



# AFB studies at 500 GeV (update)



*ILD Top/HF group meeting 22/02/22*

A. Irles\*, J. P. Márquez\*



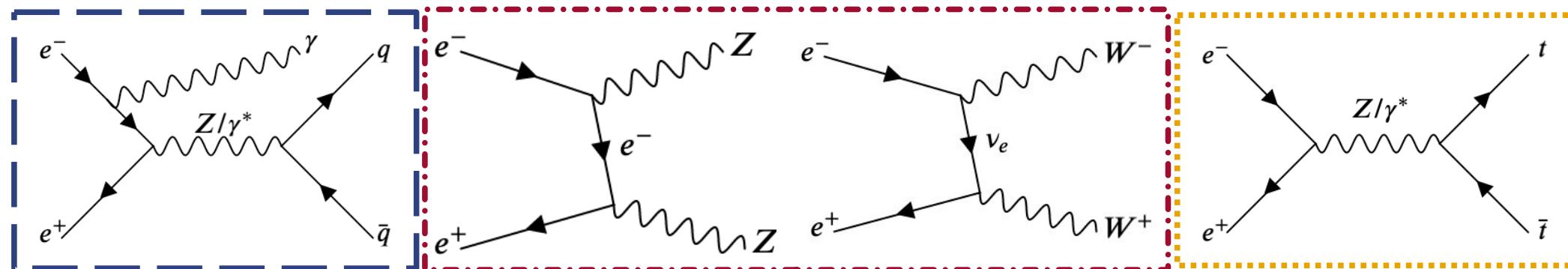
\*Orsay/Tohoku/Valencia HQ@ILC Team

AITANA group at IFIC-CSIC/UV



# Preselection of $q\bar{q}$ signals

- Once we have the reconstructed pfos of the events with different targets:
  - We cluster the signal in jets (VLC algorithm):
    - The algorithm packs together the PFOs into two jets.
    - Signal is expected in a back-to-back topology (but not the backgrounds!)
      - Most of the background is **radiative return ( $yqq$ )**
      - And most of the data is background!
        - x3 for  $e^-_L e^+_R$  and x6 for  $e^-_R e^+_L$  at 250 GeV
        - x4 for  $e^-_L e^+_R$  and x7 for  $e^-_R e^+_L$  at 500 GeV
  - Then we apply different cuts to the signal to remove the background processes



# Optimization of the cuts: $K_{\text{reco}}$

- $K_{\text{reco}}$  is a good estimator of  $E_\gamma$ :

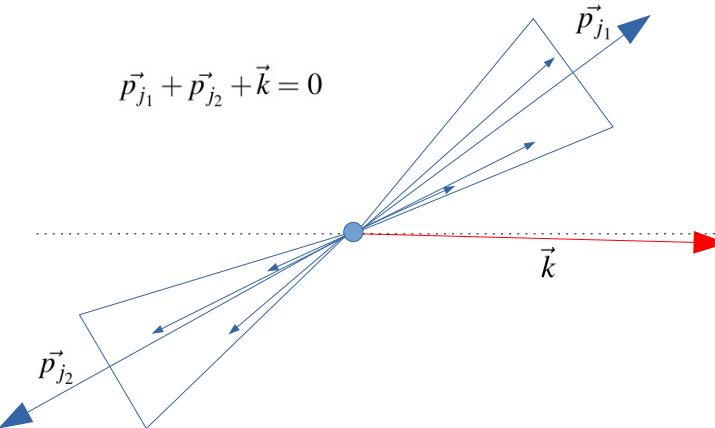
- Definition of acolinearity:

$$\sin \Psi_{\text{acol}} = \frac{\vec{p}_{j_1} \times \vec{p}_{j_2}}{|\vec{p}_{j_1}| \cdot |\vec{p}_{j_2}|}$$

- Momentum of the collinear photon in the ultrarelativistic limit ( $m_{\text{jets}} \ll p_{\text{jets}}$ ):

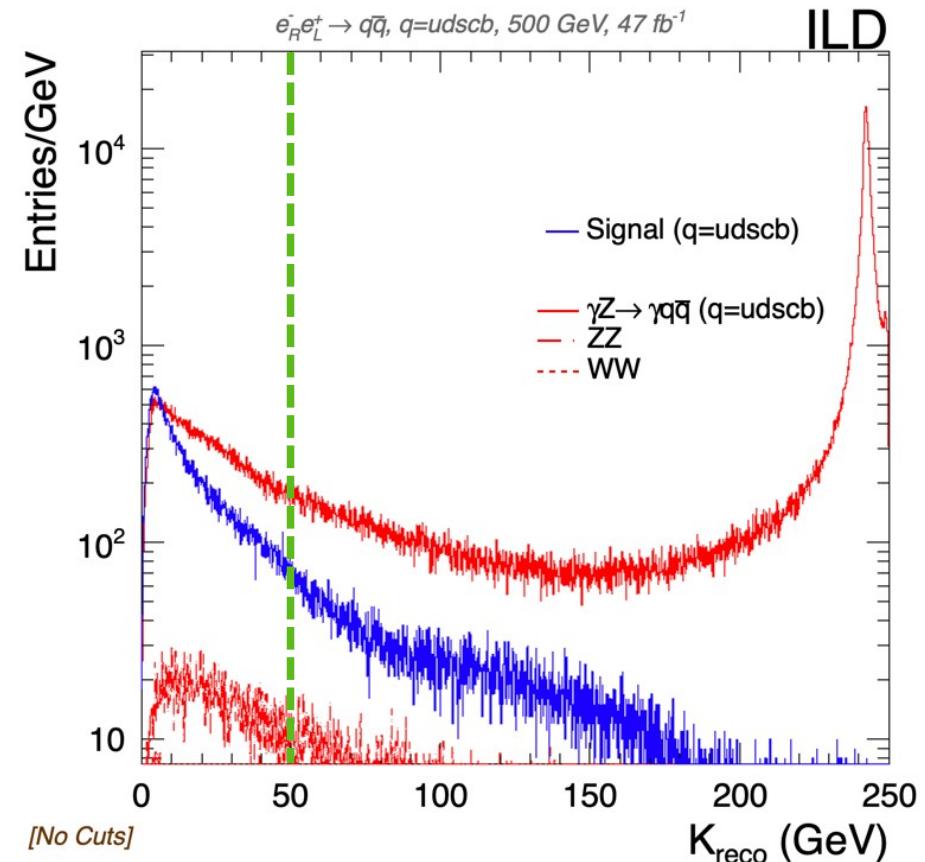
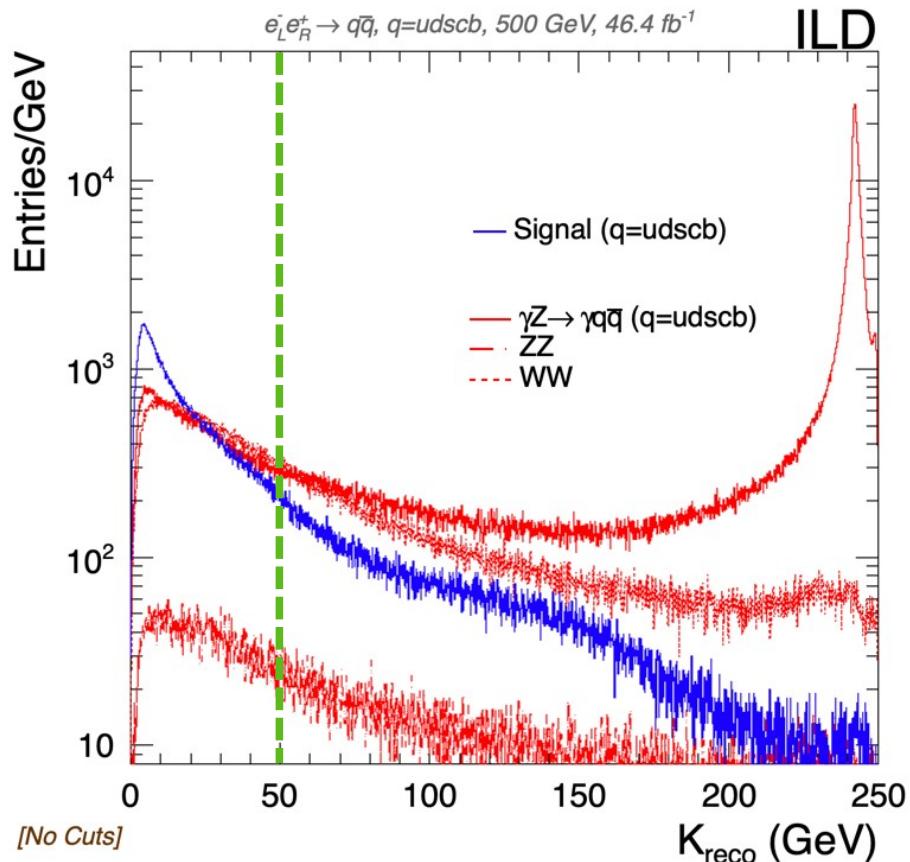
$$|\vec{k}| \approx K_{\text{reco}} = \frac{250 \text{ GeV} \sin \Psi_{\text{acol}}}{\sin \Psi_{\text{acol}} + \sin \theta_1 + \sin \theta_2}$$

500 GeV...This typo was actually in my code!

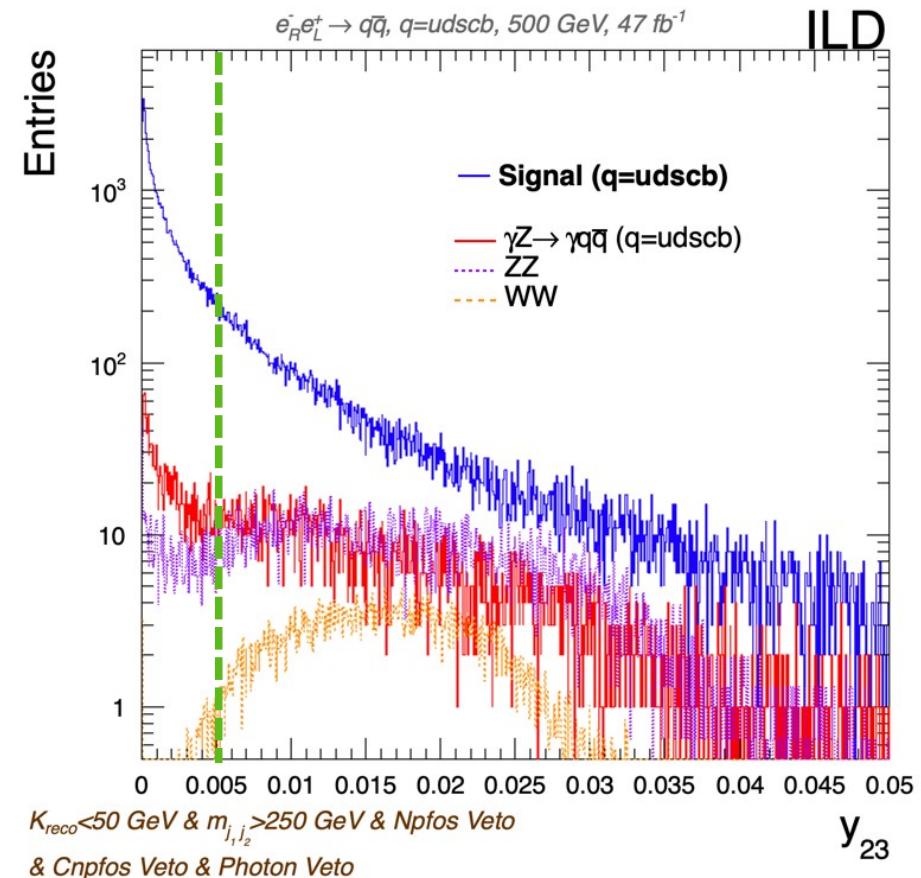
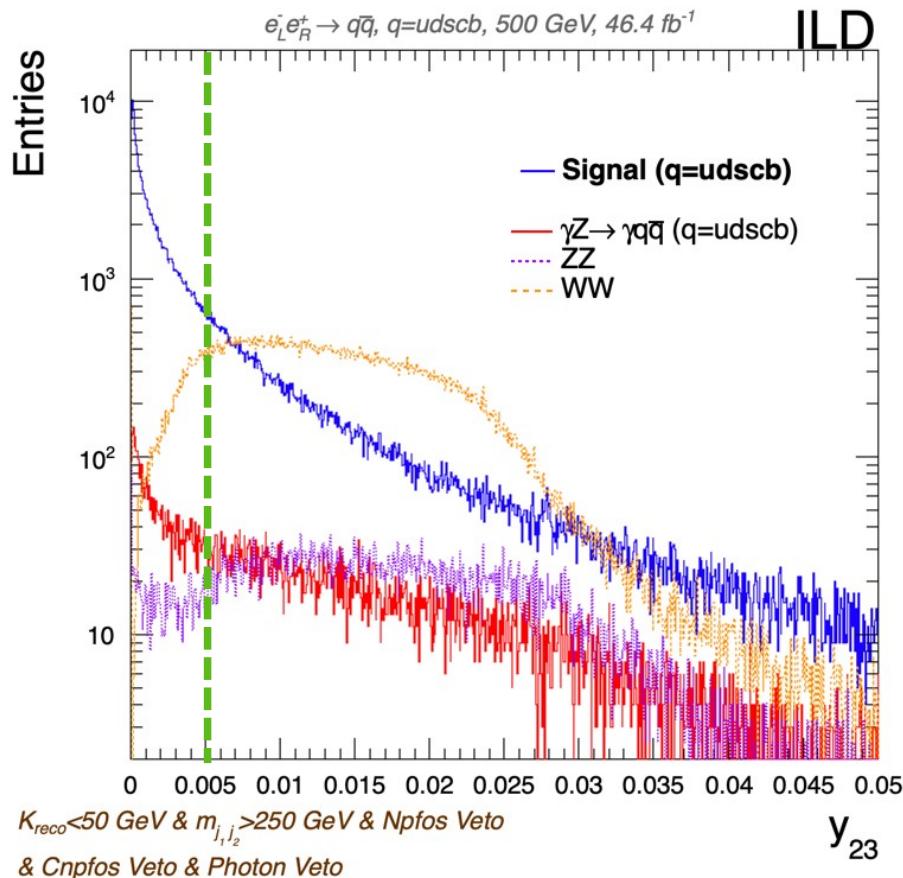


Kinematics of a two jets system reconstruction with ISR

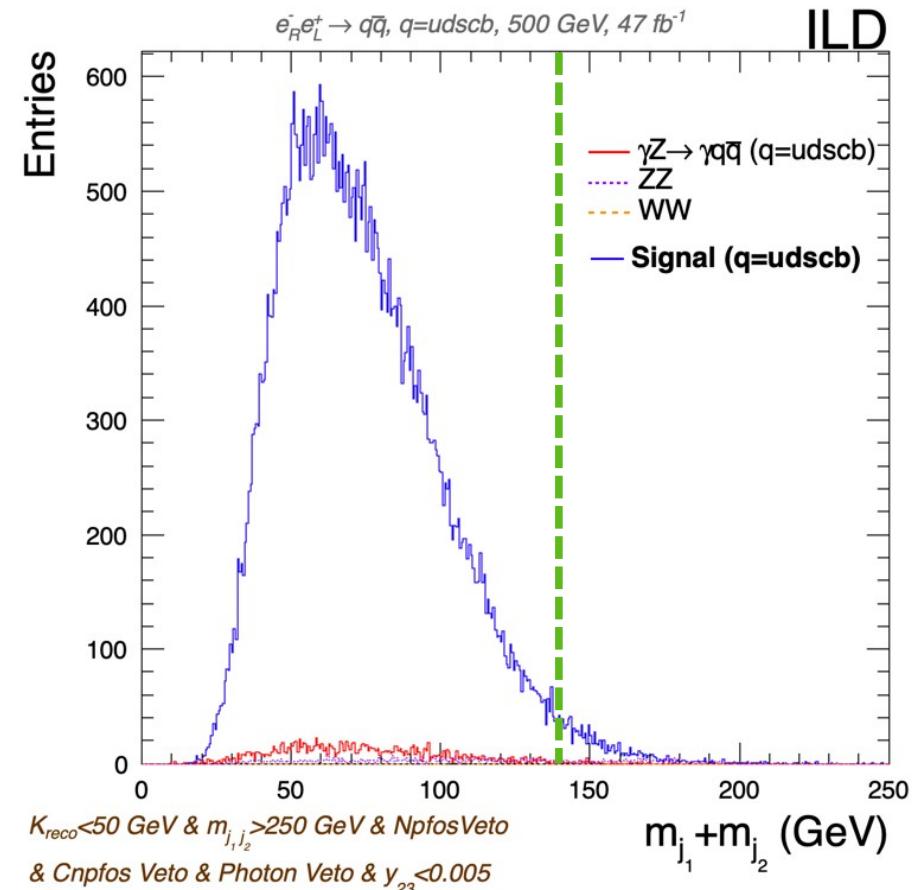
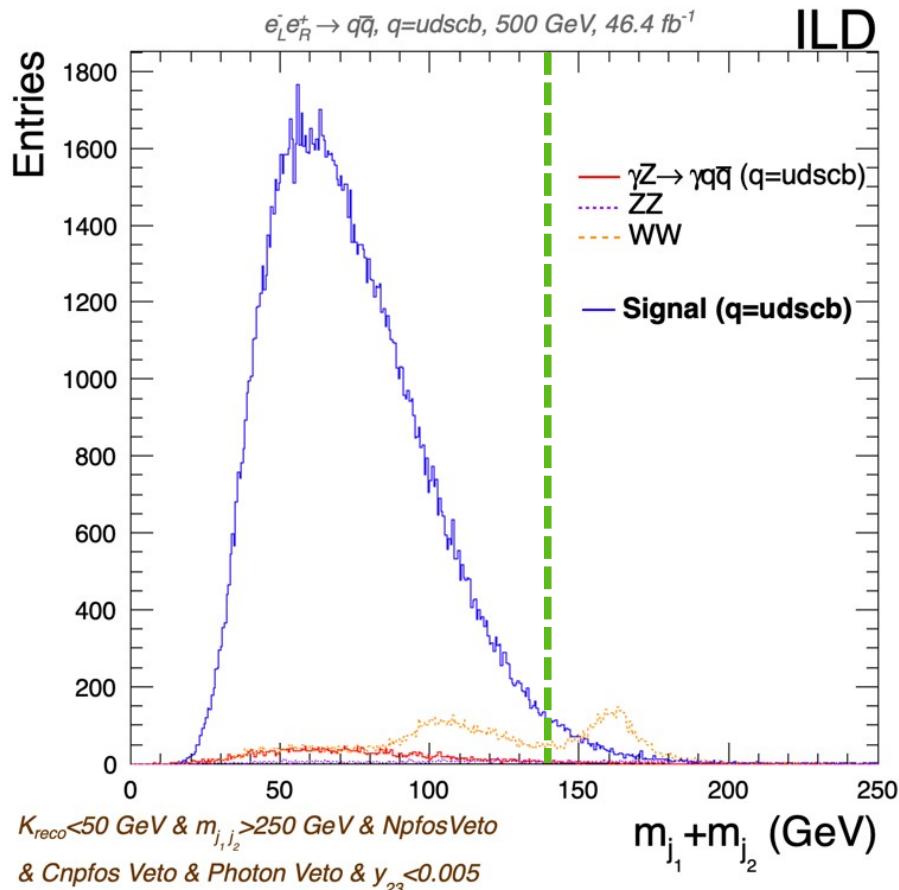
# First cut: $K_{\text{reco}} < 50$ GeV



