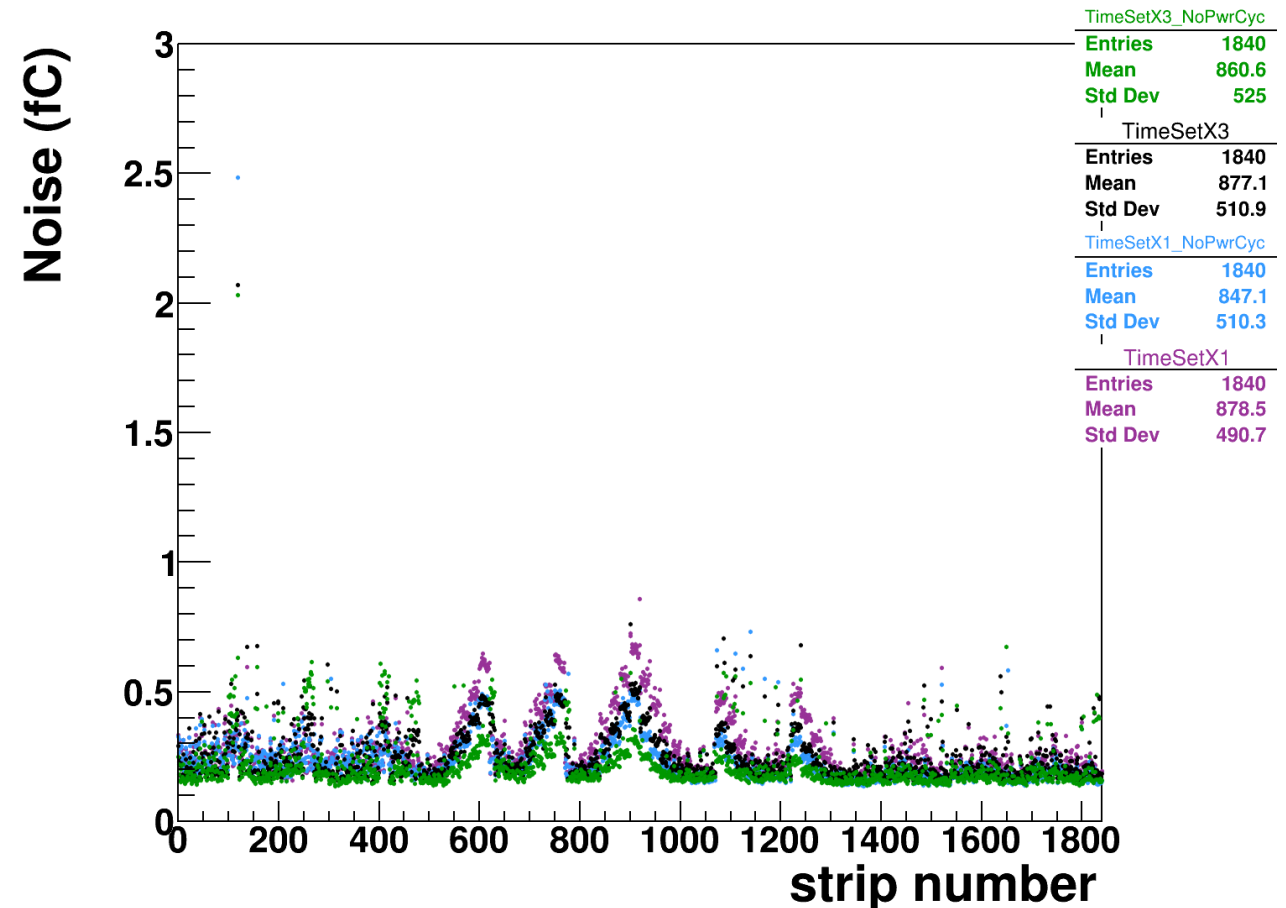


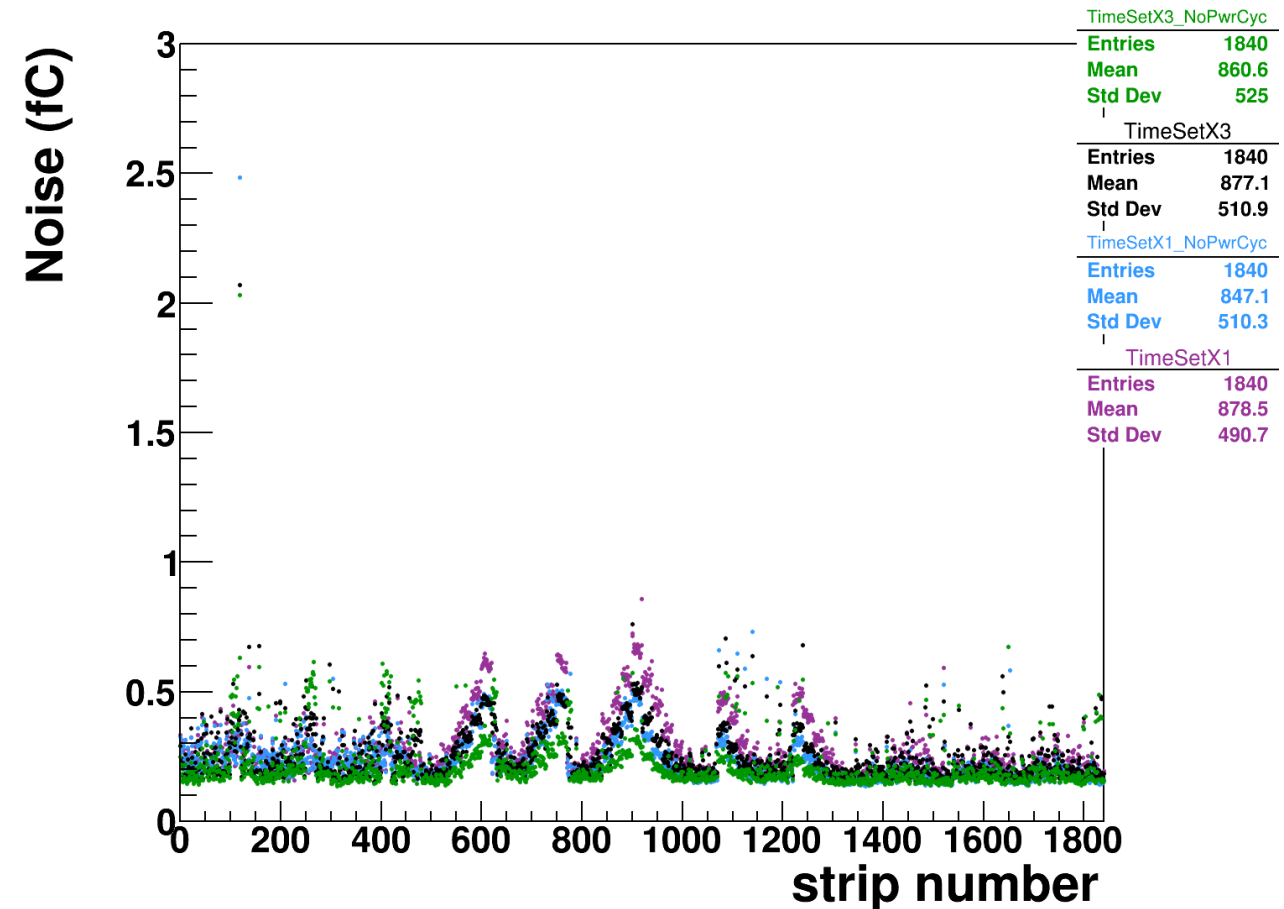
# Investigating power pulsing (Noise vs strip number)

- Last week I sent around some slides concerning the impact of the power pulsing on the system noise. (Should also be in the same indico)
- Below is are two distributions for noise vs strip number for 4 different configuration
  - Standard start up time
  - Standard start up time  
+ No power pulsing
  - Start up time stretched by a factor 3
  - Start up time stretched by a factor 3  
+ no Power pulsing



# Investigating power pulsing (Noise vs strip number)

- As Dieter already noted, the spikes in the center of the sensor are still present event without power pulsing as such the power pulsing cannot be the reason for the spikes.
- Question from my side: Why though is the entire noise distribution pressed down?
- All 6 sensors show that a stretched start up time improves the noise and running without power pulsing further improves it.
- The fact that there is still a difference between TimeSetX3 and TimeSetX1 without power pulsing proves that there are other things that impact the noise
- It was glanced over by Dieter but is this expected?

