

# Tileboards for CMS HGCAL.

## Tileboard\_Proto1 Status

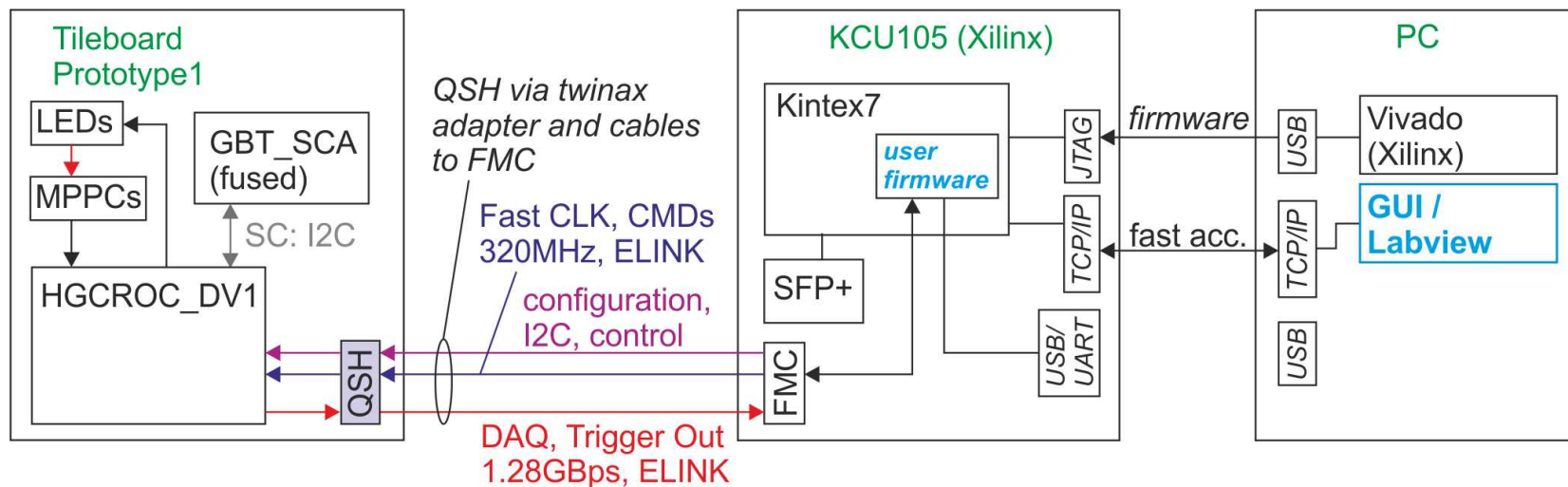
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CALICE main meeting  
Montreal, March. 4th, 2020

# A scintillator tileboard detector for CMS HGCAL

- > The HBU technology is foreseen for the front-end boards of the Phase II CMS HGCAL detector (outer endcaps).
- > We can profit a lot from CALICE experience
  - MPPC readout and powering.
  - Sensitive analogue electronics, large PCBs.
  - LED system for calibration and monitoring.
  - Tiles and Wrapping.
- > But there are also new challenges:
  - High radiation environment, no standard components.
  - DAQ: continuous data-taking.
  - Operation at  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

