

Exploring Right Handed Neutrinos at ILC

Jurina NAKAJIMA^A, Daniel Jeans^B, Arindam Das^C, Keisuke FUJII^B

SOKENDAI^A, KEK^B, Hokkaido Univ.^C

14, July 2021 (JST)

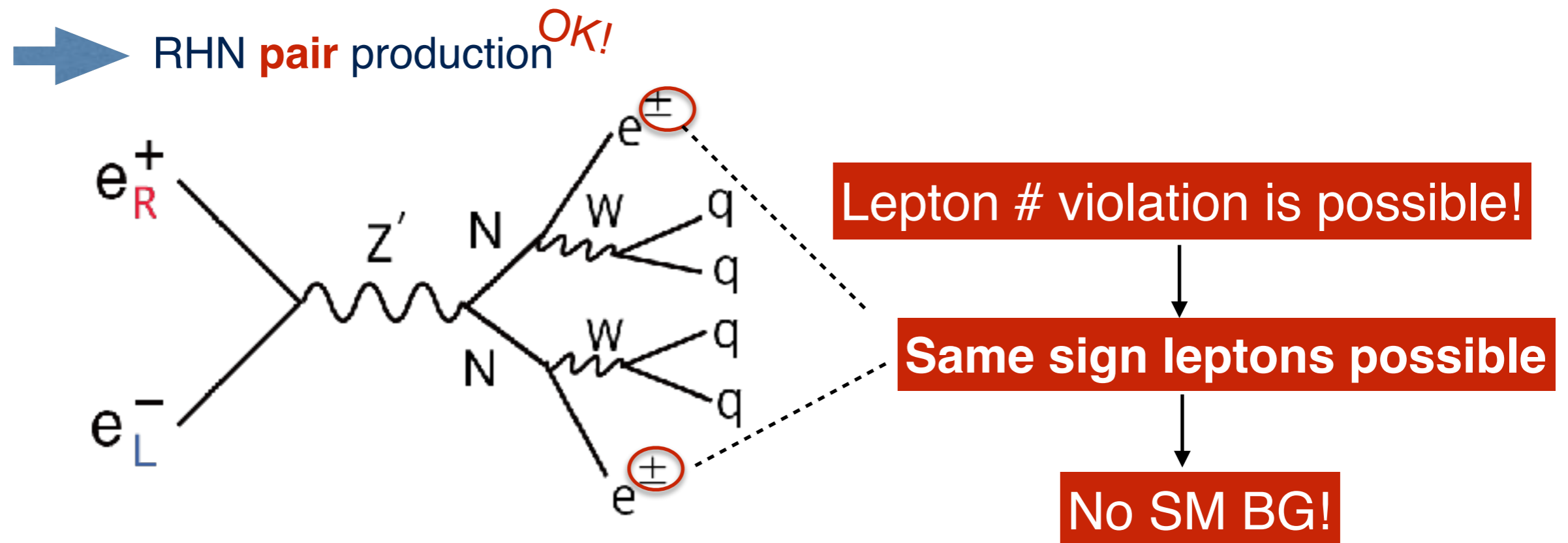


Motivation

The right handed neutrino(RHN) can address the following big questions

- ▶ Why does matter dominate anti-matter in our universe?
- ▶ Why is neutrino mass so small?
- ▶ Do quarks and leptons unify?

Right handed neutrino is assumed to be a **Majorana** particle. ($\nu = \bar{\nu}$)



Model

Gauged B-L extension of Standard Model(SM)

The unique anomaly free global symmetry in the SM

$$G_{B-L} \equiv SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times U(1)_{B-L}$$

- ▶ Anomaly free requirement → **RHNs**
- ▶ **Seesaw mechanism** ← automatically include

Gauge boson : Z'

If B-L symmetry breaks spontaneously → Z' becomes **massive**

minimal B-L model

	$SU(3)_C$	$SU(2)_L$	$U(1)_Y$	$U(1)_{B-L}$
N_R^i	1	1	0	-1
Φ $i=1,2,3$	1	1	0	2

[arXiv\[1812.11931\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.11931)

Arindam Das, Nobuchika Okada, Satomi Okada, Digesh Raut

2 benchmark points

Not excluded by LHC

M_N [GeV]	$M_{Z'}$ [TeV]	$g_{1'}$	$ V_{eN} ^2$	σ_{LR} ($ee \rightarrow NN$) [fb]	Event # [4000fb ⁻¹]
100	7	1	0.001	7.08E-01	1619
200	7	1	0.005	1.63E-01	372

► minimal $U(1)_{B-L}$ model

◆ $\sigma_{LR} = \sigma_{RL}$ (100%)

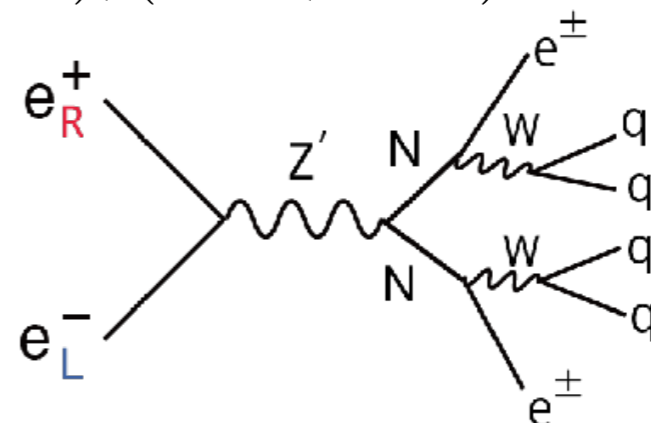
► Signal samples (only LR)

► ILC 500 with ISR / BS

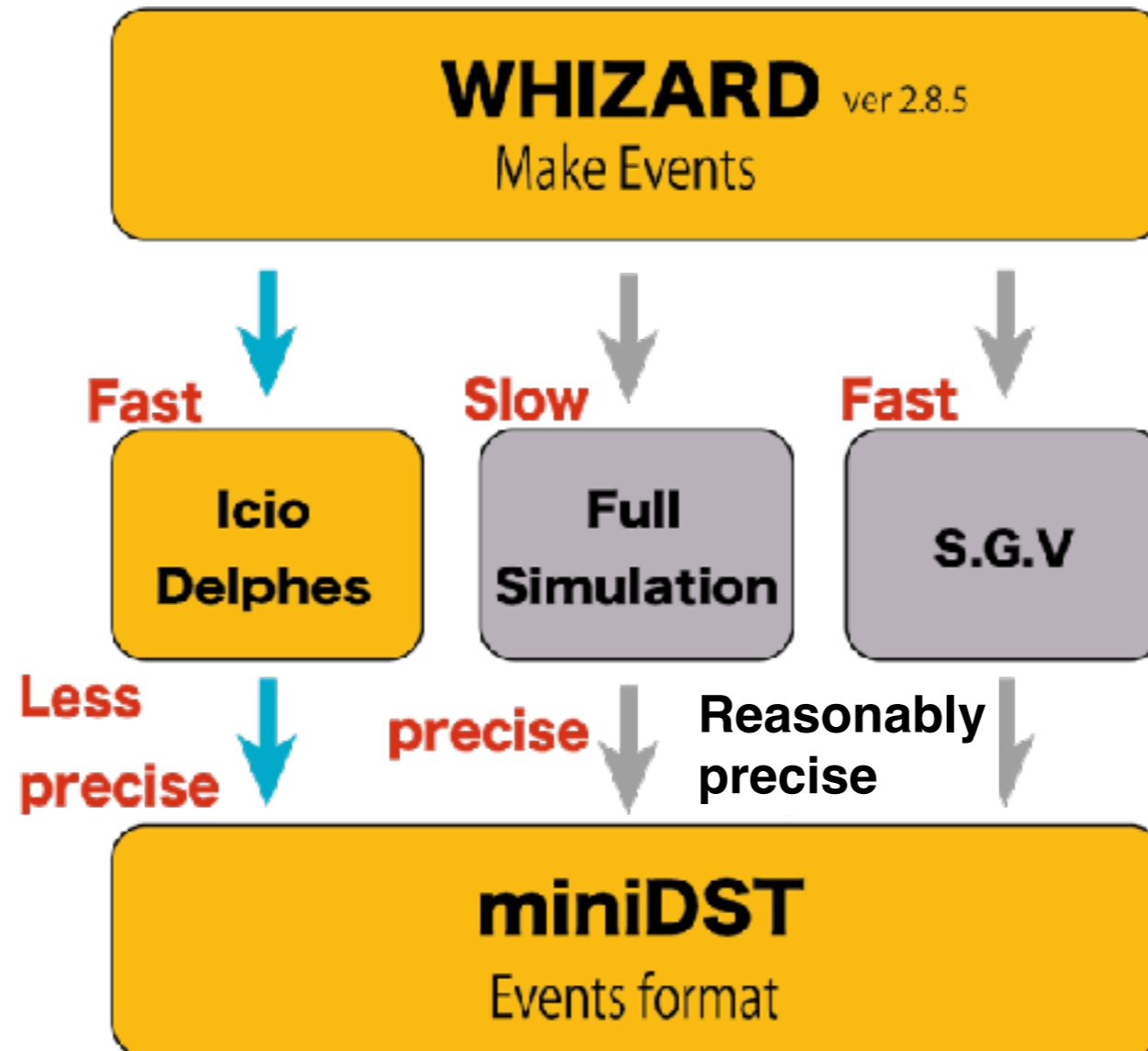
► Generated event # = 5000

Pol(-0.8, +0.3), (+0.8, -0.3) : $\mathcal{L} = 1600$ [fb⁻¹]

Pol(+0.8, +0.3), (-0.8, -0.3) : $\mathcal{L} = 400$ [fb⁻¹]