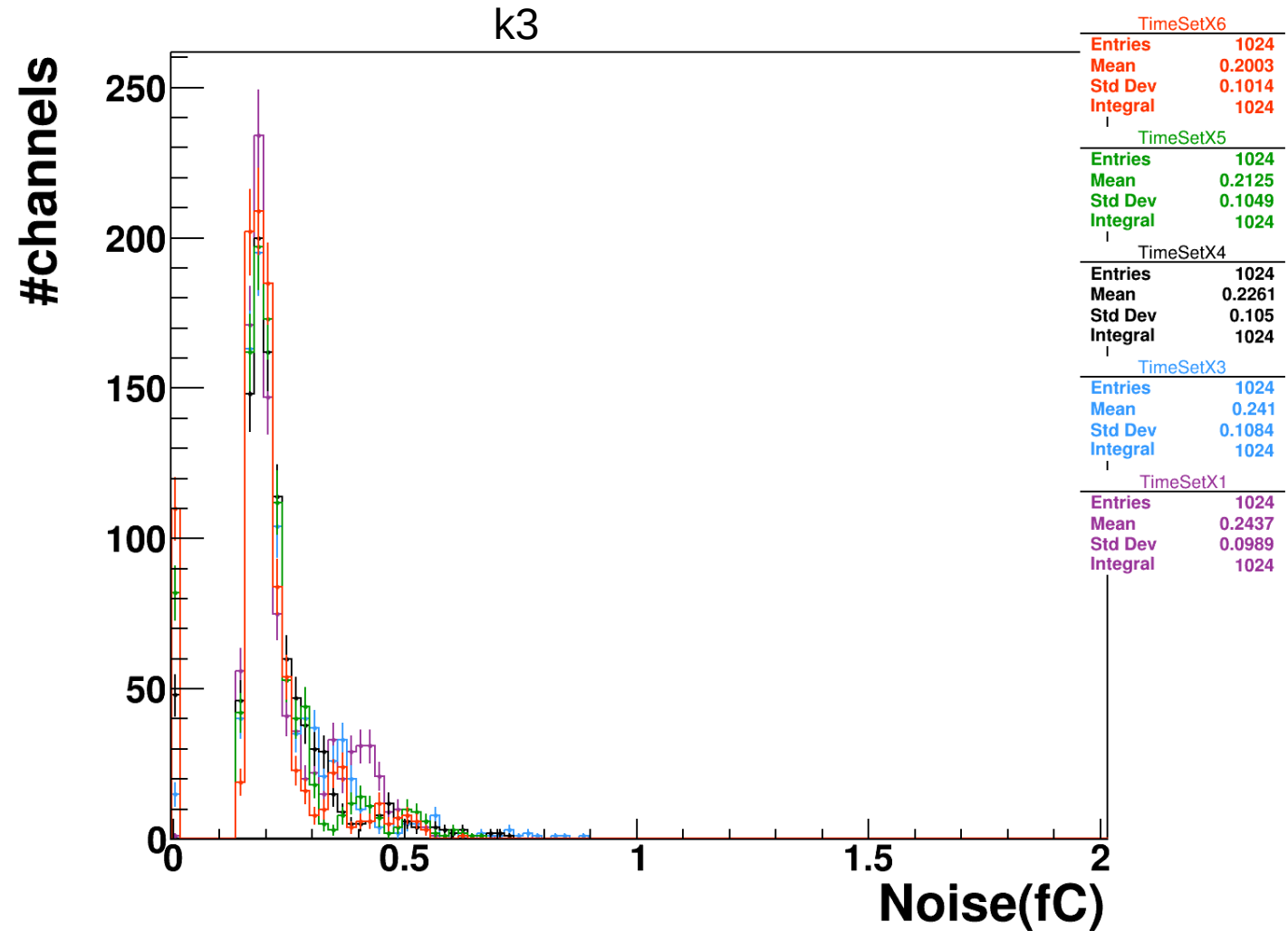


# Stretching start up

- The next question was then, what if I further increase the start up time?
- Do I at some point reach some asymptotic value?
- As such I did measurements with the start up time further stretched
- TimeSetX4, X5, X6 means that every value that performs an operation in the start up (TimeResetOn/Off, TimeBunchClockDelay, TimePowerUpOn etc.) is multiplied by the value after X

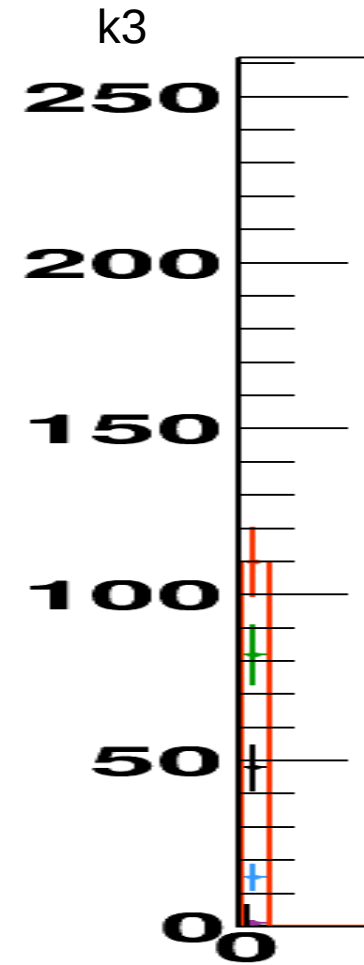
# Stretching start up

- In essence once could maybe see a slight improvement in the the noise distribution when further increasing the start up phase
- This improvement is not massive but there is also something negative