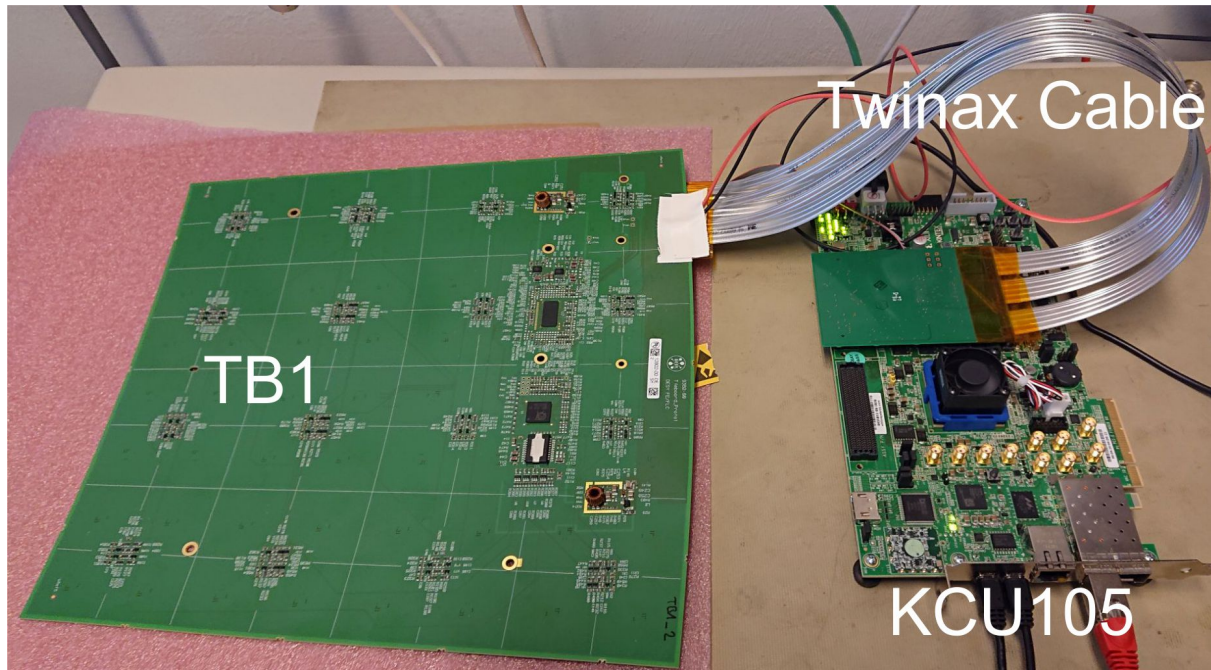


# First Tileboard (TB1) and DAQ setup @DESY



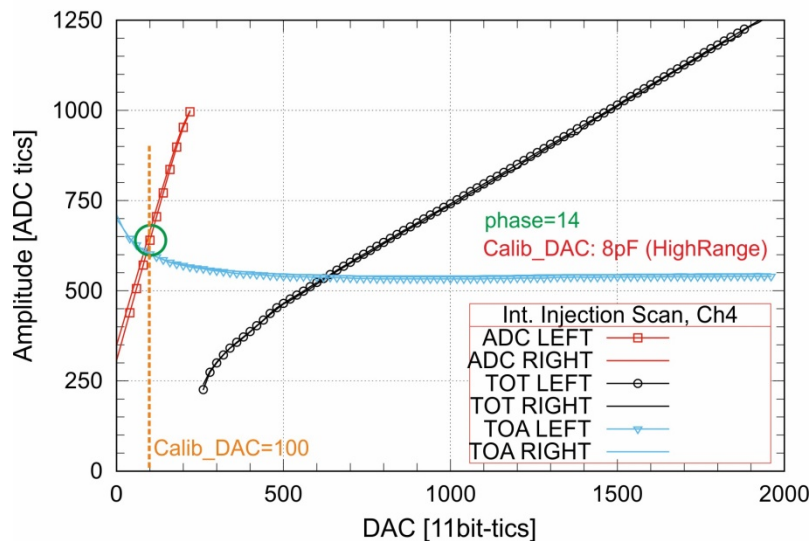
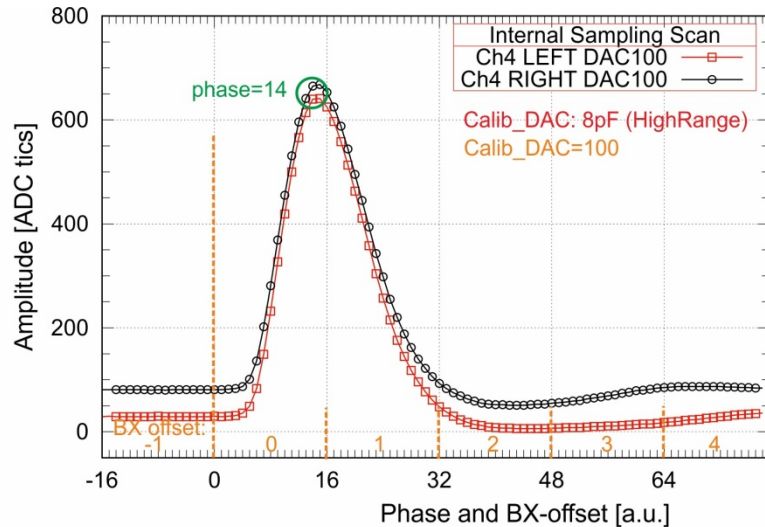
- > First step: Use DAQ hard-, firm- and software for TB1 commissioning as developed at Omega and LLR.
  - Known-good DAQ setup for commissioning of new board.
  - Easy comparison of results with Omega/LLR.
- > GBT\_SCA for slow-control disabled in this first step. Direct I2C link to KCU105.
- > Quick and easy exchange of TB1 with HGCROC testboard (Omega) for verification in case of problems on TB1. Very useful!