# Sixth cut: $y_{23} < 0.005$



# Seventh cut: $m_{j_1} + m_{j_2} < 140$ GeV



# Final preselection ( $e_L p_R$ )

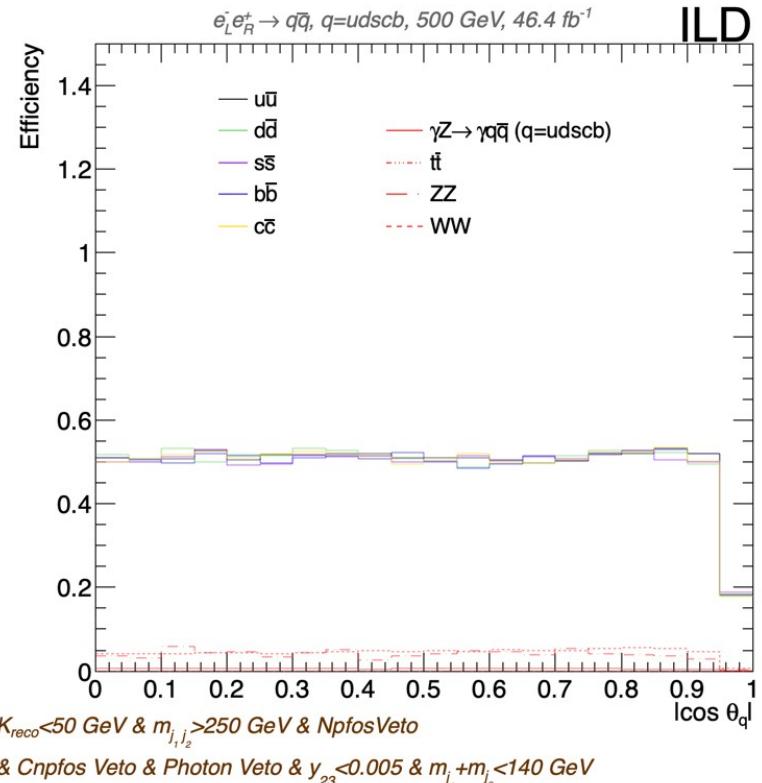
Cuts:

- $K_{\text{reco}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_{2\text{jets}} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
- Charged N pfos > 0.5
- Neutral N pfos > 3.5
- Photon veto
- $y_{23} < 0.005$
- $m_{j_1+j_2} < 140 \text{ GeV}$

VLC Algorithm  
parameters:

- $R = 1.0$
- $\gamma = 0.0$
- $\beta = 1.0$

	Efficiency (%)			Background/Signal			
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$q\bar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}$
No cut	100	100	100	3.50	1.06	0.09	0.10
+ Cut 1	74.9	74.7	74.7	0.76	0.77	0.06	0.01
+ Cut 2	74.8	74.6	74.7	0.74	0.77	0.06	9e-03
+ Cut 3	74.8	74.5	74.3	0.16	0.77	0.06	9e-03
+ Cut 4	74.7	74.5	74.1	0.11	0.77	0.06	9e-03
+ Cut 5	72.1	71.7	71.1	0.05	0.58	0.05	9e-03
+ Cut 6	49.6	49.7	49.6	0.03	0.09	0.01	1e-04
+ Cut 7	48.6	48.7	48.7	0.02	0.06	5e-03	5e-06



# Final preselection ( $e_R p_L$ )

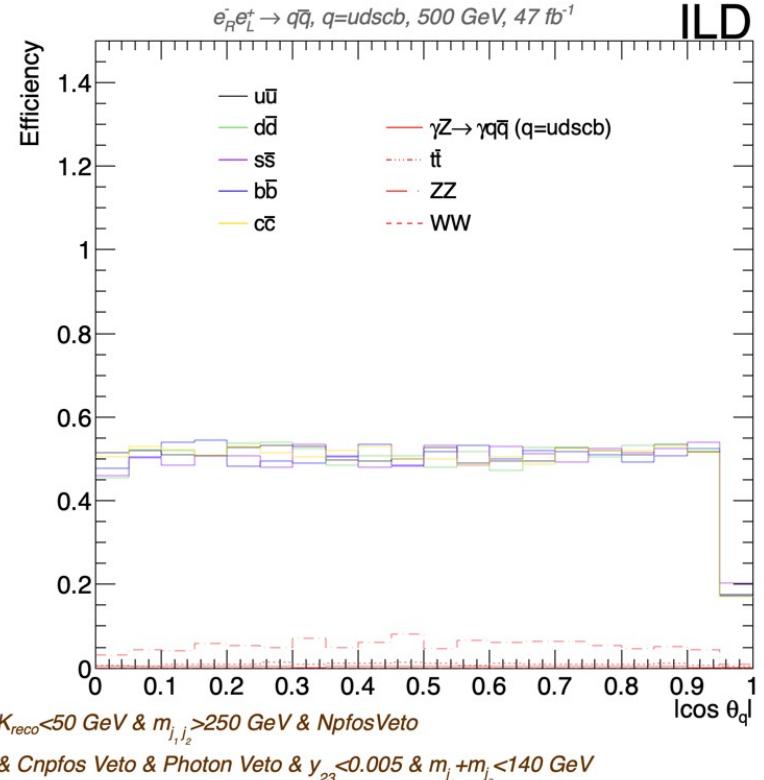
Cuts:

- $K_{\text{reco}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_{\text{2jets}} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
- Charged N pfos > 0.5
- Neutral N pfos > 3.5
- Photon veto
- $y_{23} < 0.005$
- $m_{j_1} + m_{j_2} < 140 \text{ GeV}$  (optional)

VLC Algorithm parameters:

- $R = 1.0$
- $\gamma = 0.0$
- $\beta = 1.0$

	Efficiency (%)			Background/Signal			
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$q\bar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}$
No cut	100	100	100	6.51	0.01	0.11	0.10
+ Cut 1	74.6	74.6	75.0	1.45	0.01	0.07	0.01
+ Cut 2	74.5	74.5	75.0	1.43	0.01	0.07	0.01
+ Cut 3	74.5	74.4	74.7	0.26	0.01	0.07	0.01
+ Cut 4	74.5	74.4	74.5	0.18	0.01	0.07	0.01
+ Cut 5	71.9	71.7	71.5	0.07	0.01	0.06	0.01
+ Cut 6	49.5	49.6	49.6	0.03	5e-04	0.01	9e-05
+ Cut 7	48.5	48.8	58.7	0.03	3e-04	8e-03	3e-06

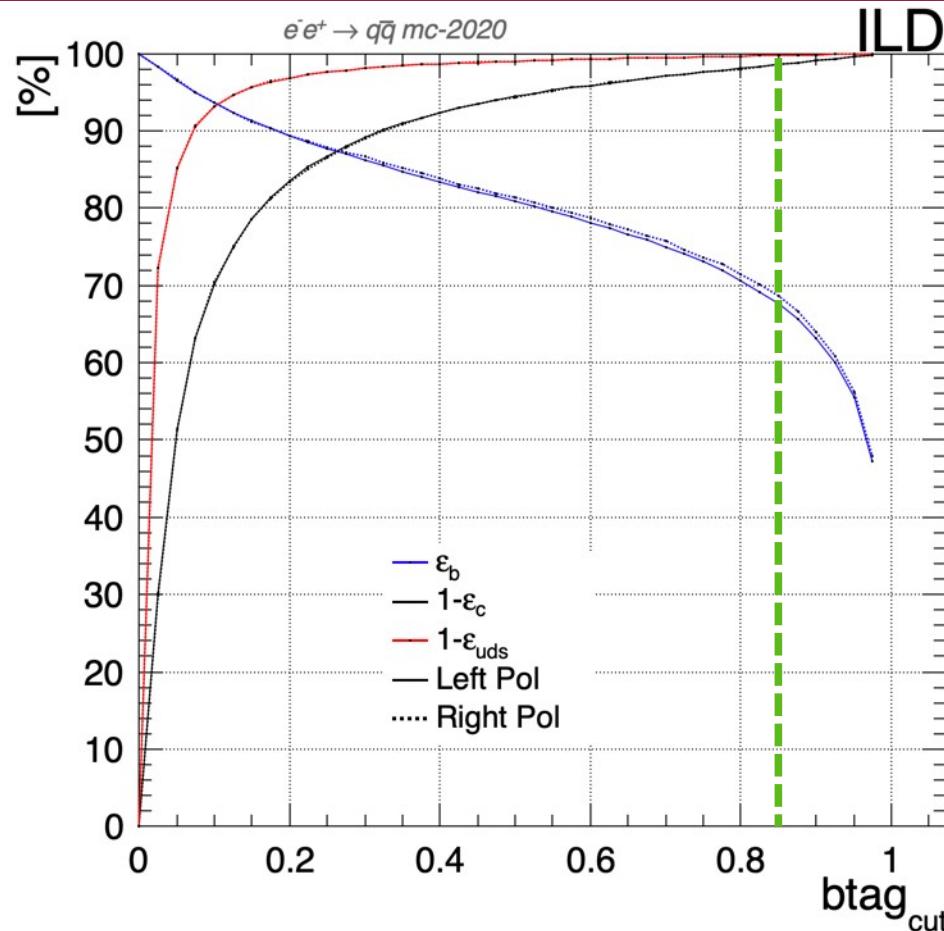


# Next steps

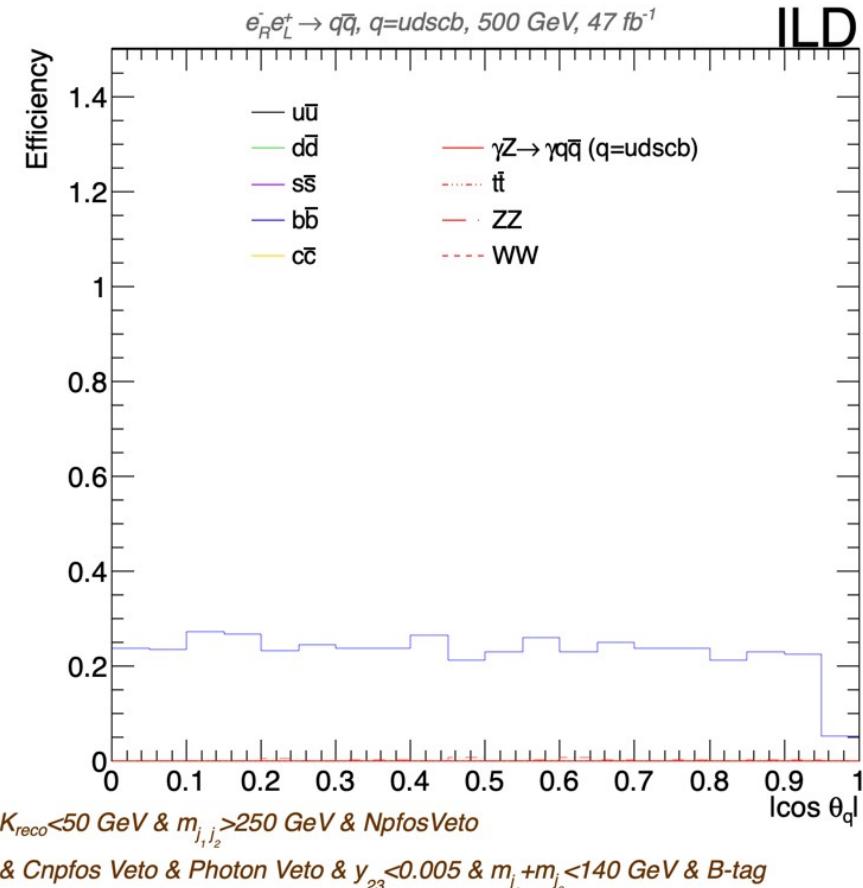
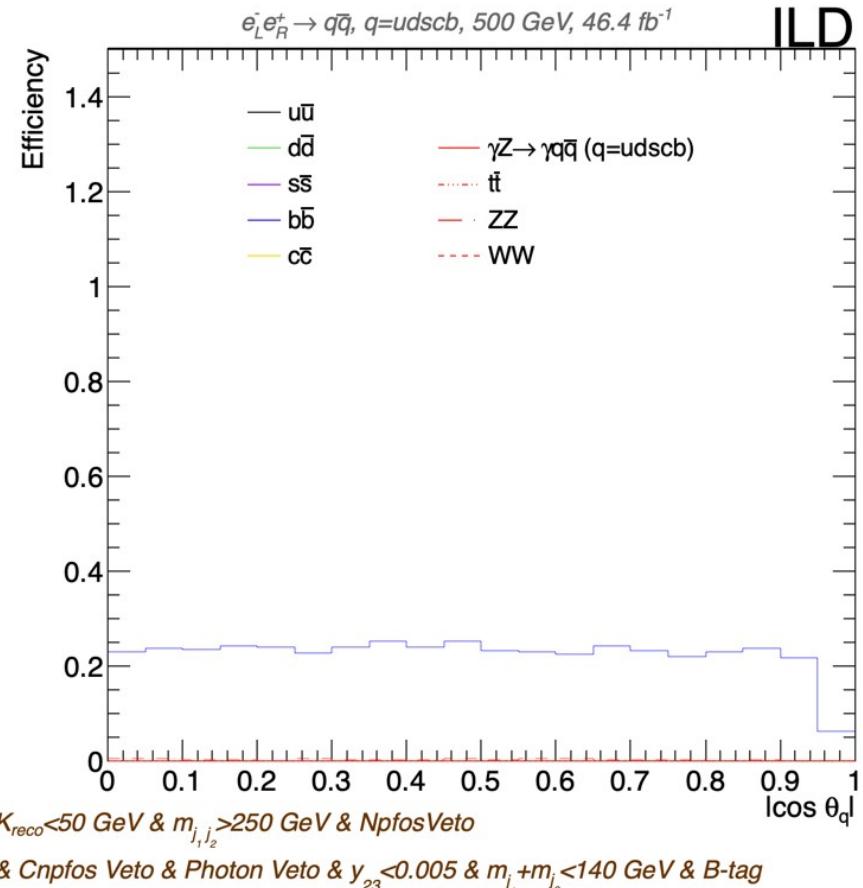
- We also checked the b-tag and c-tag setting used at 250 GeV and applied it to this 500 GeV samples (next 6 slides)
- We studied the dependence of the  $A_{FB}$  (at Monte-Carlo level) for different  $K_{ISR}$  values:
  - Last four slides:  $A_{FB}$  for b and c quarks signals (when  $K < K_{ISR}$ ) in the center-of-momentum frame of reference. This shows that the cut in  $K_{reco}$  is safe.
  - Back-up: All plots including ISR (when  $K > K_{ISR}$ ) in the lab and c.o.m. frames.
- Performing a re-training of the tagging and compare the performance
  - *To be done*