# Stretching start up

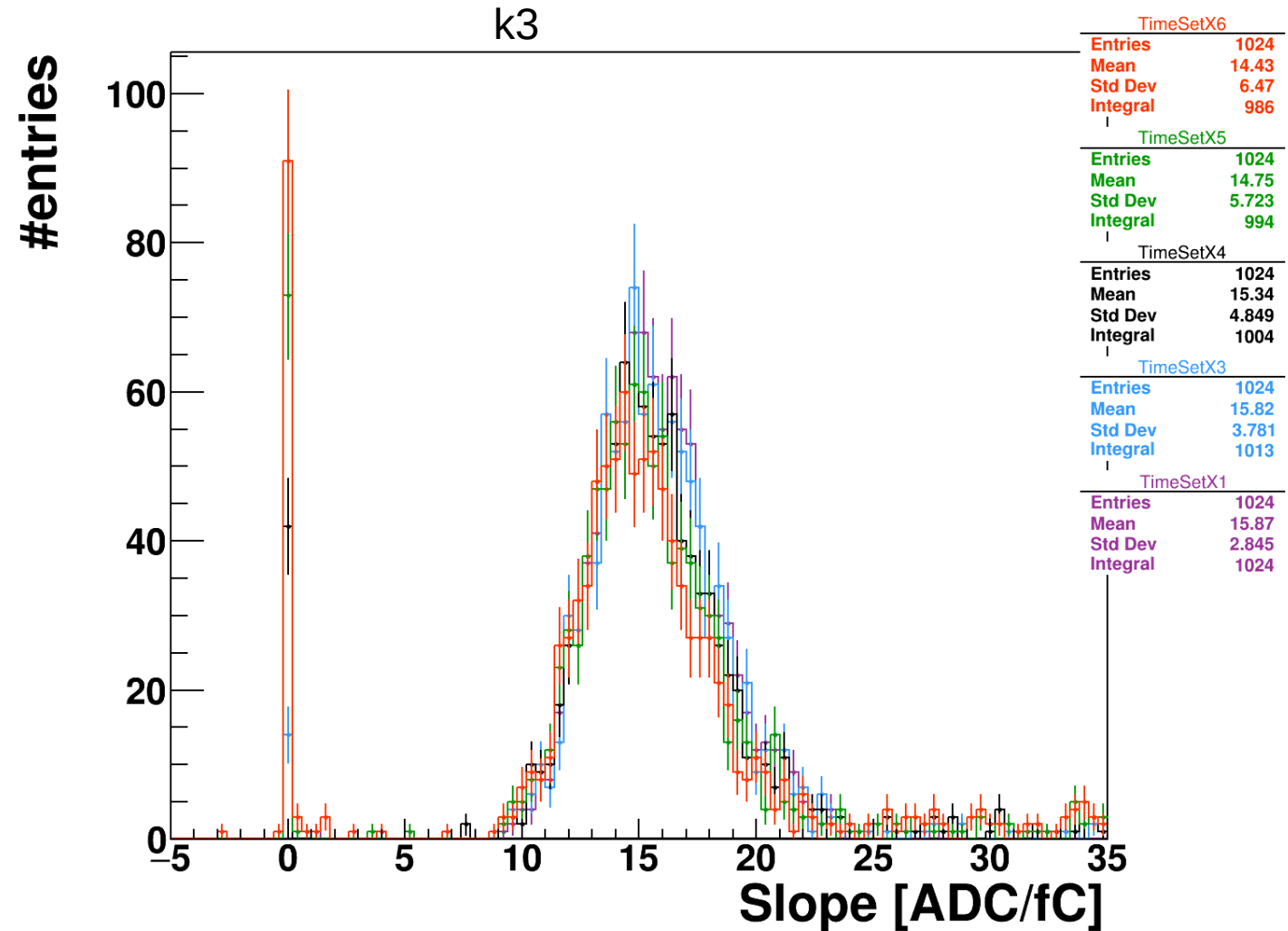
- In essence once could maybe see a slight improvement in the the noise distribution when further increasing the start up phase
- This improvement is not massive but there is also something negative
- The number of channels that show a noise value of 0 (which is highly unphysical) increases with increased stretching time



