• SiD •



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Update on SiD ECal MAPS Simulations

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## Introduction



- Multiple scattering between two sensors in a tungsten gap limits hit matching to distinguish mip related hits to mip-less hits, as I discussed in an earlier optimization meeting.
- I have looked more closely at performance of the single sensor configuration. This is focus of today's presentation.
- Note for two sensors bending of low energy electrons in magnetic field is not a significant effect (see later slide).

### **10 GeV electrons**





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## **10 GeV electrons**





Hits > 1 keV (272 e's)





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### **10 GeV electrons**





#### 5.3% -> 4.0%



#### Simple cluster algorithm

## But both depend on my simple cluster algorithm. Can we do better?

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#### **Cluster Size for Mip Counts**





#### Average mips vs. Cluster Size -(10 GeV pixel size 0.025 x 0.1, 2000 x 400)

### **Old News**



On April 14 I discussed multiple scattering between sensors in a tungsten gap; Andy raised question of deflection of electrons in magnetic field. I calculated it for SiD:



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# Summary



- \* We have a better understanding of the limitations of resolution at the mip level for single sensor.
- A simple cluster algorithm has been investigated and shows the complexities of distinguishing mip related clusters from mip-less clusters
- The magnetic field would be a minor issue in matching clusters between two sensors within a gap; multiple scattering is much more significant.