# Cut in b-tag

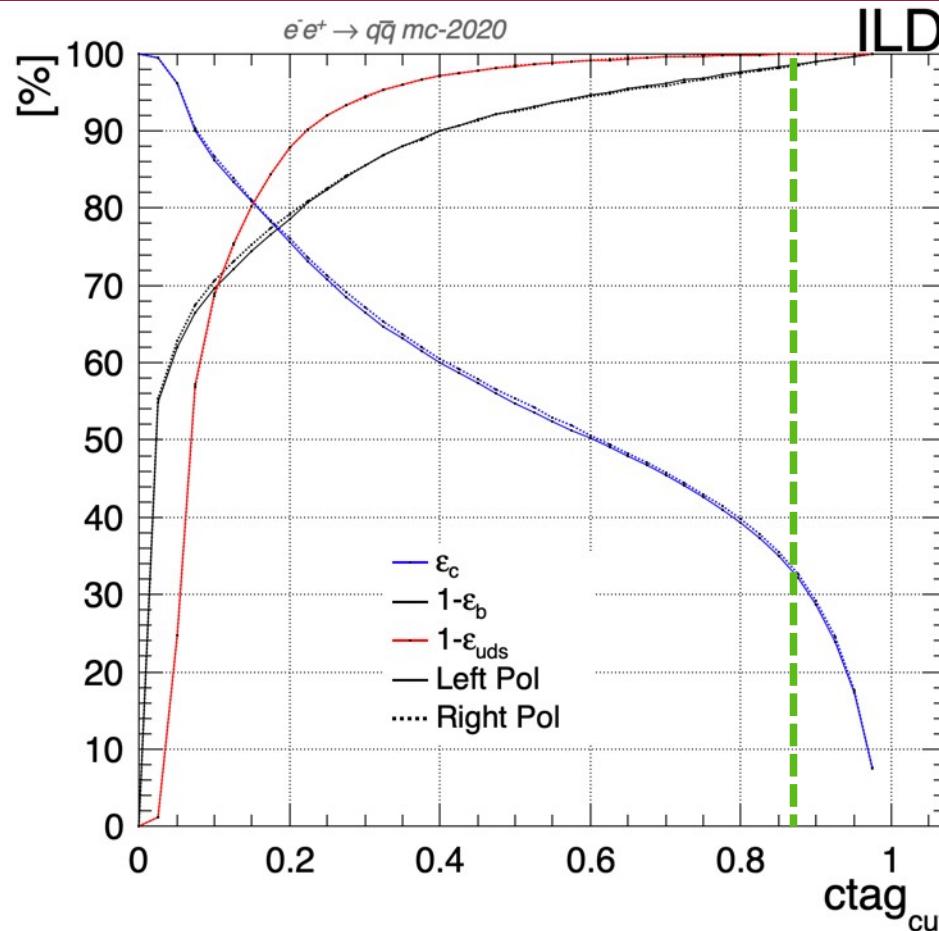


# Cut in b-tag

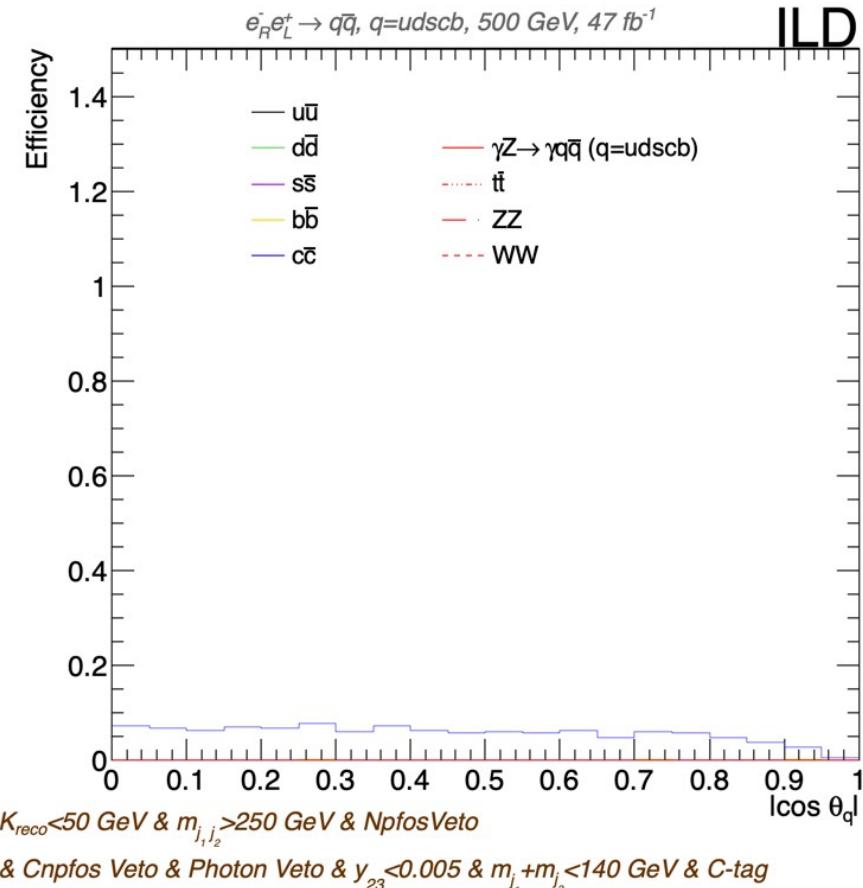
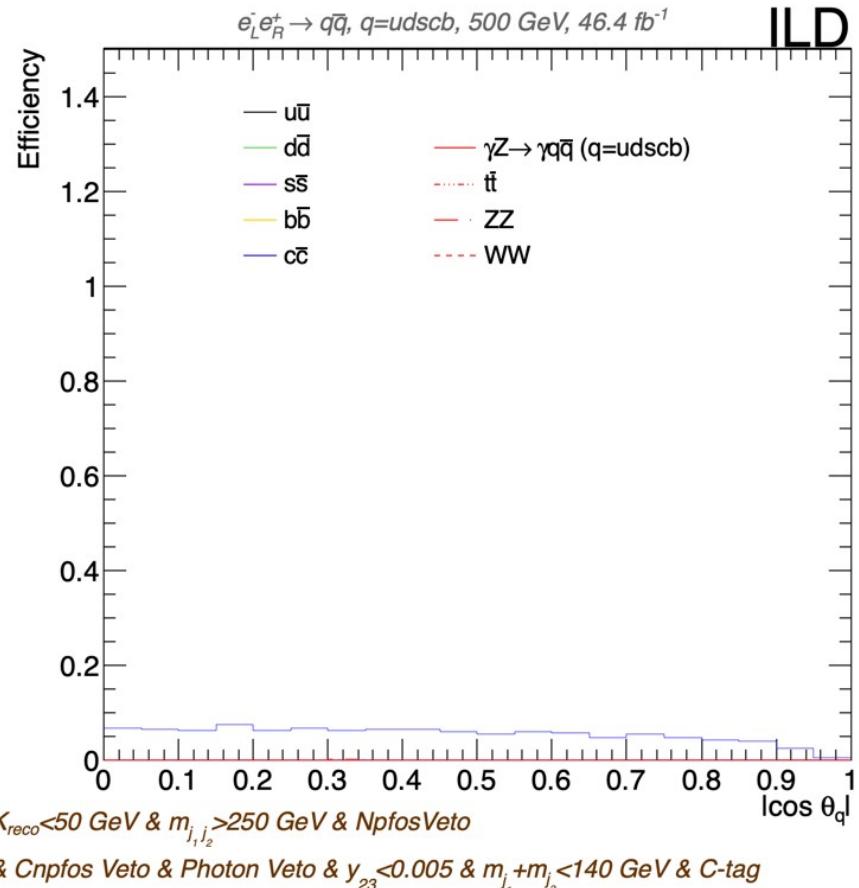


	Efficiency ( % )			Background/Signal			
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$q\bar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}$
$e_L p_R$	22.1	0.01	0	0.02	8e-05	3e-03	6e-06
$e_R p_L$	22.4	0.01	2e-03	0.02	0	6e-03	0

# Cut in c-tag



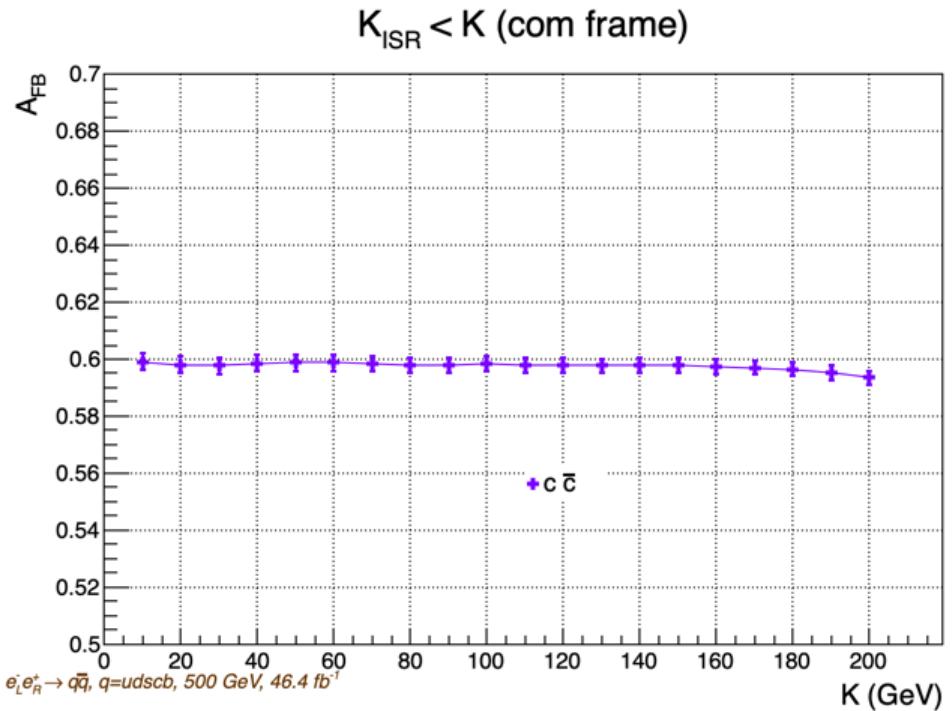
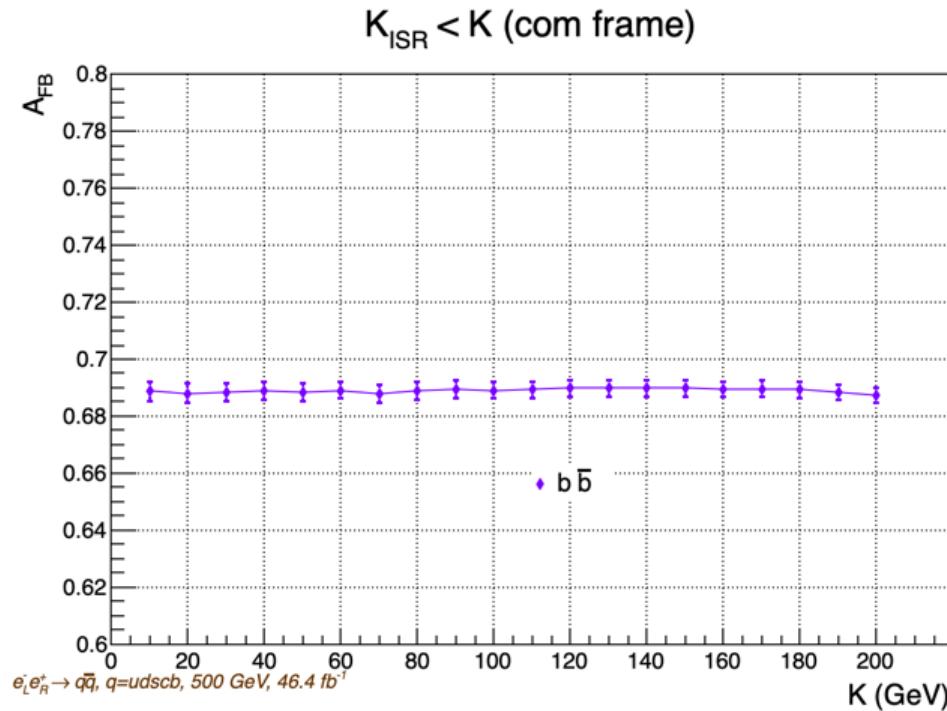
# Cut in c-tag



# Cut in c-tag

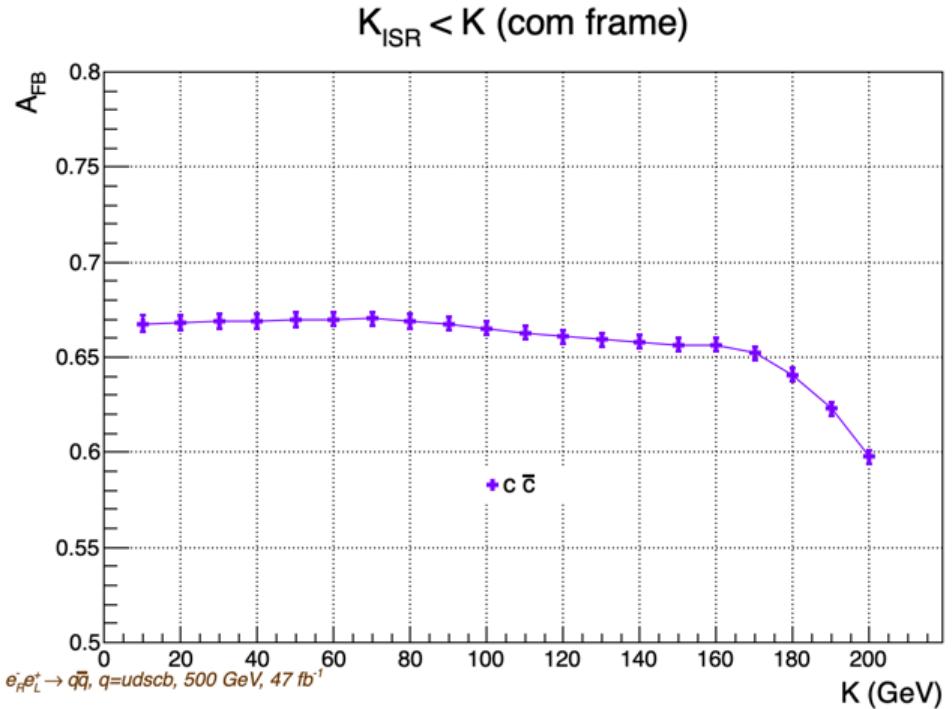
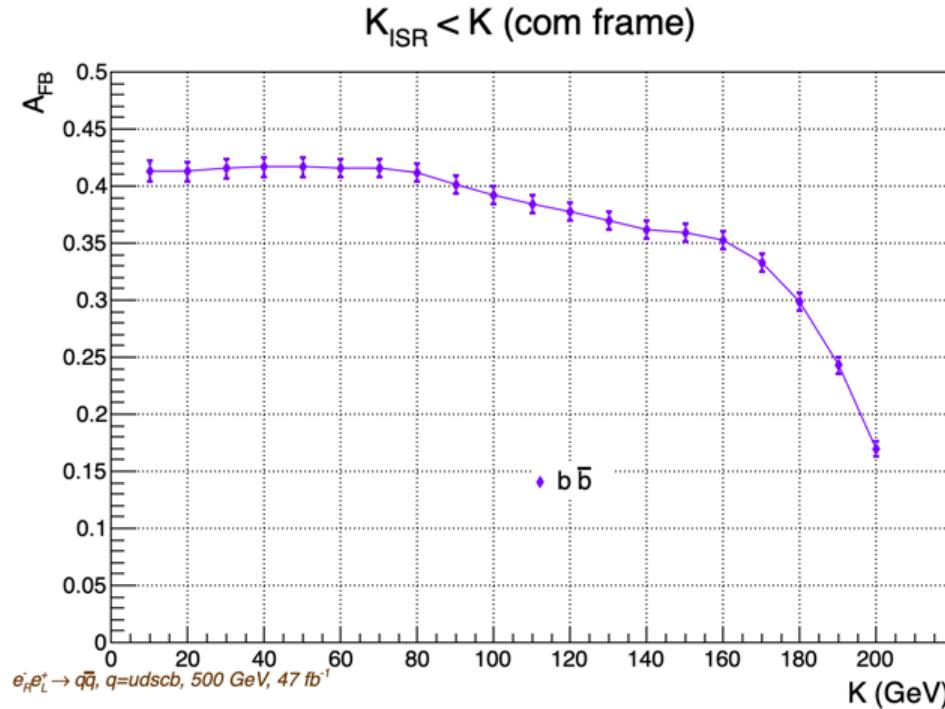
	Efficiency (%)			Background/Signal			
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$q\bar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}$
$e_L p_R$	0.01	5.0	0	0.02	2e-04	6e-04	0
$e_R p_L$	0.03	5.3	0	0.02	0	3e-04	0

# Zoom in $K_{\text{ISR}}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )



# Zoom in $K_{\text{ISR}}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

The signals change drastically when  $K_{\text{ISR}} > 80 \text{ GeV}$



# Back-Up slides

# Samples (500 GeV)

**e<sub>L</sub>p<sub>R</sub>**

Luminosity ( $fb^{-1}$ )			
$q\bar{q}$ + ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}_1$
46.4	49.0	56.6	7704.9

Cross-Section ( fb )			
$q\bar{q}$ + ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}_1$
32470.5	7680	680.2	165.0

Luminosity ( $fb^{-1}$ )			
$q\bar{q}$ + ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}_1$
47.0	500	72.5	8354.1

**e<sub>R</sub>p<sub>L</sub>**

Cross-Section ( fb )			
$q\bar{q}$ + ISR	WW	ZZ	$t\bar{t}_1$
17994.7	33.5	271.9	63.7

**K<sub>ISR</sub><20 GeV**

	Cross-Section (fb)				
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$s\bar{s}$	$u\bar{u}$	$d\bar{d}$
$q\bar{q}$	1051.6	1633.1	1051.5	1643.5	1058.2
ISR	5391.9	4933.3	5389.0	4951.9	5366.6
Ratio	5.1	3	5.1	3	5.1

