



Report from Technical Coordination

Karsten Buesser

ILD Phone Meeting
09.05.2018

ILD Integration



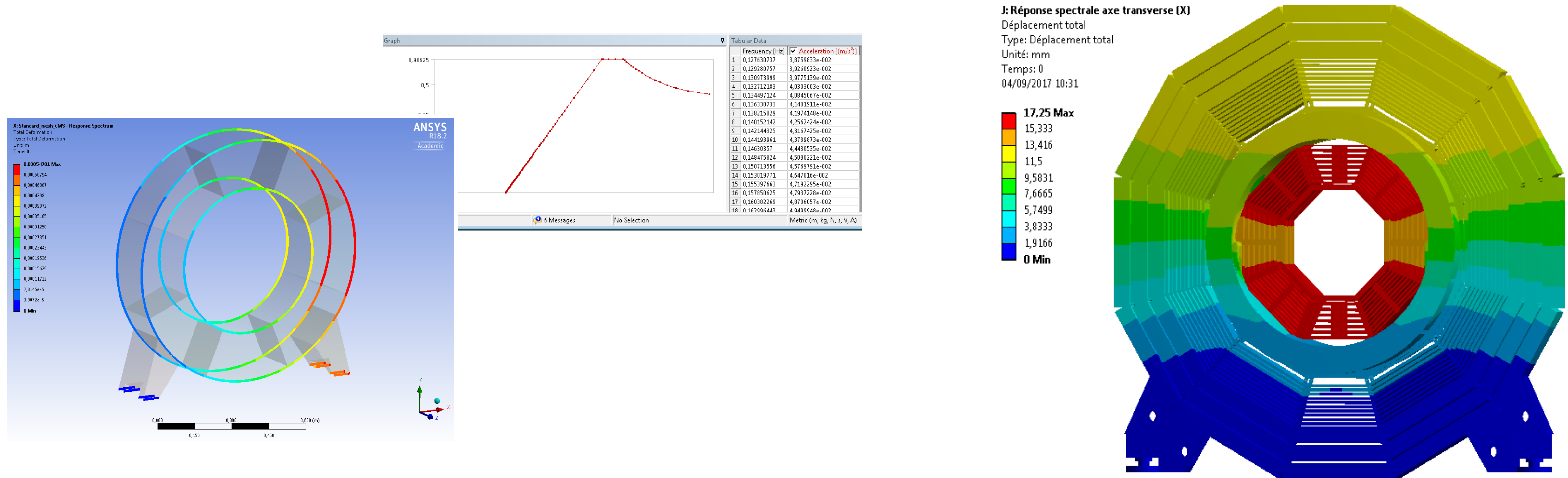
- Update fully integrated ILD model
- ILD Integration Task Force (Kick-off meeting in February at LAL)
- Bottom-up process based on information from sub-detectors:
 - Interface Control Documents
- Input from dedicated task forces
 - Central Design and Integration Group
 - ad-hoc technical groups
 - mechanical simulations (seismic events)
 - cables and services
- Cooperation with global efforts
 - ILC infrastructure groups (dedicated workshops)
 - SiD
 - ILC machine groups



Subdetector	
VTX	in progress
SIT/FTD/ETD	in progress
TPC	draft on EDMS
Si-ECAL	draft on EDMS
Sc-ECAL	draft on EDMS
A-HCAL	discussions have started
SD-HCAL	in progress
FCAL	draft on EDMS
Yoke/Muon	???
ILD Conventions/Rules	draft on EDMS

Mechanical Simulations

- At least two groups have started to look into impact of seismic events on ILD subdetectors



- Cross-check of simulations by exchange of models still pending
- Standard description for earthquake spectra is now on EDMS

Maximum displacement:
17,3 mm
 Smallest gap between ECAL rings along z:
0,98 mm
 Smallest gap between ECAL module along phi: **1,89mm**