Analysis tool

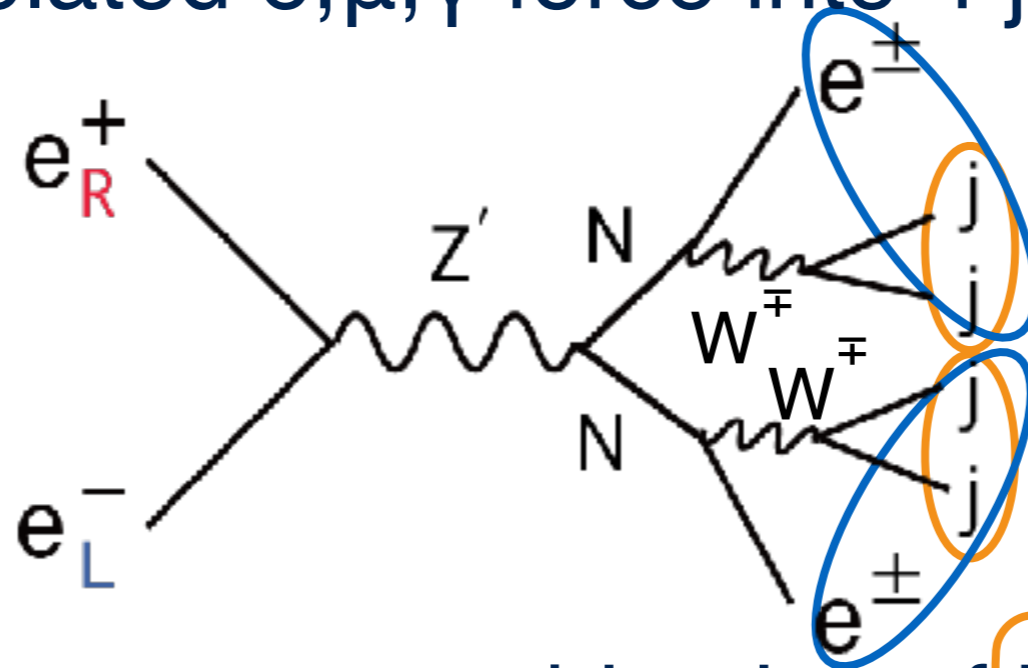


Fast simulation

- ▶ using Delphes with the “**generic ILC detector card**”
recently prepared for the US Snowmass study
→ ***Friendly to newcomers***

Reconstruction methods

After removing isolated e, μ, γ force into 4 jets (Durham)



Search for the correct combination of jj and jje

Jet pair 1 $\rightarrow M_{jj1}$, Jet pair 2 $\rightarrow M_{jj2}$

$$F = (M_{jj1} - M_w)^2 + (M_{jj2} - M_w)^2$$

Best jet pair 1 + iso $e \rightarrow M_{jje1}$
Best jet pair 2 + iso $e \rightarrow M_{jje2}$

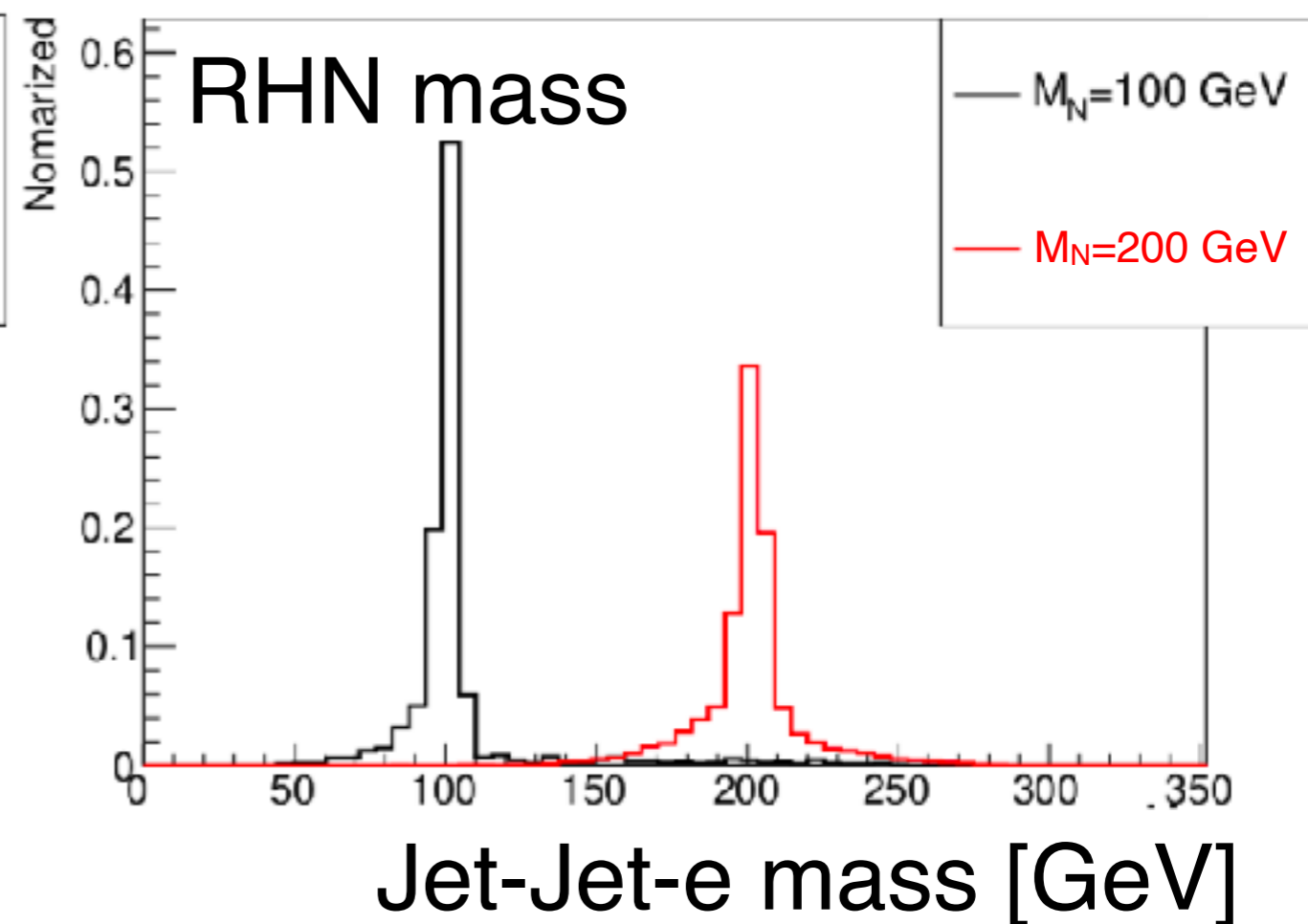
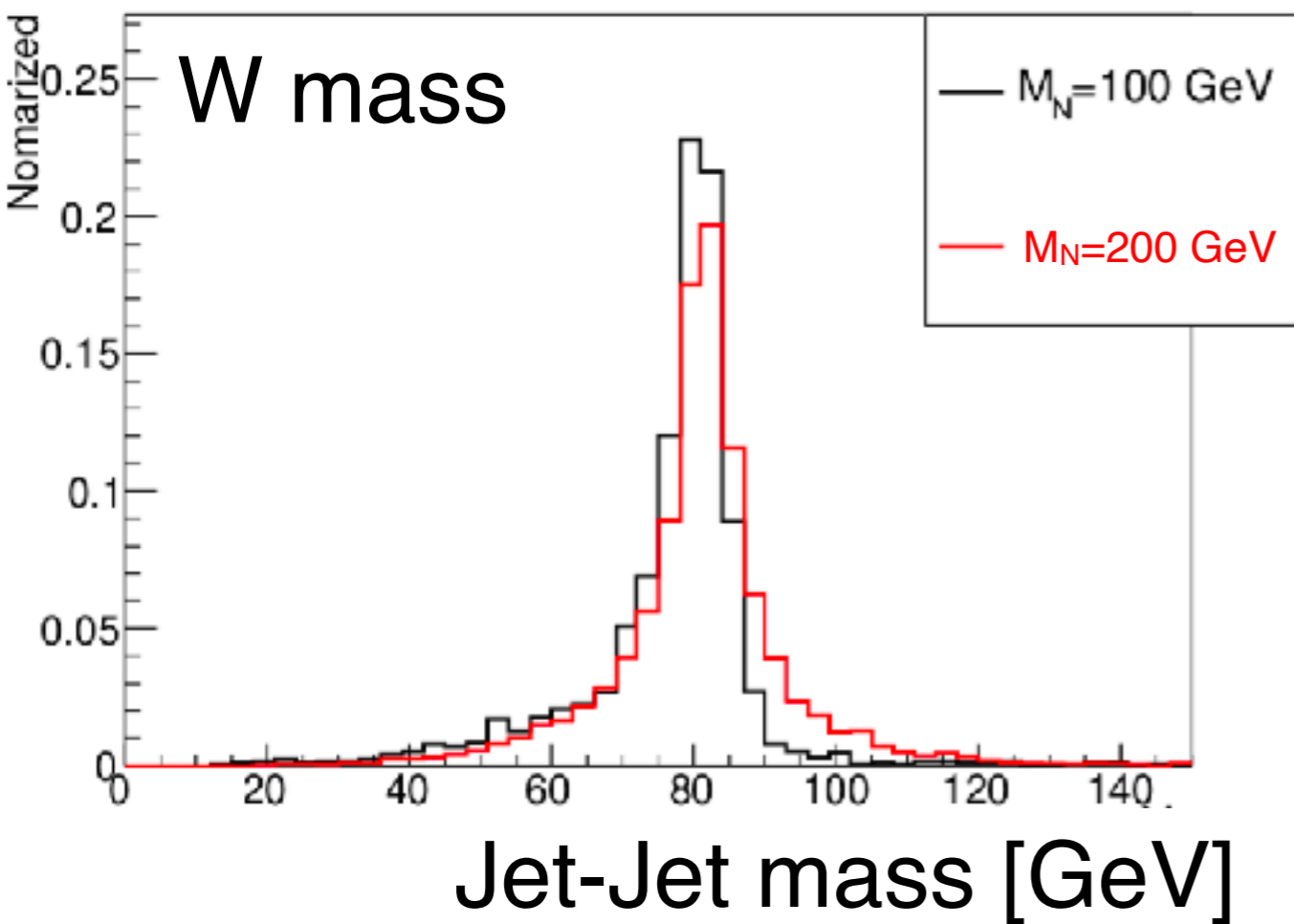
We expect for " $M_{jje1} = M_{jje2}$ "