# Tileboard\_Proto1 (TB1) and KCU105 DAQ



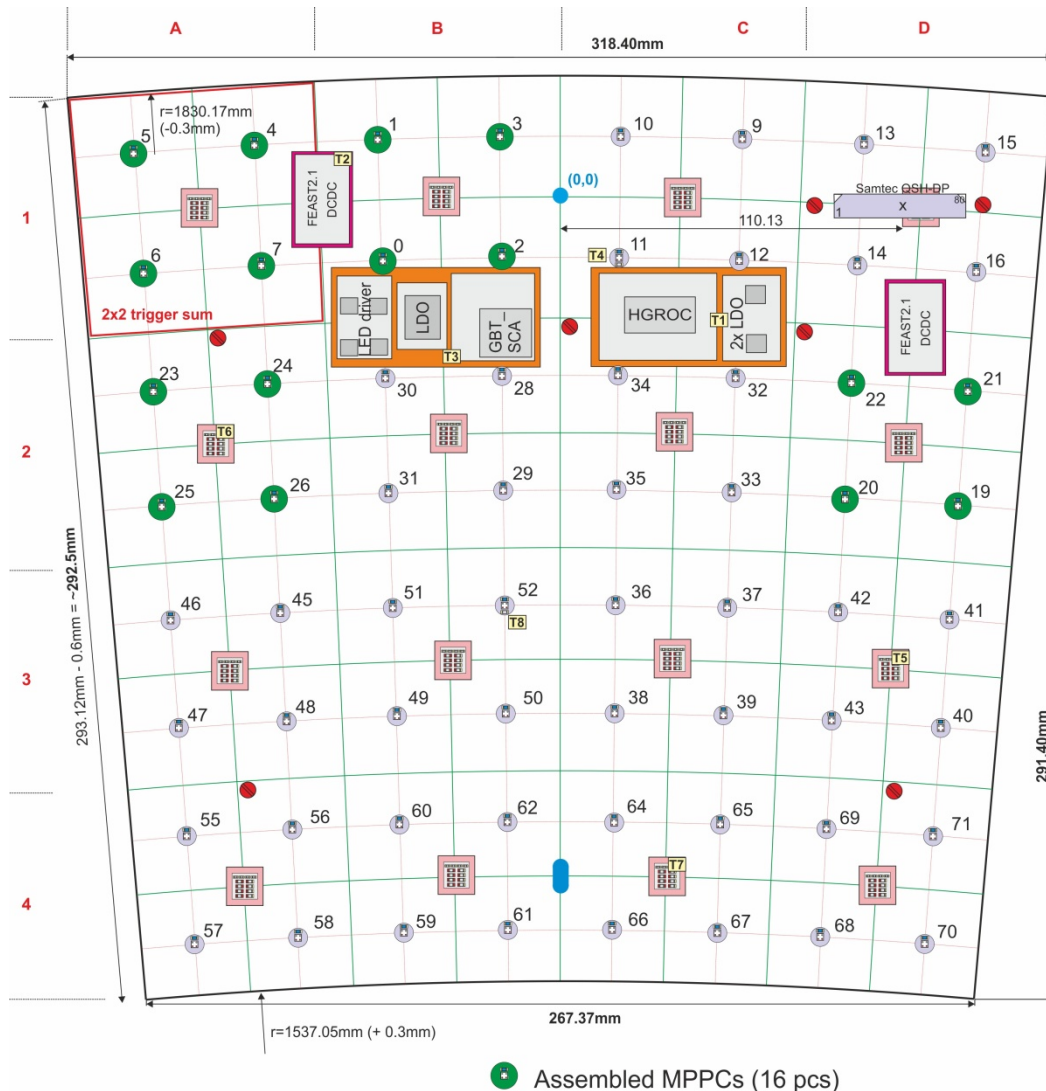
- 3 assembled and 3 unassembled TB1s available at DESY. Components for the 3 unassembled boards are there as well.
- 2 TB1s are commissioned in parallel:
  - compare results in case of problems,
  - have one board ready for shipment.

# TB1 – Internal Sampling- and Injection-Scan



- First step: Check if HGCROCV2 ASIC is operational on TB1.
- Using internal calibration DAC for charge injection.
- Same results for both halves of chip (LEFT and RIGHT).
- No special noise observed using FEAST DCDC converters on board.
- Results are ok for ADC, TOT and TOA!

