

The ILD Software Tools and Detector Performance.

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DESY

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HELMHOLTZ
RESEARCH FOR GRAND CHALLENGES



AIDA 2020



Outline

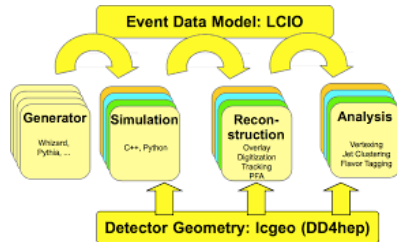
- 1 ILC software tools
- 2 ILD detector and event reconstruction
- 3 The IDR Monte Carlo mass production
- 4 Detectors performances
- 5 Summary and outlook



The iLCSoft software stack

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft>

- Software stack of the ILC experiment
- Nowadays used by many other experiments/collaborations
→ e.g: CLICdp, CEPC, CALICE, LCTPC, EU-Telescope
- Maintained by FLC @ DESY and CLICdp @ CERN



Main components

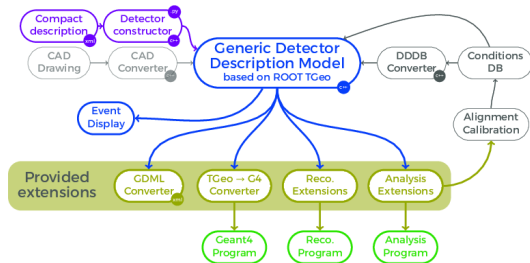
- **DD4hep**: Geometry description for simulation (Geant4) and reconstruction
- **LCIO**: Linear Collider IO and Event Data Model (EDM) (2003)
- **Marlin**: Reconstruction framework based on LCIO
- **PandoraPFA**: Particle flow reconstruction for Linear Colliders (LCContent)



DD4hep: detector geometry package

 <https://github.com/AIDASoft/DD4hep>

- Generic detector description for HEP
- Single complete description source for
 - Simulation
 - Reconstruction
 - Analysis
- **DDG4** for simulation
 - Gateway to Geant4
 - Fully customizable: input / output, Geant4 actions, physics list, etc...
- **DDRec** for reconstruction
 - High level view of detectors: # layers, thicknesses, dimensions, etc...
 - Tracking surfaces, material properties, cellID converter



Philosophy:
single source of geometry, **different interfaces**



The ILD detector description

Optimizing ILD: ILD-L vs. ILD-S

ILD detector(s) described in detail:

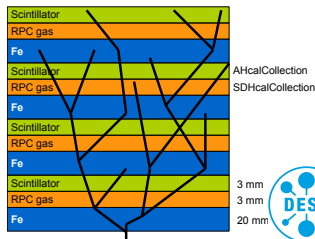
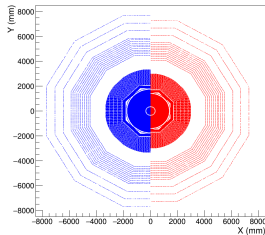
- Materials, extents, sensitive volumes, services, etc...
- **ILD-S** (small TPC radius) vs. **ILD-L** (large TPC radius)

Hybrid simulation with 4 calorimeter options:

Detector	Si-ECal	Sc-Ecal	AHCal	SDHCal
ILD_I5_o1_v02	x		x	
ILD_I5_o2_v02	x			x
ILD_I5_o3_v02		x	x	
ILD_I5_o4_v02		x		x

- Simulate 4 options, reconstruct 1 option
- Save CPU time and minimize storage

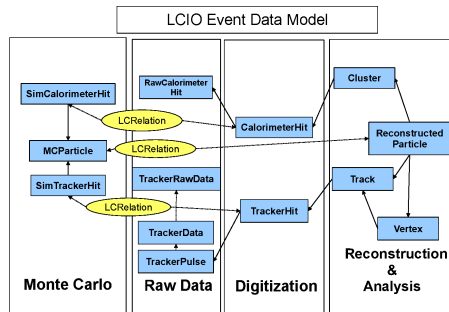
See detailed talk on the ILD detector by T. Tanabe