TimeSetX6	
Entries	1024
Mean	0.2003
Std Dev	0.1014
Integral	1024
TimeSetX5	
Entries	1024
Mean	0.2125
Std Dev	0.1049
Integral	1024
TimeSetX4	
Entries	1024
Mean	0.2261
Std Dev	0.105
Integral	1024
TimeSetX3	
Entries	1024
Mean	0.241
Std Dev	0.1084
Integral	1024
TimeSetX1	
Entries	1024
Mean	0.2437
Std Dev	0.0989
Integral	1024

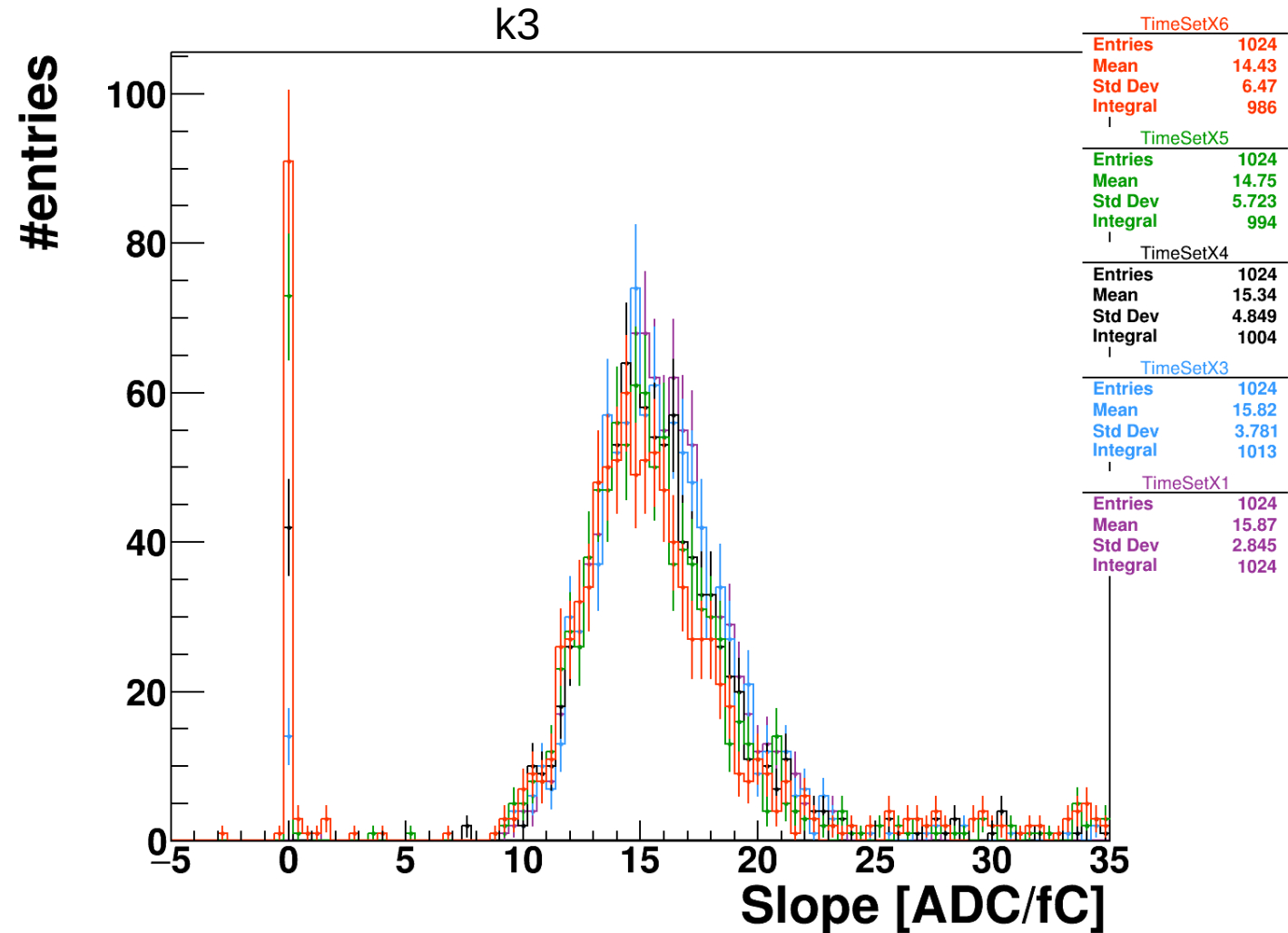
# Stretching start up

- The reason for this increase in unphysical channels is simple. It is an increase in number of faulty calibration channels.
- Question1: Why does the number of channels with faulty calibration increase?
- Question2: Why is this consistently the case for all KpiX EXCEPT for k4