# TB1 – 16 assembled MPPCs

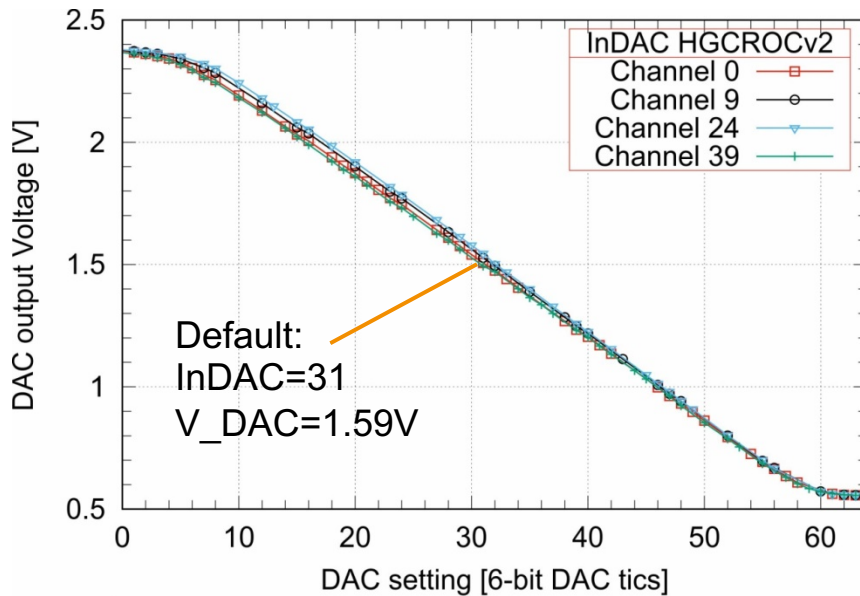


- > Next step: Check with MPPCs and LED system.
- > 16 MPPCs of type S14160-1315PS are assembled on first three TB1s. See green dots for their locations.
- > 2x2 trigger-sum placement.
- > All MPPCs in one HGCROC2 half.

Top View  
(connector side)



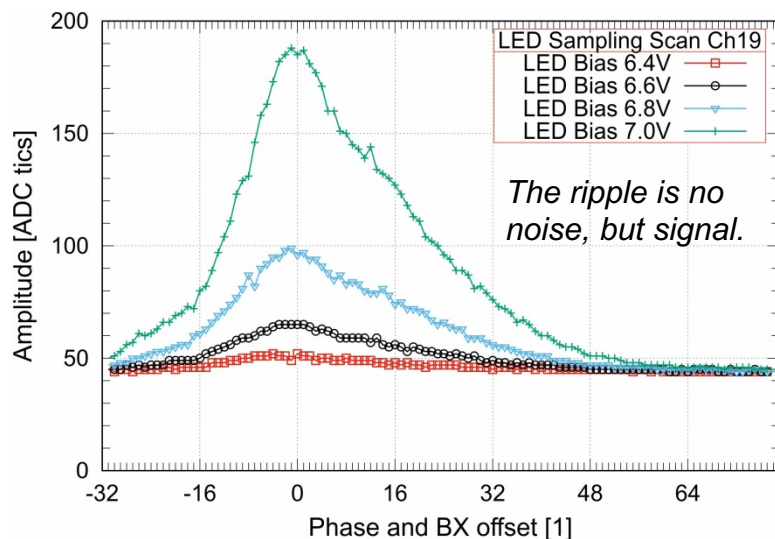
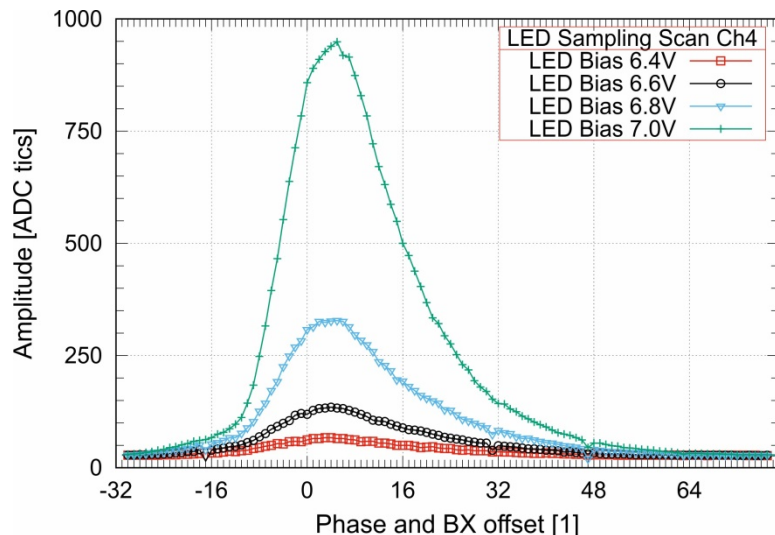
# TB1 – MPPC BV adjustment



date 2019-11-28

- > No regulators in setup!
- > MPPC-BV is defined by external power supply ( $V_{out}$ ).
- >  $MPPC-BV = V_{out} - V_{DAC}$
- >  $MPPC-BV = 41.99V \Rightarrow V_{out} = 43.6V$ , not precise on a 10mV level.

