

## AFB studies at 500 GeV (update)



ILD Top/HF group meeting 08/04/22

A. Irles\*, J. P. Márquez\*



\*Orsay/Tohoku/Valencia HQ@ILC Team AITANA group at IFIC-CSIC/UV



### Recapitulation



- We presented the different cuts for the preselection of the signals (back-up slides).
- We studied the dependence of the  $A_{FB}$  (at Monte-Carlo level) for different  $K_{ISR}$  values:
  - $^{\circ}$  This showed that the cut in  $K_{reco}$  is safe.
  - We fixed a value of K<sub>ISR</sub>=50 GeV. (back-up slides).
- We checked the b-tag and c-tag setting used at 250 GeV and applied it to this 500 GeV samples, and selected a cut for each (back-up slides).
- We were about to try a re-training of the tagging and compare the performance.
  - This presentation. *Work in progress*



### Retraining procedure



- Training algorithms:
  - TrackNtuple and TrackProb.C:
    - Prepare the data files to be used in flavor tagging.
    - Necessary with different geometry (different vertex detector configuration).
  - MakeNtuple:
    - Prepare training data.
    - Needs a "vertexing" file (output of TrackNtuple+TrackProb.C).
  - Train:
    - Run TMVA to train the flavor tagging BDT and produce the weights to b/c-tag our data.
    - Needs MakeNtuple output.



### Retraining procedure



- Changing vtx file is non necessary but we tried 3 options to check:
  - 2f250, already available.
  - VvH250, already available.
  - 2q500, obtained with TrackNtuple.
- We use 2q500 samples (qqbar production at 500 GeV) for e<sup>-</sup>Le<sup>+</sup>R and e<sup>-</sup>Re<sup>+</sup>L:
  - Weights from e<sup>-</sup>Le<sup>+</sup>R to tag e<sup>-</sup>Re<sup>+</sup>L
  - Weights from e⁻<sub>R</sub>e⁺<sub>L</sub>:to tag e⁻<sub>L</sub>e⁺<sub>R</sub>
- Used default configuration of the BDT in train.xml:
  - NTrees=1000:BoostType=Grad:Shrinkage=0.10:UseBaggedBoost:BaggedSampleFraction=0.50:nCuts=20:MaxDepth=6
- Once we obtained the weights we processed the samples with the same  $Q\overline{Q}$  processor that we used before.
- We encounter (and fixed) few problems while doing it (next slides).



### Retraining procedure (issues)



- Aida issue: The steering files seem to be incompatible with Aida.
- Fatal error in the code NaN or +-inf (~700 events out of 100K):
  - Solution (thanks to Ryo Yonamine):
    - Adding "!Tmath::IsNaN(parameter\_that\_glitches)" in FlavorTag.CategoryPreselection
- "Warming" in the code:
  - Deprecated option UseBaggedGrad changed to UseBaggedBoost.
    - Changed. Doesn't seem to have an impact.
- Right now, reproducing the previous weights with the same samples, to check if the entire
  process its working as expected.

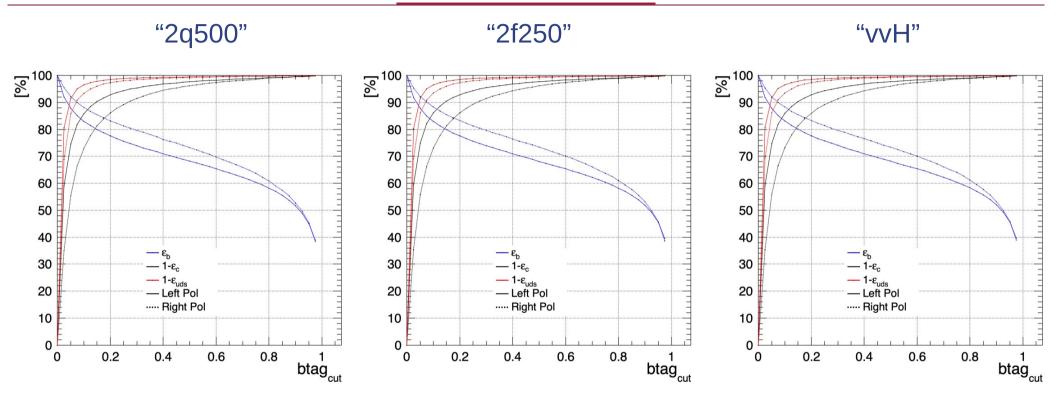
NOTE: The results in the next slides are in a very early stage.