# Stretching start up

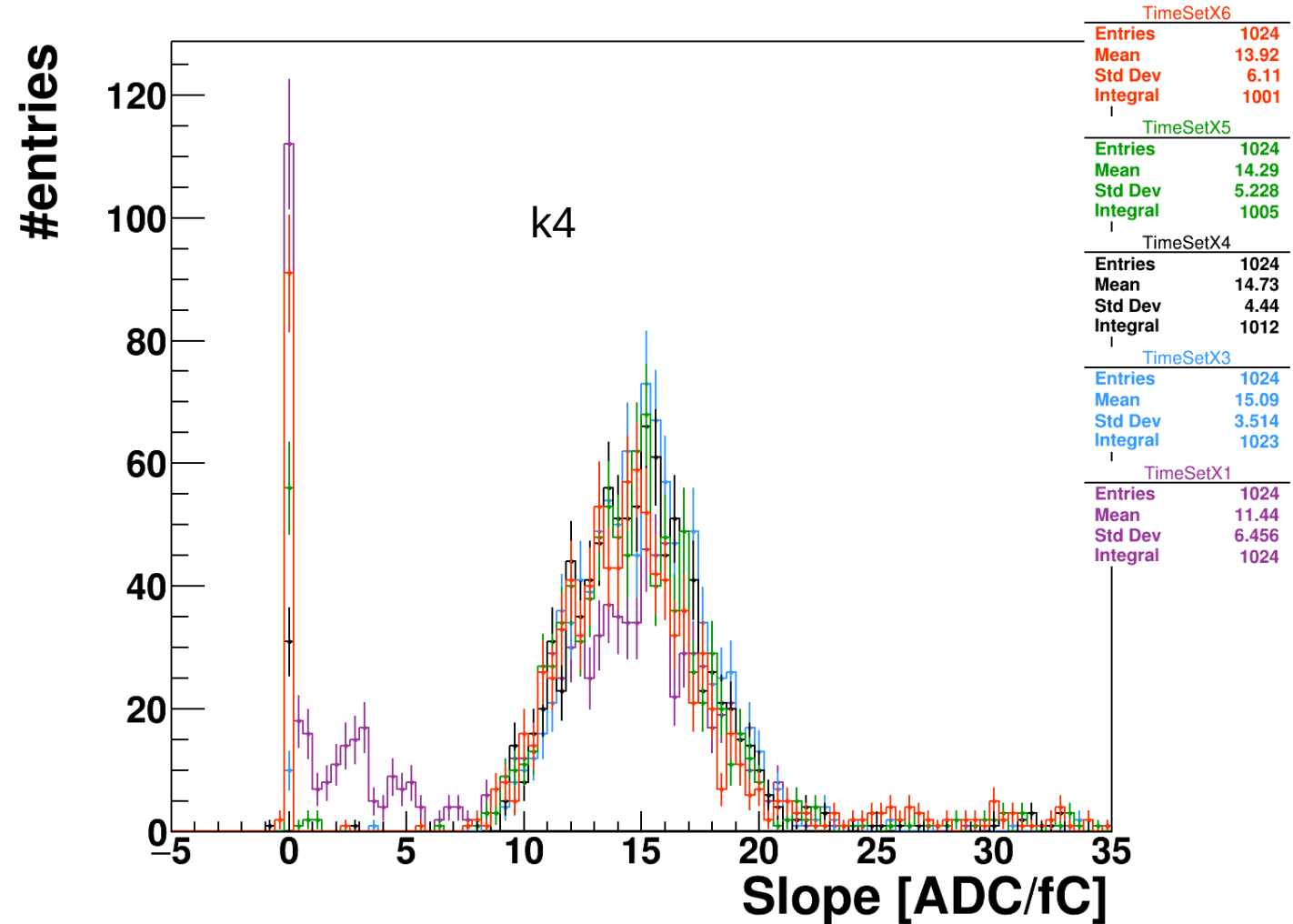
- The reason for this increase in unphysical channels is simple. It is an increase in number of faulty calibration channels.
- Question1: Why does the number of channels with faulty calibration increase?
- Question2: Why is this consistently the case for all KpiX EXCEPT for k4