**K<sub>ISR</sub><70 GeV**

	Cross-Section (fb)				
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$s\bar{s}$	$u\bar{u}$	$d\bar{d}$
$q\bar{q}$	1231.3	1917.3	1232.2	1923.5	1239.9
ISR	5212.2	4649.1	5208.4	4671.8	5184.9
Ratio	4.2	2.4	4.2	2.4	4.2

**K<sub>ISR</sub><20 GeV**

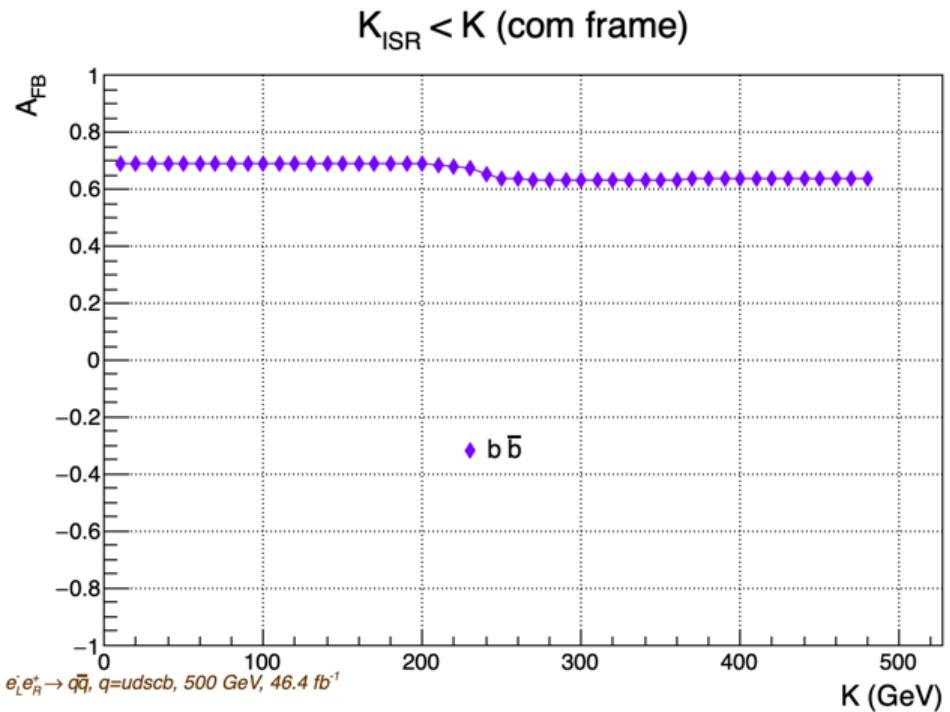
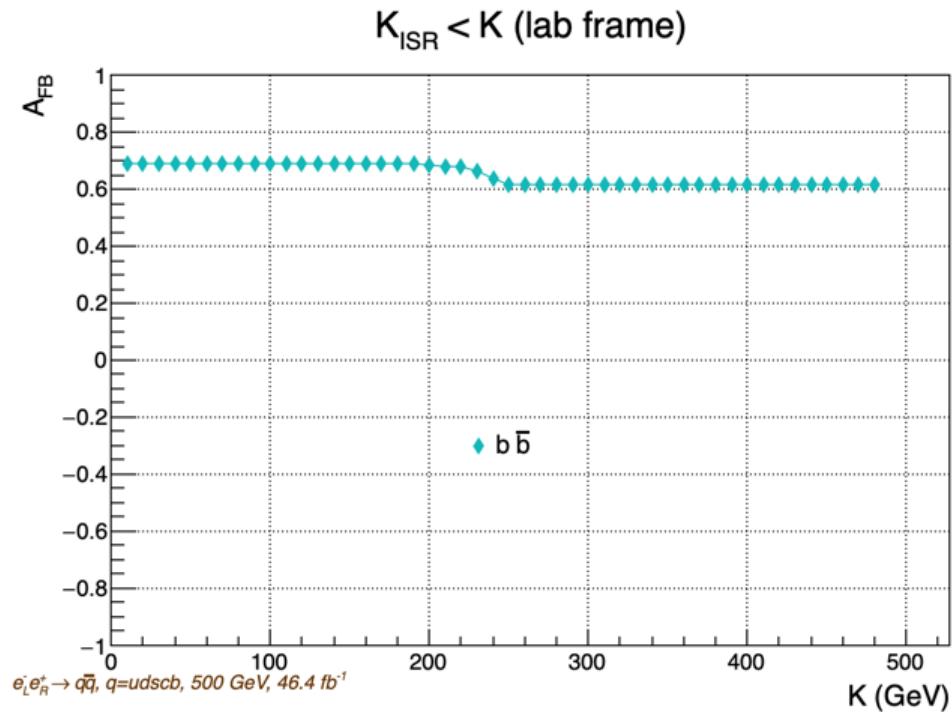
	Cross-Section (fb)				
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$s\bar{s}$	$u\bar{u}$	$d\bar{d}$
$q\bar{q}$	226.6	733.0	221.7	732.8	224.1
ISR	3233.5	3092.5	3222.5	3075.0	3243
Ratio	14.2	4.2	14.5	4.2	14.5

**K<sub>ISR</sub><70 GeV**

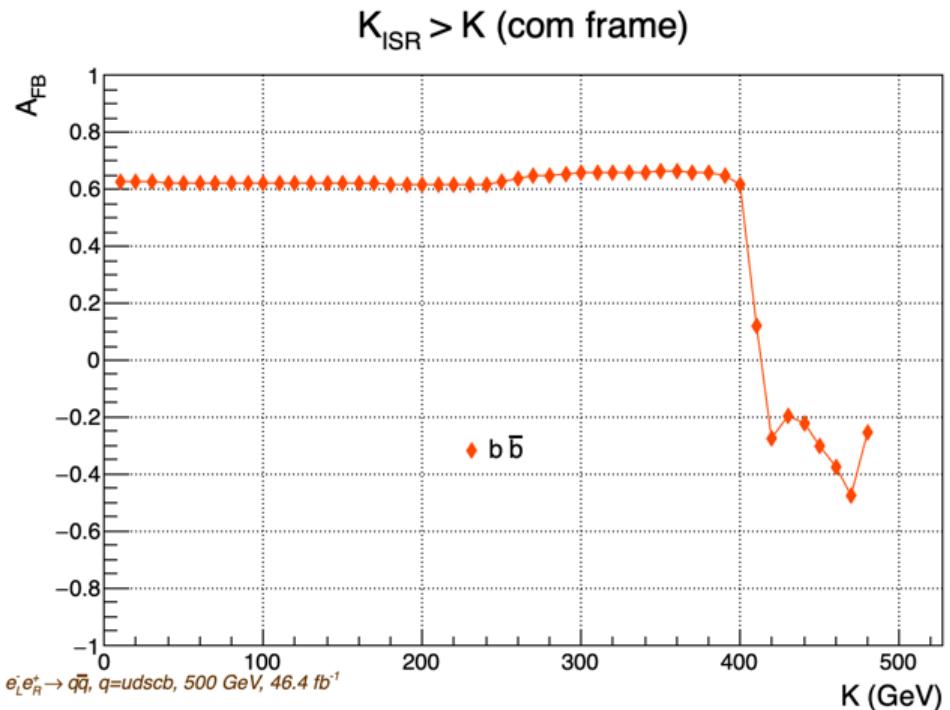
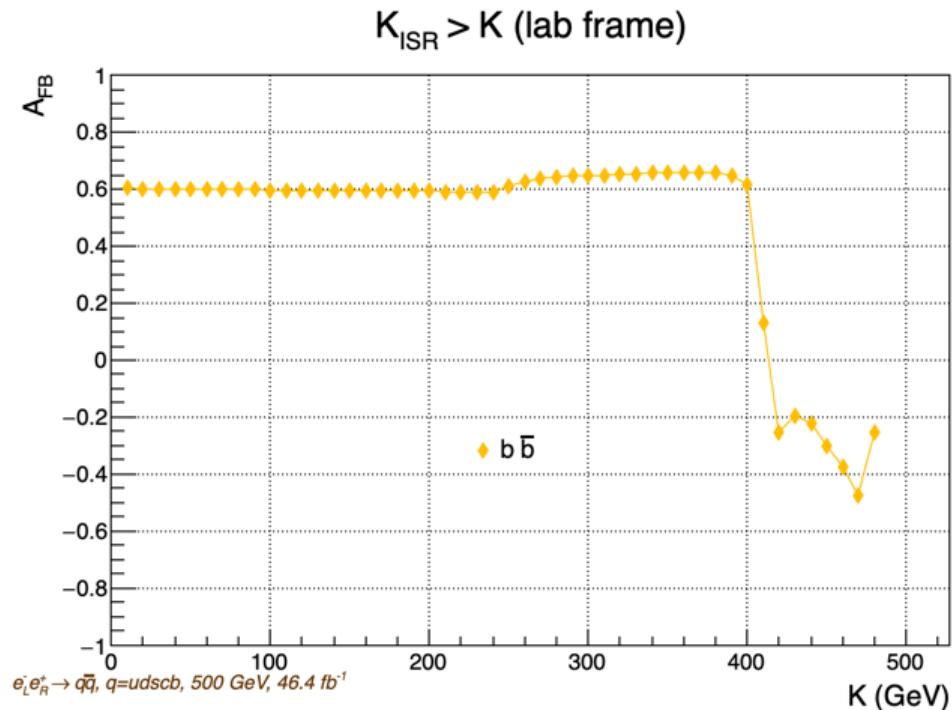
	Cross-Section (fb)				
	$b\bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$s\bar{s}$	$u\bar{u}$	$d\bar{d}$
$q\bar{q}$	264.7	857.9	260.1	857.5	263.7
ISR	3185.4	2967.7	3184.1	2950.3	3203.5
Ratio	12.0	3.5	12.2	3.4	12.1

1: There are 4 different samples (for different processes), this is the average numbers for each of them

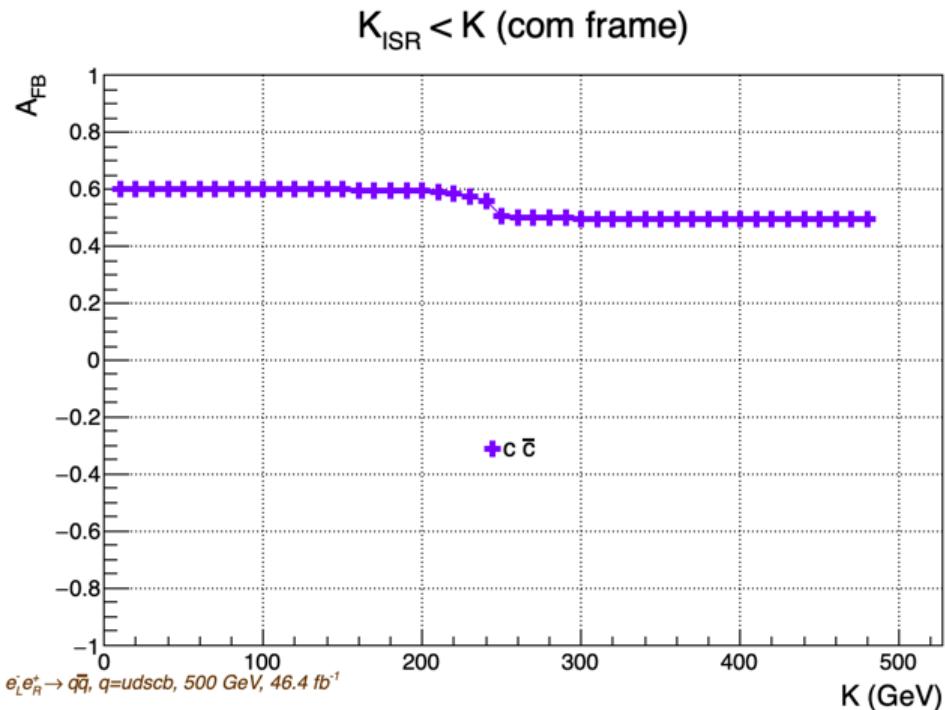
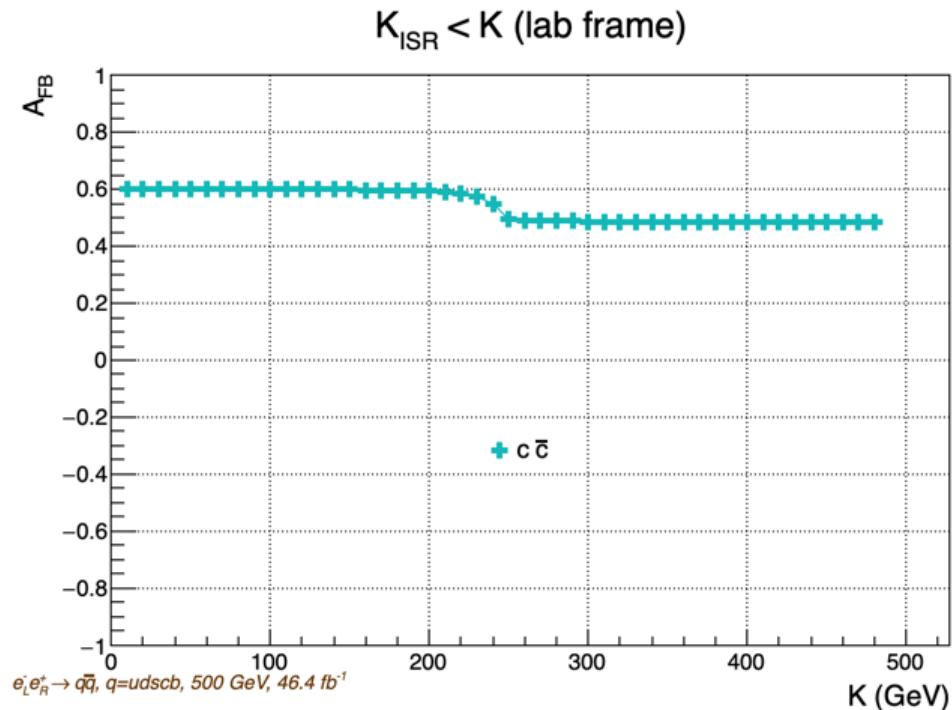
# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )



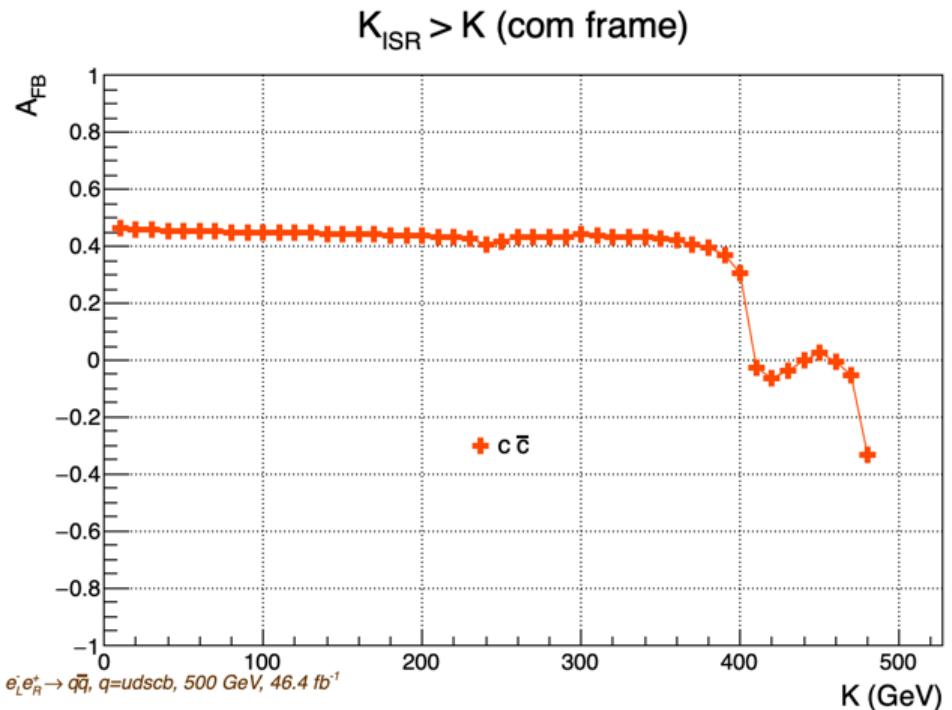
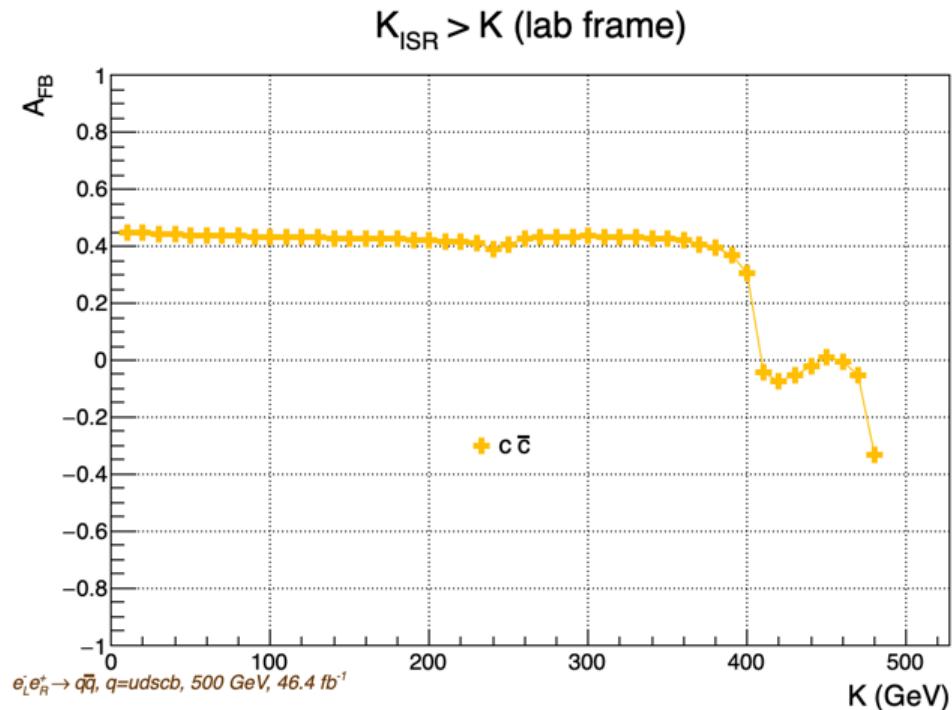
# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )



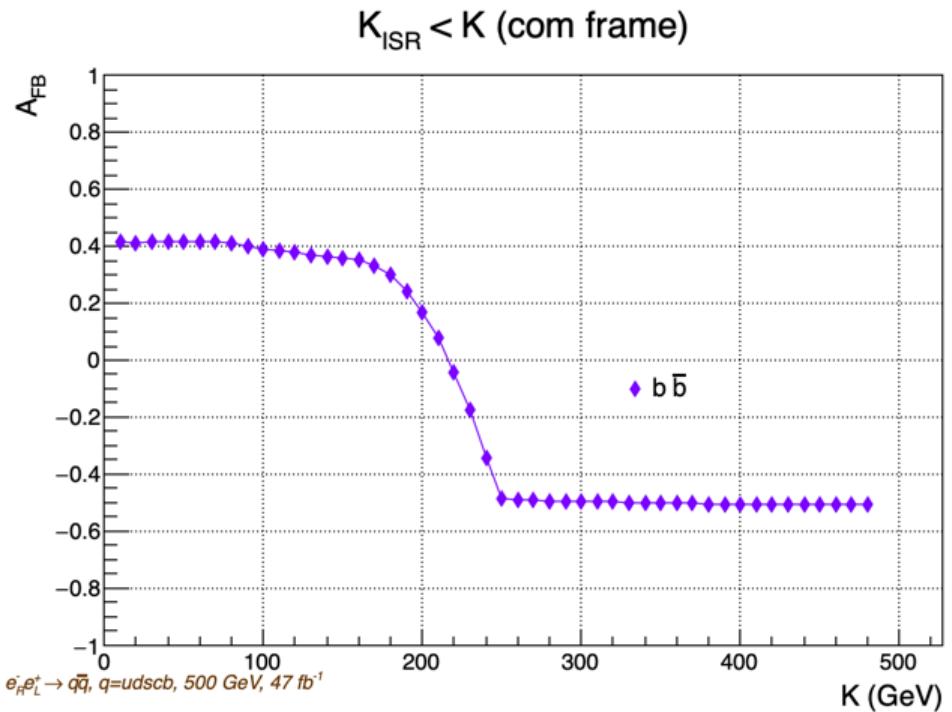
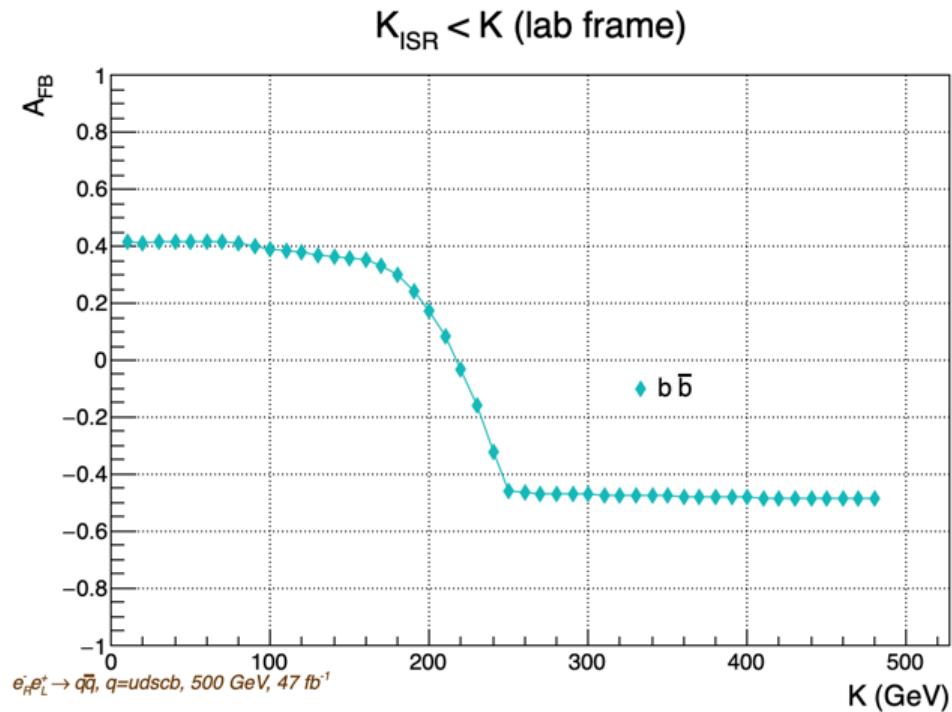
# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )



# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )

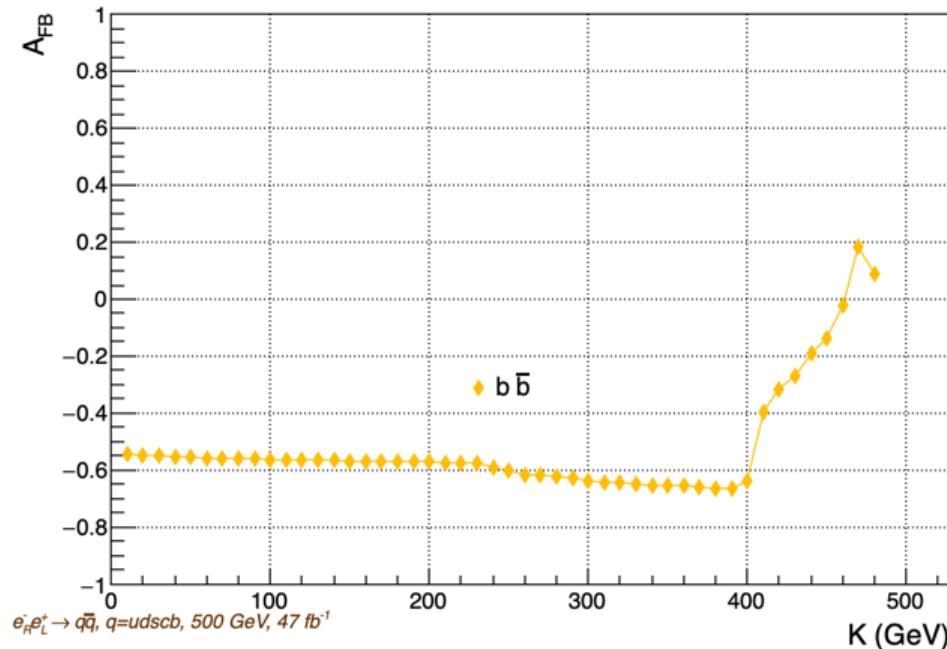


# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

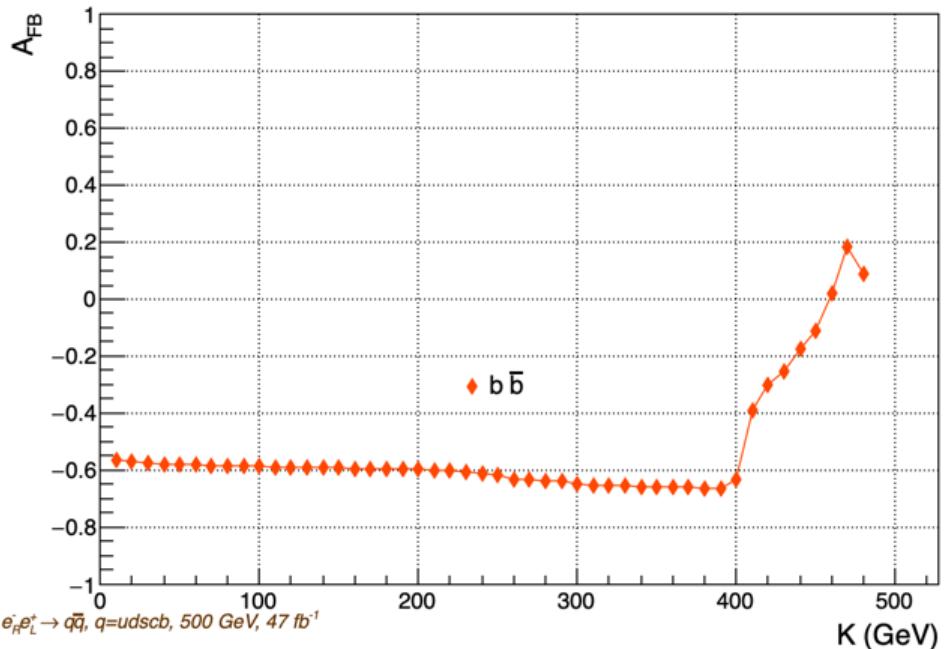


# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

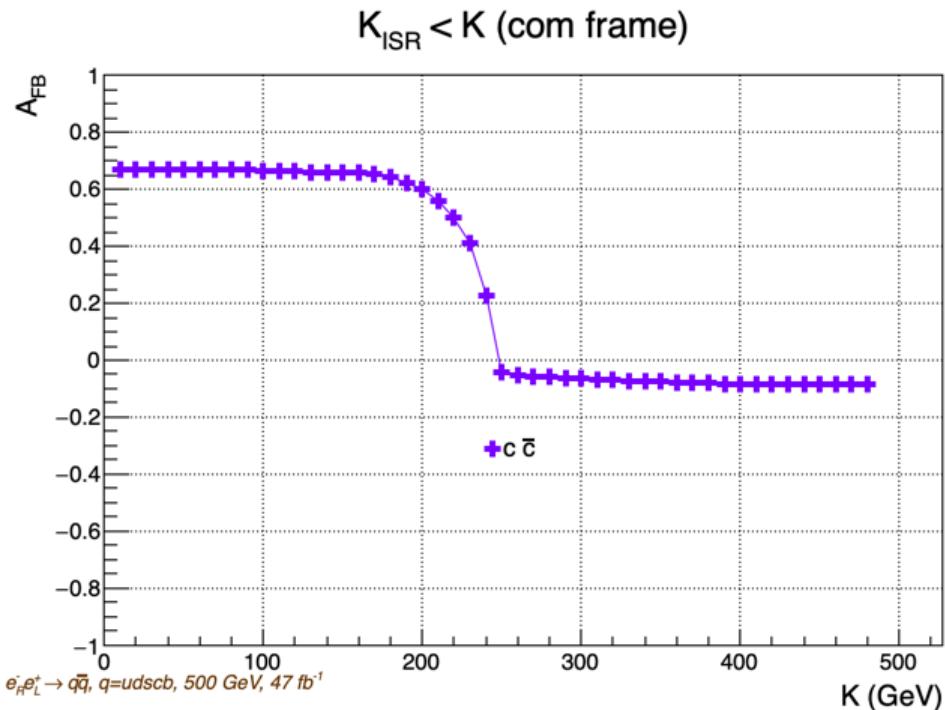
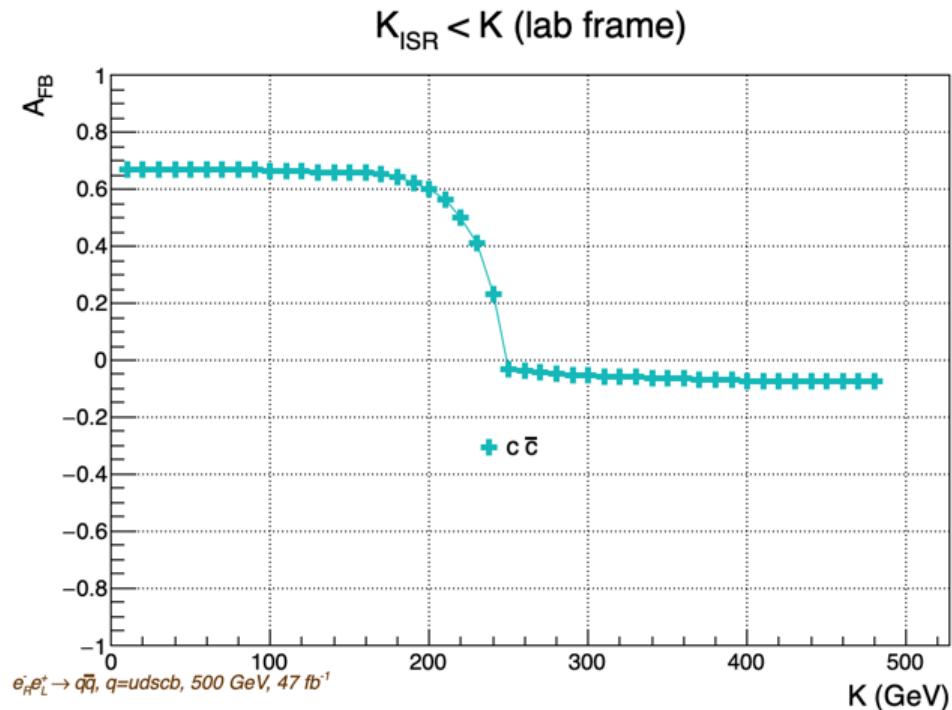
$K_{ISR} > K$  (lab frame)



$K_{ISR} > K$  (com frame)

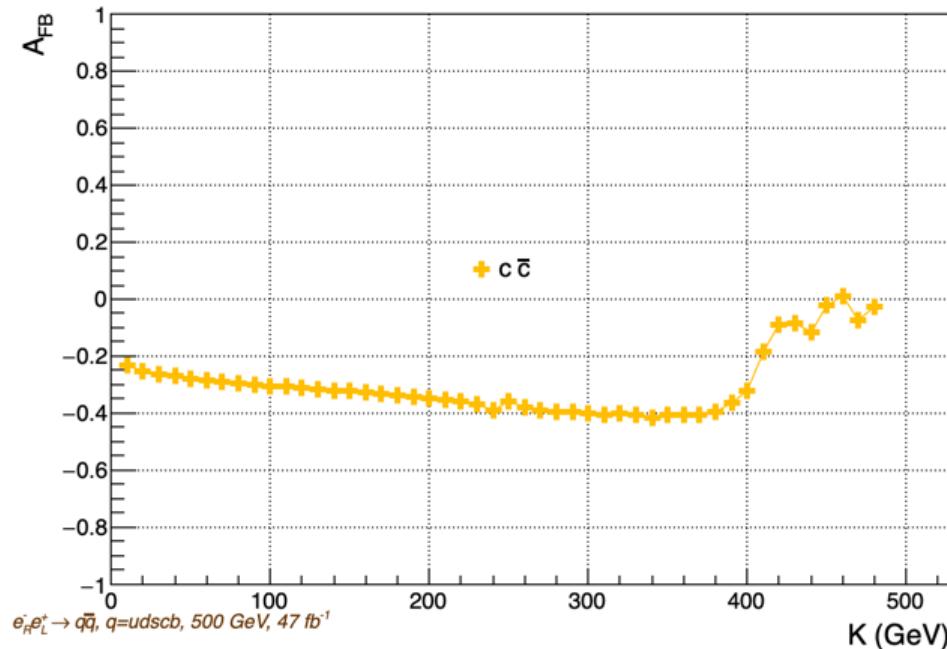


# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

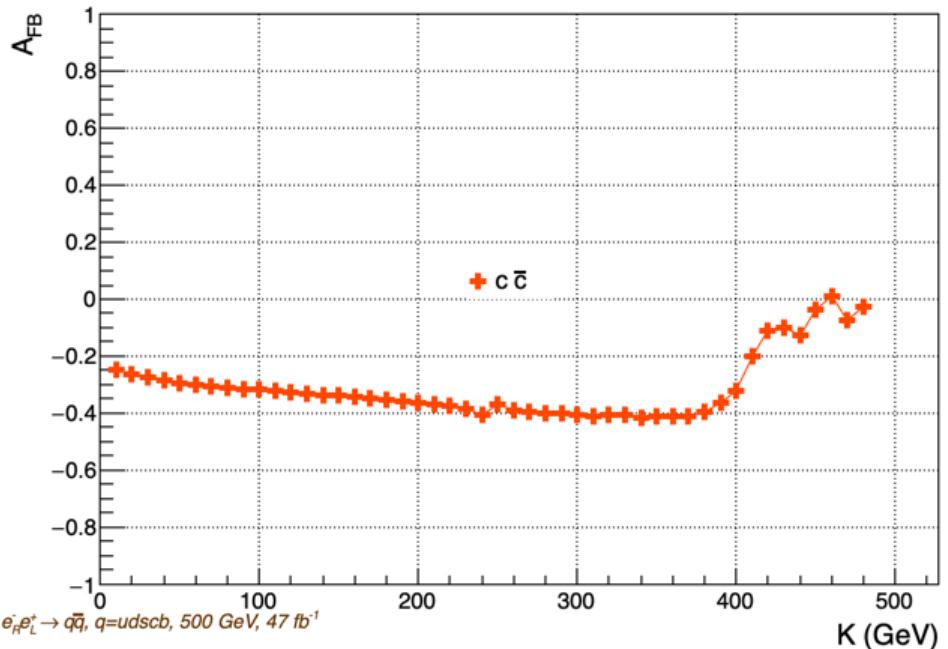


# $A_{FB}$ value for different $K_{ISR}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

$K_{ISR} > K$  (lab frame)