LCIO: the Linear Collider event data model

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/LCIO>

- Data handling for all steps in HEP workflow:
 - Generator, simulation, reconstruction, analysis
- Standalone IO library:
 - Binary data format (XDR), ZLIB compression
 - Schema evolution (block versioning)
 - Extensible and backward compatible format
 - Endianness agnostic (big / little endian)
 - Recently re-implemented for multi-threading usage
- Very robust: 20 years of usage
- Handles object relations
 - Weighted link between two objects
 - Very convenient for MC ↔ Reco navigation



The Marlin framework

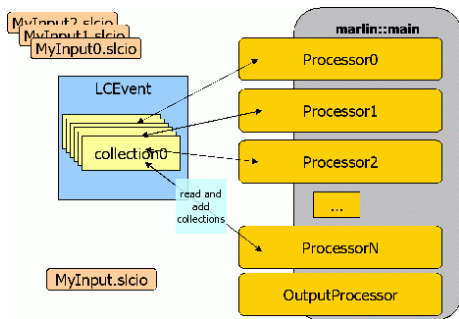
 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/Marlin>

Standard HEP event processing framework

- Based on LCIO event data model
- Reconstruction and analysis
- Handles histogramming and conditions data

The Marlin framework

- Describes a task list (Processor) to execute
- Read events and process them through the chain
- Each Processor read and/or create new collections in the event
- Standard sequential event processing pipeline in HEP



The IDR Monte Carlo mass production

The production system

DIRAC system

- Job management, file catalog, ...
- Transformation system for productions
- Written in Python

iLCDirac system

- DIRAC extension for ILC/CALICE VOs
- Specific to iLCSoft applications
- Developed and operated by CLIC @ CERN

Main transformations:

- 1 GenSplit: split generator files
- 2 Simulation: runs `ddsim`
- 3 OverlyBKG: prepare reconstruction for bkg overlay
- 4 Reconstruction: runs `Marlin`
- 5 DSTMerge: merge DST files after reconstruction



The IDR Monte Carlo mass production

Dataset and statistics

- Storage ~ 1 PB
- Luminosity $\sim 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $E_{cms} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

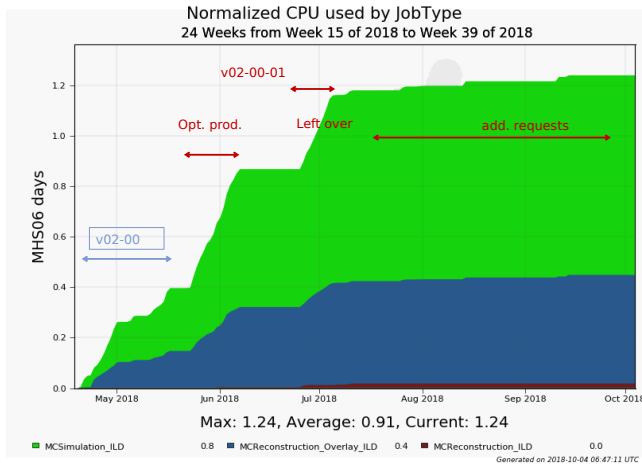
event class	description	events processed
2f	two fermion final states	60.0×10^6
4f	four fermion final states	22.6×10^6
5f	five fermion final states	4.01×10^6
6f	six fermion final states	13.8×10^6
aa_4f	two fermion by $\gamma\gamma$ interaction	1.63×10^6
higgs	higgs process	3.97×10^6
np	new physics process	3.25×10^6
aa_lowpt	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ background	2.50×10^6
seeablepairs	e^+e^- -pair background	1.00×10^5 BXs
calibration	single particle, $q\bar{q}$ events	27.71×10^6
6f(WW)	dedicated 6f sample at $E_{cms} = 1 \text{ TeV}$	1.75×10^6

Table: Number of Monte Carlo events produced



The IDR Monte Carlo mass production

Cummulative CPU



The ILD reconstruction chain



<https://github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig>

- Background overlay
- Digitization
- Tracking
- Particle Flow
- High level reconstruction