WORK IN PROGRESS



### **Results for b-tag**



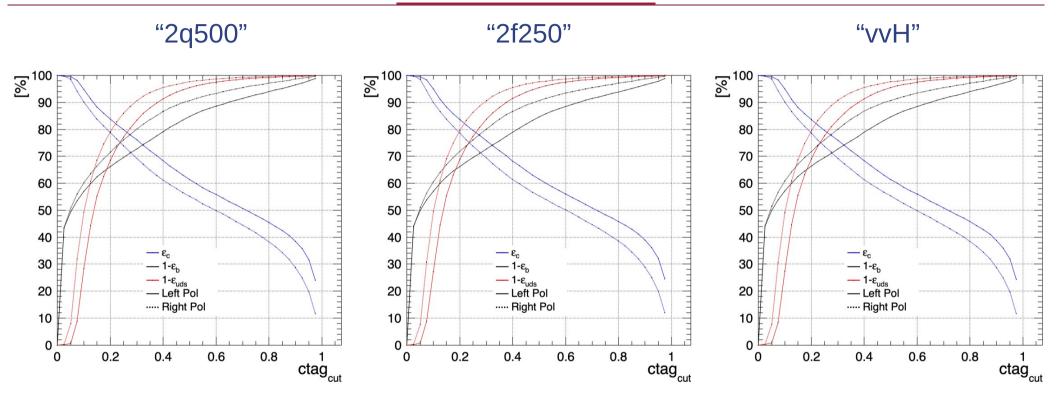


As we expected, the 3 different vtx files reproduce the same result.



### **Results for c-tag**



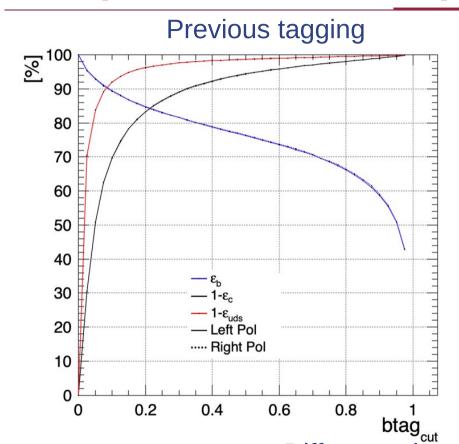


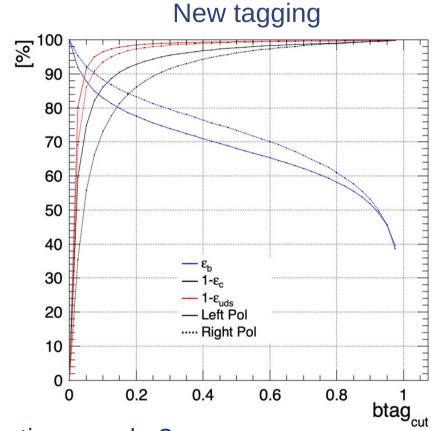
As we expected, the 3 different vtx files reproduce the same result. From now on, I will only use the 2f250 one to compare with the previous tagging



### Comparison with the previous tagging (b)





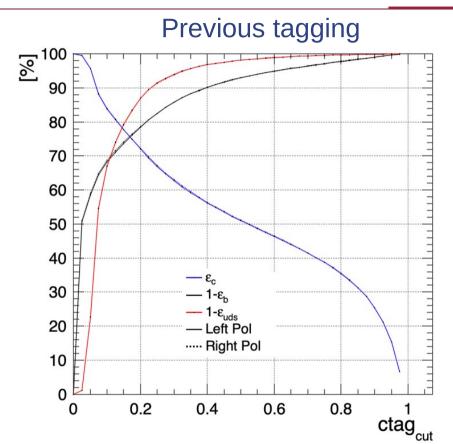


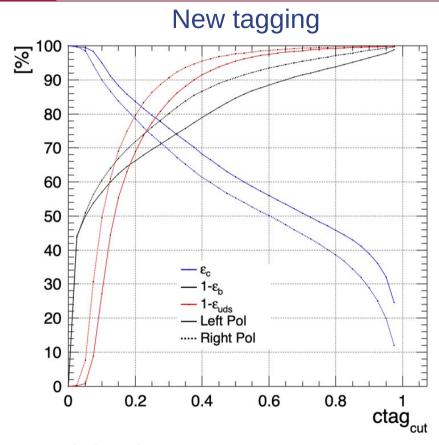
Difference between polarizations... why?
The balance between btag<sub>cut</sub> and selection/rejection efficiency is shifted



## Comparison with the previous tagging (c)







Same effects. But beside this, are the new weights better or worse?