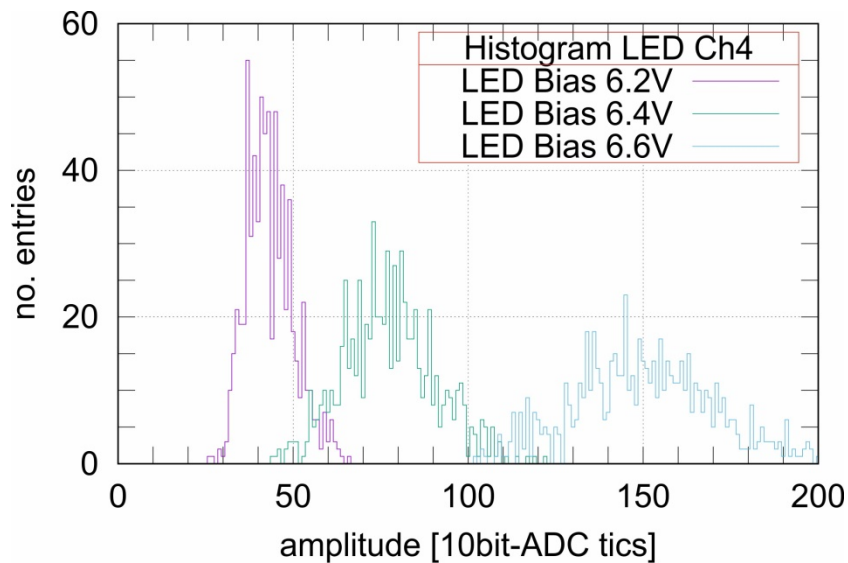
# TB1 – LED and MPPC sampling scan



- Using TB1 MPPCs and LED system, 'real signals' to HGCROC's inputs!
- Amplitude can be adjusted by LED\_BIAS – OK!
- Wider pulse widths than with internal injection. Optical pulse or HGCROC parameter adjustment? To be discussed with Omega.
- Channel-to-channel variation in amplitude and position – as known from CALICE HBUs and ASICs. Still ok!
- Latest news: Broad pulse might be from coupling of LED\_trigger between HGCROCv2 and LED system. Tests ongoing!



# TB1 – LED and MPPC: Histogram



Very new results!  
Tests ongoing!

- > Using TB1 MPPCs and LED system.
- > Amplitude can be adjusted by LED\_BIAS – OK!
- > KCU105 DAQ can only take 700points in one run.
- > No single-pixel spectrum (SPS) achieved so far. Christophe: "Setup not optimized for SPS, gain is rather low."
- > Gain settings to be discussed with Omega. HGCROC has 4 main gain parameters: Preamp's Cf, Cd, Rf and gain of current-conveyor.

# Conclusion

- > TB1 is still in commissioning. LED system an HGCROC parameter adjustment not completed.
- > GBT\_SCA not tested.
- > No systematic tests so far, concentrated on bringing functional blocks to life.
- > No show-stoppers on TB1 – both tested TB1s ok.
- > DAQ: Stable operation for >2 hours without losing synchronization with KCU105. Sometimes hiccup during power-up.
- > Toolchain for data taking and analyzation has been set up (KCU105 DAQ).

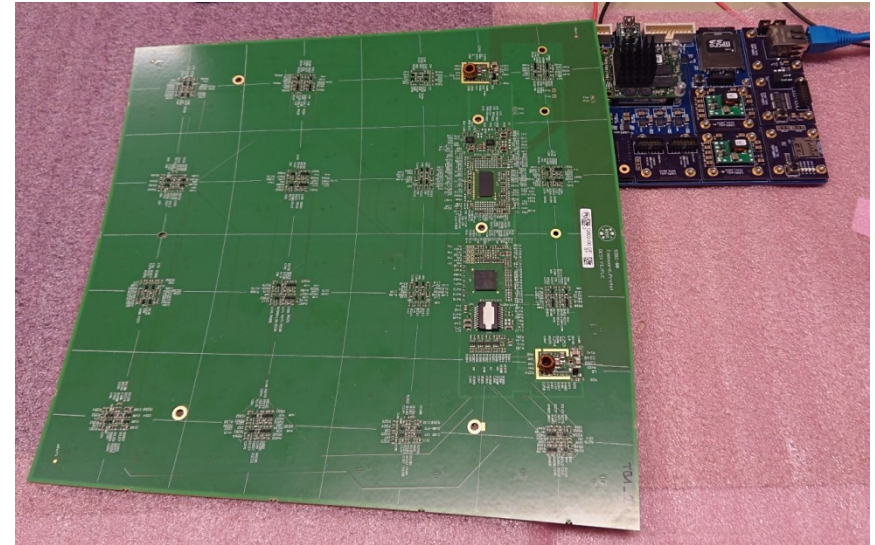


Backup slides



# Tileboard\_Prototype1 (TB1) Status

- Michael Krohn (UMN) at DESY for 2 weeks.
- First connection of TB1 to tileboard tester from UMN. Challenges:
  - Some unknowns: Untested TB1 and HGCROC on TB1. TB-tester has not been used with real HGCROC before.
  - Twinax-adapters/cables not available. Adapter from UMN required for connection
  - Using adapter TB1 collides with power mezzanine of TB-tester. Mezzanine has to be removed, power cables soldered.
  - Some minor configuration errors on TB1 discovered during discussions with Damien, e.g. polarity of ResB\_I2C and Sel\_CK\_ext, termination of PLL output.
  - “Bad reflections” on FastClock and FastCommands turned out after 1 day to be from a broken oscilloscope.