The ILD reconstruction chain

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig>

- Background overlay
 - Digitization
 - Tracking
 - Particle Flow
 - High level reconstruction
- Overlay beam induced background with different probabilities
 - Currently 1 BX overlaid
 - Primary vertex of overlaid events are smeared

BKG source	Probability	Vertex z offset (mm)	Vertex z sigma (mm)
$\gamma\gamma$	0.350	0	0.1698
$e^+\gamma$	0.243	+0.0422	0.186
$e^-\gamma$	0.246	-0.0422	0.186
e^+e^-	0.211	0	0.1968
e^+e^- pair	1	0	0



The ILD reconstruction chain

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig>

- Background overlay
- Digitization
- Tracking
- Particle Flow
- High level reconstruction

Calorimeter digitization

- Apply energy calibration constants
- Emulate noisy / inefficient channels
- Treatment for timing
- Corrections for gap hits

Tracking detectors digitization

Detector	U resolution	V resolution
Vertex	3 μm	3 μm
SIT	5 μm	5 μm
FTD pixel	3 μm	3 μm
FTD strip	7 μm	7 μm
	R- ϕ resolution	Z resolution
TPC	0.05 mm	0.4 mm



The ILD reconstruction chain

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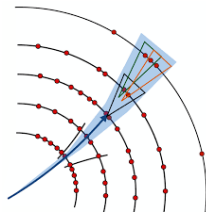
- Background overlay
- Digitization
- Tracking
- Particle Flow
- High level reconstruction

ILD track reconstruction performed in 3 independent steps

- VTX and SIT: triplet seed + extrapolation to next layers
- FTD: cellular automaton for track candidates
- TPC: outer pad rows topological clustering + Kalman filter

Finally:

- Track candidates and segments combination
- Final Kalman filter re-fit



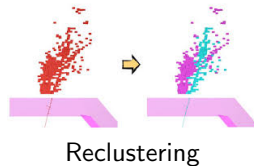
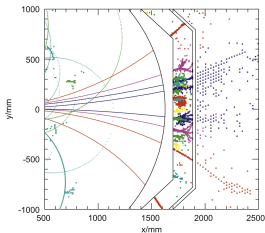
The ILD reconstruction chain

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig>

- Background overlay
- Digitization
- Tracking
- Particle Flow
- High level reconstruction

PandoraPFA reconstructs particles individually

- Calorimeter clustering algorithm
- Pattern recognition association algorithms
- Iterative re-clustering procedure
- Particle identification: e^{+-} , γ , n^0 , μ^{-+} , π^{+-}



The ILD reconstruction chain

 <https://github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig>

- Background overlay
- Digitization
- Tracking
- Particle Flow
- High level reconstruction
- Particle identification
 - Combination of TPC dEdX, shower shapes and MVA method
- $\gamma\gamma$ -finders
 - Kinematic fits for π^0 and η -mesons identification
- MC truth linking
 - Create links between MC objects to reconstructed objects
- Primary vertex finder
- TOF estimators
 - Compute various TOF estimates based on calorimeters information



The ILD detector performance

Tracking: momentum resolution and efficiency

- Goal for momentum resolution:

$$\sigma_{1/p_T} \approx 2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$$

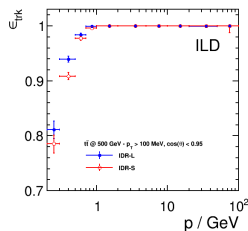
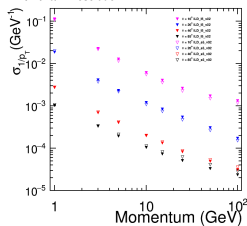
- Momentum resolution

- ILD-L slightly better in barrel
→ more hits available in the TPC
- ILD-S slightly better in forward region
→ More curvature because B higher

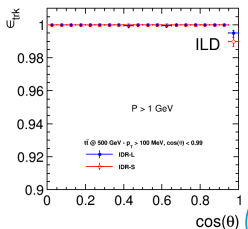
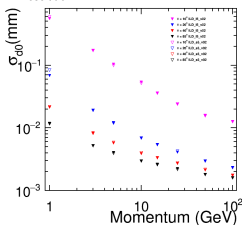
- Tracking efficiency