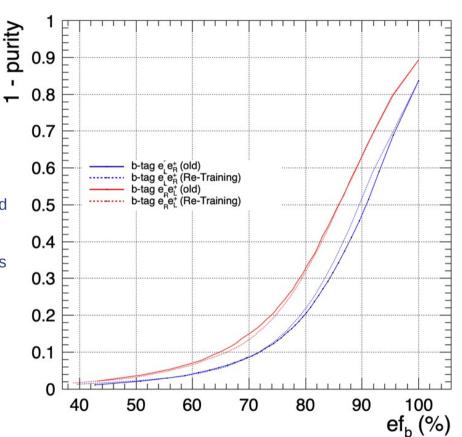
### Comparison with the previous tagging (b)



Purity<sub>f</sub>=N<sub>f,tagged</sub>/N<sub>T,tagged</sub>

N<sub>f,tagged</sub> = Events of flavor f properly tagged as f quarks

 $N_{T,tagged}$  = All the events tagged as f quarks



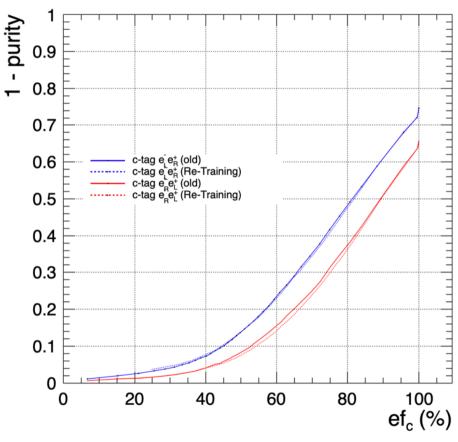






### Comparison with the previous tagging (c)









### On going work



- Right now, reproducing the previous weights with the same samples, to check if the entire process its working as expected.
  - If it is working well. Check if there's difference in polarization for those weights.
    - If there is, check which polarization were used to train the previous tag (since we only used 1 file for the samples of both polarizations).
      - And... why is there a difference?
    - If not: why do we have it with the 500 GeV weights?
- To do:
  - Digging in the code
    - Be aware of any new "warming" message.
    - Check if the configuration used for the bdt could be improved.
    - Check it the methods in the bdt could be improved.



# **Back-Up slides**

### Final preselection (e<sub>L</sub>p<sub>R</sub>)



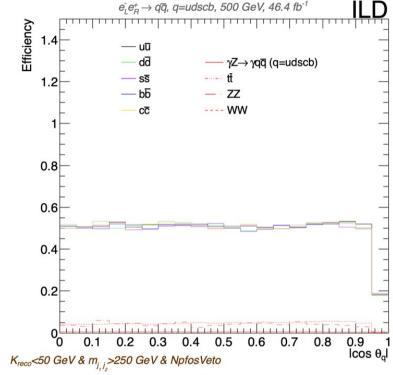
#### Cuts:

- K<sub>reco</sub> < 50 GeV
- $m_{2jets} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
- Charged N pfos > 0.5
- Neutral N pfos > 3.5
- Photon veto
- $y_{23} < 0.005$
- $m_{j1}+m_{j2} < 140 \text{ GeV}$

### VLC Algorithm parameters:

- R = 1.0
- y = 0.0
- $\beta = 1.0$

	Efficiency (%)			В	ackgrou	ind/Sig	nal			
	$bar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	q ar q	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t ar{t}$			
No cut	100	100	100	3.50	1.06	0.09	0.10			
+ Cut 1	74.9	74.7	74.7	0.76	0.77	0.06	0.01			
+ Cut 2	74.8	74.6	74.7	0.74	0.77	0.06	9e-03			
+ Cut 3	74.8	74.5	74.3	0.16	0.77	0.06	9e-03			
+ Cut 4	74.7	74.5	74.1	0.11	0.77	0.06	9e-03			
+ Cut 5	72.1	71.7	71.1	0.05	0.58	0.05	9e-03			
+ Cut 6	49.6	49.7	49.6	0.03	0.09	0.01	1e-04			
+ Cut 7	48.6	48.7	48.7	0.02	0.06	5e-03	5e-06			



% Cnpfos Veto & Photon Veto &  $y_{23}$ <0.005 &  $m_i + m_j < 140 \text{ GeV}$ 



### Final preselection (e<sub>R</sub>p<sub>L</sub>)



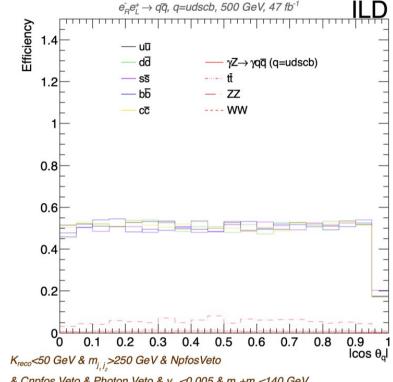
#### Cuts:

- K<sub>reco</sub> < 50 GeV
- $m_{2jets} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
- Charged N pfos > 0.5
- Neutral N pfos > 3.5
- Photon veto
- $y_{23} < 0.005$
- $m_{i1}+m_{i2} < 140 \text{ GeV}$

#### **VLC Algorithm** parameters:

- R = 1.0
- y = 0.0
- $\beta = 1.0$

	Efficiency (%)			В	Background/Signal			
	$b\overline{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$qar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t ar{t}$	
No cut	100	100	100	6.51	0.01	0.11	0.10	
+ Cut 1	74.6	74.6	75.0	1.45	0.01	0.07	0.01	
+ Cut 2	74.5	74.5	75.0	1.43	0.01	0.07	0.01	
+ Cut 3	74.5	74.4	74.7	0.26	0.01	0.07	0.01	
+ Cut 4	74.5	74.4	74.5	0.18	0.01	0.07	0.01	
+ Cut 5	71.9	71.7	71.5	0.07	0.01	0.06	0.01	
+ Cut 6	49.5	49.6	49.6	0.03	5e-04	0.01	9e-05	
+ Cut 7	48.5	48.8	58.7	0.03	3e-04	8e-03	3e-06	



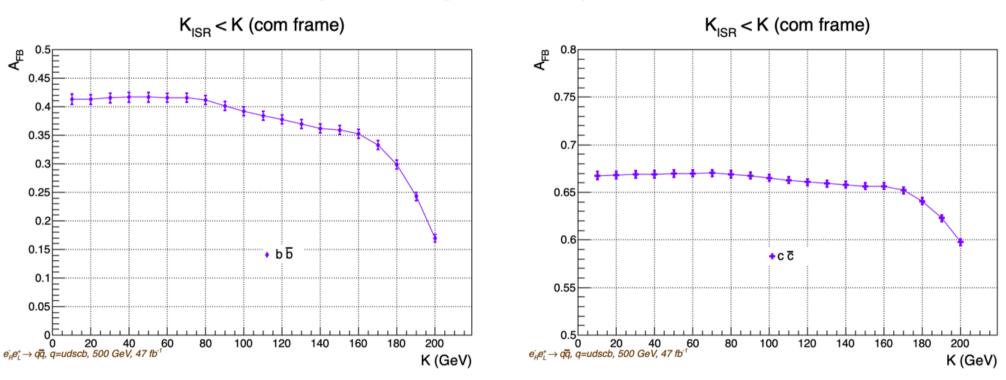
& Cnpfos Veto & Photon Veto &  $y_{23}$ <0.005 &  $m_i + m_j < 140 \text{ GeV}$ 