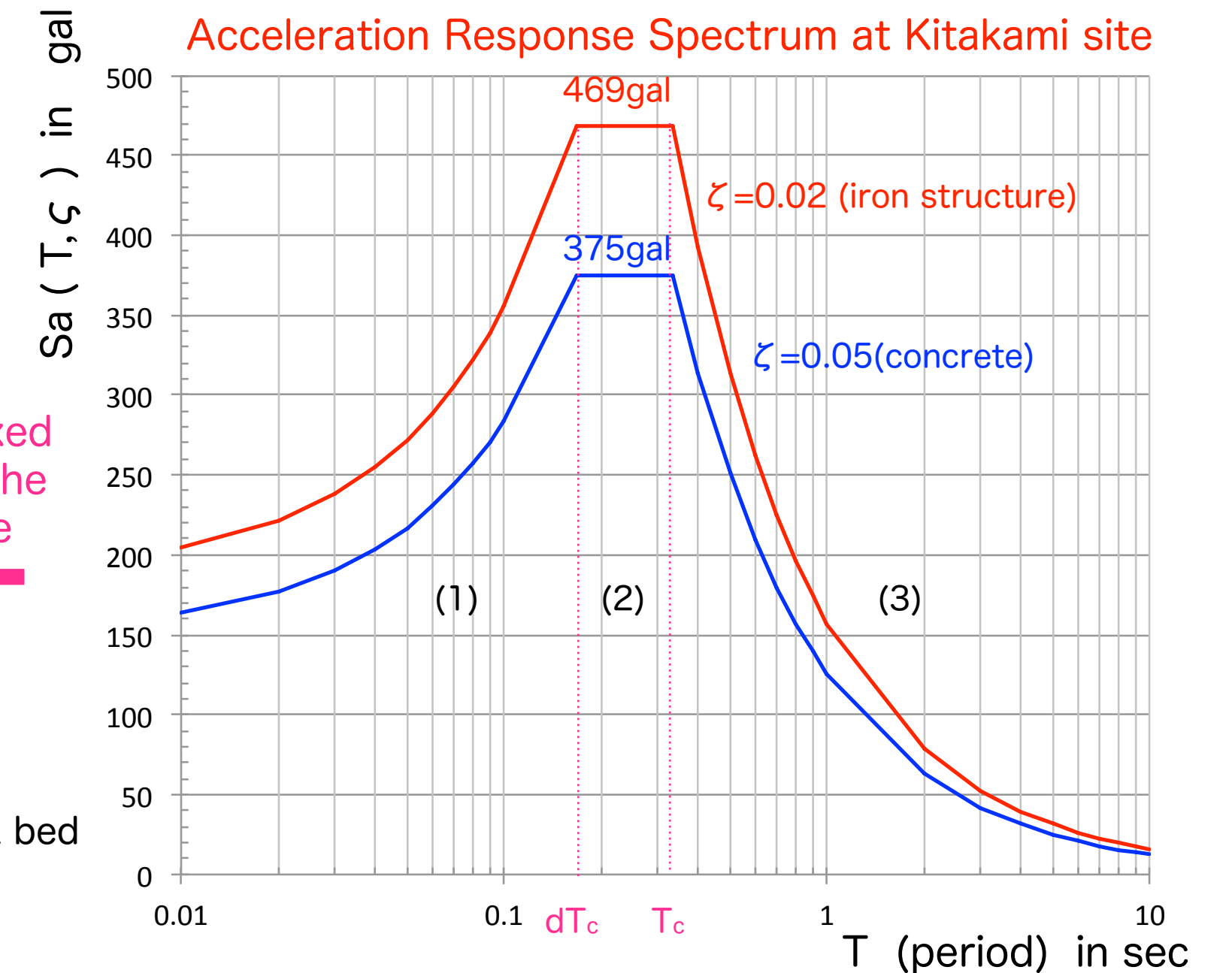
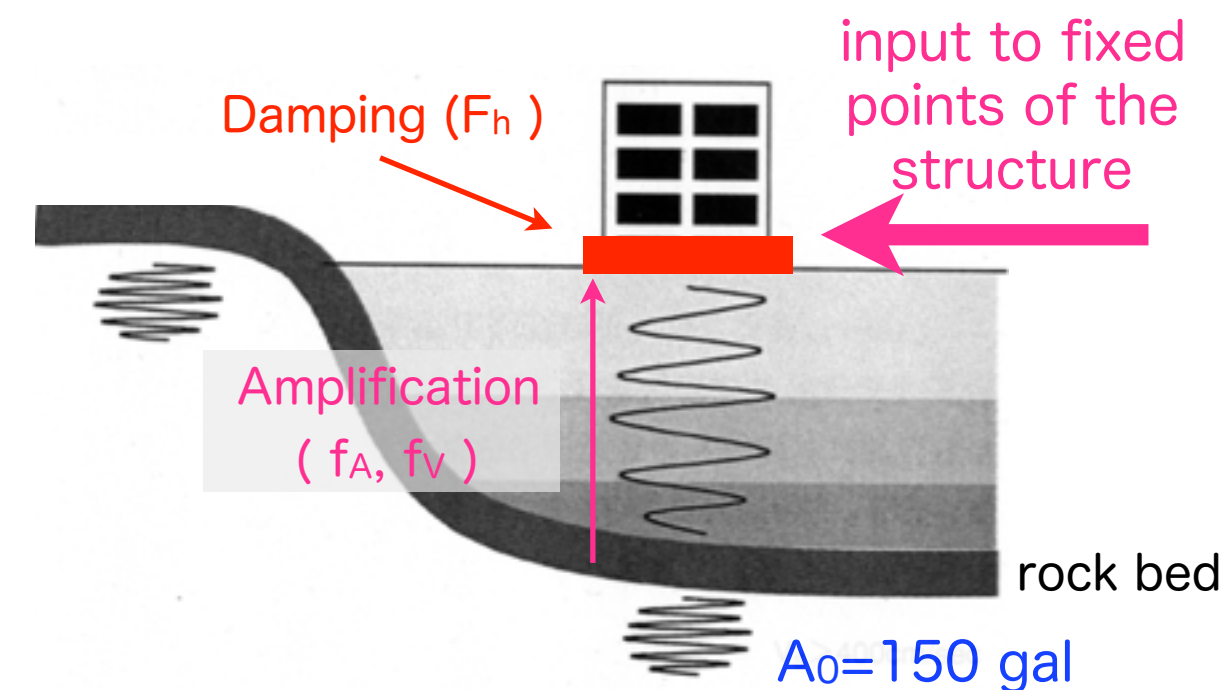
Standard Earthquake Spectra in Kitakami

- Assembled by T. Tauchi
- Details on EDMS:
 - D*1164345
 - or follow WBS tree on edmsdirect.desy.de

Seismic Analysis with the class-1 geology (hard soil)

following the guideline of construction loads by Architectural Institute of Japan, also ISO3010

Kitakami is a site with hard soil.