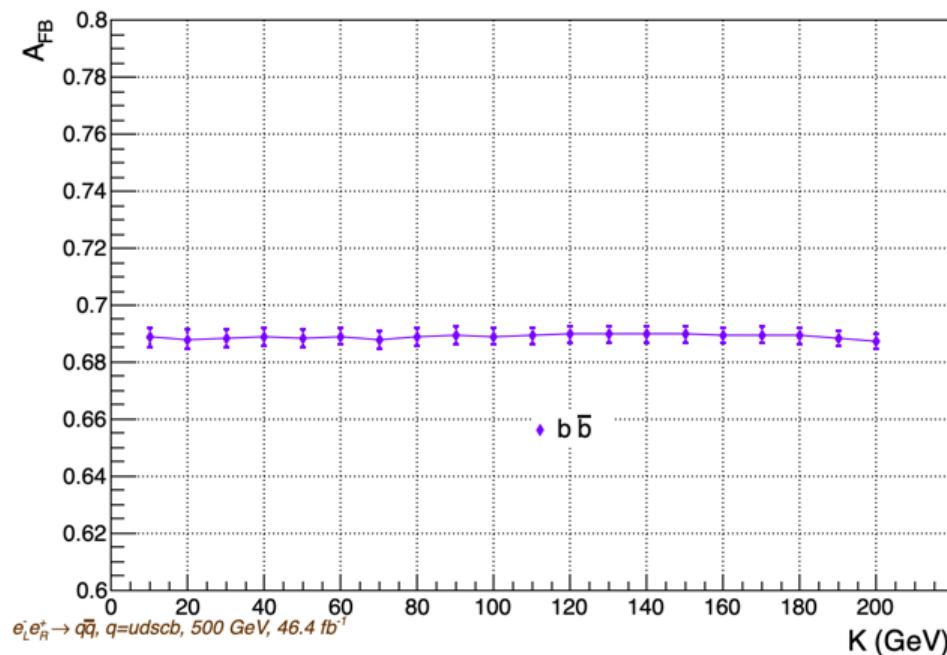


$K_{ISR} > K$  (com frame)

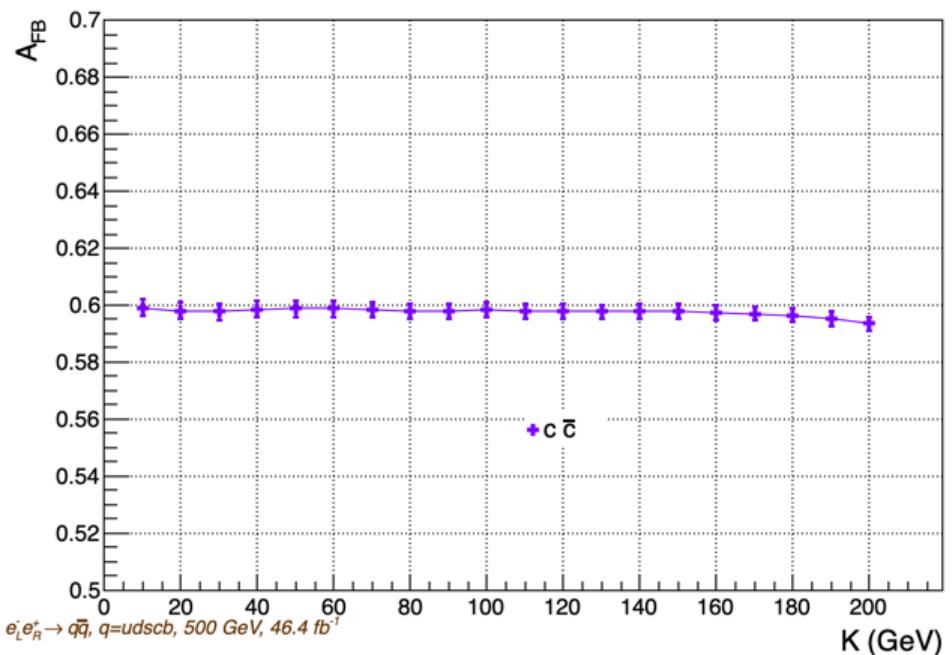


# Zoom in $K_{\text{ISR}}$ ( $e_L p_R$ )

$K_{\text{ISR}} < K$  (com frame)

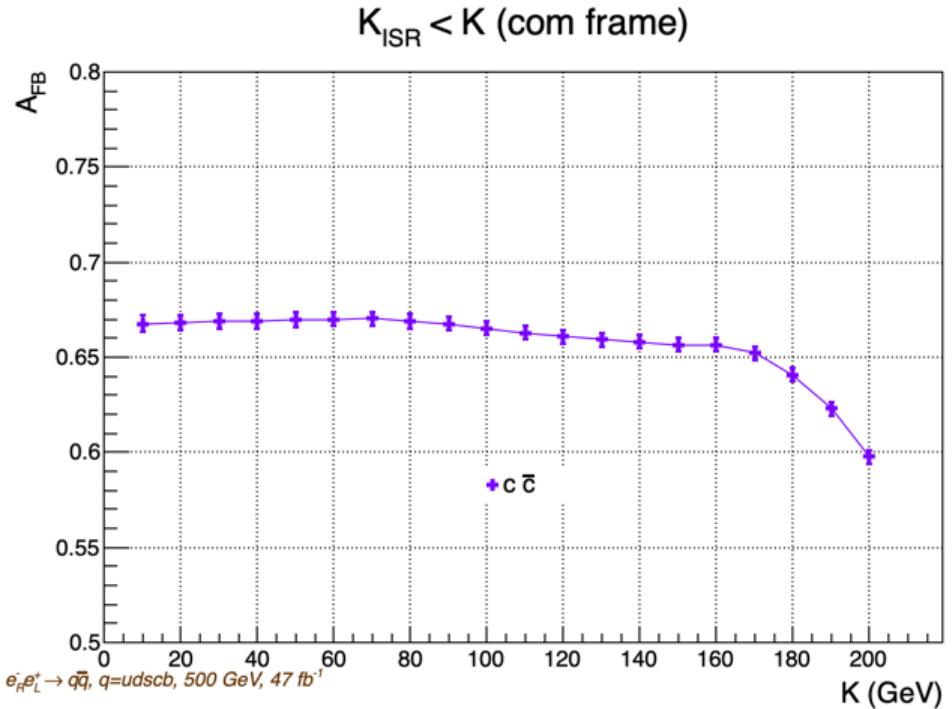
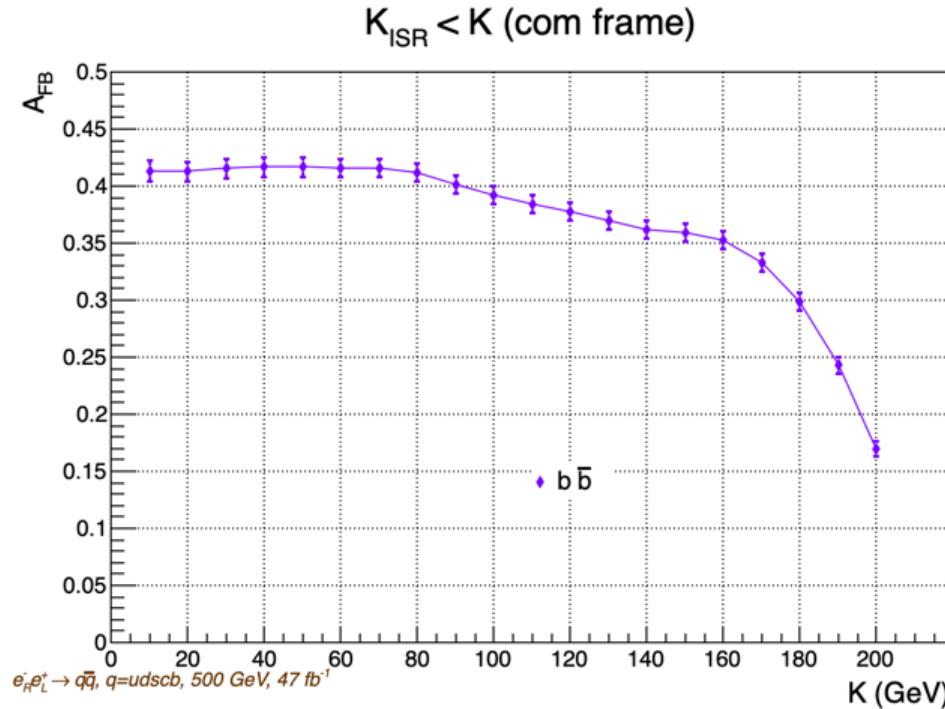


$K_{\text{ISR}} < K$  (com frame)

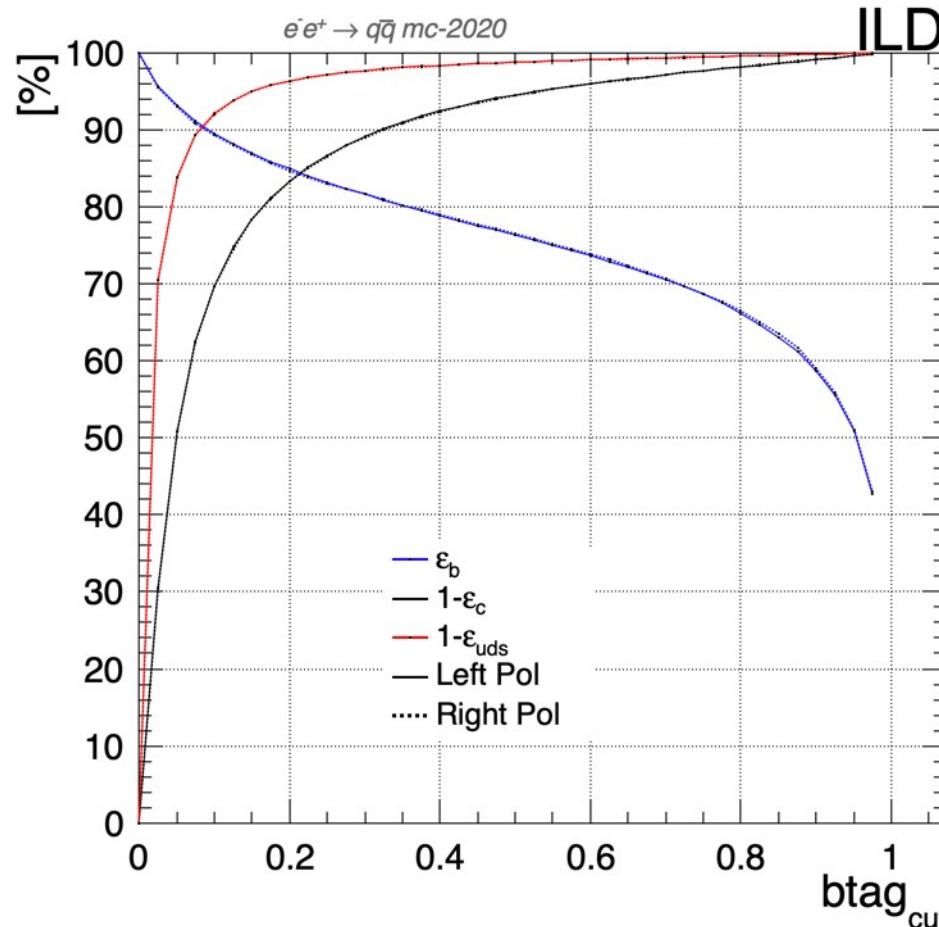


# Zoom in $K_{\text{ISR}}$ ( $e_R p_L$ )

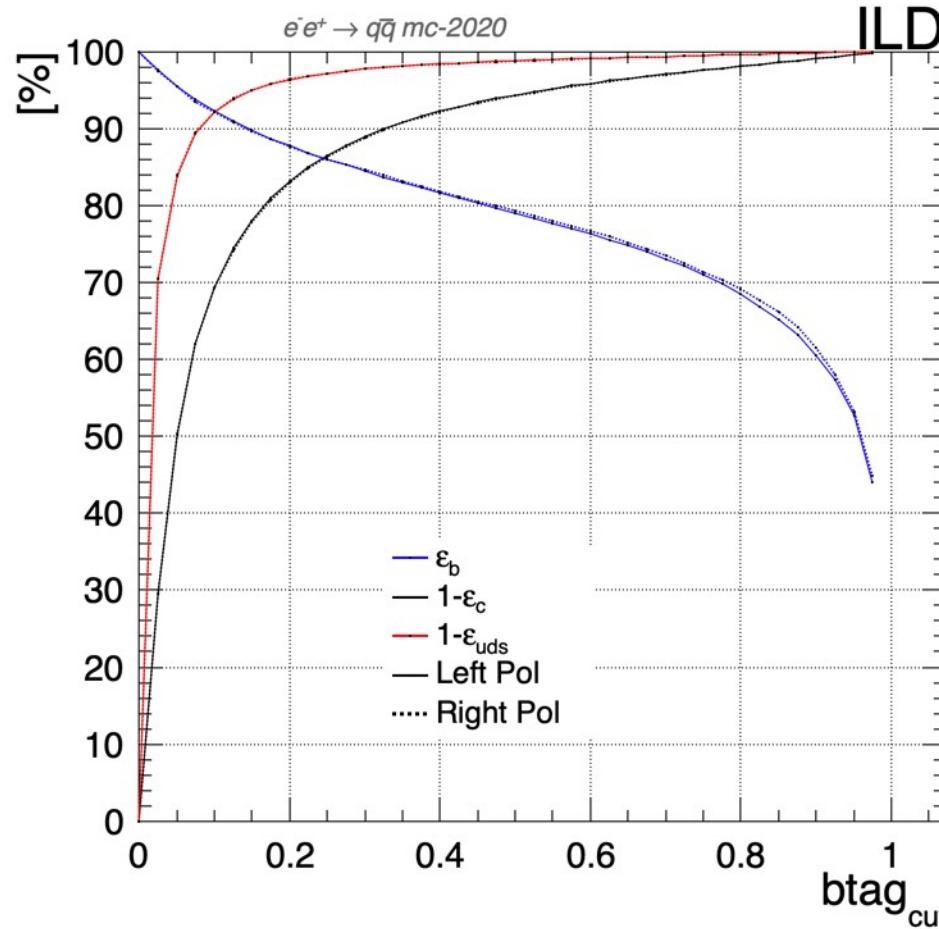
The signals change drastically when  $K_{\text{ISR}} > 80 \text{ GeV}$