*TB1 connected to  
tileboard-tester (UMN)*

# Tileboard\_Prototype1 (TB1) Status

- > By sending FastCLK and FastCommands TB-tester can align to DAQ outputs of TB1 and capture data after trigger event.
- > Trigger outputs of TB1 send data (seen on scope), but are not recorded from TB-tester. Probably minor problem in software.
- > GBT\_SCA to TB-tester checked with scope: Data In/Out and Clock look ok.
- > I2C configuration of HGCROC on TB1 not tested so far.
- > Signal quality on fast lines look ok (1GHz scope). To be re-checked with faster scope, but big problems would be visible with 1GHz scope already.
- > No big issues discovered so far on TB1.
- > Many things need to be tested. Basic commissioning and characterization with KCU105 DAQ (LLR, Omega) using twinax adapters for interconnection.



# Twinax adapters (TA), twinax-cables - Status

- 2 TAs required for TB1-KCU105 connection:
  - Samtec QTH connector on TB1-side
  - FMC (LPC) connector on KCU105 side
- TAs completed (UMN).
- Twinax cable for realized TAs with 5 differential pairs obsolete (3M SL8801/11-10DA5-00).
- Replacement by 4-pair cable type (SL8801/12). Use existing TAs by cutting the new cable lengthwise (U Florida). Afterwards, TAs with cables come to DESY. Soon: Redesign of TA adapters.
- In discussion in scintillator group: Do we need more space (cable widths) in the cassette and re-align connector positions? Preliminary: No change in concept required.