Site-dependent parameters in seismic analysis for hard soil

- A_0 (150 at Kitakami site): Basic maximum acceleration of ground motion
- V_0 ($A_0/15$ hard): Basic maximum velocity of ground motion
- R_A (1.0 hard): conversion coefficient of recurrence intervals (std:100y) of the maximum acceleration
- R_V (1.0 hard): conversion coefficient of recurrence intervals (std:100y) of the maximum velocity
- G_A (1.0 hard): site-dependent (ground type) correction factor of the maximum acceleration
- G_V (1.0 hard): site-dependent (ground type) correction factor of the maximum velocity
- F_h (1.25/1.0 hard): Correction factor by damping, $1.5/(1+10\zeta)$ with $\zeta=0.02/0.05$ for steel/concrete
- f_A (2.5 hard): ratio of $G_A R_A A_0$ of $S_a(T, \zeta)$ in $dT_c < T < T_c$, amplification factor
- f_V (2.0 hard): ratio of $G_V R_V V_0$ of the velocity spectrum $S_v(T, \zeta) = S_a(T, \zeta)T/2\pi$ in $T_c < T$, amplification factor
- d (0.5 hard): dT_c/T_c , ratio of lower bound of period (dT_c) relative to the upper one ($T_c=0.33$ sec hard) in the constant $S_a(T, \zeta)$

$$(1) 0 \leq T \leq dT_c : S_a = \left(1 + \frac{f_A - 1}{d} \frac{T}{T_c}\right) F_h G_A R_A A_0$$

$$(2) dT_c \leq T \leq T_c : S_a = f_A F_h G_A R_A A_0$$

$$(3) T_c \leq T : S_a = \frac{2\pi f_V F_h G_V R_V V_0}{T}$$

(constant velocity spectrum)

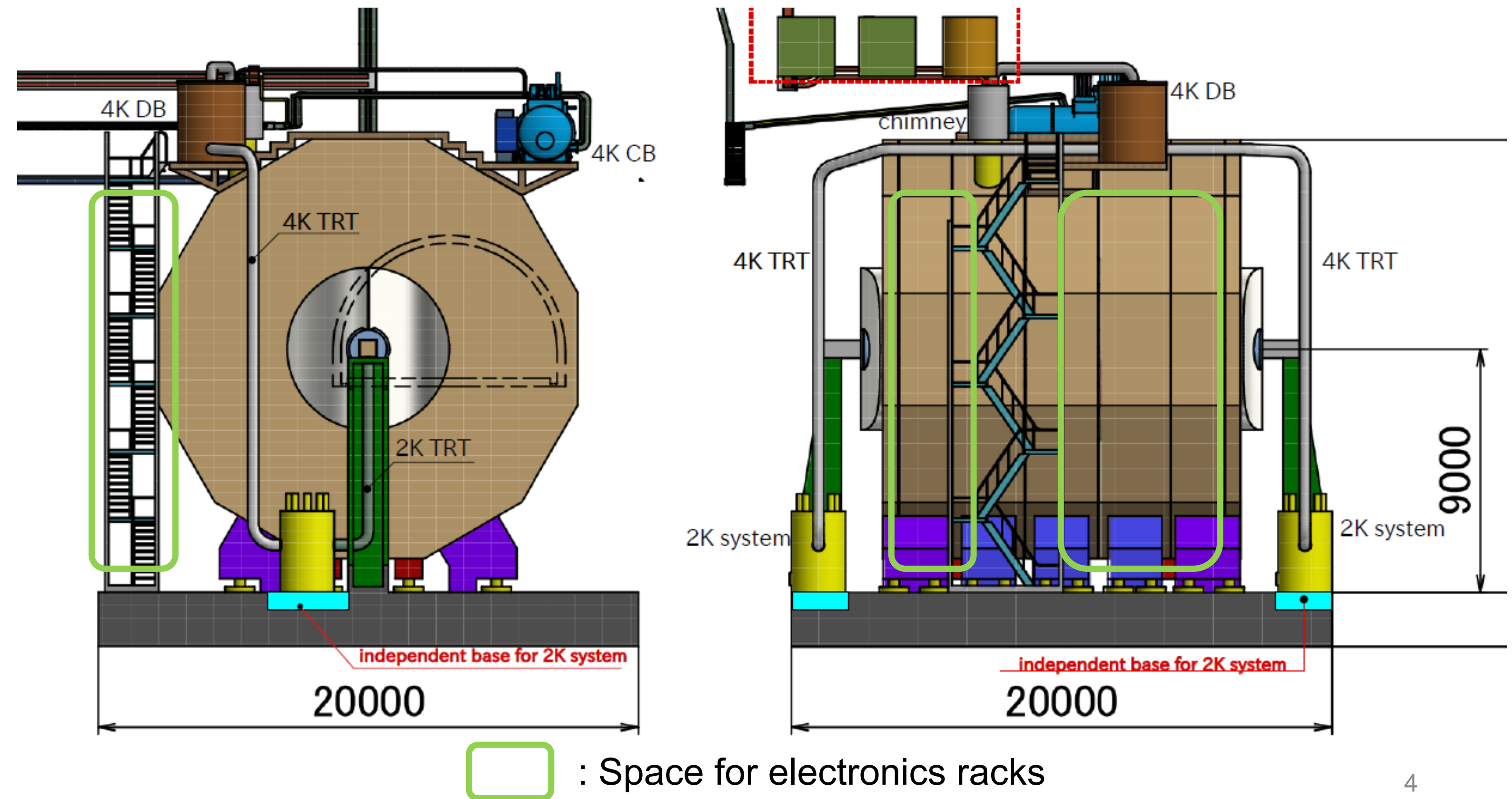
$$T_c = \frac{2\pi f_V G_V R_V V_0}{f_A G_A R_A A_0} = 0.33 \text{sec}$$

$$dT_c = 0.17 \text{sec for } d = 0.5$$

$$\text{Frequency: } f = \frac{1}{T} \quad \text{Displacement: } x(f, \zeta) = \frac{S_a(T, \zeta)}{(2\pi f)^2}$$