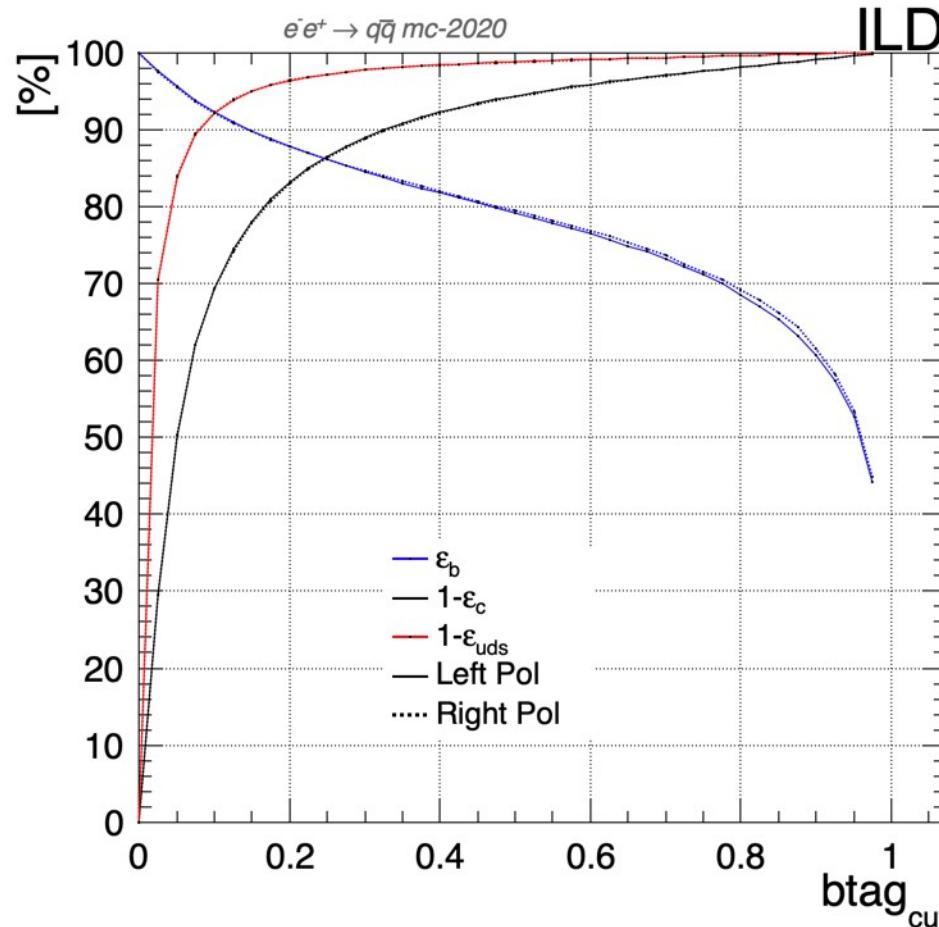
# b-tag – Cut 0



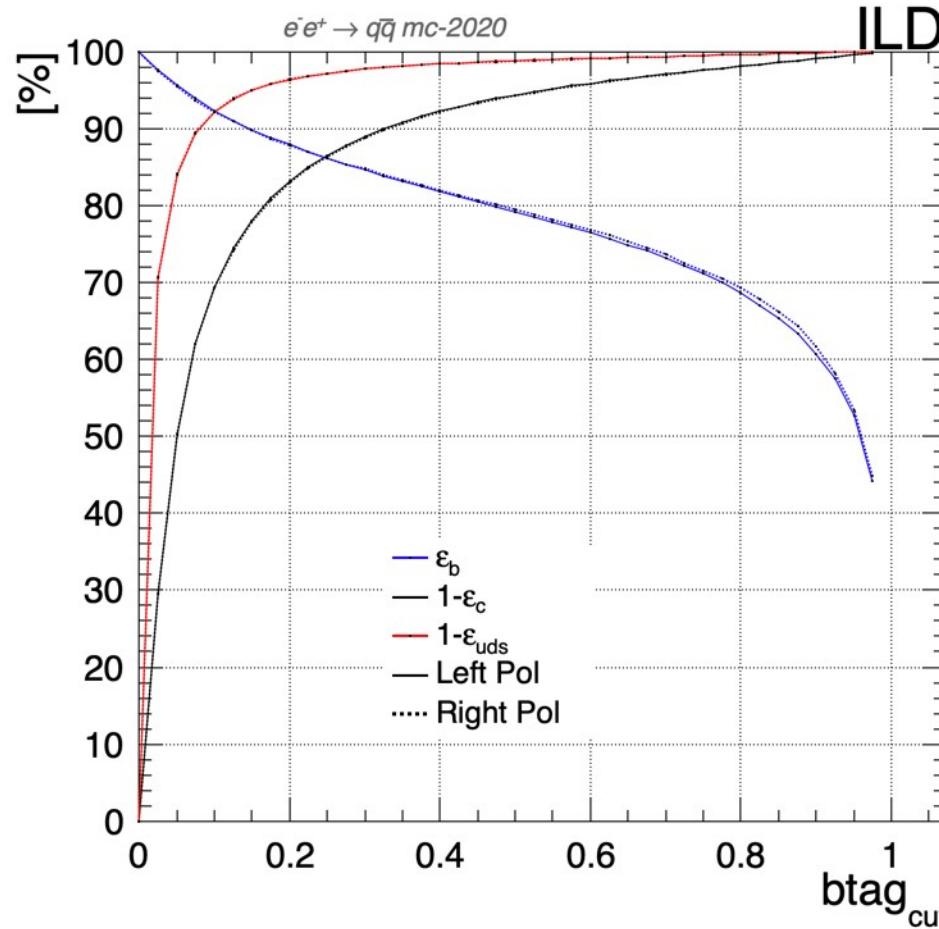
# b-tag – Cut 1



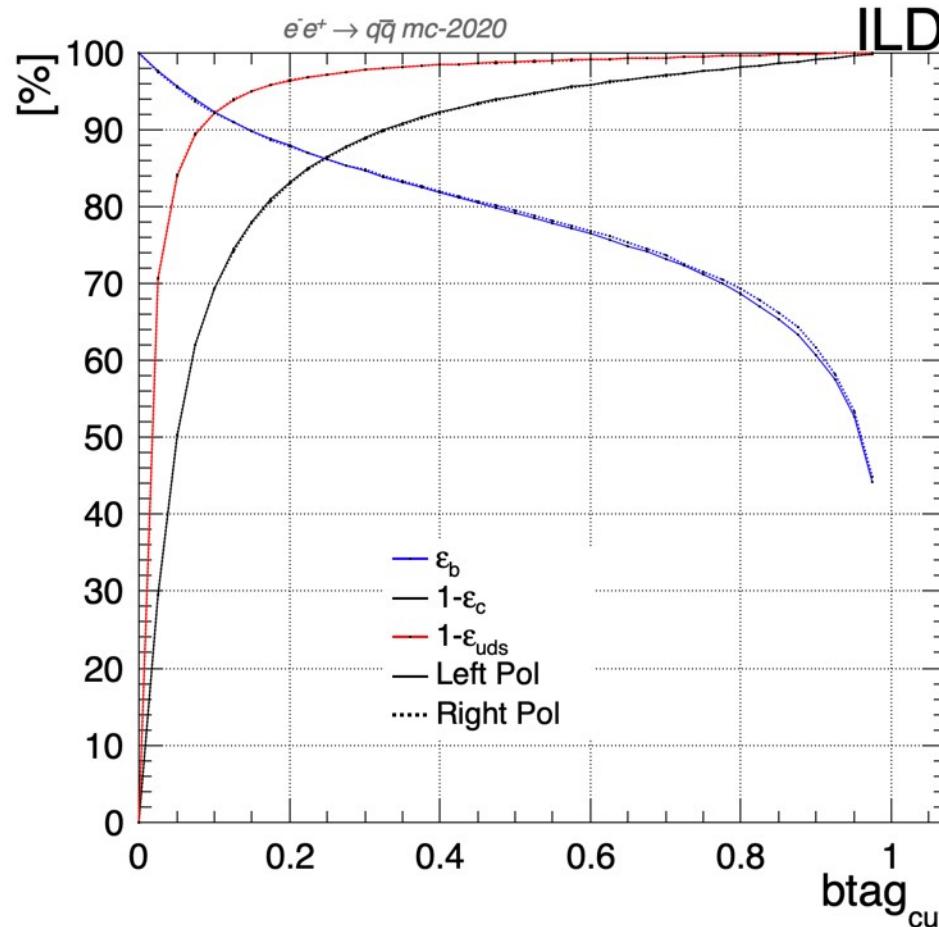
# b-tag – Cut 2



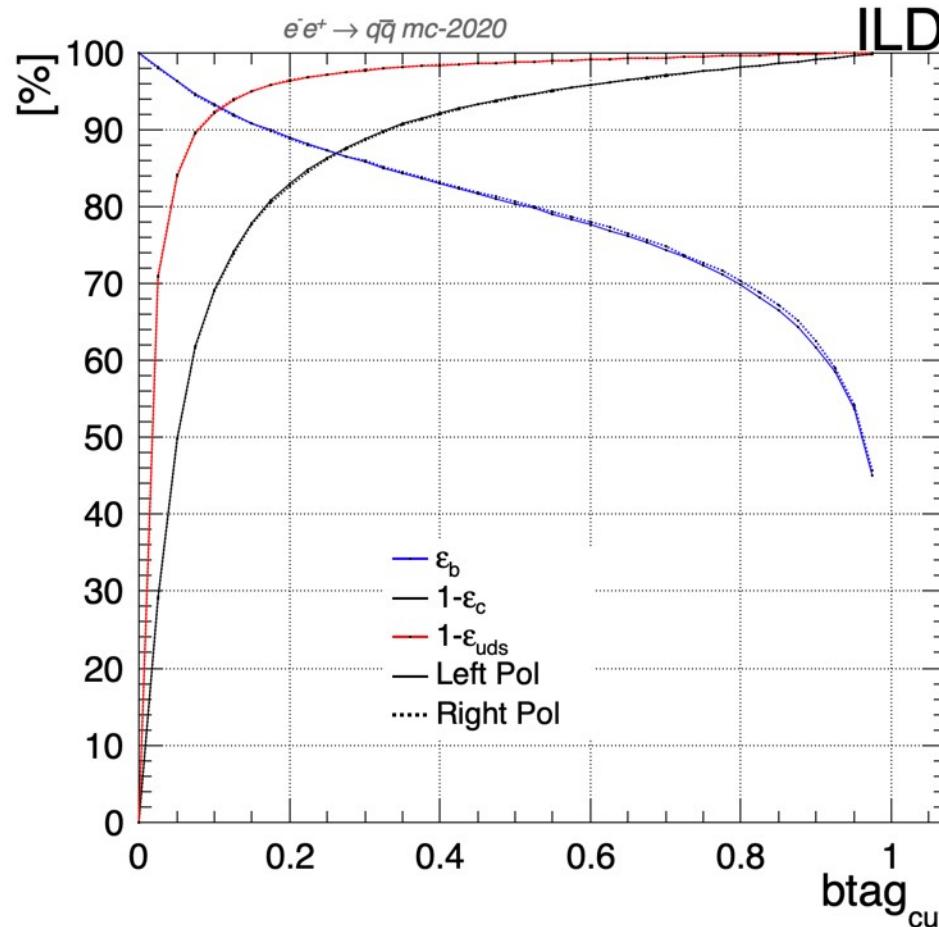
# b-tag – Cut 3



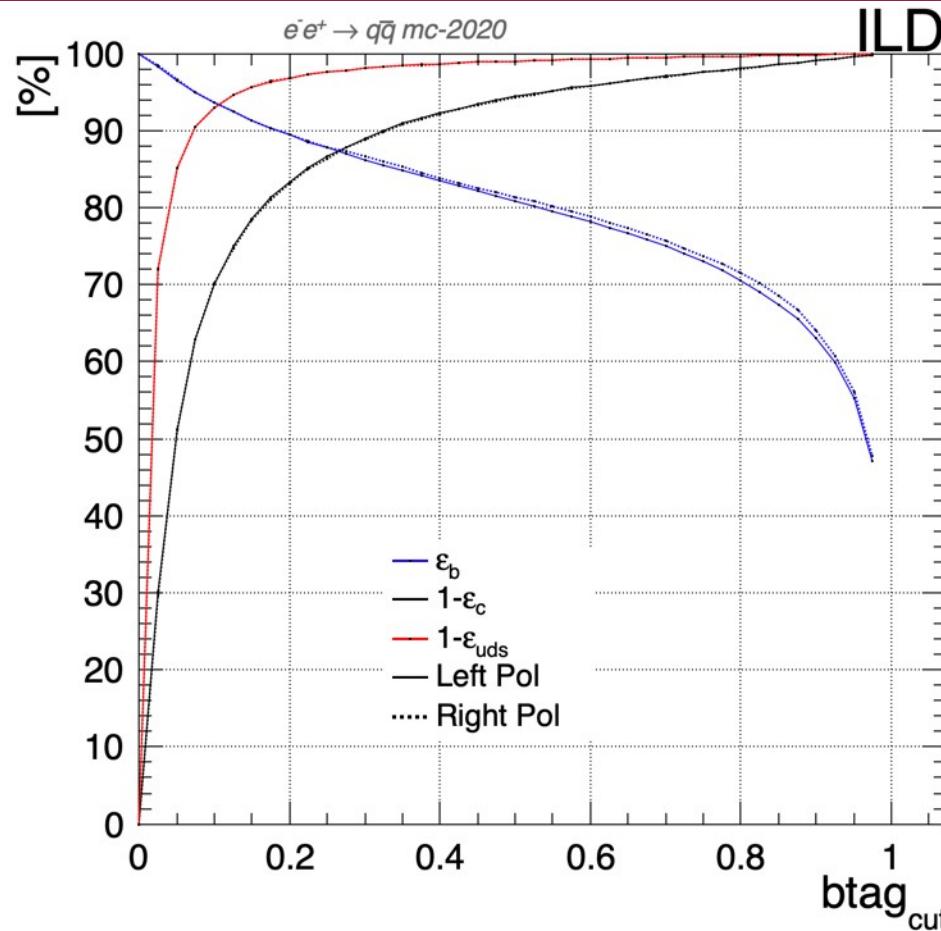
# b-tag – Cut 4



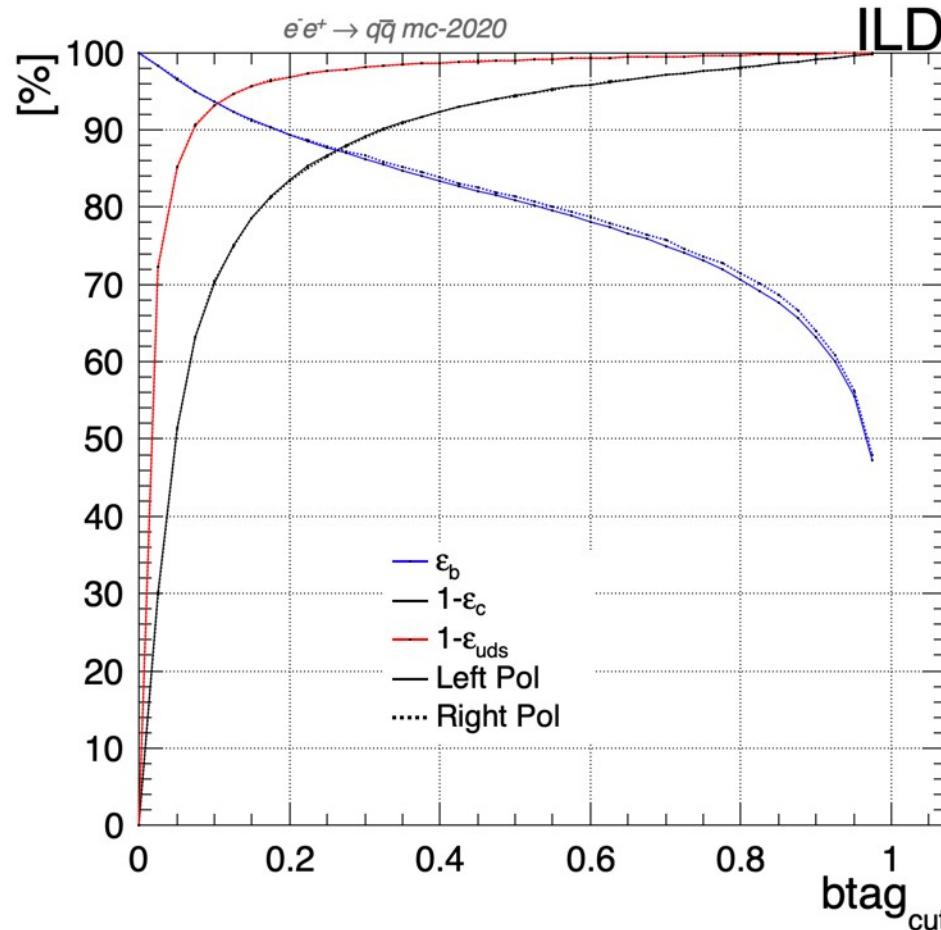
# b-tag – Cut 5



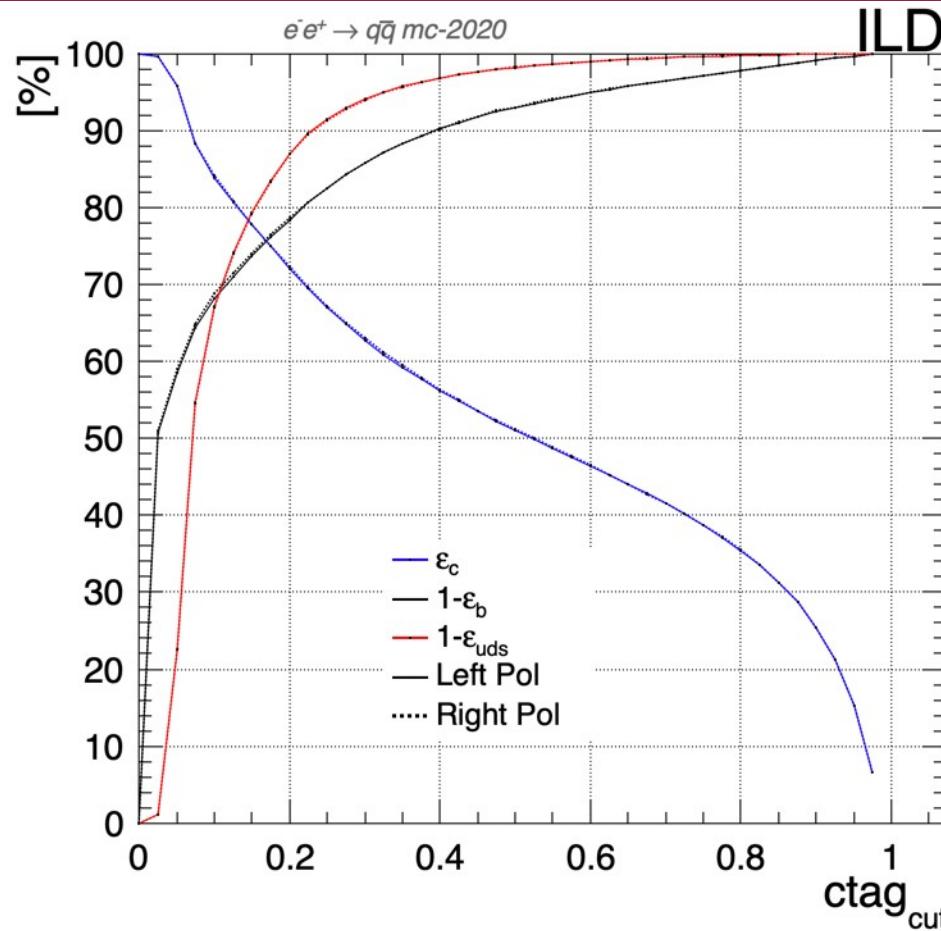