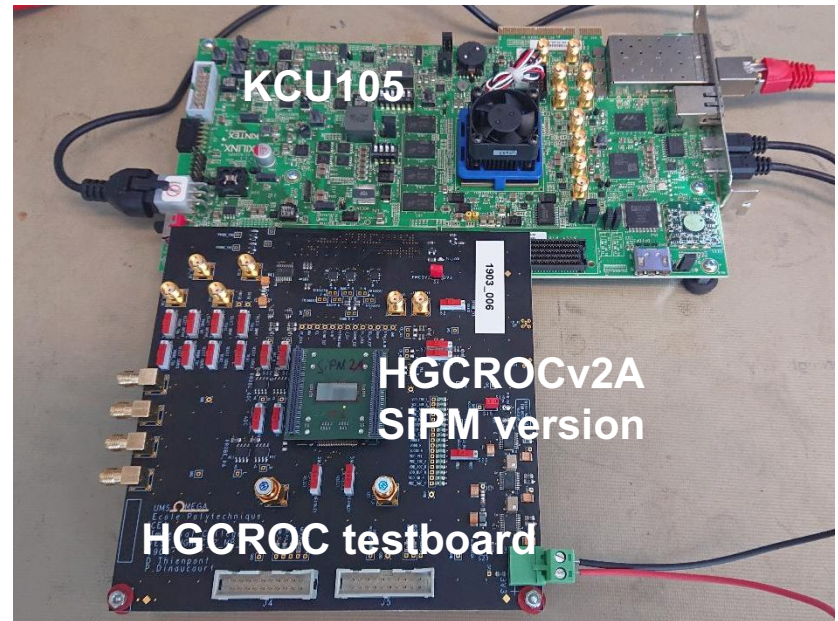


*Twinax adapter,  
FMC side (UMN)*



# KCU105-DAQ at DESY - Status

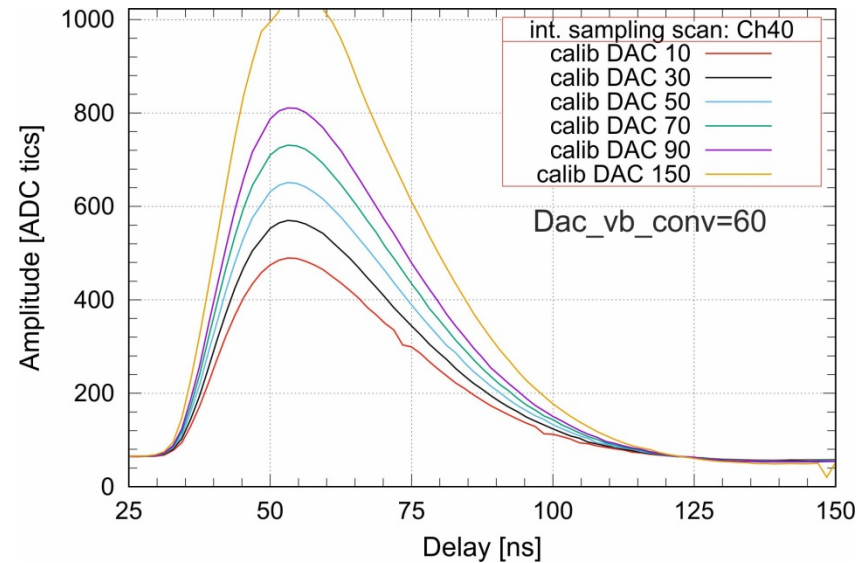
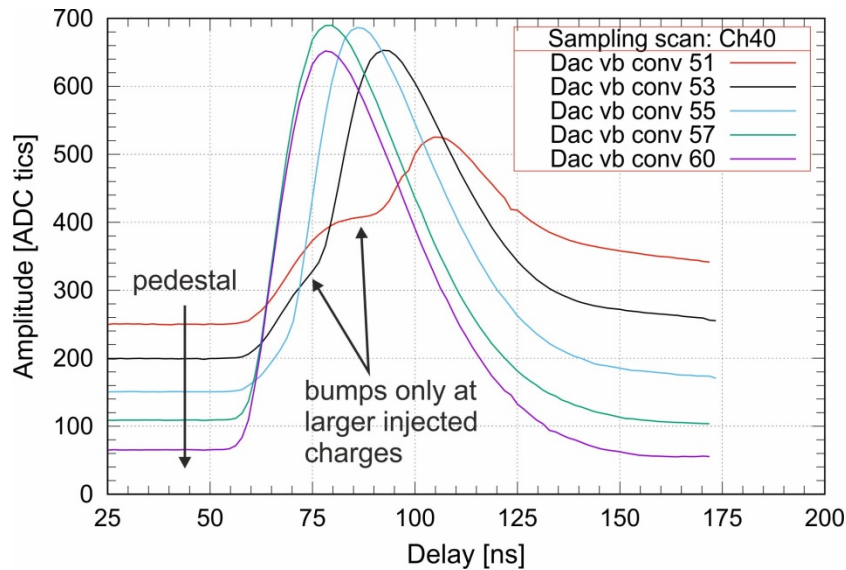
- Omega testboard with HGCROCV2 (SiPM version) arrived at DESY.
- CentOS7 PC with local copy of KCU105 DAQ in operation.
- New configuration file for the SiPM HGCROC version in place – works.
- Important preparation for TB1 commissioning:
  - Understand DAQ scripts
  - Understand HGCROCV2 operation
  - Finally: compare results



*DAQ setup with HGCROC testboard  
(Omega, LLR) at DESY*

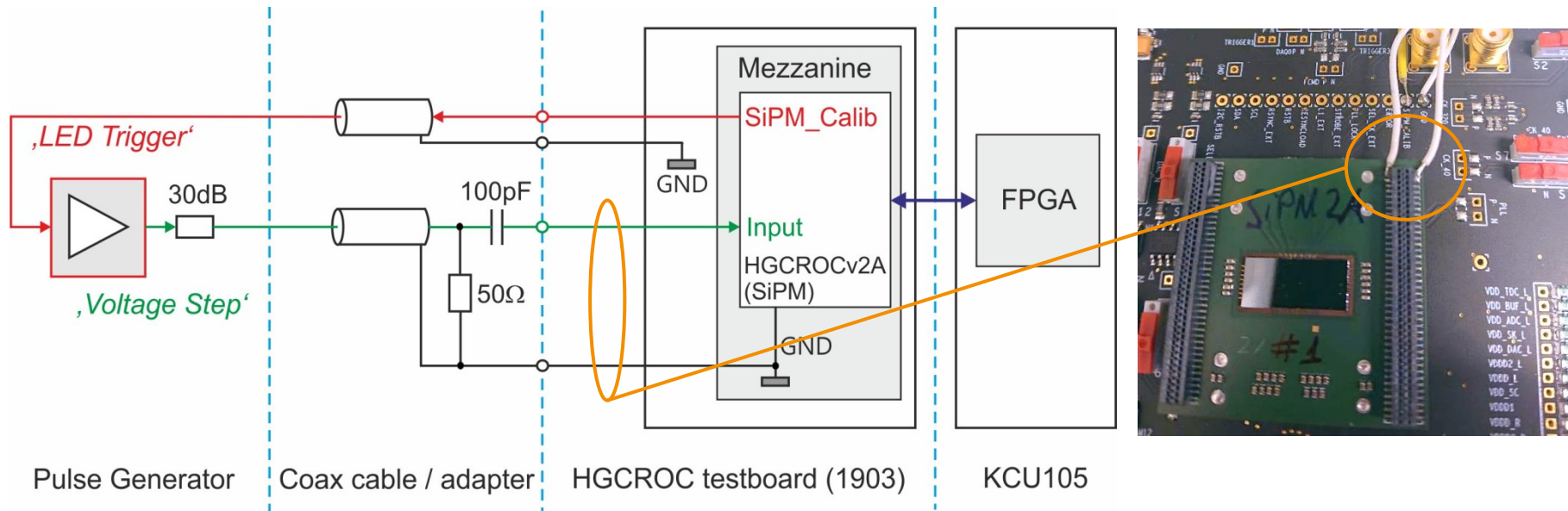
Special thanks to Artur (LLR),  
Damien (OMEGA) and Pieter (ICL)  
for their help!