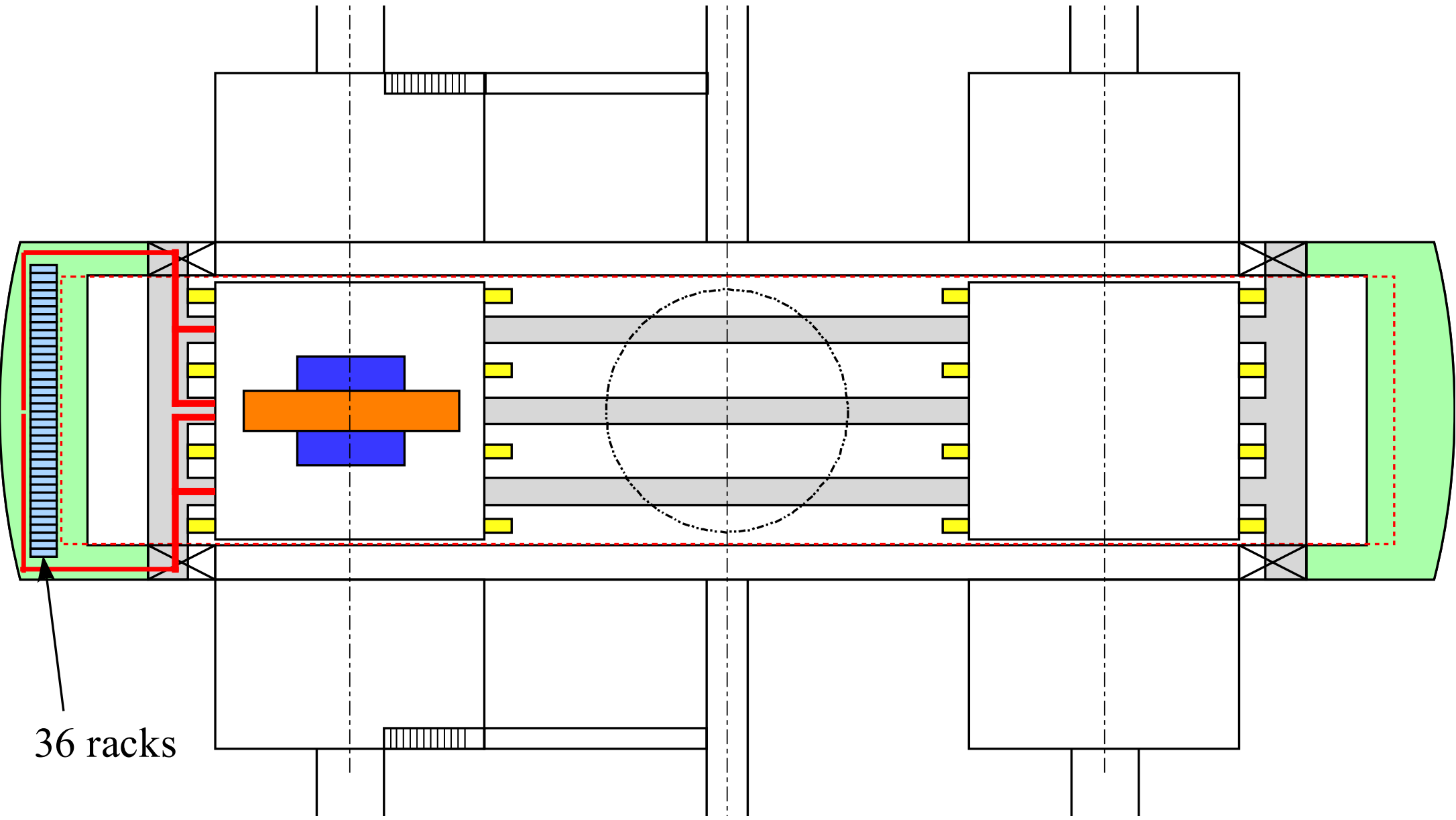
Detector Utilities and Services

- ILD technical description gets more realistic
- Input from realistic sub-system prototypes
- Planning for ILD environments (halls, infrastructure) advances
- Need to close the loop urgently!