$$F = (M_{jje1} - M_{jje2})^2$$

Choose combination with minimum F

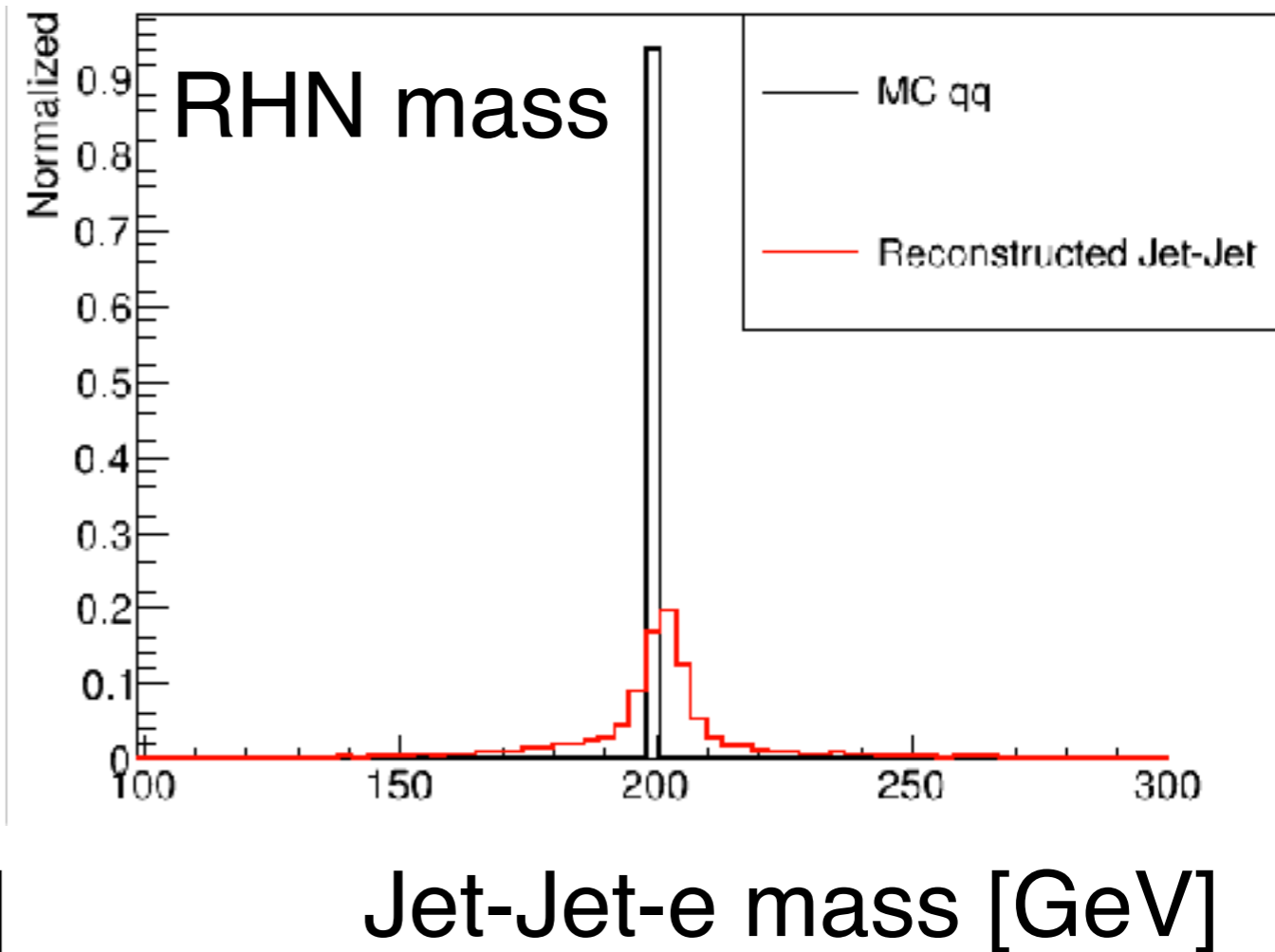
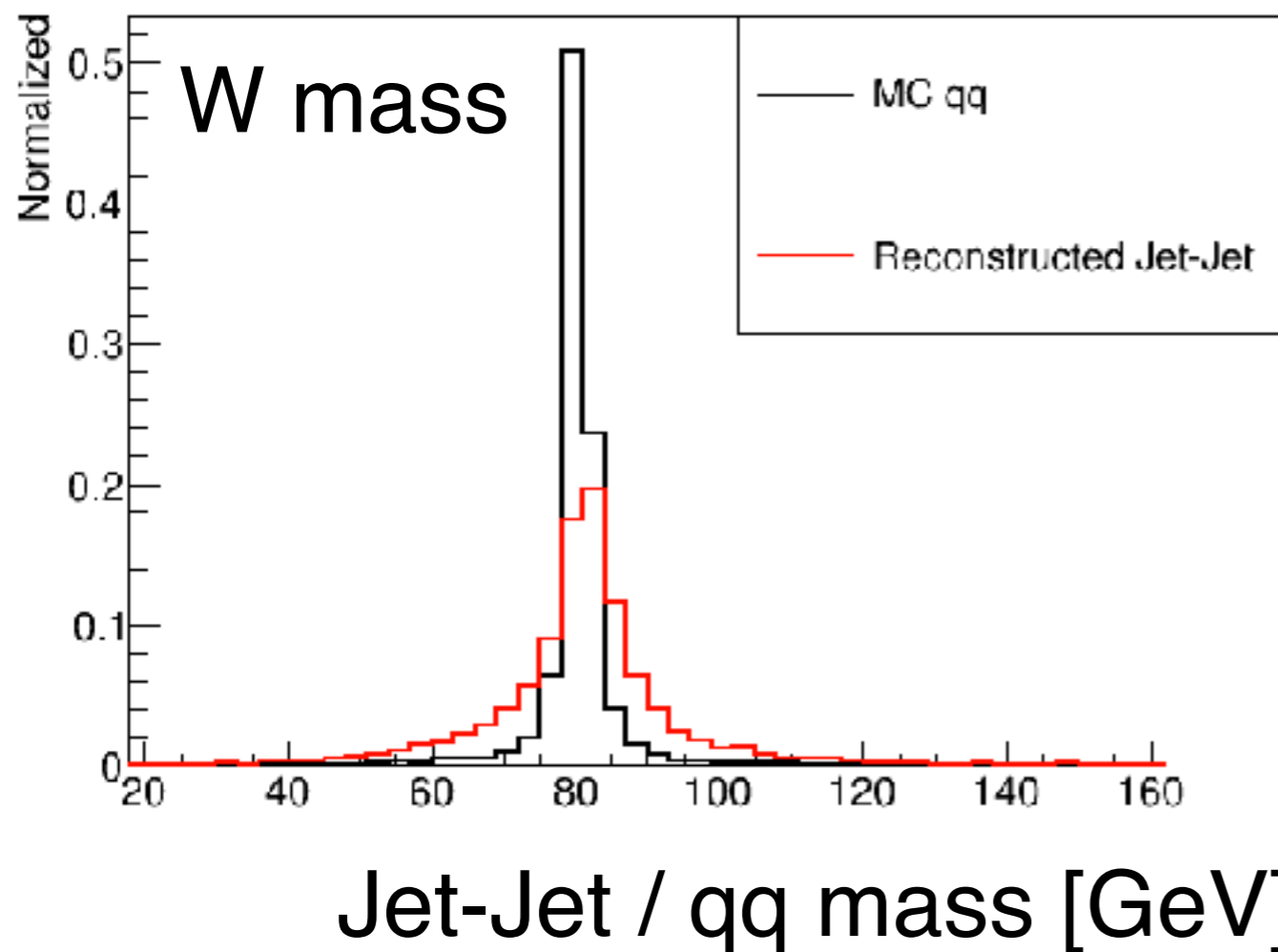
Reconstruction of W and RHN

isolated electrons = 2 && # isolated photons = 0
Choose the **best** combination

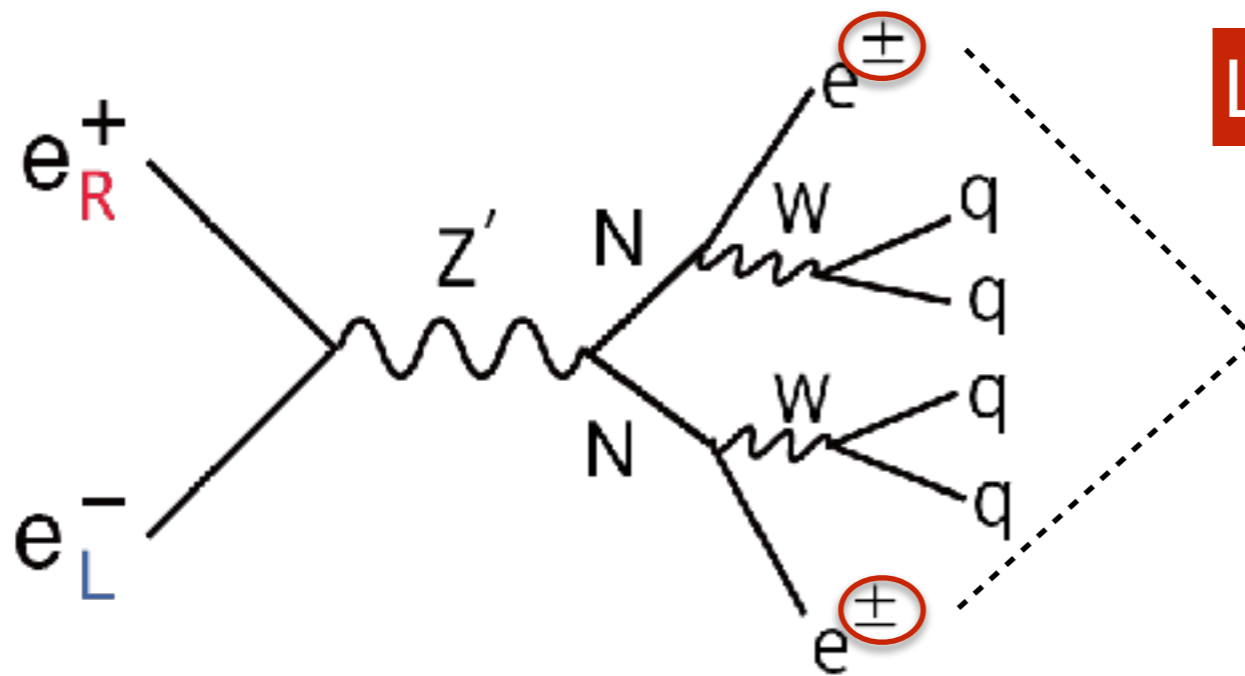


Comparison between MC and Reconstructed W Bosons and RHN

► $M_N = 200$ GeV



Back grounds



Lepton # violation is possible!

Same sign leptons possible

No SM BG!

However... We need to consider as the follow.

