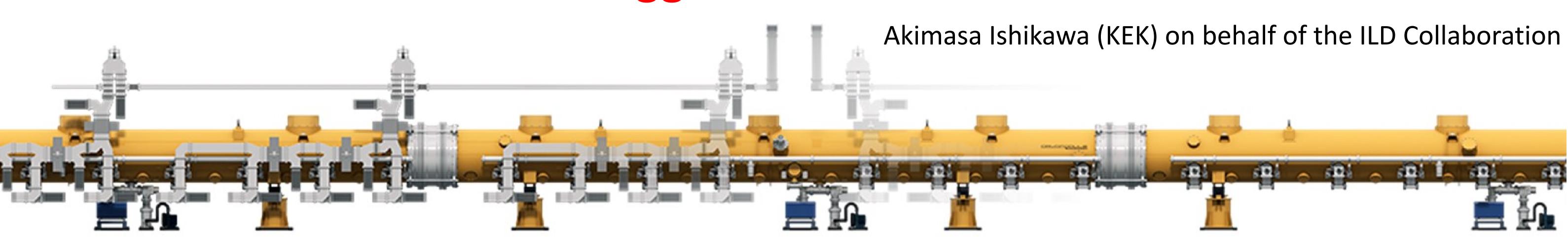


# Search for invisible decays of the Higgs boson at the ILC



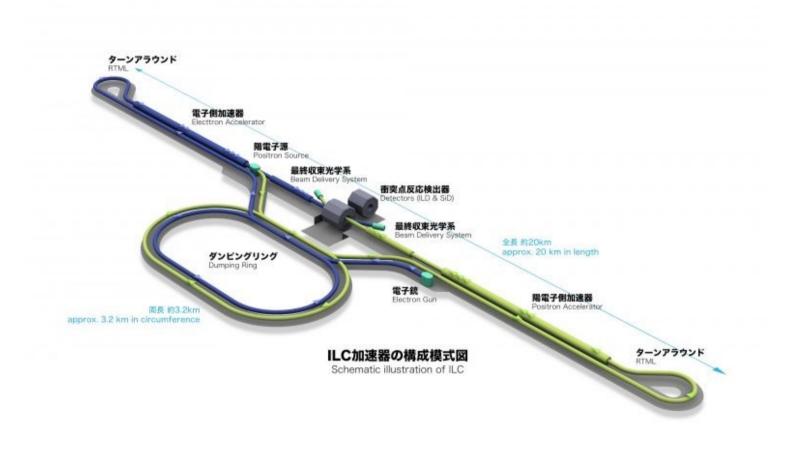


Introduction  $\Omega_{\rm DM}h^2 = 0.1188 \pm 0.0010$ 

Existence of dark matter is established in astrophysics. However there is no dark matter candidate in the SM. If the dark matter is not charged under the SM gauge group, the Higgs boson is only the portal to dark matter.



International Linear Collider (ILC) electron positron collider start from  $E_{CM}$ =250GeV. Upgradable to 1TeV. length : 20km (initial), 50km (upgrade) beam polarization :  $\pm 80\%$  for electron,  $\pm 30\%$  for positron



International Large Detector (ILD) optimized to particle flow algorithm good tracking and calorimetry capabilities silicon pixel vertex detector gaseous and silicon tracking both silicon and scintillator EM CAL considered

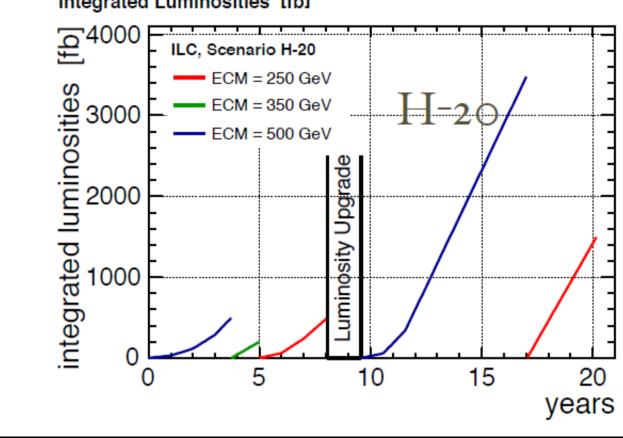
International Large Detector(ILD)