# HGCROCV2A (SiPM) – Dac\_vb\_conv (internal inject.)



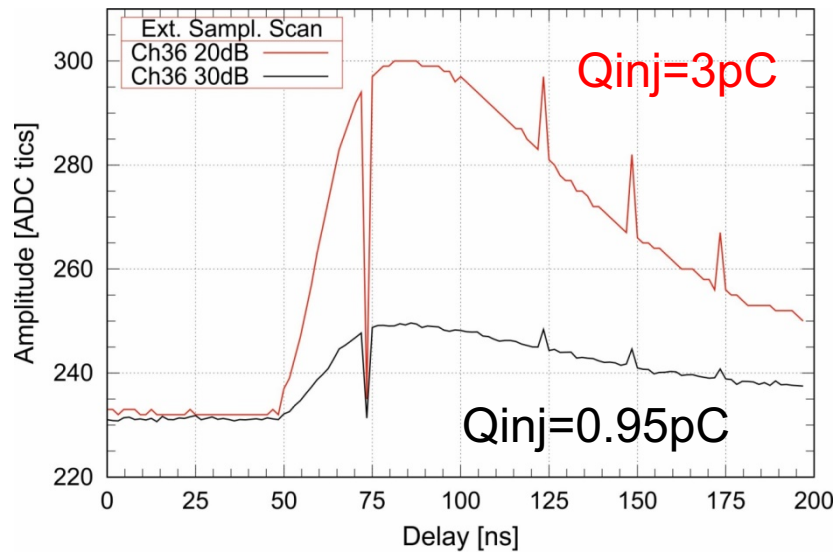
- Increasing Dac\_vb\_conv leads to shorter shaping times and better stability against bumps.
- Question (right plot): Probably calib-DAC=0 will not provide pedestal level. This is for 8pF injection capacitor (HighRange).

# HGCROCV2A (SiPM) – External Charge Injection

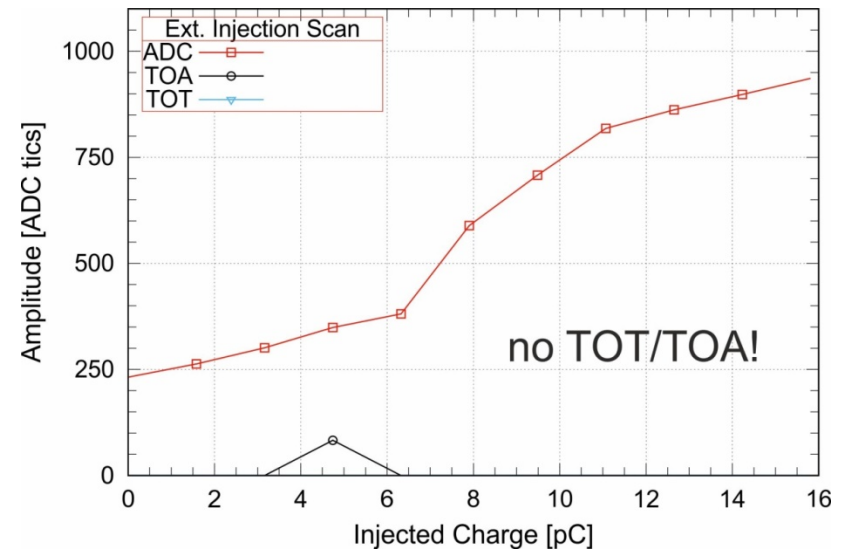


- Real, external signal injected to HGCROCV2 input. Internal Calib-DAC off.
- Use SiPM\_CALIB signal (later: LED system trigger) to synchronize pulse generator. Delay (pulse generator specific): 30 clock periods (“calib\_offset”).
- Important test: Can we operate LED system with KCU105-DAQ?
- Disadvantage: One channel at a time.

# HGCROCV2A (SiPM) – External Charge Injection



date 2019-12-02



- Default (old state) configuration for HGCROC – to be optimized (e.g. shaped pulse width and ADC characteristic)!
- No TOT/TOA in external injection visible (wrong BX?).
- KCU105 DAQ can be used for LED system in current state. All delays can be adjusted.