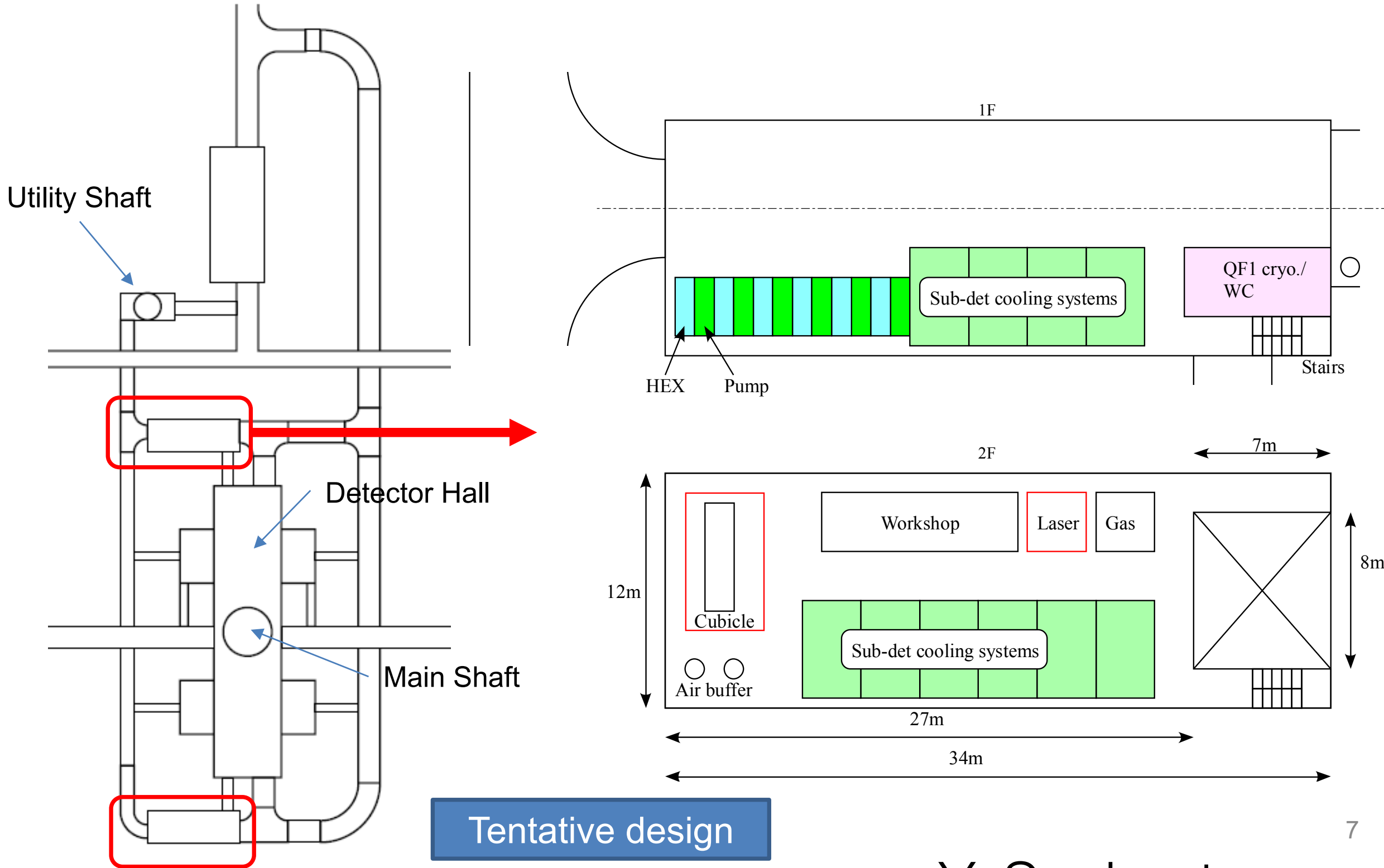


Service gallery

- 3F-5F



Utility/service cavern



Y. Sugimoto

Items to be clarified

- Electronics (19 inch) racks
 - Number and location (platform, service gallery, or somewhere else)
 - AC power (Quite large power consumption (>1 MW) for CMS or ATLAS. What about in the ILD case?)
 - Heat loss (= AC power-DC power to the detector)
- Sub-detector cooling system
 - Location (Utility/Service Cavern?) and space requirement
 - Request for the cooling water (LCW, chilled, or normal?, how much power?) for the 2nd loop of the cooling system
- Gas system
 - Location and space requirement
- Laser system
 - Location (Utility/Service Cavern?) and area
- PC farm for data processing (data reduction, event build, etc.)
 - Location (Underground or surface?) and area
 - AC power consumption

Items to be clarified

- An excel file for survey is under construction

			VTX	SIT	FTD	TPC	ECAL	AHCAL	SDHCAL	Muon	FCAL	PC farm	Off-line	Solenoid	QF1	
Electronics Racks	Platform	Number														
		AC power (kW) Heat loss (kW)														
	Service gallery	Number														
		AC power (kW) Heat loss (kW)														
U/S cavern	Number															
	AC power (kW) Heat loss (kW)															
Surface	Number															
	AC power (kW) Heat loss (kW)															
Sub-detector cooling system	Space requirement	Location														
		WxDxH (m ³) AC power (kW)														
Cooling water	Type															
	Heat load (kW)															
Gas system	Platform	WxD (m ²)														
		Service gallery	WxD (m ²)													
	U/S cavern	WxD (m ²)														
		Surface	WxD (m ²)													
Laser system	Space requirement	Location														
		WxD (m ²)														
Magnet ancillaries	DC power supply	AC power (kW)														
		Type														
	Cooling water for power supply	Heat load (kW)														
		AC power (kW)														
	Space requirement	Location														
		WxDxH (m ³)														
Cooling water for cryogenics	Type															
	Heat load (kW)															
Cooling water for dump resistor	Type															
	Heat load (kW)															

Items to be clarified

- Electronics (19 inch) racks
 - Number and location (platform, service gallery, or somewhere else)
 - AC power (Quite large power consumption (>1 MW) for CMS and ATLAS)
 - Heat load
- Sub-detectors
 - Location
 - Request for the cooling water (LCW, chilled, or normal?, how much power?) for the 2nd loop of the cooling system
- Gas system
 - Location and space requirement
- Laser system
 - Location (Utility/Service Cavern?) and area
- PC farm for data processing (data reduction, event build, etc.)
 - Location (Underground or surface?) and area
 - AC power consumption