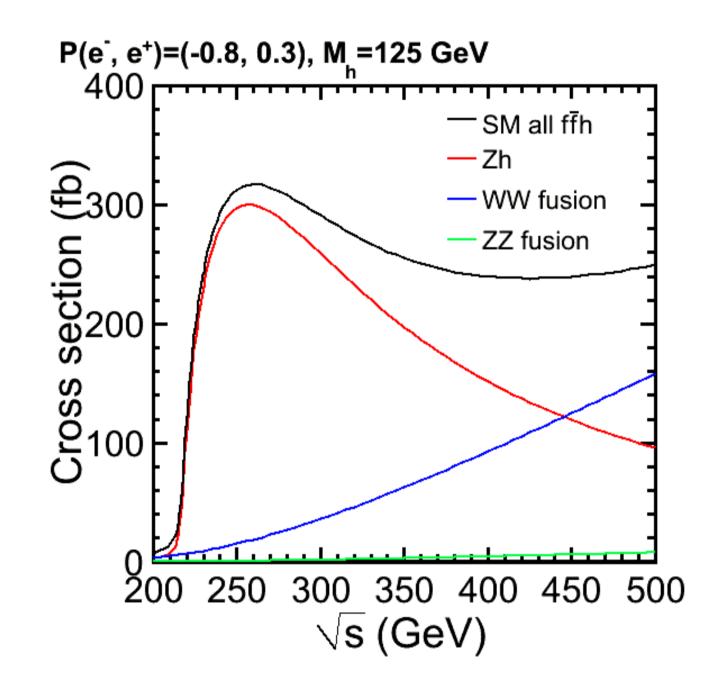


Beam Energy, Polarization, Luminosity "Left" :  $(P_{e-}, P_{e+}) = (-80\%, +30\%)$ "Right" :  $(P_{e-}, P_{e+}) = (+80\%, -30\%)$ 

Int Lumi [fb <sup>-1</sup> ]	"Left"	"Right"
250GeV	1350	450
350GeV	135	45
500GeV	1600	1600

#### H20 scenario is assumed Integrated Luminosities [fb]





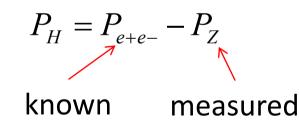


## Only $Z \rightarrow qq$ [1]



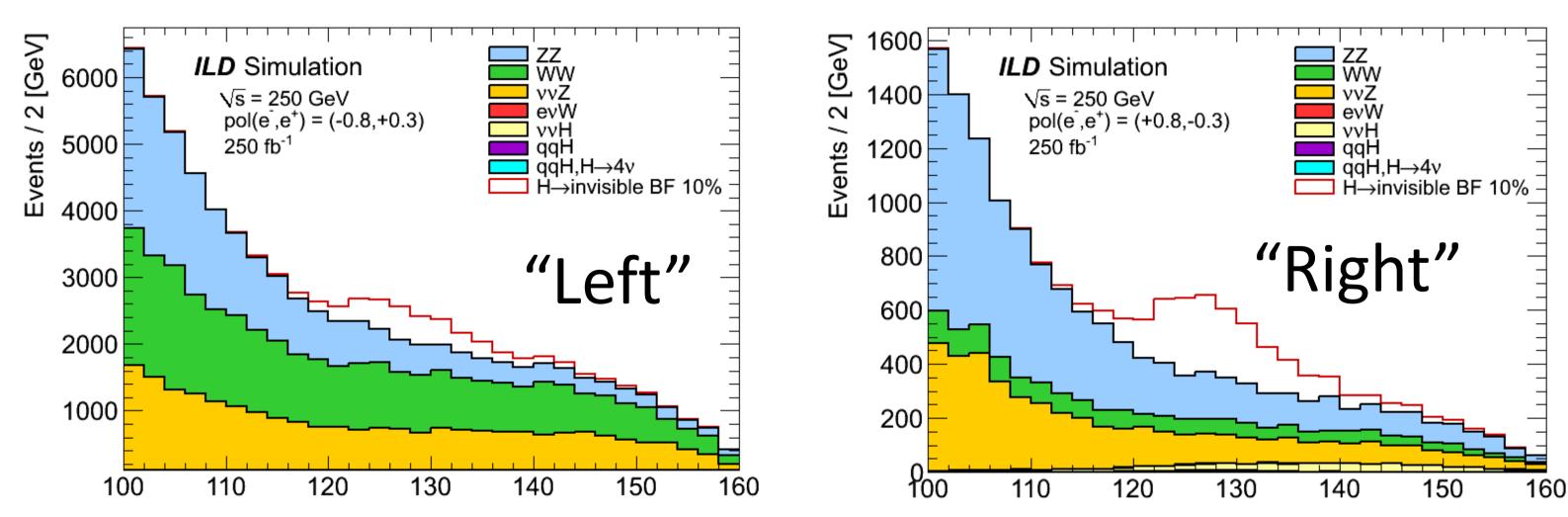
Invisible decays of Higgs boson can be searched for using recoil mass technique with model independent way!