Charge misidentification

Add to full simulation back ground samples.

eexyyx, xxxxee, yyyyee
(All polarization)

x...up type quark
y...down type quark

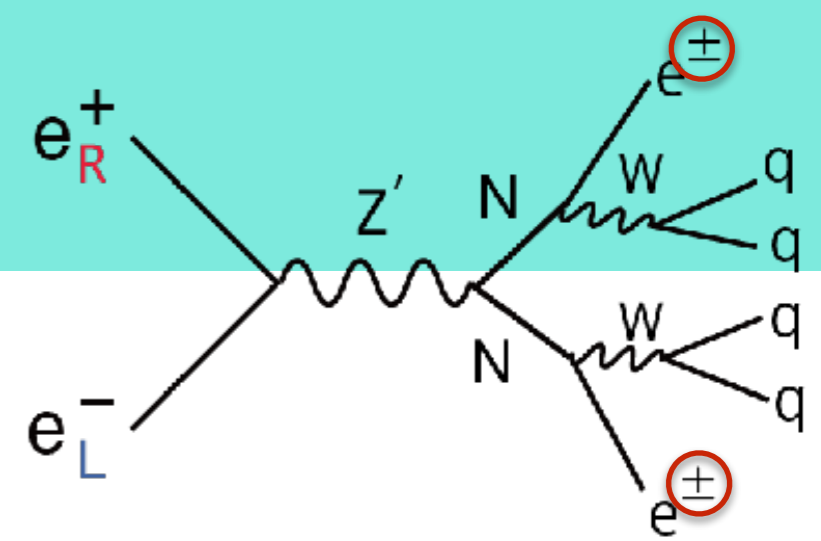
Cross section — BG

x...up type quark
y...down type quark

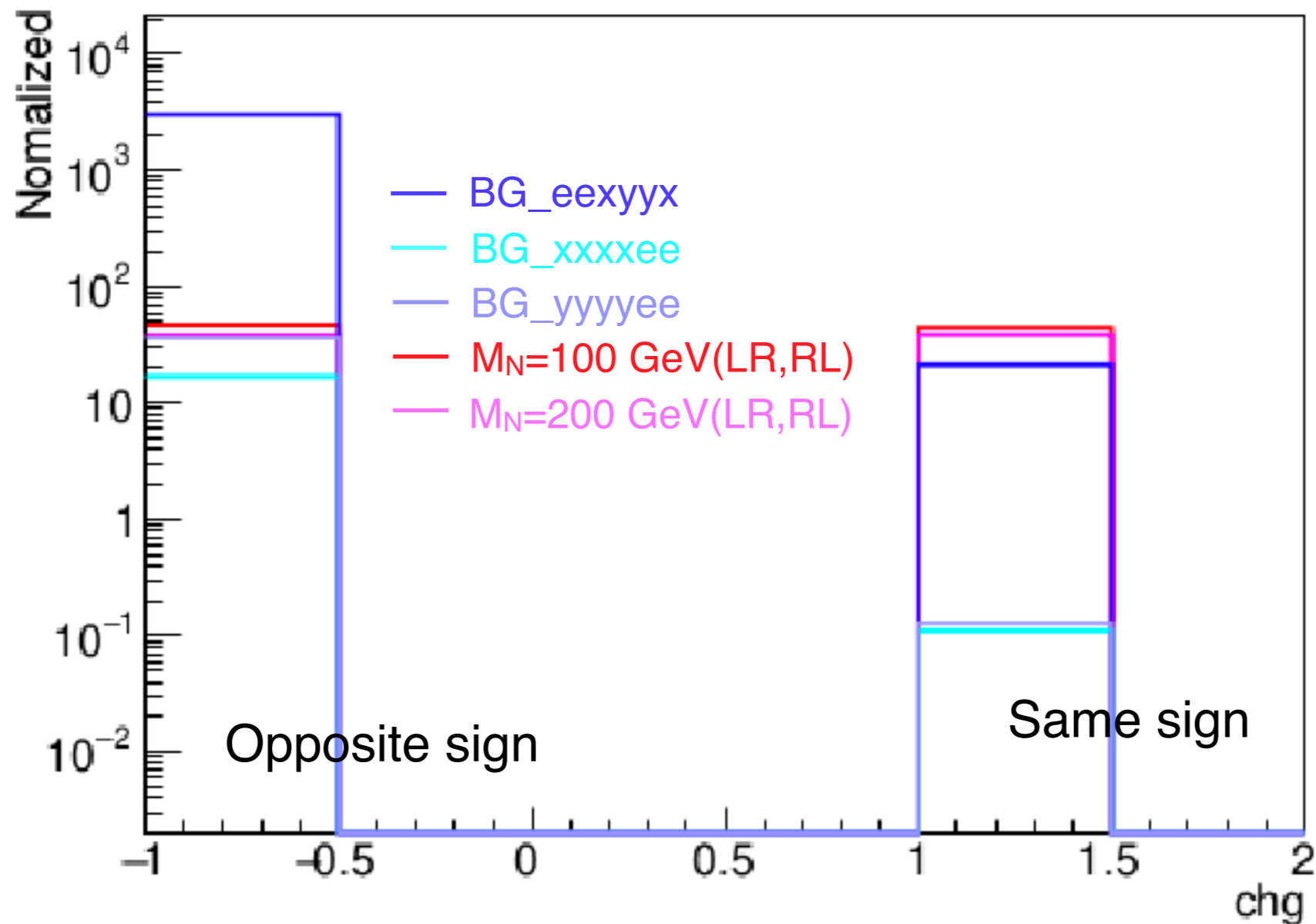
(100%,100%)	eexyyx	xxxxee	yyyyee
eLpR	1.64E+01	8.71E-02	1.45E-01
eRpL	3.64	4.62E-02	5.31E-02
eLpL	6.63	3.38E-02	2.20E-02
eRpR	6.61	3.30E-02	1.97E-02

Electron Charge

ILC 500 with ISR / BS (80,30)



Isolated electrons charge

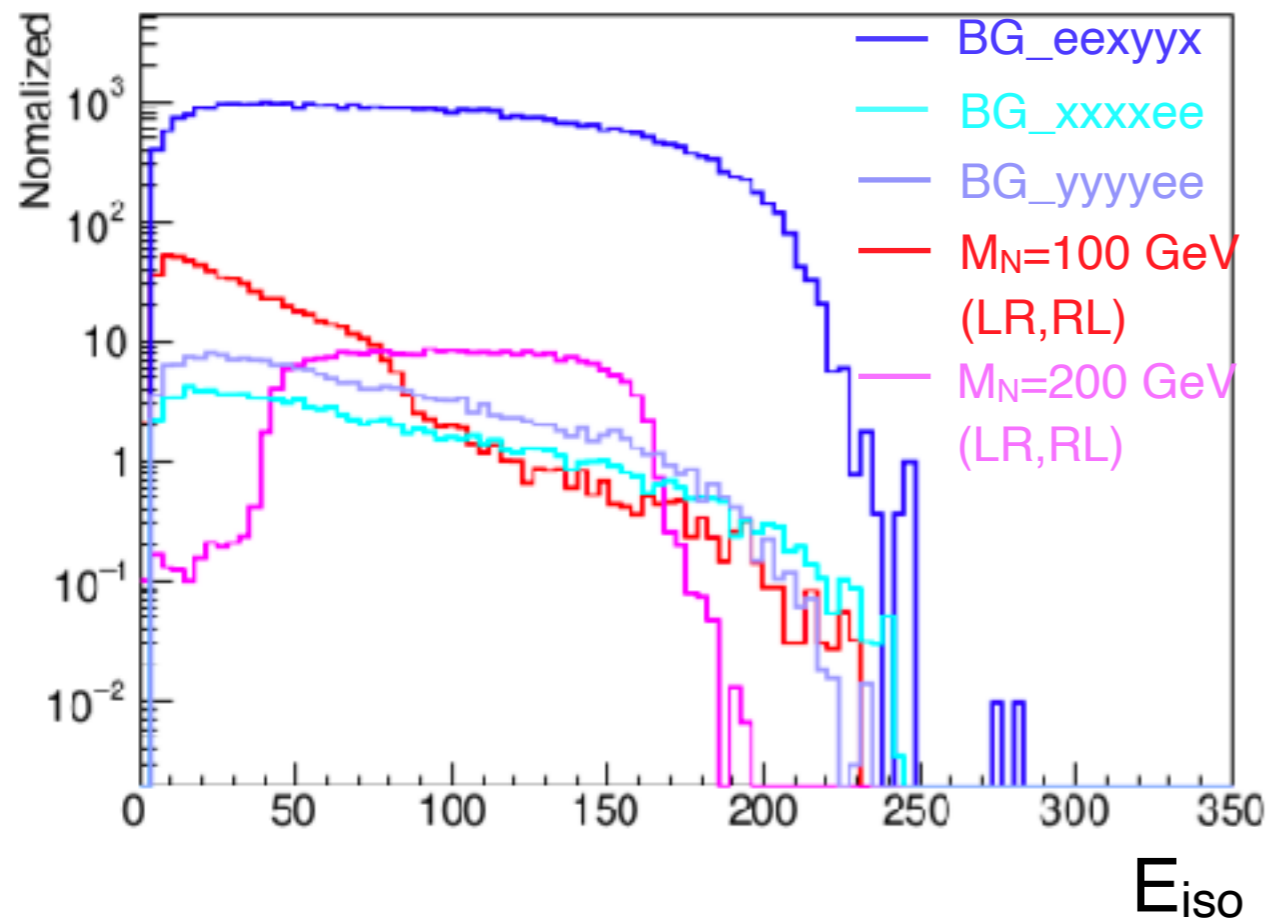


We use only same sign samples (Charge == 1)

