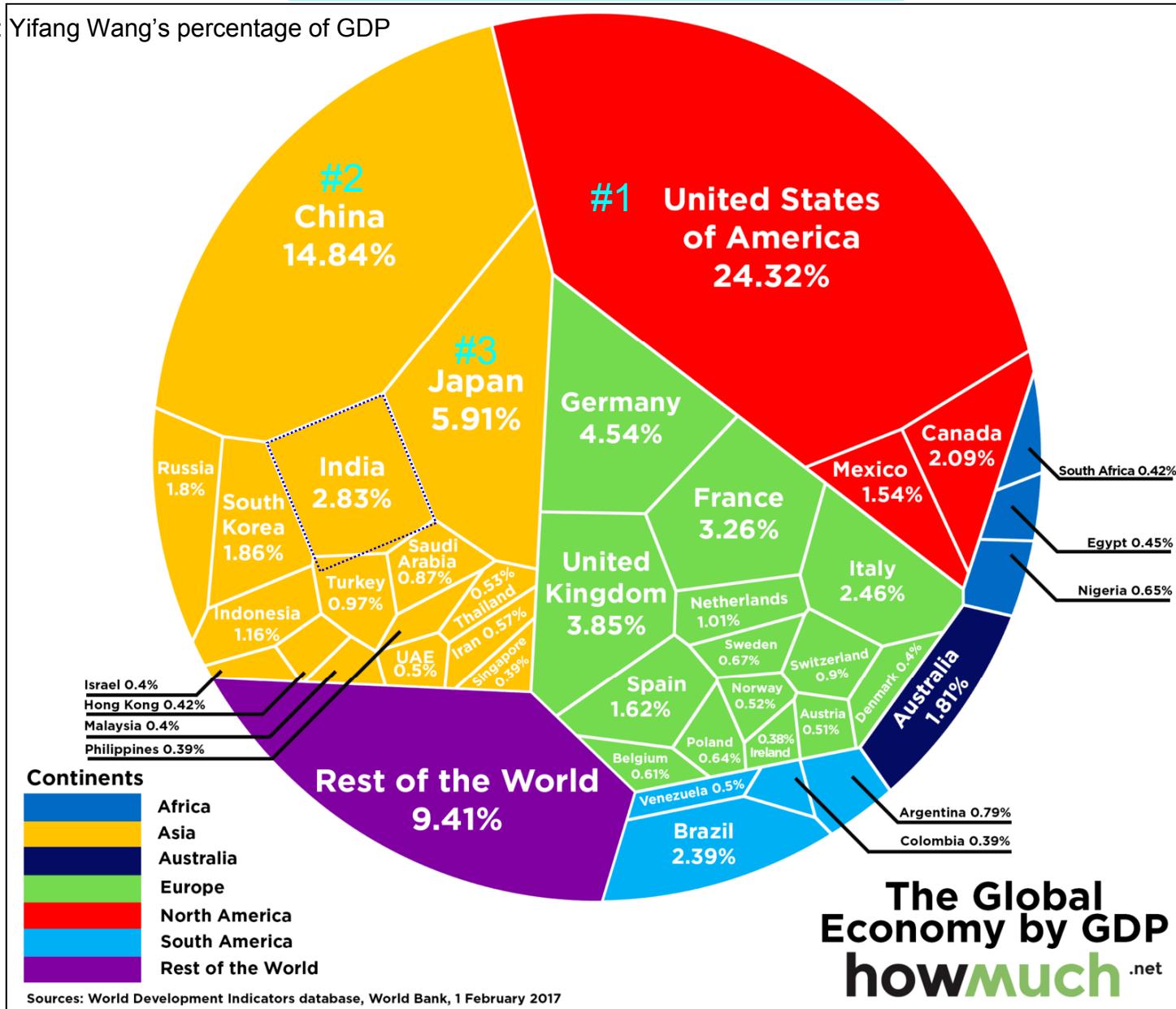
10

Xinchou Lou @ LP2017

# It's the Economy ...

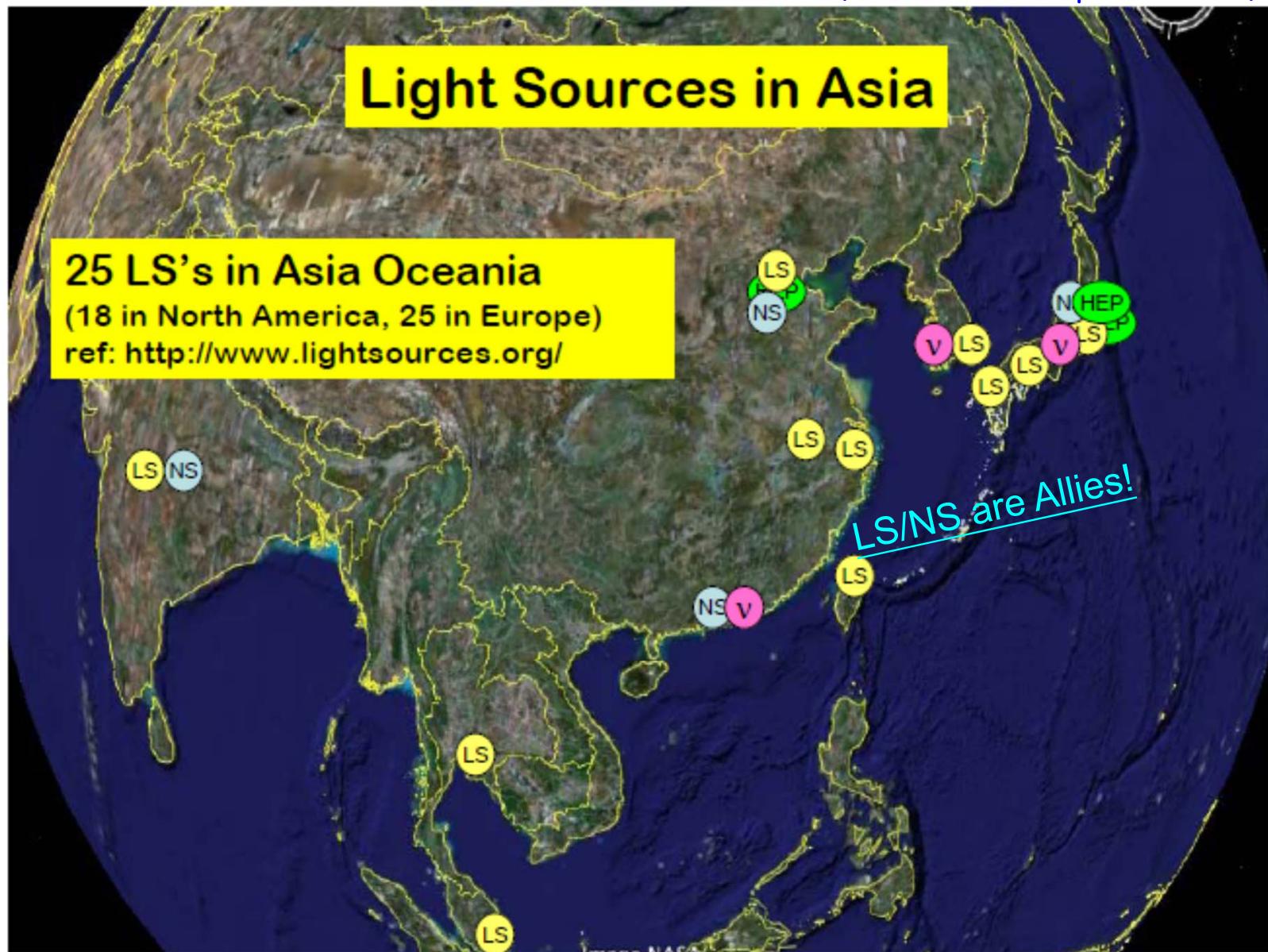
+ Technology/Manpower

in backup: Yifang Wang's percentage of GDP



The “Asia Condition”

(diff. from Europe in 1960's)



Mitsuaki Nozaki @ 2008 ICFA Seminar