Items to be clarified

Input required before Fukuoka Workshop
 - that is in 19 days -

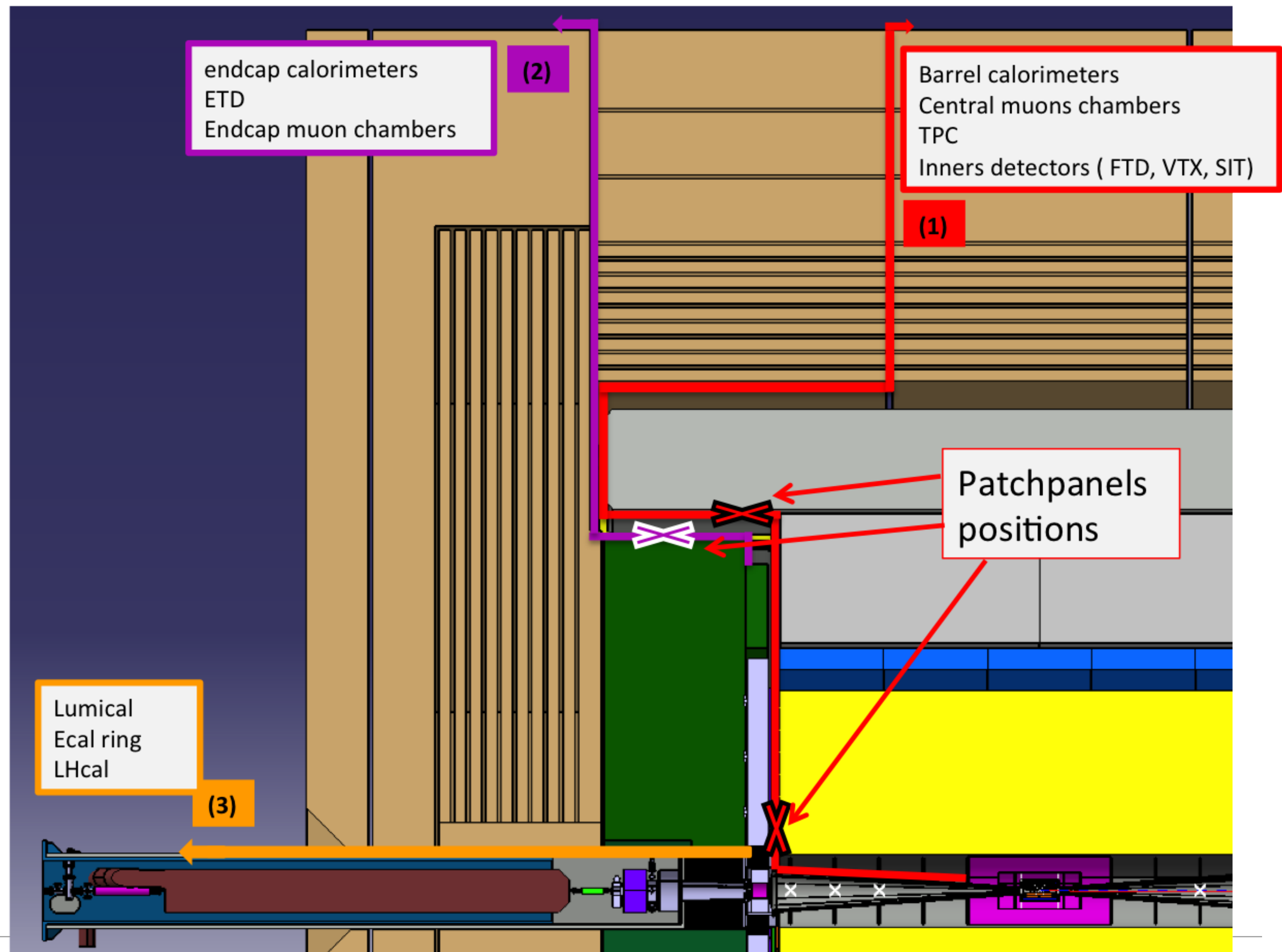
for construction

LC	Muon	FCAL	PC farm	Off-line	Solenoid	QF1

	Space requirement	Location	Heat load (kW)	AC power (kW)
Sub-detector cooling system		WxDxH (m ³)		
	Cooling water	Type	Heat load (kW)	
Gas system	Platform	WxD (m ²)		
	Service gallery	WxD (m ²)		
	U/S cavern	WxD (m ²)		
	Surface	WxD (m ²)		
Laser system	Space requirement	Location		
	WxD (m ²)			
Magnet ancillaries	DC power supply	AC power (kW)		
	Cooling water for power supply	Type	Heat load (kW)	
	Cryogenics	AC power (kW)		
	Space requirement	Location		
		WxDxH (m ³)		
	Cooling water for cryogenics	Type	Heat load (kW)	
	Cooling water for dump resistor	Type	Heat load (kW)	