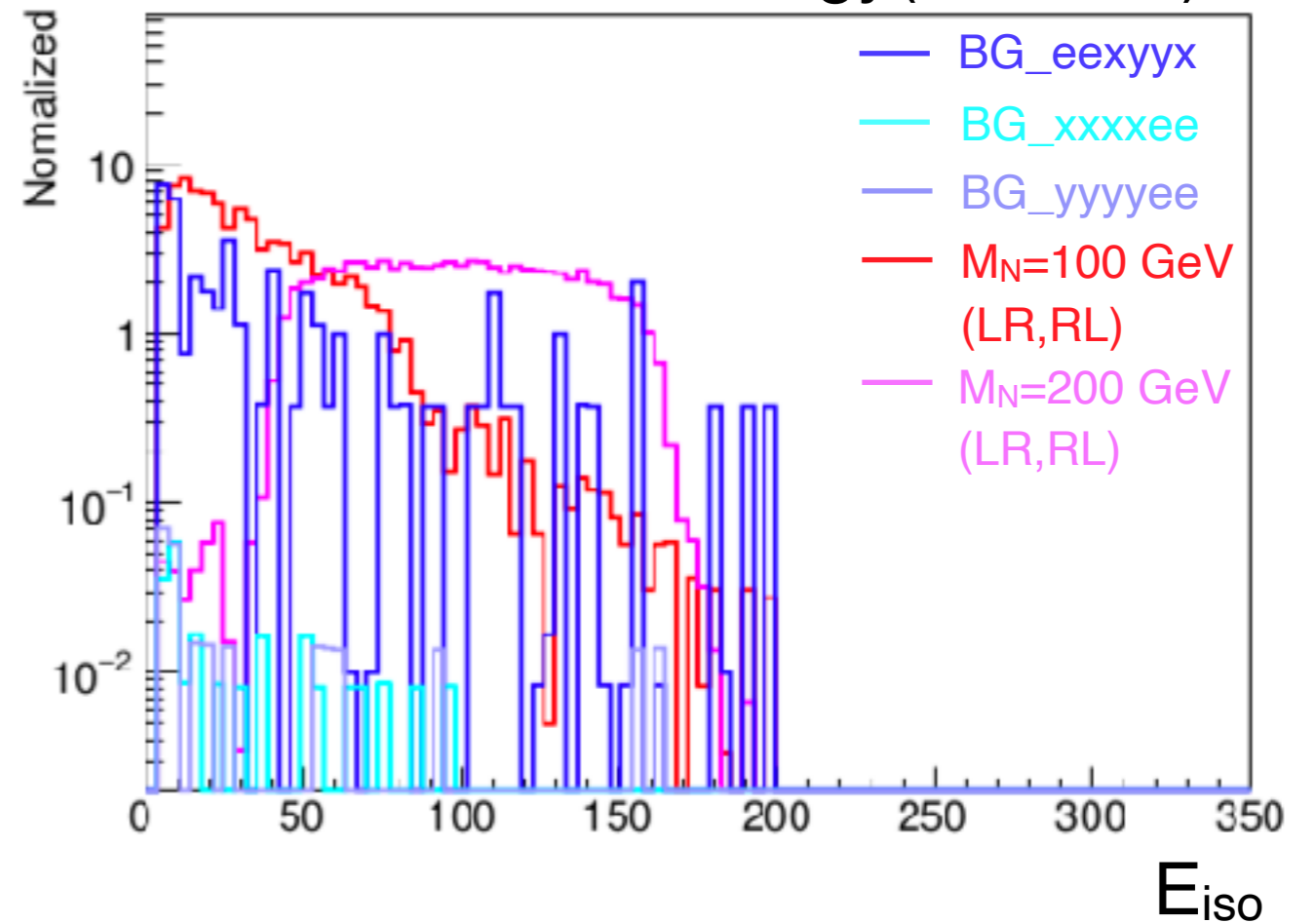
Isolated electron energy

ILC 500 with ISR / BS (80,30)

Isolated electron energy(**before** cut)



Isolated electron energy(**after** cut)

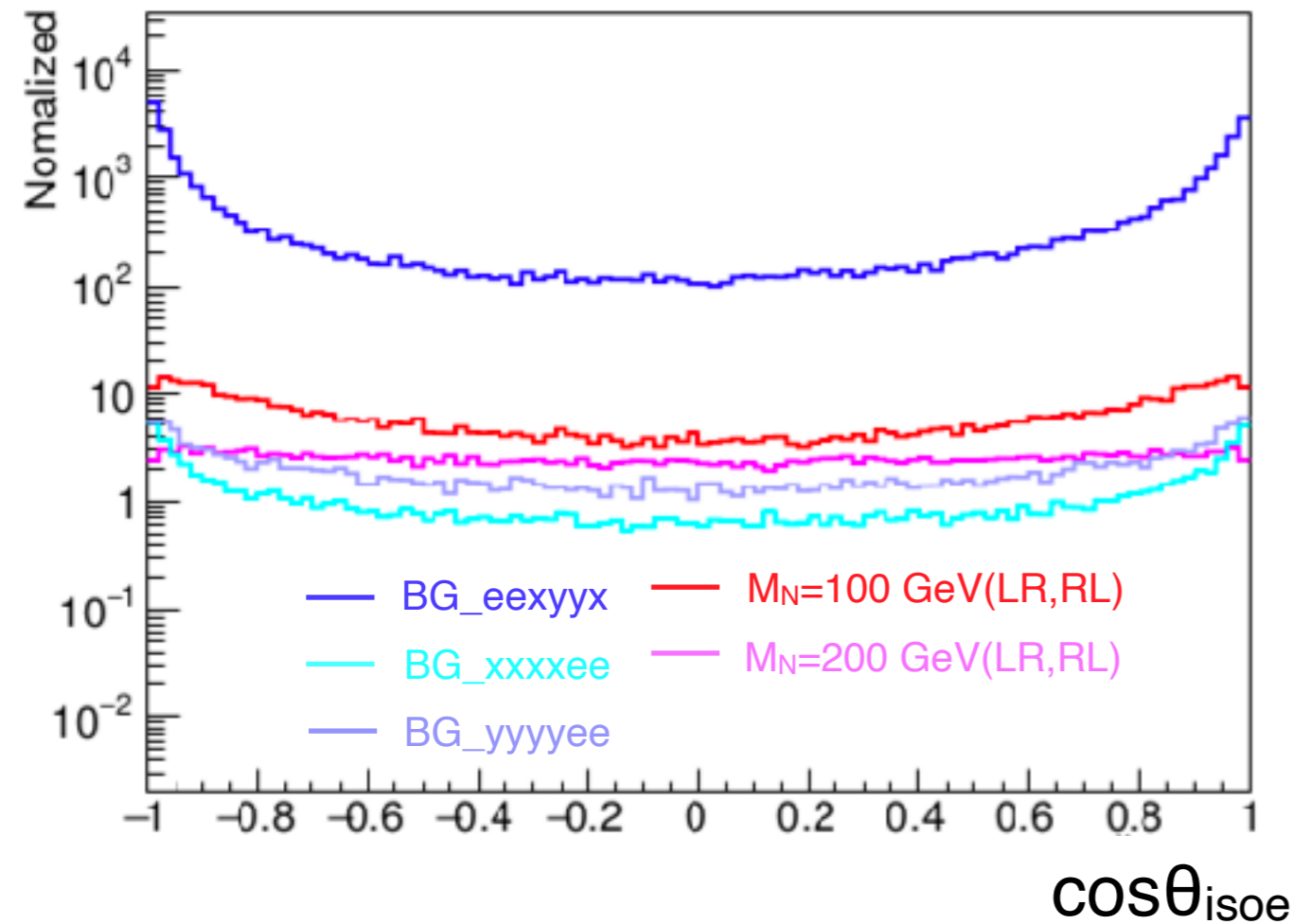


$$E_{iso} < 200 \text{ [GeV]}$$

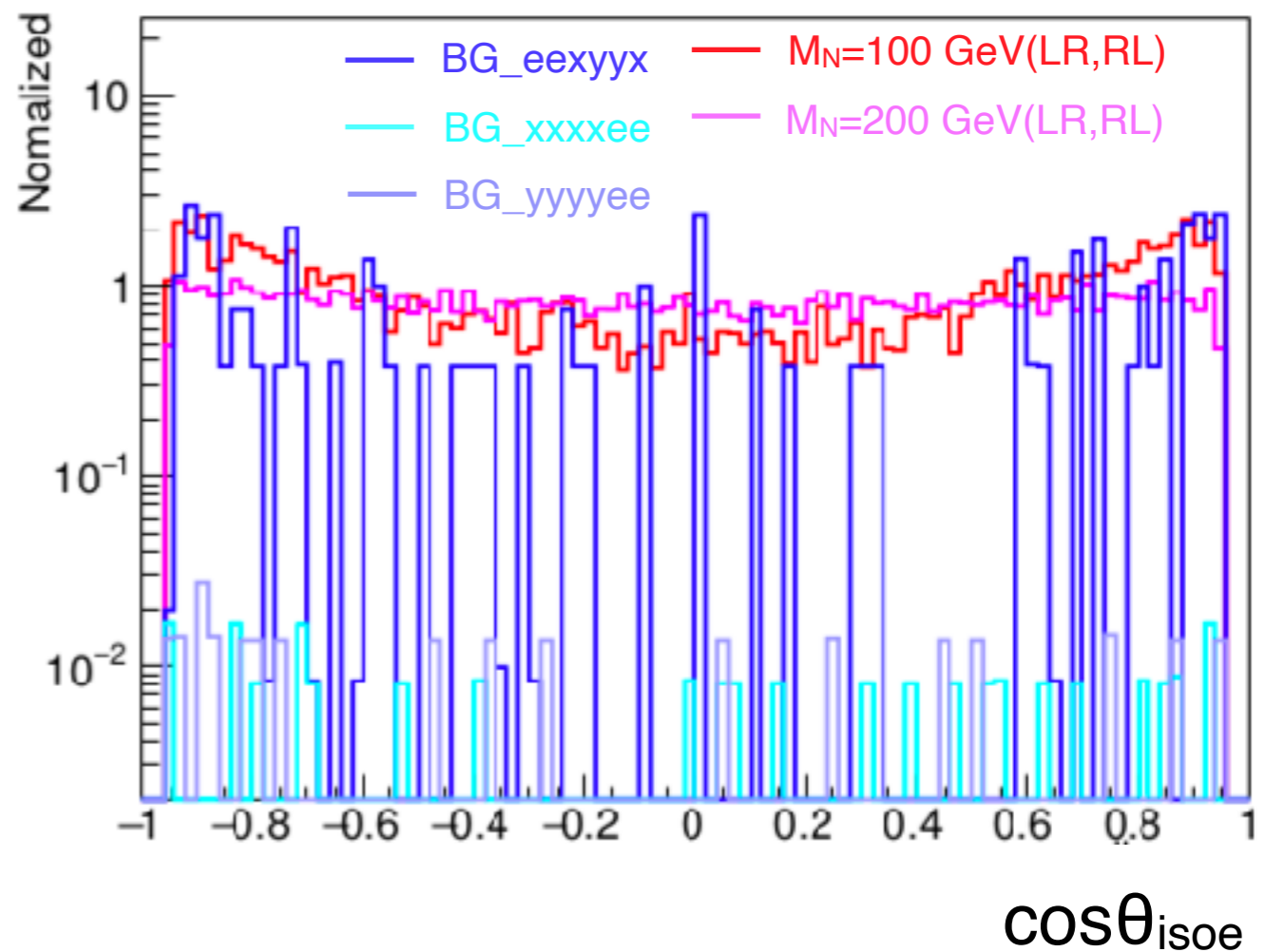
$\cos\theta_{\text{isoe}}$

ILC 500 with ISR / BS(80,30)

$\cos\theta_{\text{isoe}}$ (before cut)



$\cos\theta_{\text{isoe}}$ (after cut)