# b-tag – Cut 6



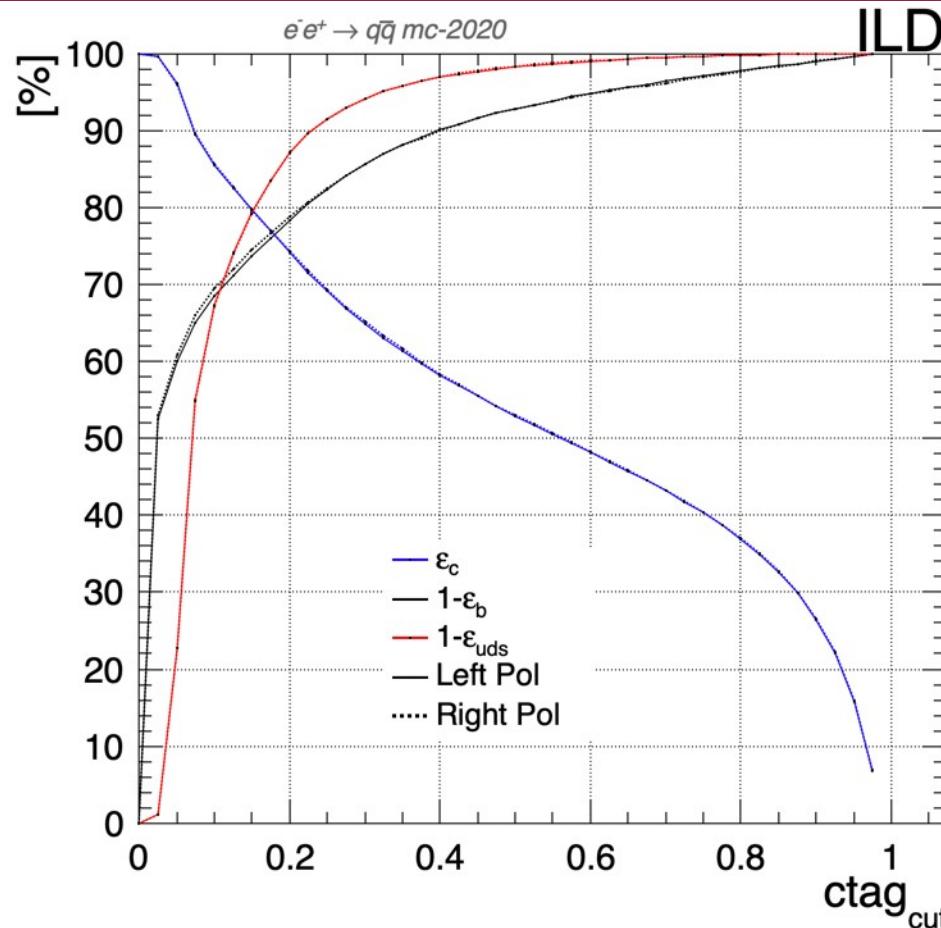
# b-tag – Cut 7



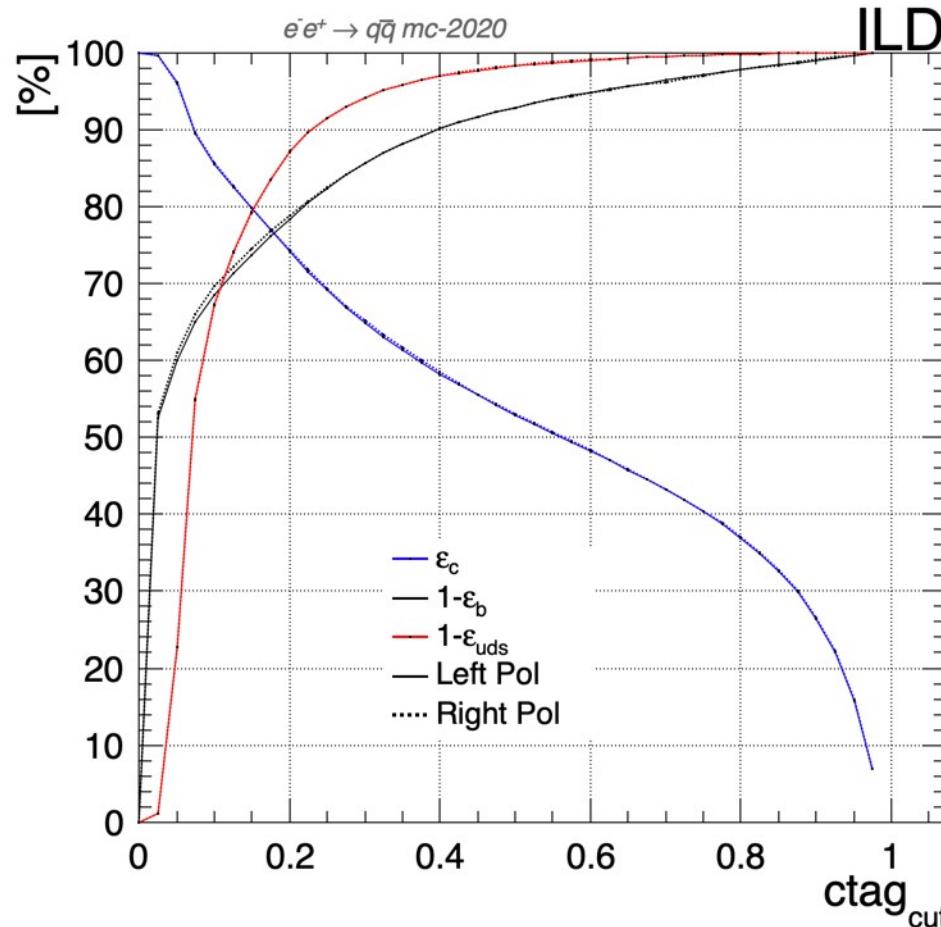
# c-tag – Cut 0



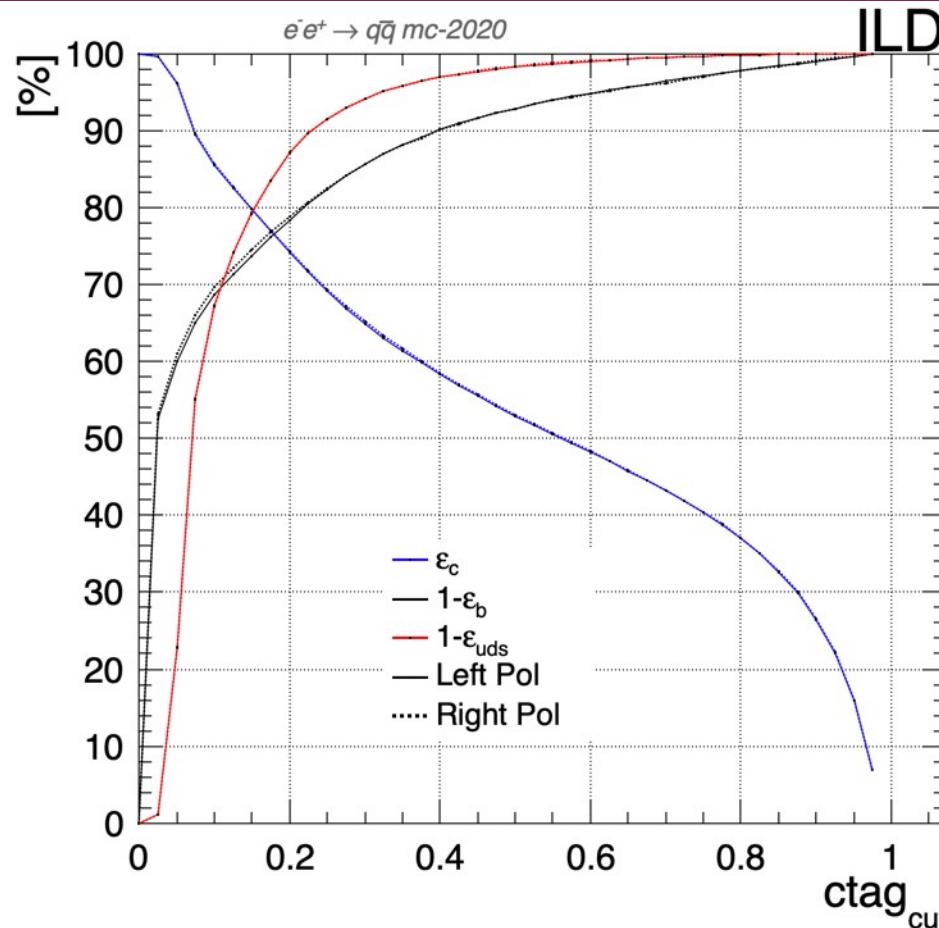
# c-tag – Cut 1



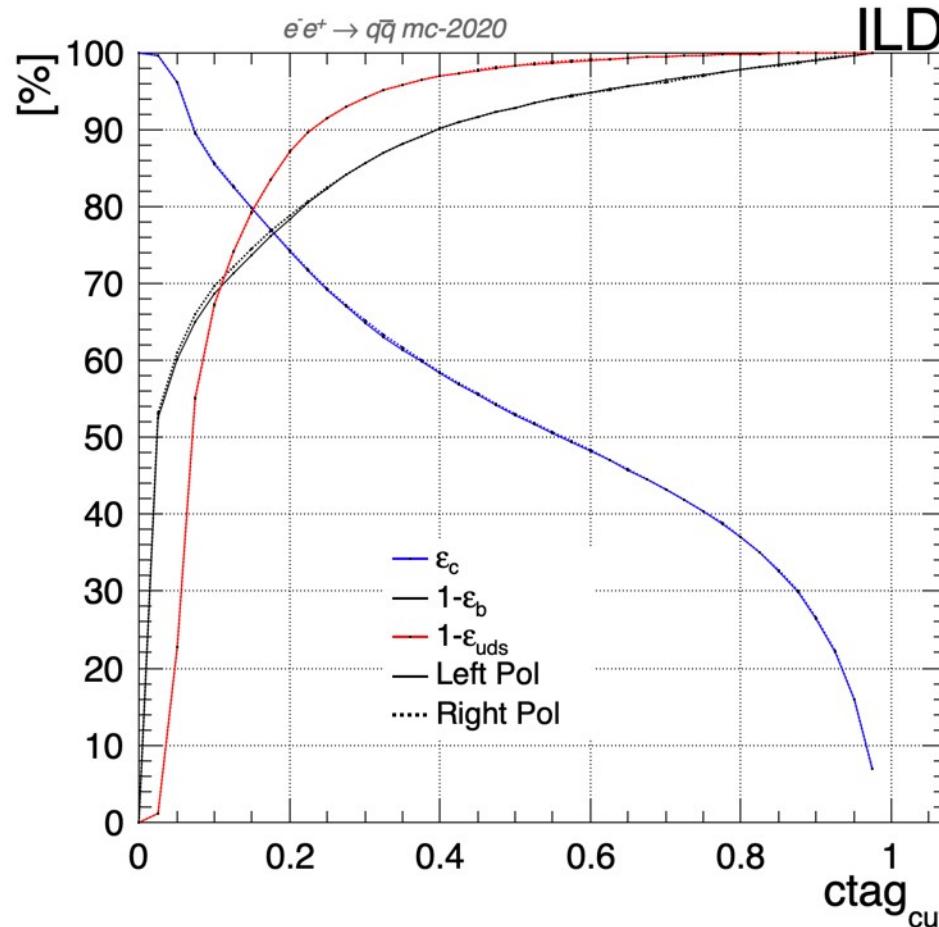
# c-tag – Cut 2



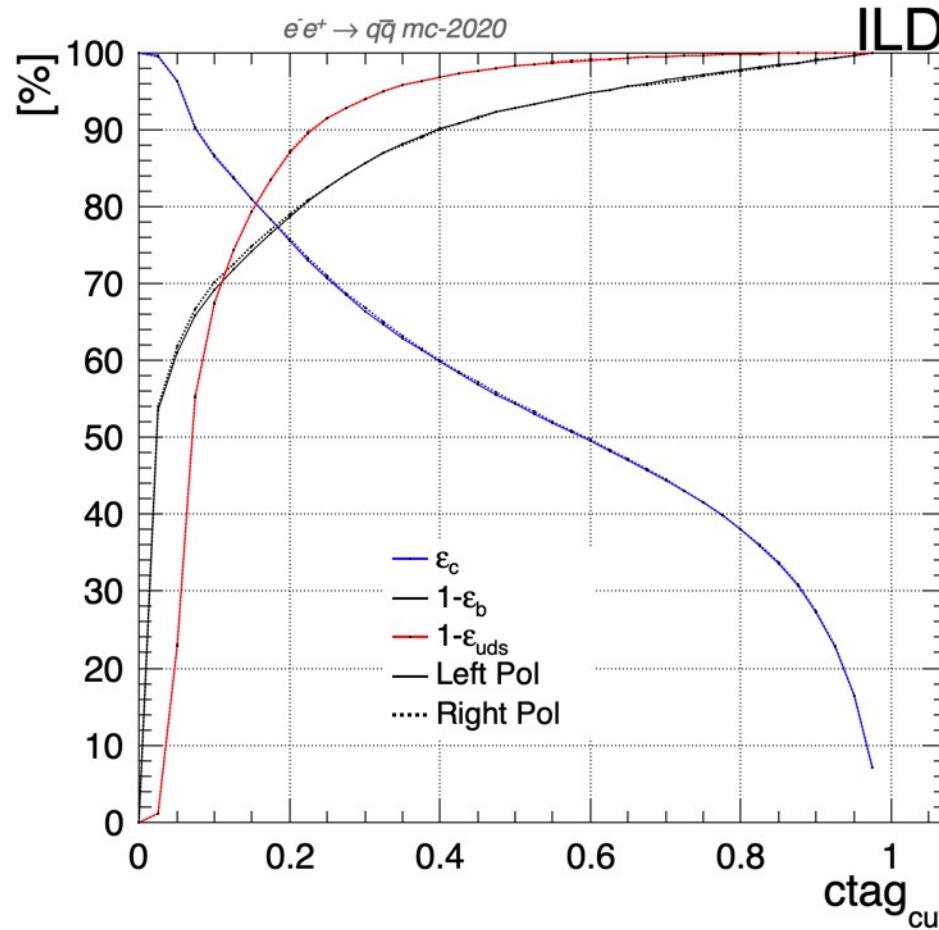
# c-tag – Cut 3



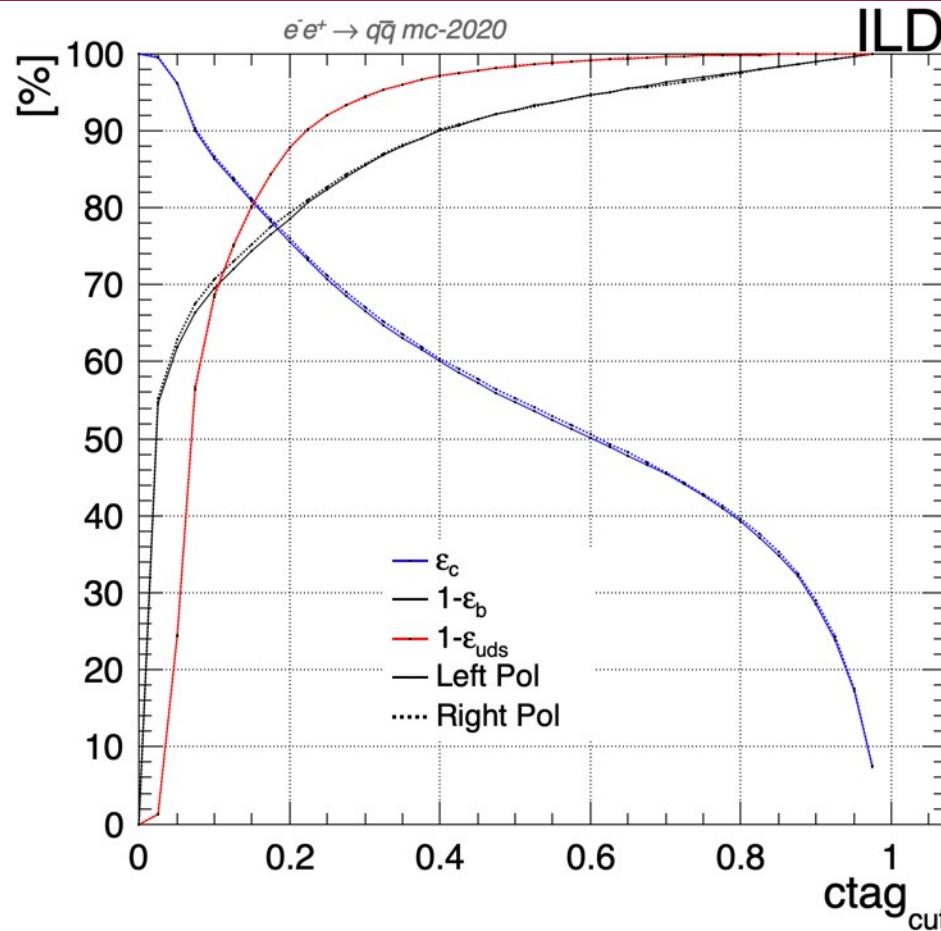
# c-tag – Cut 4



# c-tag – Cut 5



# c-tag – Cut 6



# c-tag – Cut 7