Cable Paths

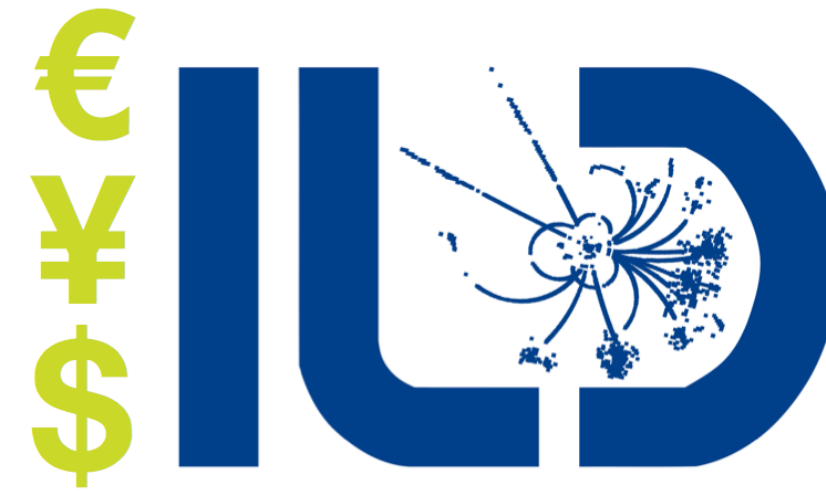
- Need to review the ILD cable and utility paths
 - better understanding of sub-detector connections
- Roman has kindly agreed to coordinate this effort:
 - review subdetector assumptions
 - ICD documents provide input
 - look into possible positions for patch panels
 - understand additional utilities
 - cooling, gas, etc.



ILD Costing Group



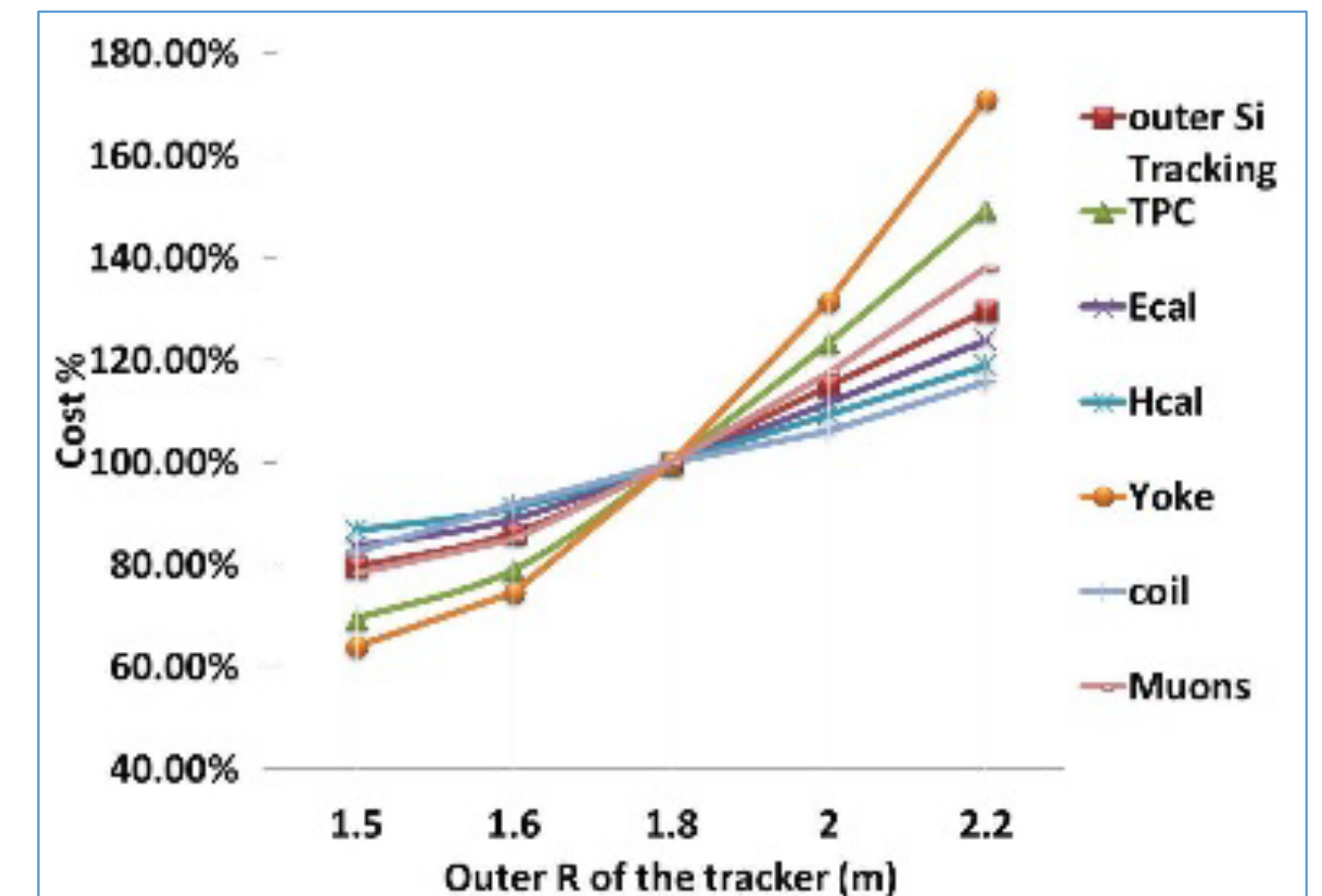
- Costing Group set up in Ichinoseki
- Chair: Henri Videau
- Work on Cost Work Breakdown Sheets
- Form a basis for better understanding of cost derivatives