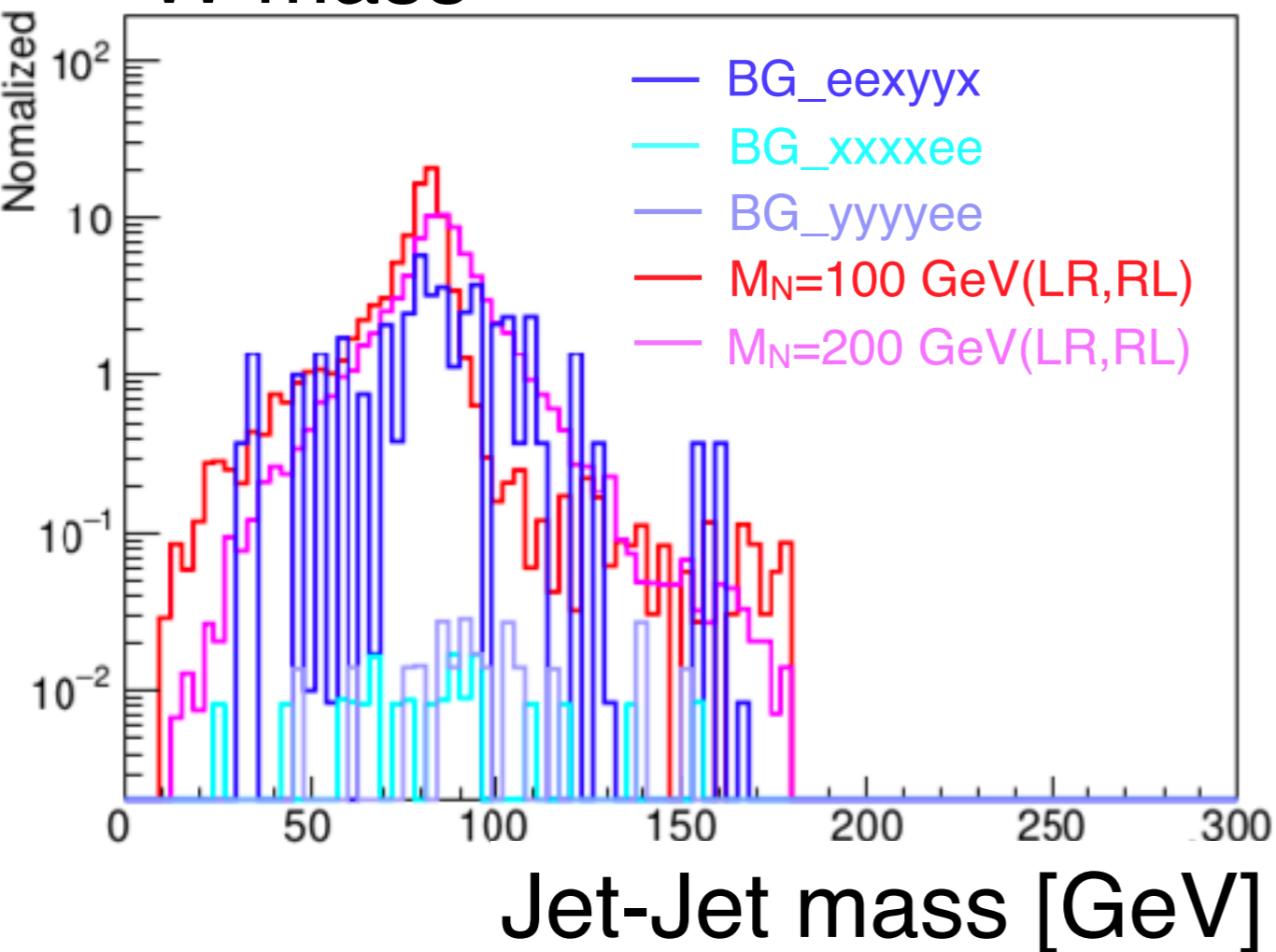


$$-0.95 < \cos\theta_{\text{isoe}} < 0.95$$

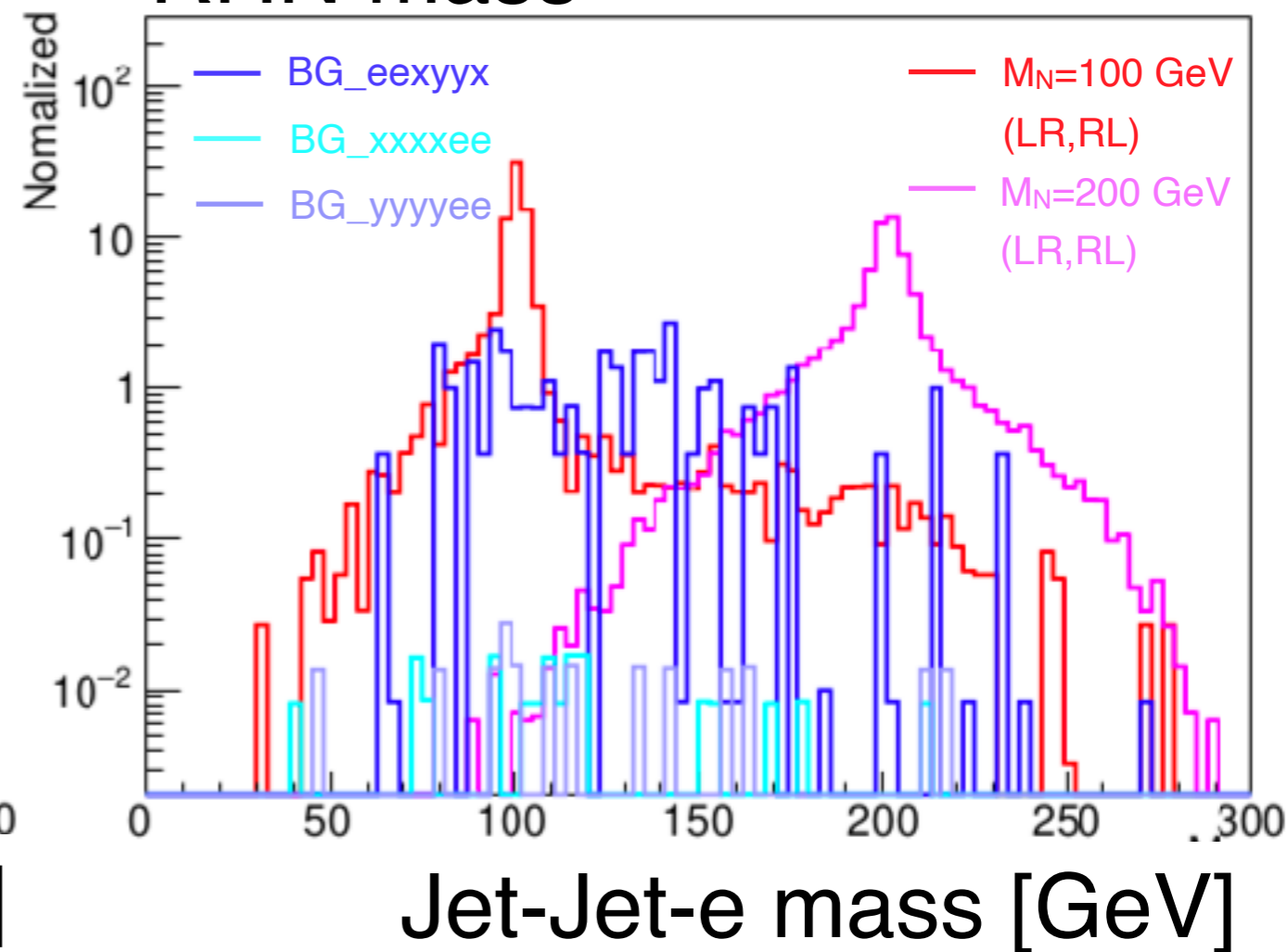
Reconstructed

isolated electrons = 2 && # isolated photons = 0
 $E_{\text{iso}} < 200$ [GeV] && $-0.95 < \cos\theta_{\text{isoe}} < 0.95$

W mass



RHN mass



BG is not quite free but we can remove

Summary & Future work

- ▶ Carried out **fast simulation** for RHN pair production using **Delphes miniDST** framework
- ▶ Consider the **charge misidentification** in the backgrounds process

→ **BG is not quite free but we can remove these.**

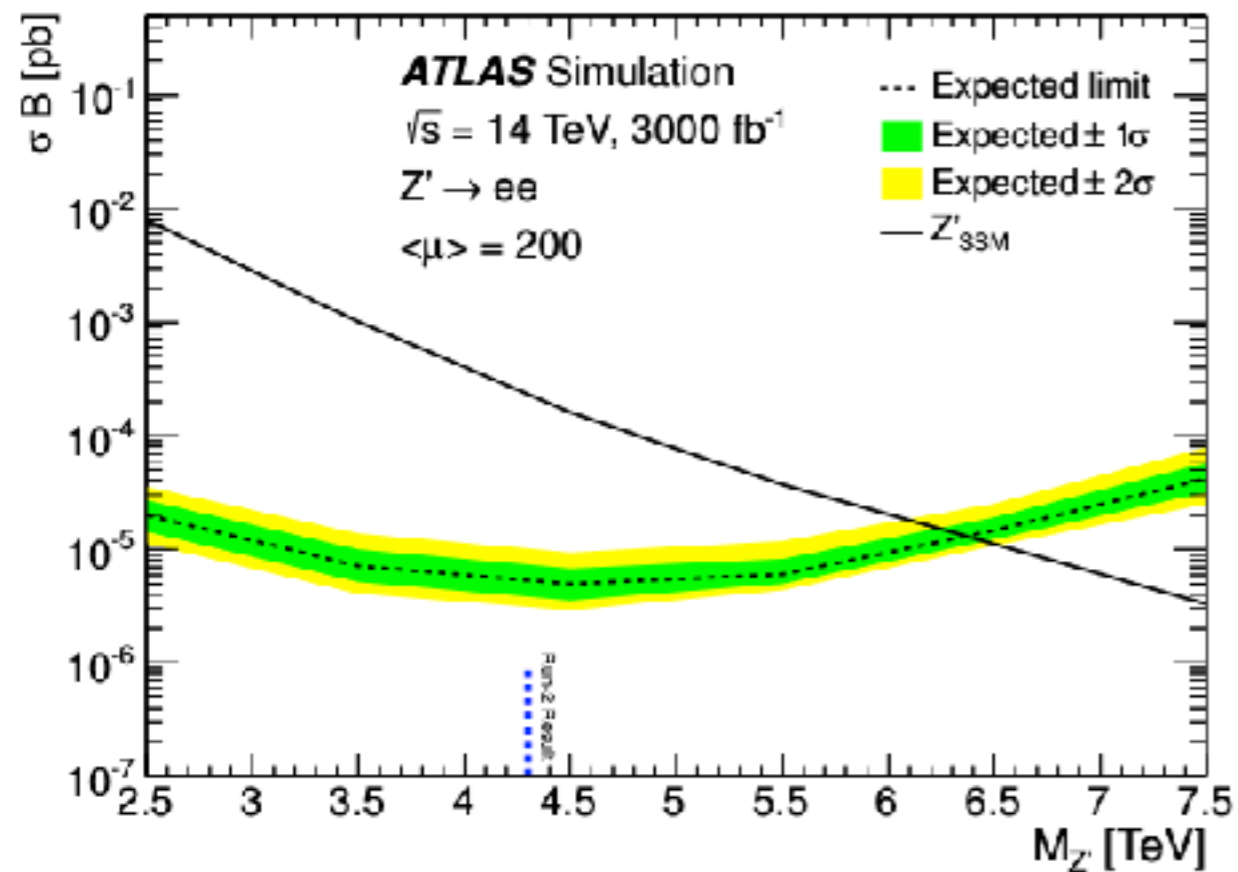
Event # [4000fb ⁻¹]		
	Before cut	After cut
M _N =100[GeV]	1619	43
M _N =200[GeV]	372	38