- Very close to 1!
- ILD-L better at low momentum
→ Less curvature because B smaller

Momentum Resolution



IP Resolution



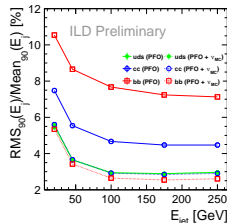
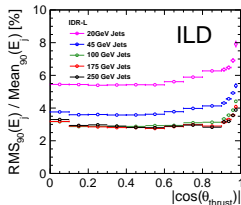
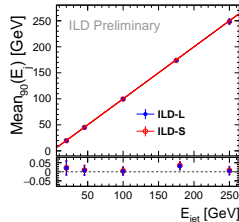
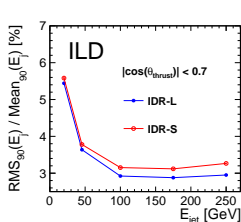
The ILD detector performance

Jet energy: resolution and scale

- Jet energy resolution defined as:

$$\frac{\sigma_{E_{jet}}}{E_{jet}} := \frac{\text{rms}_{90}(E_{jet})}{\text{mean}_{90}(E_{jet})} \quad (1)$$

- Better than 4% for $E_{jet} \geq 45 \text{ GeV}$
- Approaching 3% (3.2%) for ILD-L (ILD-S)
- Getting worse in the forward direction
- Jet energy scale better than 5%
- Effect on heavy quark flavor visible:
 - Missing energy due to neutrinos
 - Adding neutrino MC energy \rightarrow recovery!



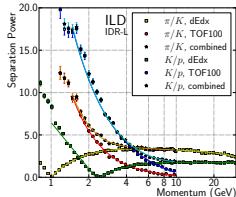
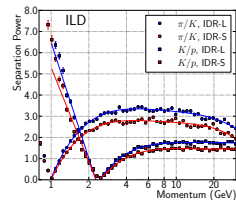
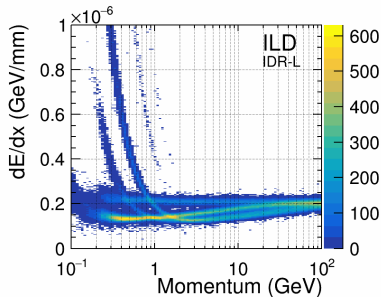
The ILD detector performance

Charged particles identification: dEdX and TOF

- dEdX in the ILD-TPC
→ a powerful tool for PID
- Separation power:

$$\eta_{A,B}(p) = \frac{|\mu_A(p) - \mu_B(p)|}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sigma_A^2(p) + \sigma_B^2(p))}}$$

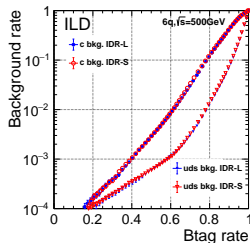
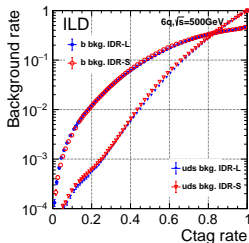
- Combination with TOF:
→ improvement at low P
- Huge potential with
timing-detector



The ILD detector performance

LCFIPlus: flavor-tag performance

- c and b jet identification crucial for physics analysis ($H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)
- Identification using BDTs
- Trained with $e^+e^- \rightarrow 6q$
- No difference between ILD-L and ILD-S
- Results varying as a function of jet energy and multiplicity
- Re-training needed for specific event topology



Conclusion and outlook

Conclusion:

- iLCSoft: a software stack for future colliders studies
 - Realistic full simulation and reconstruction
- iLCDirac: the ILC Monte-Carlo mass production software
- IDR MC production:
 - 500 GeV CMS, 1 PB produced
 - Learnt a lot about massive data production...
- Excellent ILD detector performance

Outlook

- Software tools evolving towards multi-threading
- Detector performance: still place for improvement