### Zoom in K<sub>ISR</sub> (e<sub>R</sub>p<sub>L</sub>)



### The signals change drastically when K<sub>ISR</sub>>80 GeV

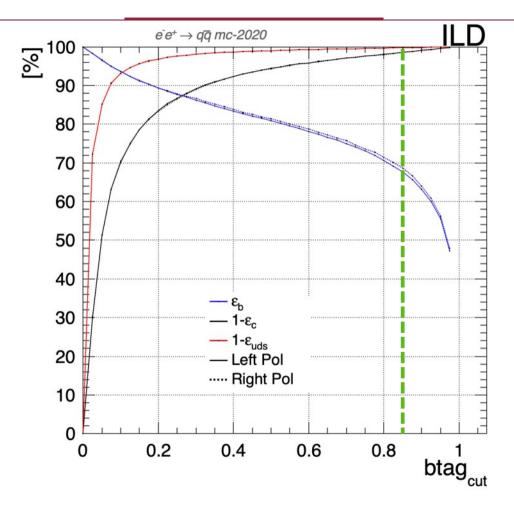


Safe region from 30 to 70 GeV, we fixed the limit at K<sub>ISR</sub>=50 GeV



### Cut in b-tag



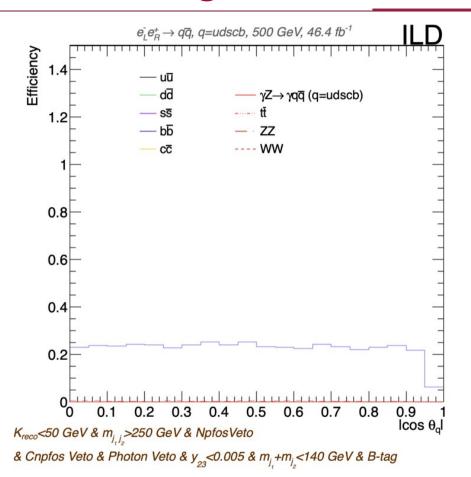


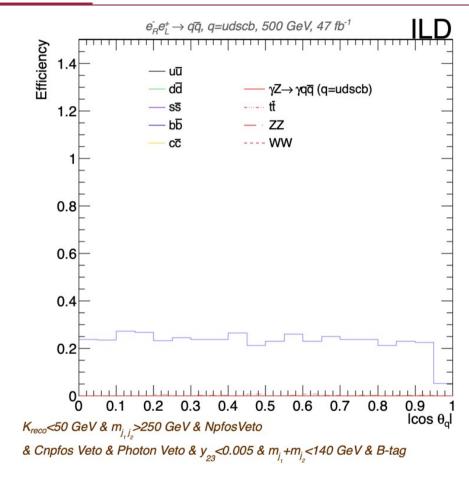


Jesús P. Márquez Hernández - ILD Top/HF group meeting 08/04/22

### Cut in b-tag









### Cut in b-tag

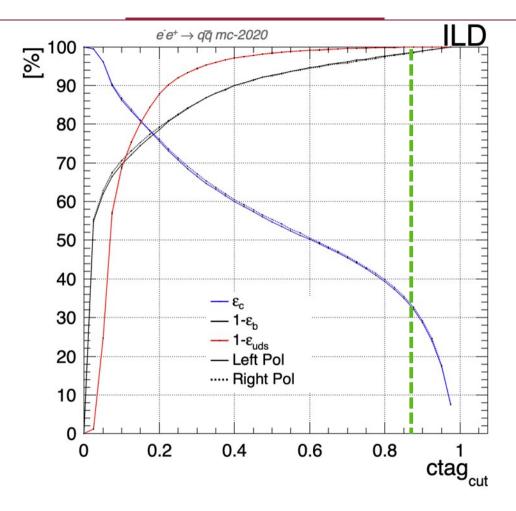


	Effi	ciency	(%)	$\operatorname{Background}/\operatorname{Signal}$				
	$b ar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	$qar{q}$	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t ar{t}$	
$e_L p_R$	22.1	0.01	0	0.02	8e-05	3e-03	6e-06	
$e_R p_L$	22.4	0.01	2e-03	0.02	0	6e-03	0	



### Cut in c-tag



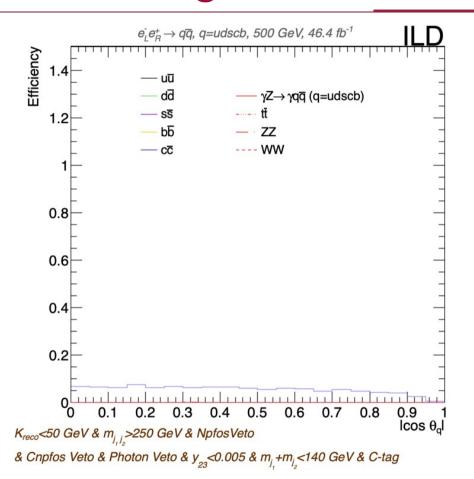


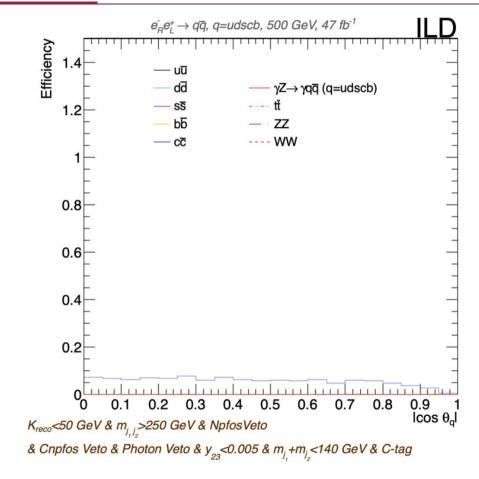


Jesús P. Márquez Hernández - ILD Top/HF group meeting 08/04/22

### Cut in c-tag









### Cut in c-tag



	Effici	ency	(%)	Background/Signal			
	$b ar{b}$	$c\bar{c}$	q ar q	ISR	WW	ZZ	$t ar{t}$
$e_L p_R$	0.01	5.0	0	0.02	2e-04	6e-04	0
$e_R p_L$	0.03	5.3	0	0.02	0	3e-04	0