Members

- Chair: H. Videau
- Deputy: K. Buesser
- Technical Support: S. Pavy
- VTX/CMOS, SIT: A. Besson
- VTX/DEPFET, FTD: M. Vos
- TPC: P. Colas
- Si-ECAL: H. Videau
- Sc-ECAL: T. Takeshita
- A-HCAL: F. Sefkow
- SD-HCAL: I. Laktineh
- VFS: Y. Benhammou
- Muon: V. Saveliev
- Coil/Yoke: U. Schneekloth

	Steps/Needs	Quantities	Unit	Tools	Place	Unit cost/time	Cost in k€	M.Y	f
2.	Electromagnetic calorimeter						158159.14	115.8	
2.1	Barrel	1					105552.807	77.1	
2.1.1	Module structure construction	40					14461.54	51.1	
2.1.1.1	Material procurements and operations						12209.04	5	
	Tungsten plates (thickness tolerance $\pm 40 \mu\text{m}$) Thickness: 1.05–2.1–4.2 mm	90.3	ton		Industry Several suppliers	120	10838		
	Dimensional inspection of W plates	24000	plates	3D measurement system	ILDM/Industry			5	?? No
	Carbon fibres prepreg 2K for H structure	6000	m ²		Industry	0.09	540		
	Carbon fibres prepreg 3K for a veolar structure	23200	m ²		Industry	0.05	650		
	Thin carbon plate (2mm) with 12K fibres	40	plates		Industry	1	40		
	Thick carbon plate (15mm) with 12K fibres	40	plates		Industry	2	80		
	Rails fabrication (male + female parts)	80	rails		Industry	0.5	40		
	Metal inserts	850	inserts		Industry	0.024	2304		
2.1.1.2	Monolayer alveolar structure	600					1812	15	
	Tools procurements						342	0	
	Hexocl moulds	6	moulds		Industry	50	300		
	Steel ground cores	30	cores		Industry	1	30		
	Storage boxes	40	boxes	Specific boxes	Industry	0.300	12		
	Operations						1470	15	
	Dimensional inspections (cores & moulds)	all		3D measurement system	Industry				
	Welding operations	200	operations	clean room	Industry	2.100	420	15	



- Draft of technical content for the IDR assembled by Claude and sent to the ET and the technical conveners
- Contains a lot of plots (most of them to be updated) and a skeleton layout
- Should be a good starting point for the editorial team of the IDR (tbn)



Content	
1. THE SCIENCE CASE FOR THE ILC	3
2. ILC ENVIRONMENT	3
3. ILD CONCEPT	4
3.1. OVERALL CONCEPT	4
3.2. OPTIMISATION PATH	5
4. DETECTOR LAYOUT AND TECHNOLOGIES	6
4.1. OVERALL DETECTOR STRUCTURE	6
4.1.1. Global structure and parameters	6
4.1.2. Subdetector layouts	7
4.2. SUBDETECTOR TECHNOLOGY STATUS	10
4.2.1. Vertex (~3 pages of plain text)	10
4.2.2. Forward&Central Inner SiliconTrackers	11
4.2.3. TPC (~3 pages of plain text)	12
4.2.4. Calorimeters (~5 pages of plain text)	13
4.2.5. Very Forward System (~2 pages of plain text)	14
4.2.6. Iron Instrumentation (~1 page of plain text)	14
5. ILD GLOBAL INTEGRATION	15
5.1. INTERNAL INTEGRATION	15
5.2. EXTERNAL INTEGRATION	16
5.2.1. Cavern ancillary services	16
5.2.2. Data Acquisition	16
5.3. MECHANICAL STRUCTURE STUDIES	17
5.4. COIL & YOKE STUDIES	17
5.5. BEAM BACKGROUND STUDIES	18
5.6. ALIGNMENT/CALIBRATION PROCEDURES	19
6. DETECTOR MODELLING	20
7. DETECTOR PERFORMANCE	20
8. COSTING	21
8.1. WBS TABLES	21
8.2. GLOBAL COSTING	21

Documentation

- Plan: Assemble complete ILD technical documentation on ILC EDMS...
- Everyone can use EDMS now!
- Go to: edmsdirect.desy.de -> „ILD TDR“
 - linked from ILD Confluence
- Access ILD Work Breakdown Structure Tree
- Just view and/or download all public ILD documents in WBS
- Some documents are restricted, need EDMS account to access those
 - for experts
 - if you feel like an expert, just contact me for an EDMS account

The screenshot shows the EDMS Treebrowser interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the text "EDMS Treebrowser". Below the header, a light green bar is visible. The main content area displays a list of categories, each preceded by a blue plus sign and followed by a gear icon and an external link icon. The categories listed are:

- ILD Technical Design Documentation
- A-HCAL
- Coil
- Configuration Management
- Design Integration
- Detector Assembly and Operation Planning
- Intermediate Tracking
- Machine Elements
- Physics Simulation
- Project Management
- Sc-ECAL
- SD-HCAL
- Si-ECAL
- Site and Buildings
- Specifications and Parameters
- Structural Engineering
- Technical Documentation
- TPC
- Vertex Detector
- Very Forward Systems
- Yoke+Muon

Plans for Fukuoka Workshop



- Technical talks from subdetectors take place in the technical workshop sessions
 - no dedicated technical agenda with ILD label
- Will use Saturday morning sessions (ILD parallel) for possible discussion on ILD technical deliverable document
 - Discussion in next technical convener meeting on May 14th
- Advertisement:
 - Talk in summary session on Friday by Claude: „Highlights and Visions of LC Detectors“

Latest News from AHCAL

- Large AHCAL prototype is in CERN testbeam
- First muons seen yesterday, first hadrons expected for later today
- Congratulations!