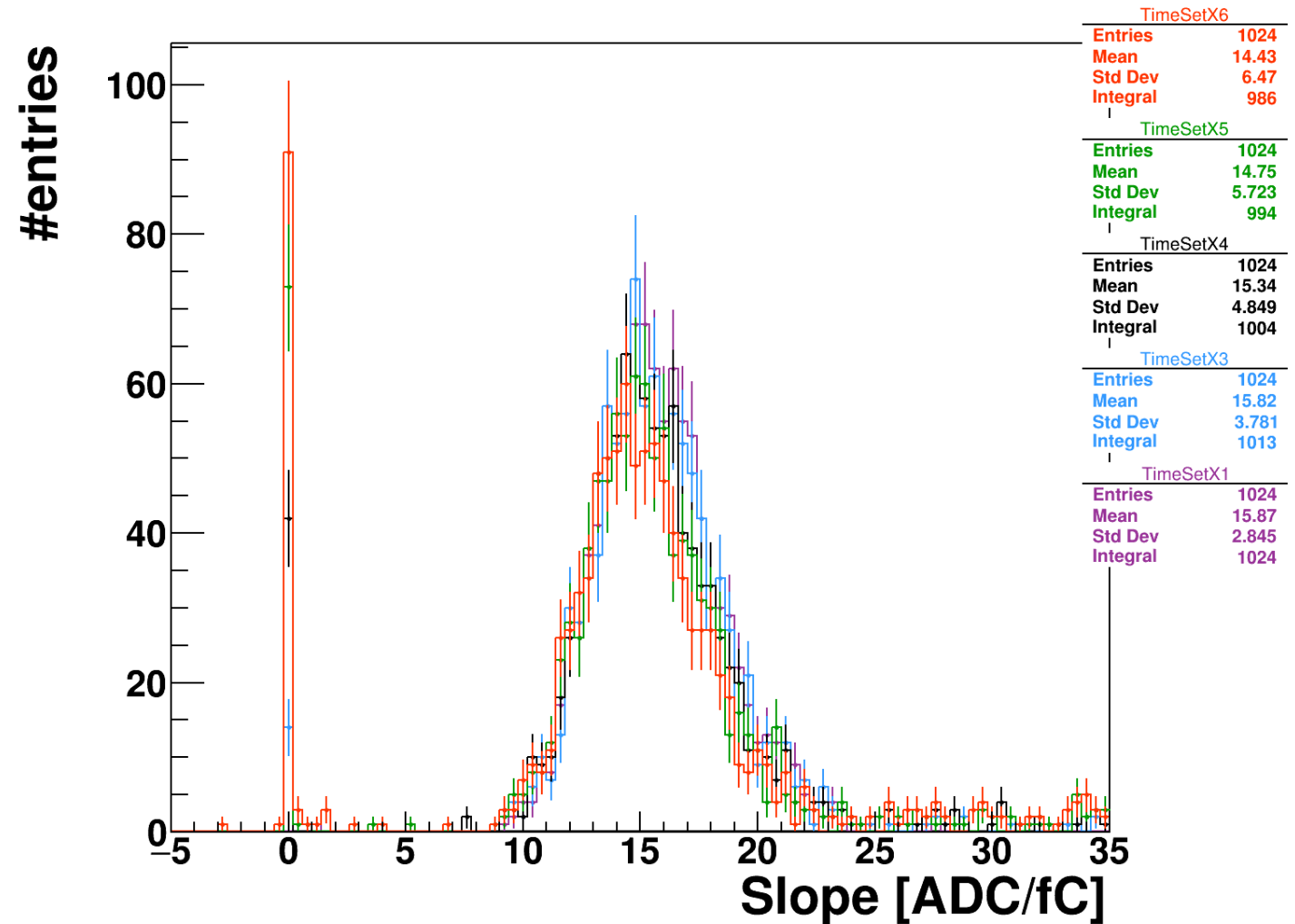
# Stretching start up

- Question2: Why is this consistently the case for all KpiX EXCEPT for k4
- K4 calibration improves by about 400 channels when stretching the start up phase by a factor of 3. And afterwards starts getting worse like the other 11 KPiX