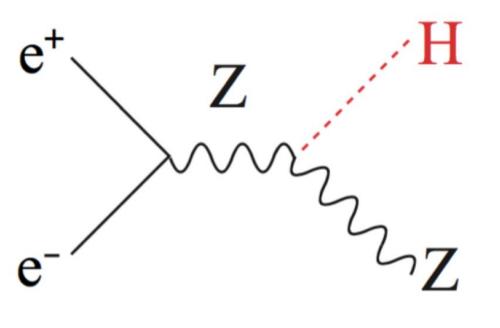
known initial state  $Z \rightarrow qq$  decays measured From the two, Higgs mass calculable!



Dominant backgrounds

 $ZZ \rightarrow qqvv$  $WW \rightarrow qq'vv$  (suppressed with "right" polarization)  $vvZ \rightarrow vvqq$ 





Comparison with the same running time Right handed pol at 250GeV gives best sensitivity of 0.69%

UL [%]	"Left"	"Right"
250GeV / 250fb <sup>-1</sup>	0.95	0.69
350GeV / 350fb <sup>-1</sup>	1.49	1.37
500GeV / 500fb <sup>-1</sup>	3.16	2.30

## H20 Scenario

UL [%]	"Left"	"Right"	combined
250GeV	0.41	0.51	0.32
350GeV	2.40	3.82	2.03
500GeV	1.77	1.29	1.04
all			0.30

< 0.30% possible only with  $Z \rightarrow qq$ 

## Adding $Z \rightarrow ||^{-} [2]$

Comparison with the same running time

UL [%]	"Left"	"Right"
250GeV / 250fb <sup>-1</sup>	0.86	0.61
350GeV / 350fb <sup>-1</sup>	1.23	1.10
500GeV / 500fb <sup>-1</sup>	2.39	1.73

## H20 Scenario

UL [%]	"Left"	"Right"	combined
250GeV	0.37	0.45	0.28
350GeV	1.98	3.07	1.66
500GeV	1.34	0.97	0.79
all			0.26

## < 0.26% possible by adding $Z \rightarrow |+|^{-1}$

### Comparison with LHC results [2.4]

	Recoil Mass [GeV]	Recoil Mass [GeV]	Comparison	with LHC resi	ults [3,4]
			UL [%]	Combined	
			ATLAS [3]	26	About two orders of magnitude improvement
			CMS [4]	19	possible from current model dependent limits.
			ILC [1,2]	0.26	
Conclusion					
ILC is the idea	I place to search for	invisible decays of the Higgs boso	n with m	odel ind	lependent recoil mass technique.
With H20 scena	ario, upper limit on I	$B(H \rightarrow invisible) < 0.26\%$ can be achi	ieved.		

## Reference

[1] A. Ishikawa, Search for Invisible Higgs Decays at the ILC, International Workshop on Future Colliders in 2014 (LCWS14), (Belgrade, 2014).

[2] J. Tian, Higgs Projections Using the ILD at the ILC (KEK, Tsukuba, 2015).

[3] The ATLAS Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 231801 (2019)

[4] The CMS Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B 793, 520 (2019)