Consider more cut condition

Backup

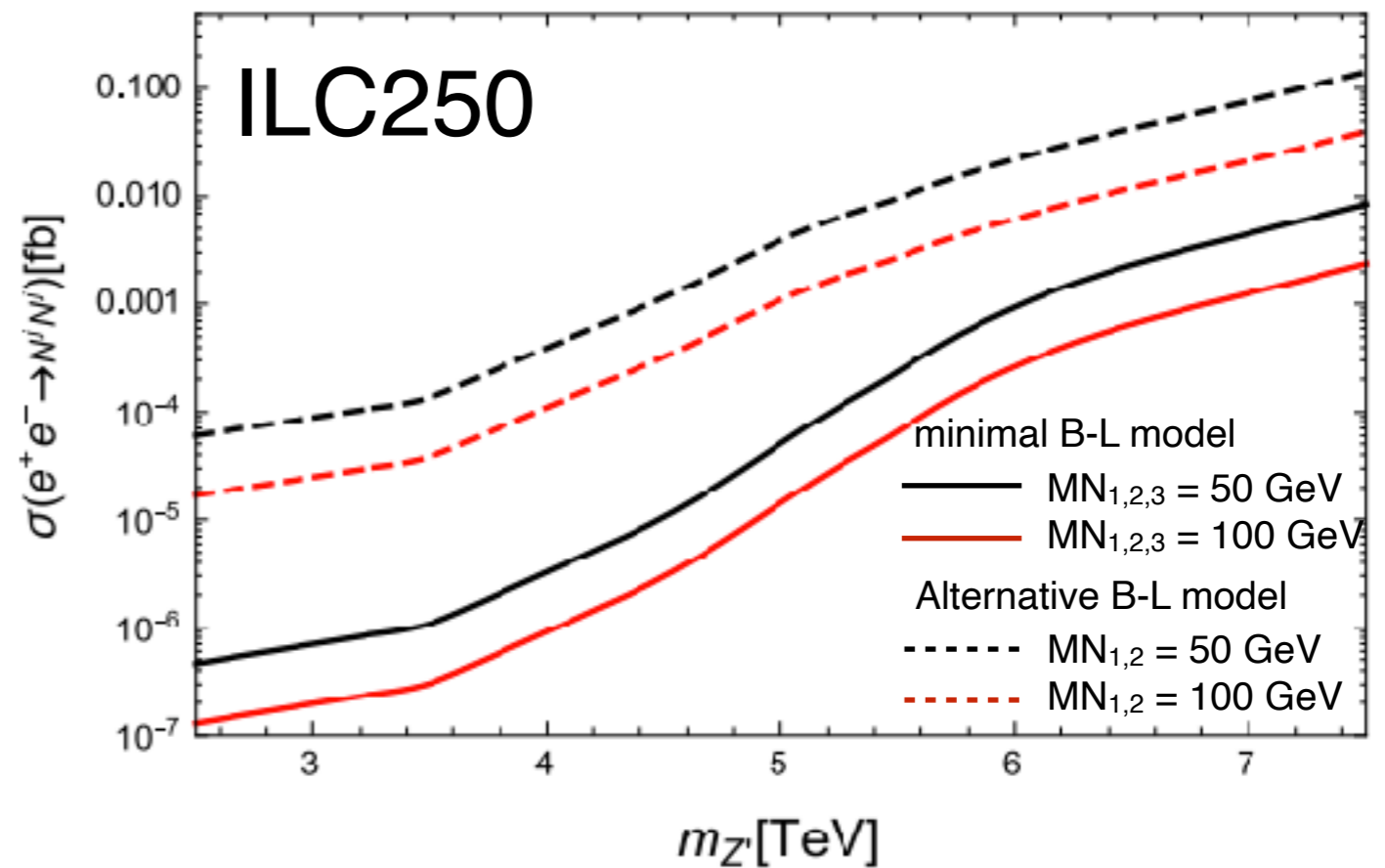
Current limits - Z' mass

SM like Z' coupling



ATLAS-TDR-LHCC2017-2018

HL-LHC prospects limit for $U(1)_{B-L}$ model

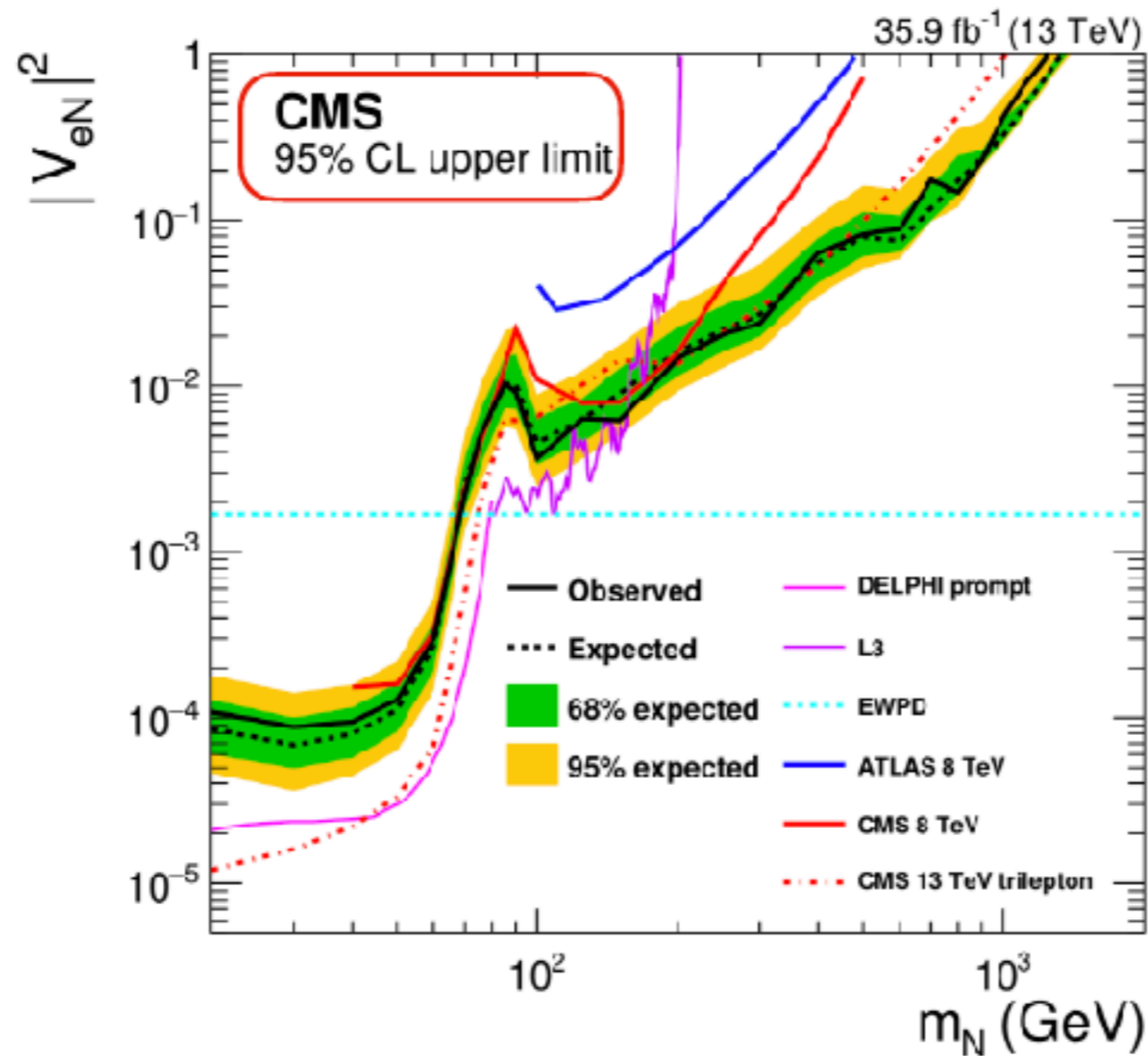


[arXiv\[1812.11931\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.11931)

The heavier Z' mass less constrained by LHC

Current limits $|V_{eN}|^2$

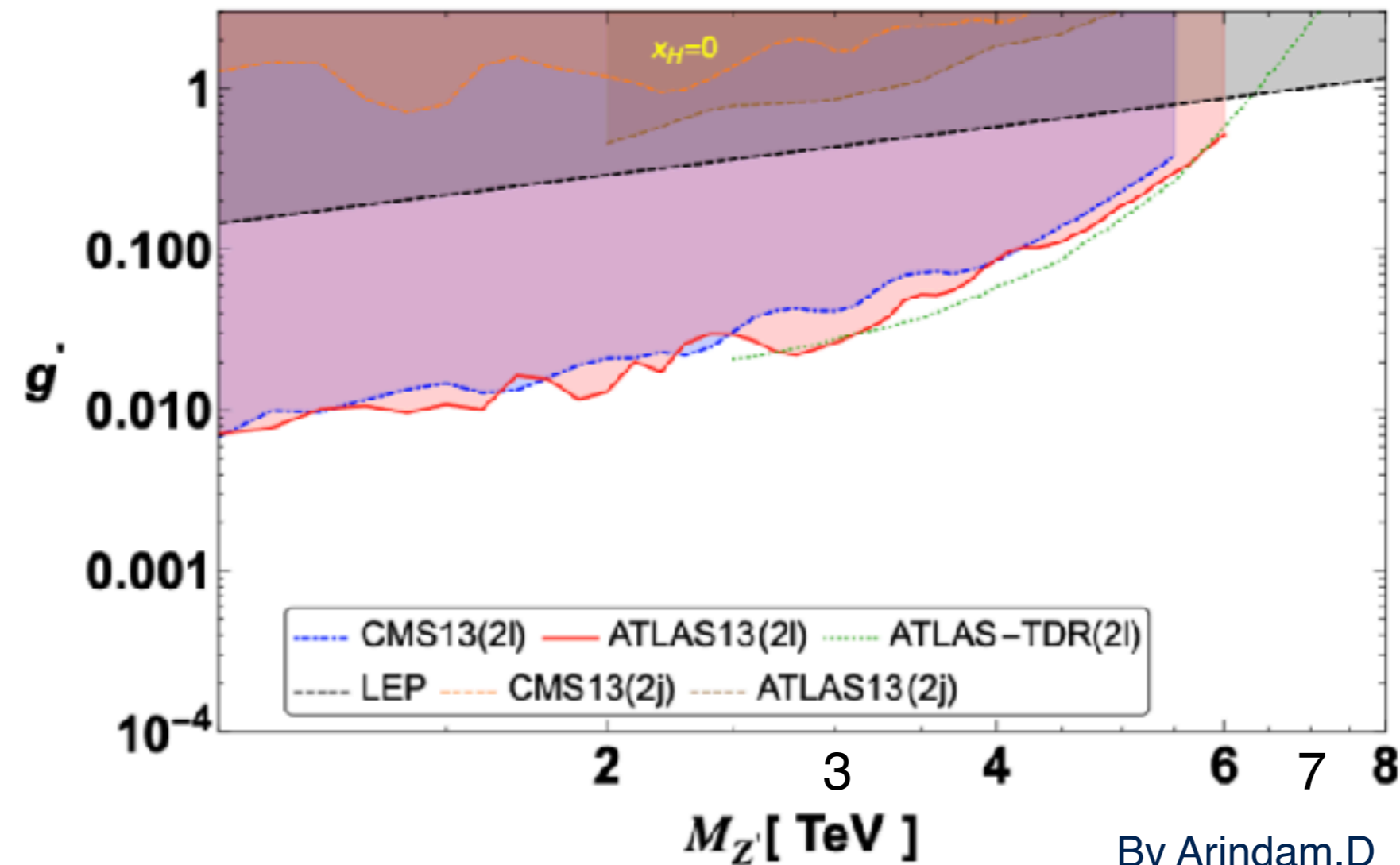
$|V_{eN}|^2$: the “light-heavy” neutrino mixing matrix