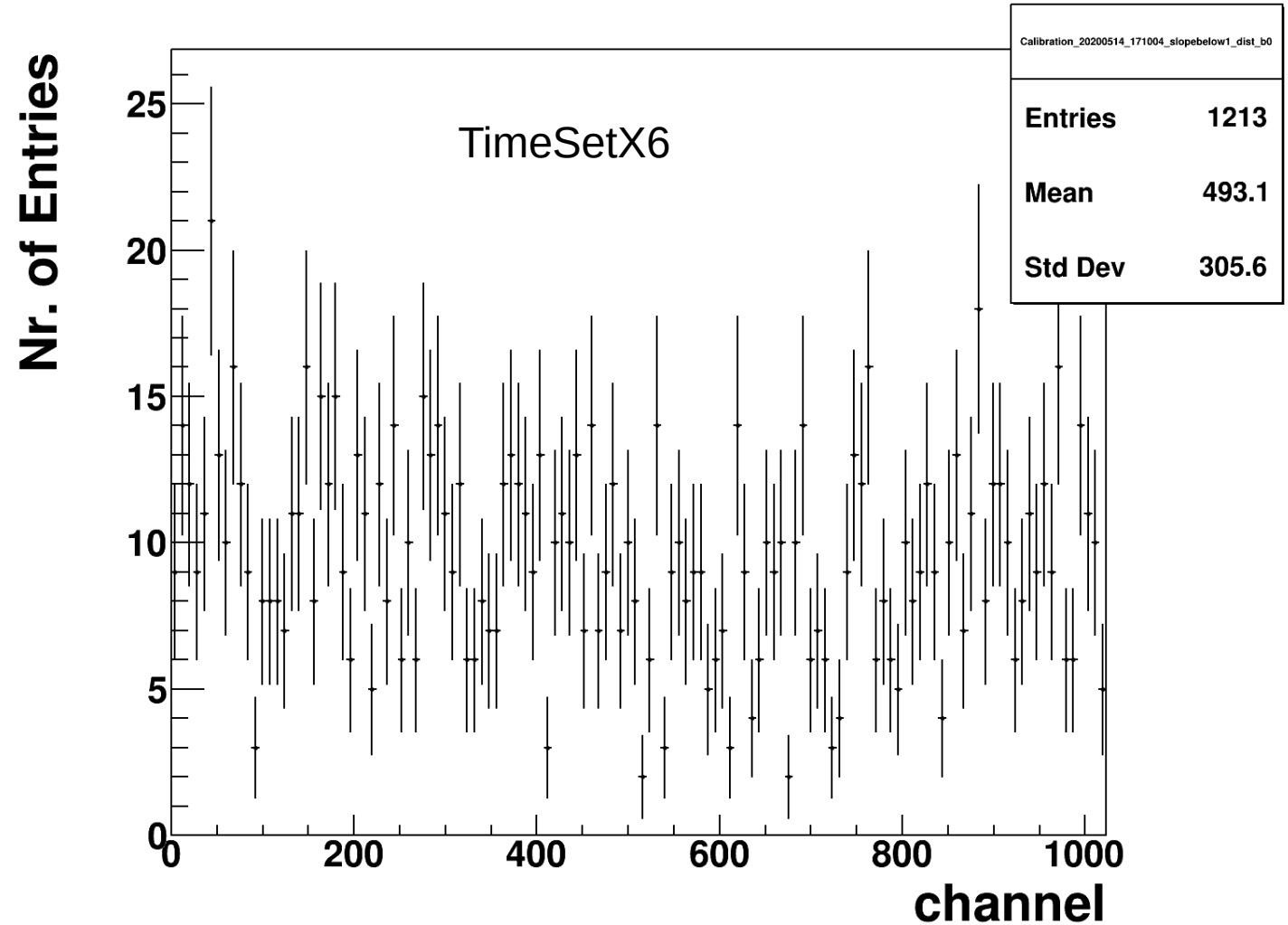
# Stretching start up

- The reason for this increase in non sensical channels is simple. It is an increase in number of faulty calibration channels.
- Is there some leakage which results in faulty calibration when increasing start up?
- Is this normal or even expected?



# Stretching start up

- The plot to the right shows for all 12 KpiX with times 6 stretched start up the location of the faulty channels with slope below 1
- There is no clear correlation between which channels show faulty calibrations and their position.



# Stretching start up

- We need an explanation for why the noise improves with increased start up.
- We also need an explanation for why k4 improves in calibrations when stretching start up
- And finally we need an explanation for why, with further stretching, all kpix start getting worse again in their calibration.

# Early channel leakage?

- Dieter has put forth that he saw for the KpiX that in the early channels he sees increased pedestals which would indicate leakage through the coupling capacitor.
- I cross checked this in my data set and can confirm that there are KpiX that show this behavior. But not all of them do.
- And I see basically no correlation between the size of the spikes and average pedestal height.
- In some cases the pedestal heights are basically equal but they still show these spikes.