CMS PAS EXO-19-019

Current Limits and prospects - Z' mass, g_1'

G_1' : $U(1)_{B-L}$ gauge coupling constant



M_N [GeV]	$M_{Z'}$ [TeV]	g_1'
100	7	1
200	7	1

M_N [GeV]	$M_{Z'}$ [TeV]	$g_{1'}$	$ V_{eN} ^2$	σ_{LR} ($ee \rightarrow NN$)	Event # [2000fb ⁻¹]
100	7	1	0.001	4.53E-02	50

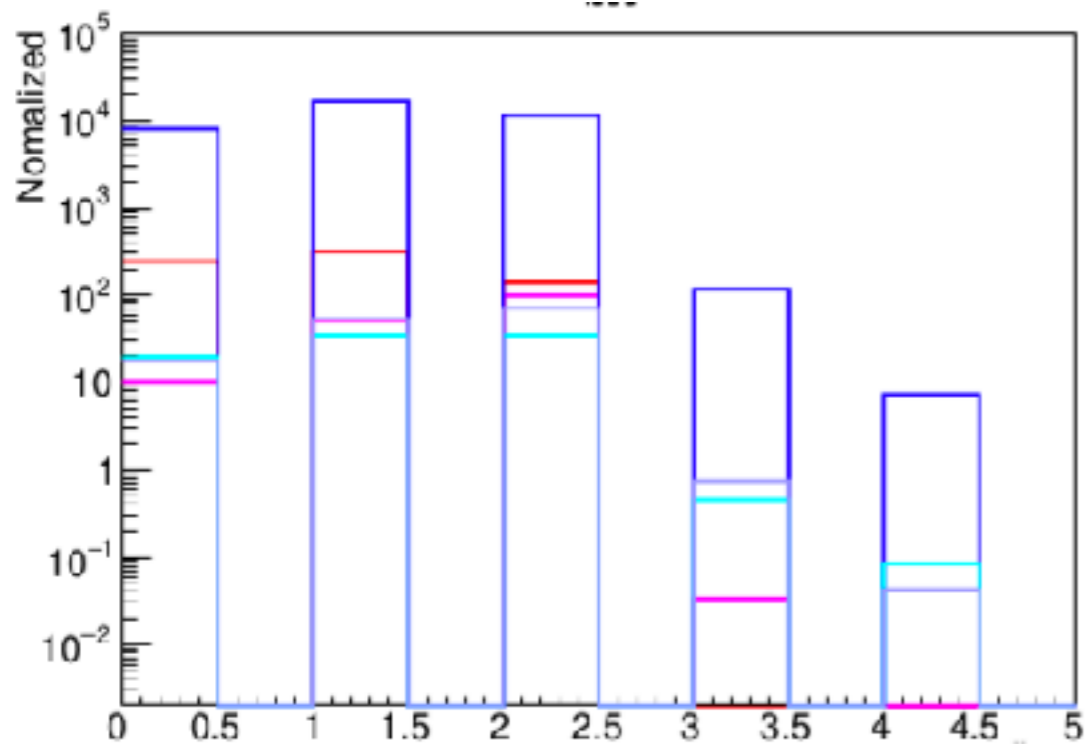
Cross section with the beam polarization

$$\sigma(P_-, P_+) = \left(\frac{1 - P_-}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1 + P_+}{2}\right) \sigma_L + \left(\frac{1 + P_-}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1 - P_+}{2}\right) \sigma_R \quad (\sigma_L = \sigma_R)$$

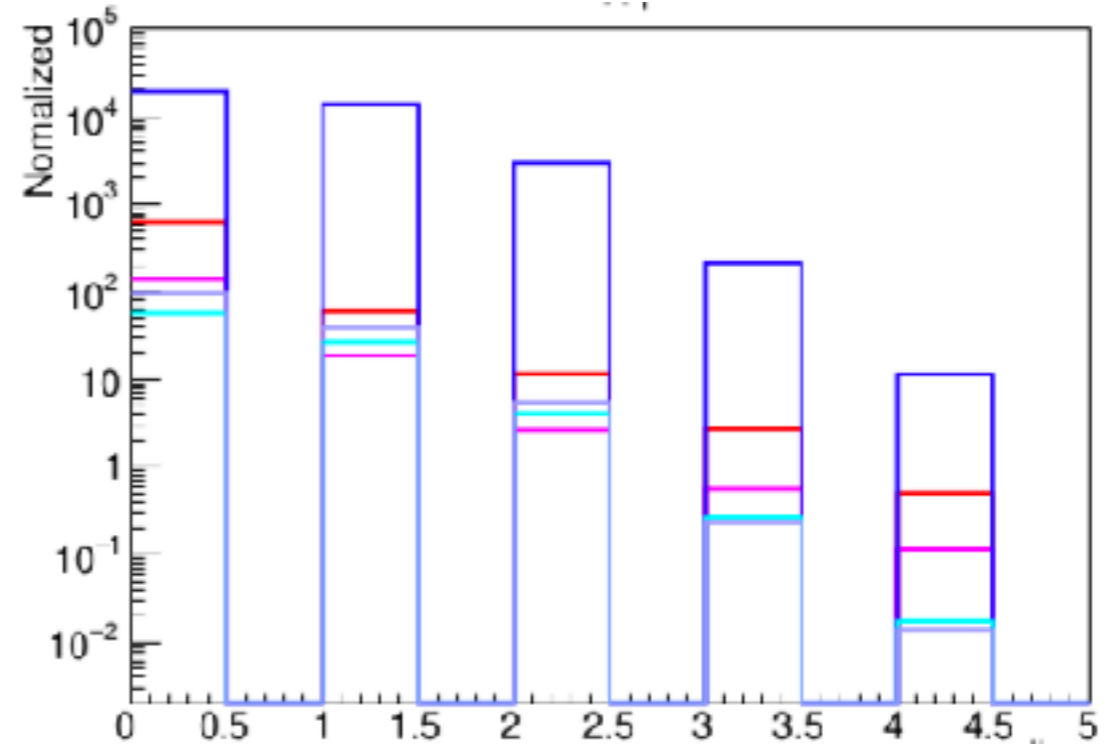
$$\text{Pol}(-0.8, +0.3), \text{Pol}(+0.8, -0.3) : \mathcal{L} = 900 [\text{fb}^{-1}]$$

$$\text{Pol}(+0.8, +0.3), \text{Pol}(-0.8, -0.3) : \mathcal{L} = 100 [\text{fb}^{-1}]$$

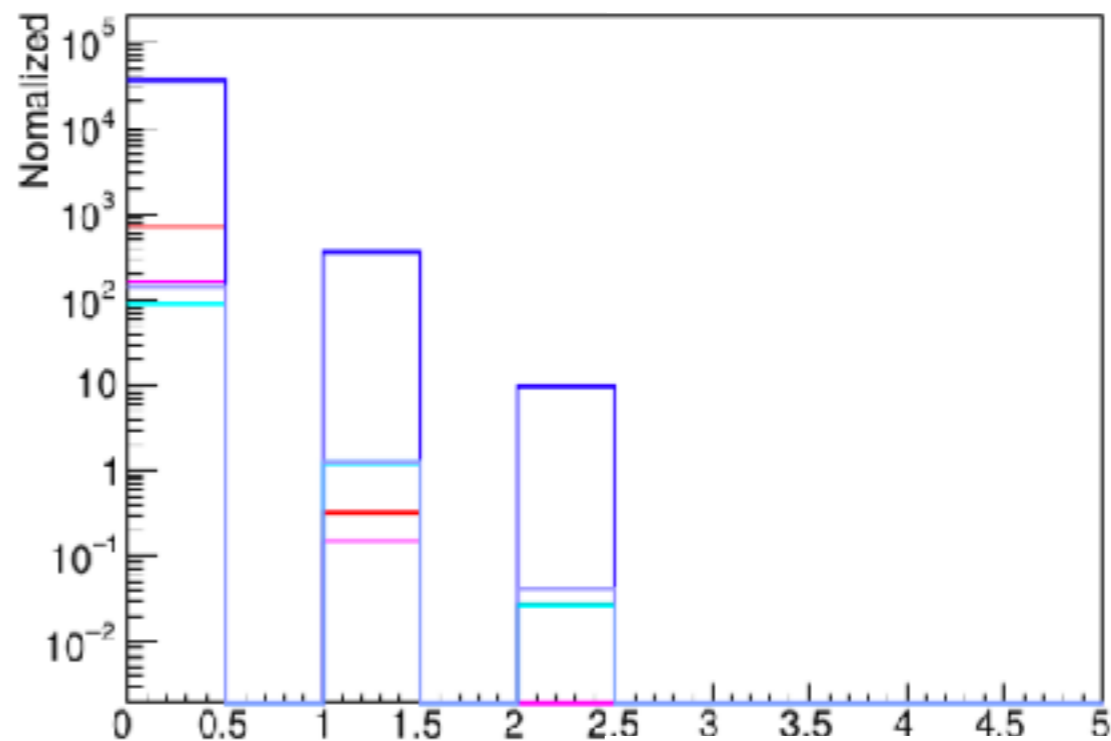
Isolated particles (Signal + Backgrounds)



Number of isolated e



Number of isolated γ



Number of isolated μ